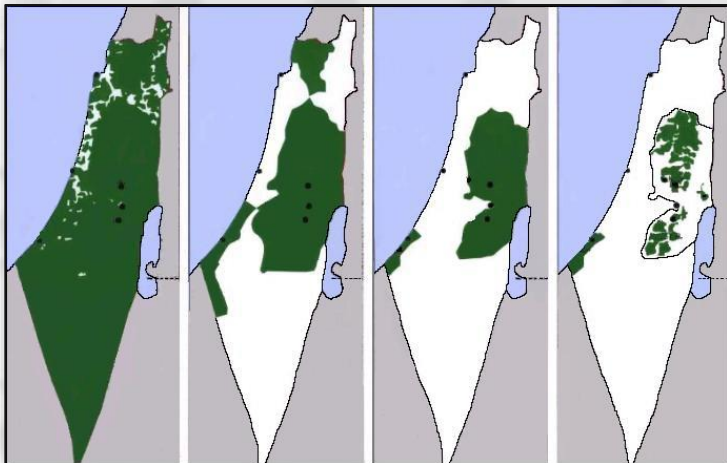




**HISTORY
OF**

PALESTINE



**IN
IMAGES**

This presentation is simply to explain the most important historical facts about Palestine and the changing fortunes of the Palestinian people.

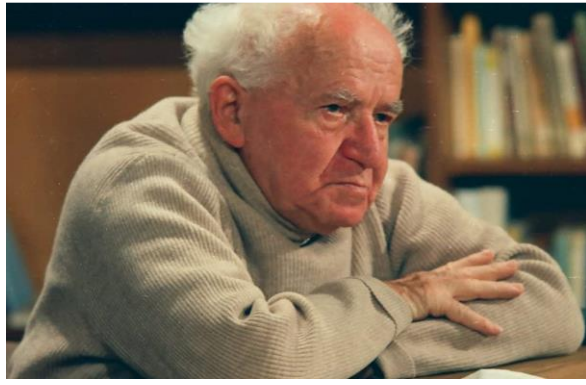
It should not be interpreted as an accusation against the Jews, who have also suffered , nor against the people of Israel.

Persecution of the Jews, culminating in the Holocaust, where 5.5 million Jews were murdered, has impacted Jewish and non-Jewish attitudes throughout the world towards Palestine.

It is very important to distinguish between Jews in general and Zionists and/or Israelis, who are directly responsible for the sufferings of the Palestinian people.

There can be no peace without justice.

Note that in the history of Palestine with the word "Jew" or "Jews" are intended as a description for Zionist Jews.

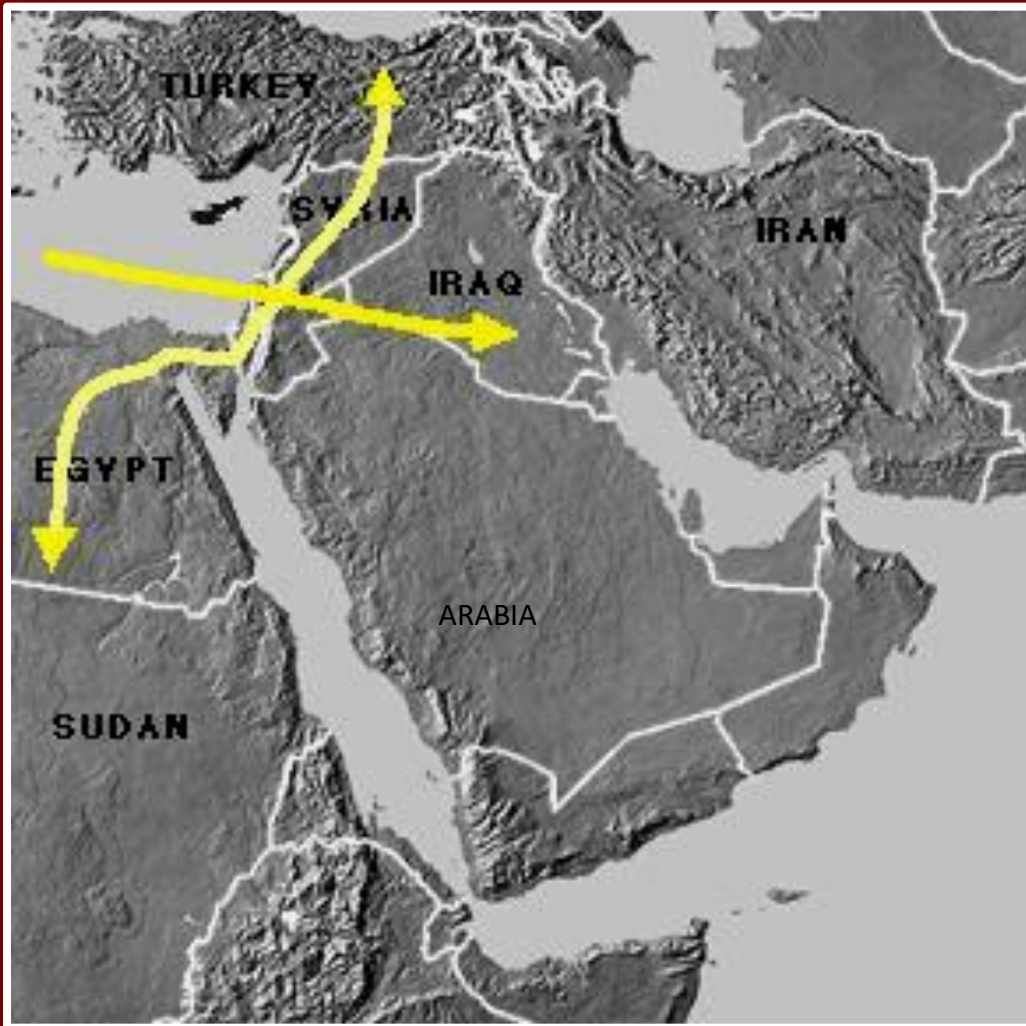


Ben Gurion 1886 - 1973
Prime Minister of Israel
1948 - 1953 and 1955 - 1963

**"We will drive out
the Arabs and
take their place."**

**A classic case of
settlement
colonisation**

*Ben Gurion's letter written in 1937 to his son.

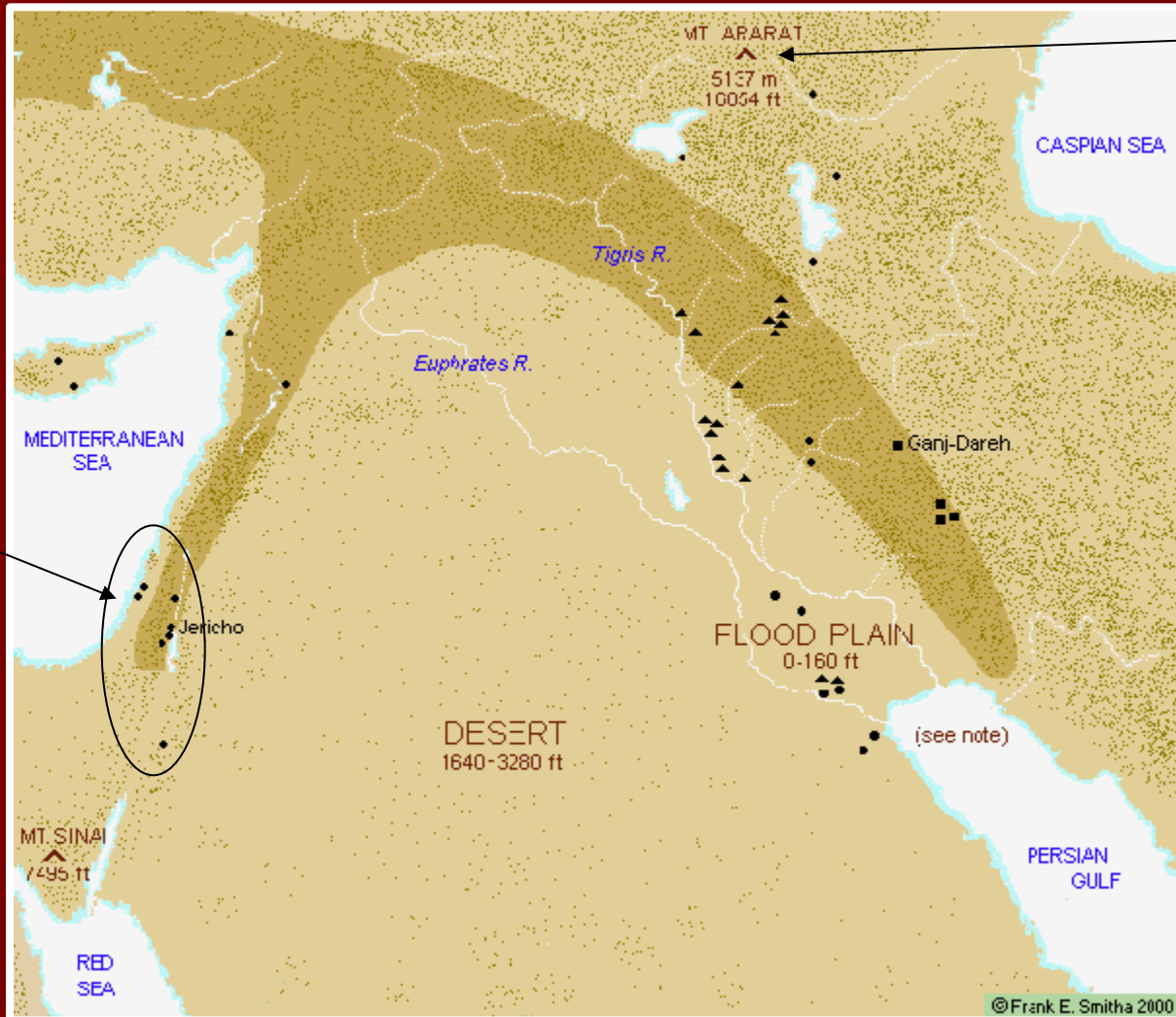


PALESTINE

The only route between

- Africa and Asia
- Africa and Europe
- the Mediterranean sea and the Orient

It should be noted that in this part of the presentation the word Palestine is understood as a geographical region and that some of the landscapes represented are today in that part of Palestine called Israel.

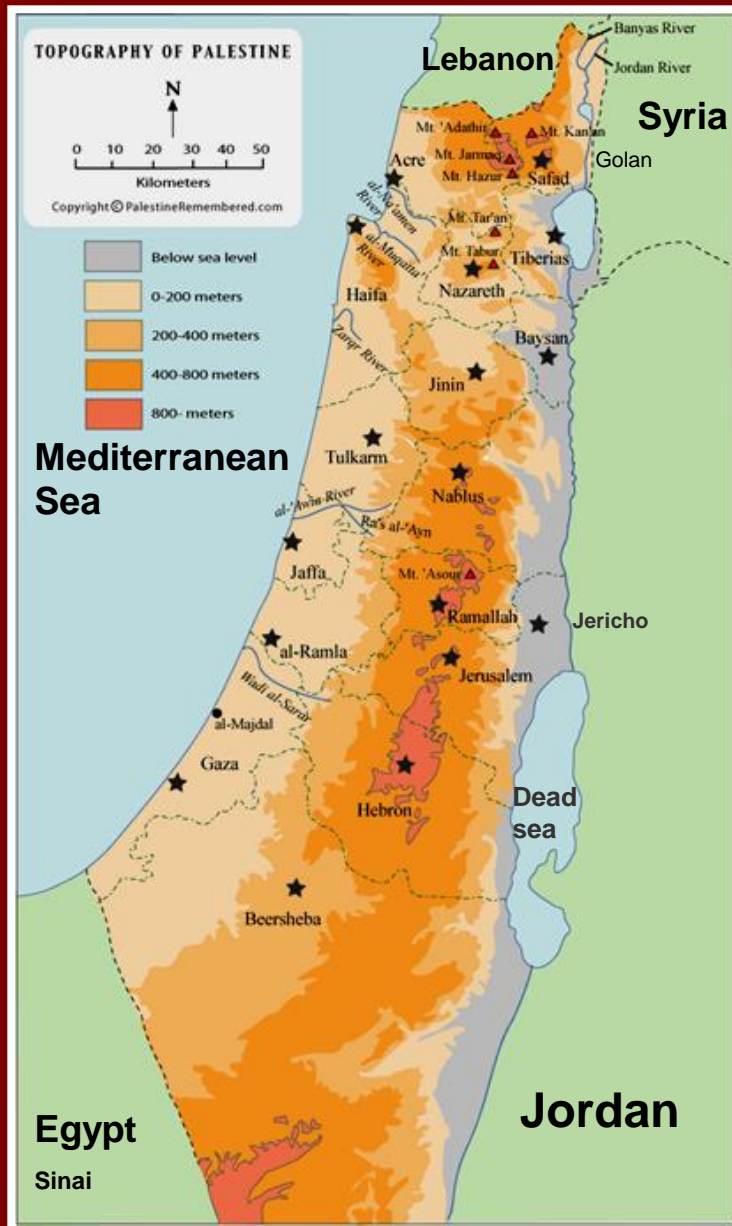


Palestine

According to scripture Noah's ark landed on Mount Ararat or mount Judi.

The people descending from his third son Shem were to be called « Semites »

The first recorded settlements in the Middle East, around 7000 years ago

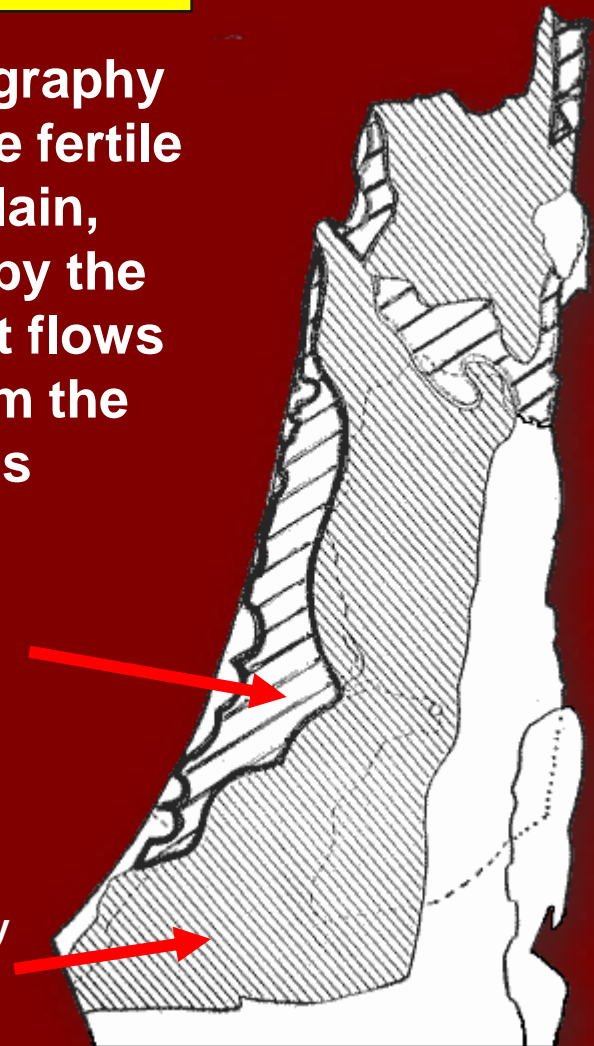


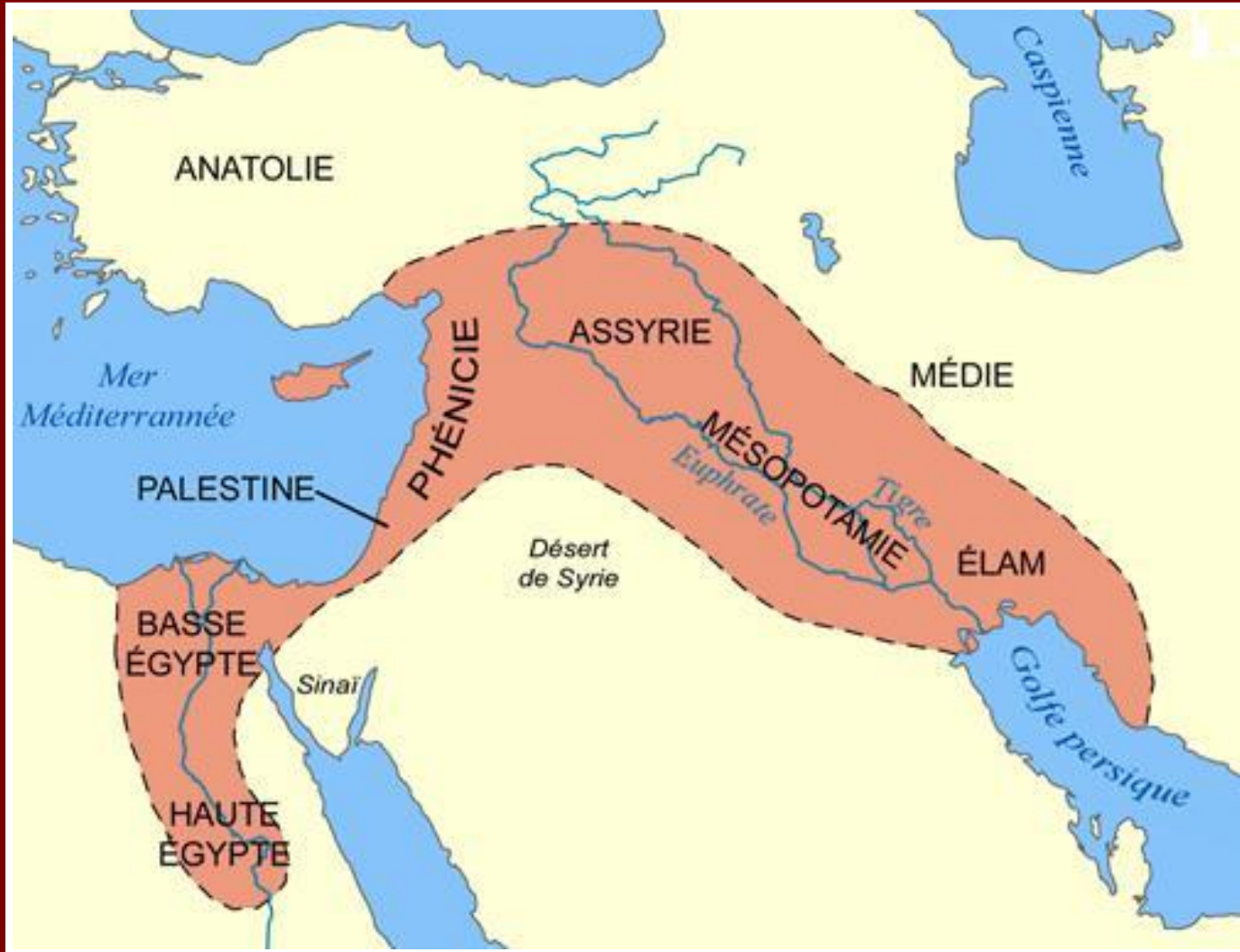
PALESTINE

The topography shows the fertile coastal plain, irrigated by the water that flows down from the mountains

Top quality land

Middle quality land





Palestine is part of the "fertile crescent" of the Middle East



Nof HaGalil, district of Nazareth



Palestine: a Land flowing with Milk and Honey

View from Mount Carmel towards the Mediterranean sea

8



Jezreel valley



Eilat



Lake of Galilea



Palestine: a Land flowing with Milk and Honey

9

Dead Sea



Nazareth



Jenin



Palestine



Talalsultan Jordan Valley



Shchem

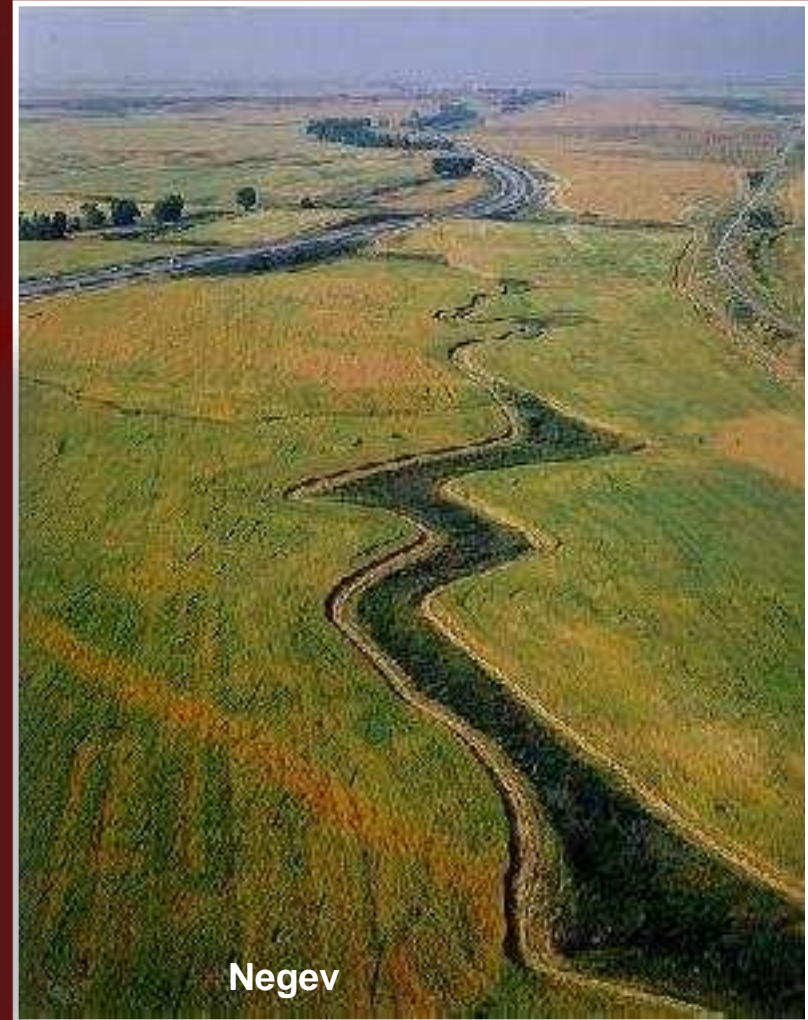


Wadi Kelt Jericho

Golan



**Views of
Palestine - Israel**



Deir Yasine today

Negev



Acre

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Acre,_Israel

12

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Haifa>

Haifa





What remains of Jaffa. →

Tel Aviv today



The northern coast of Palestine



The Jordan Valley.

The white spots are the greenhouses of the Israeli colonies.
In the background the plateau of Jordan.



Beersheba is the largest city in the Negev desert

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Beersheba>

PALESTINE

THE BIBLICAL PERIOD

from 1800 B.C. to 135 A.D.



The "Towns State" of the Canaanites



Model of the city of Jericho, about 5000 BC.

**The land of the Canaanites
about 5000 years ago
(3000 BC - 1468 BC)**



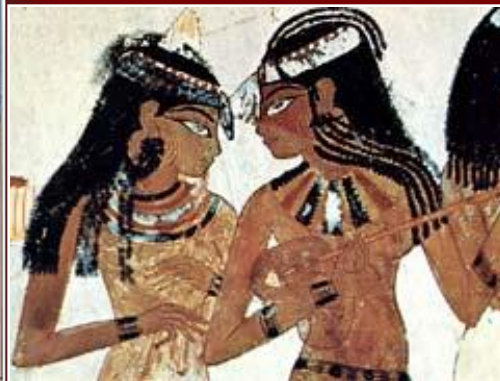
<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Canaan>



2000 - 1000 B.C.E
EGYPT is the
dominant power in
the Eastern
Mediterranean



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Egypt_Empire





**1800 B.C.E - On the way to Egypt
Abraham/Ibrahim passes through Palestine.**

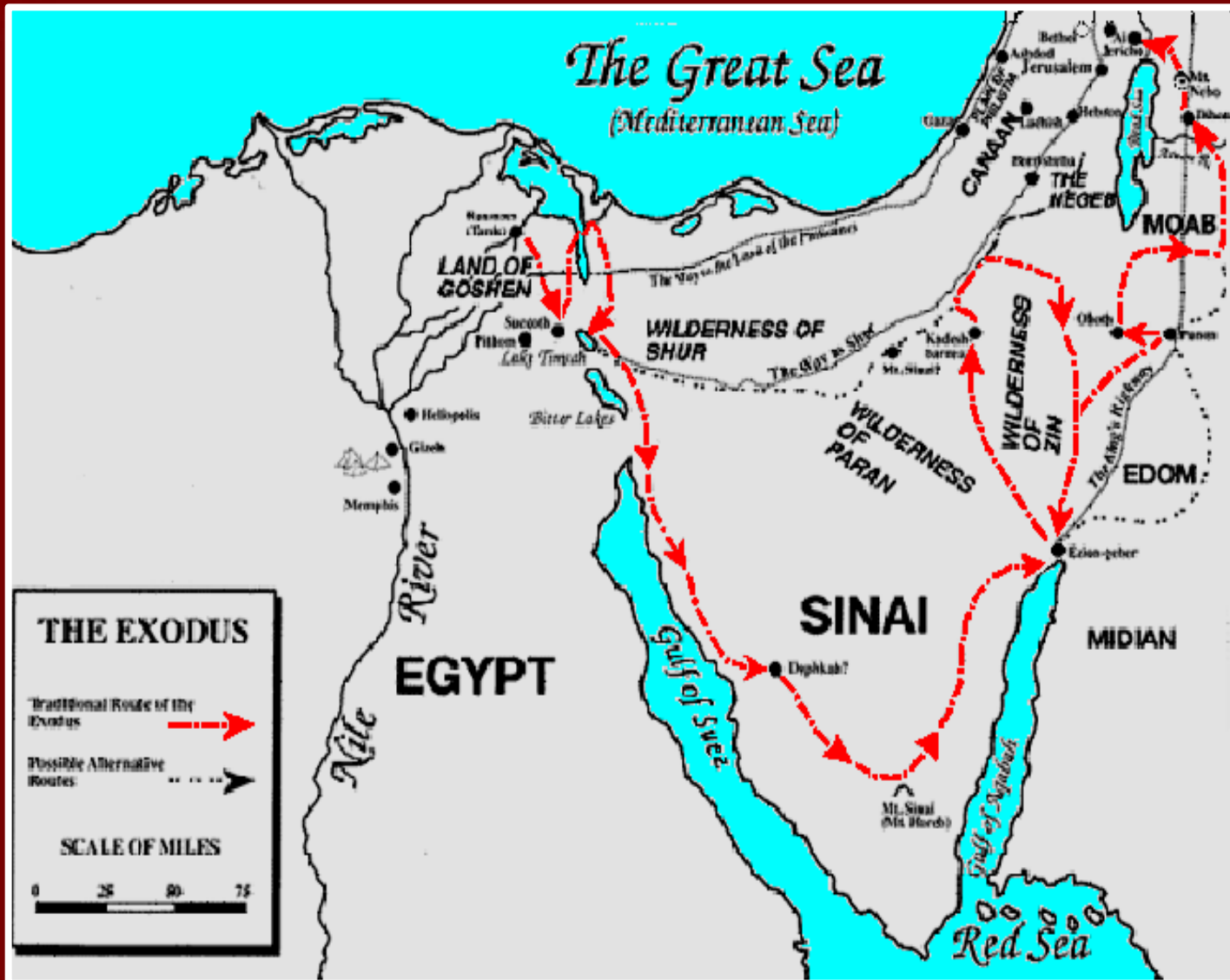


Around 1700 B.C.E
 The twelve tribes
 descending from Abraham
 settle in Palestine.

About 1650 B.C.E
 The descendants of
 Abraham emigrate
 to Egypt.

Attention: biblical version





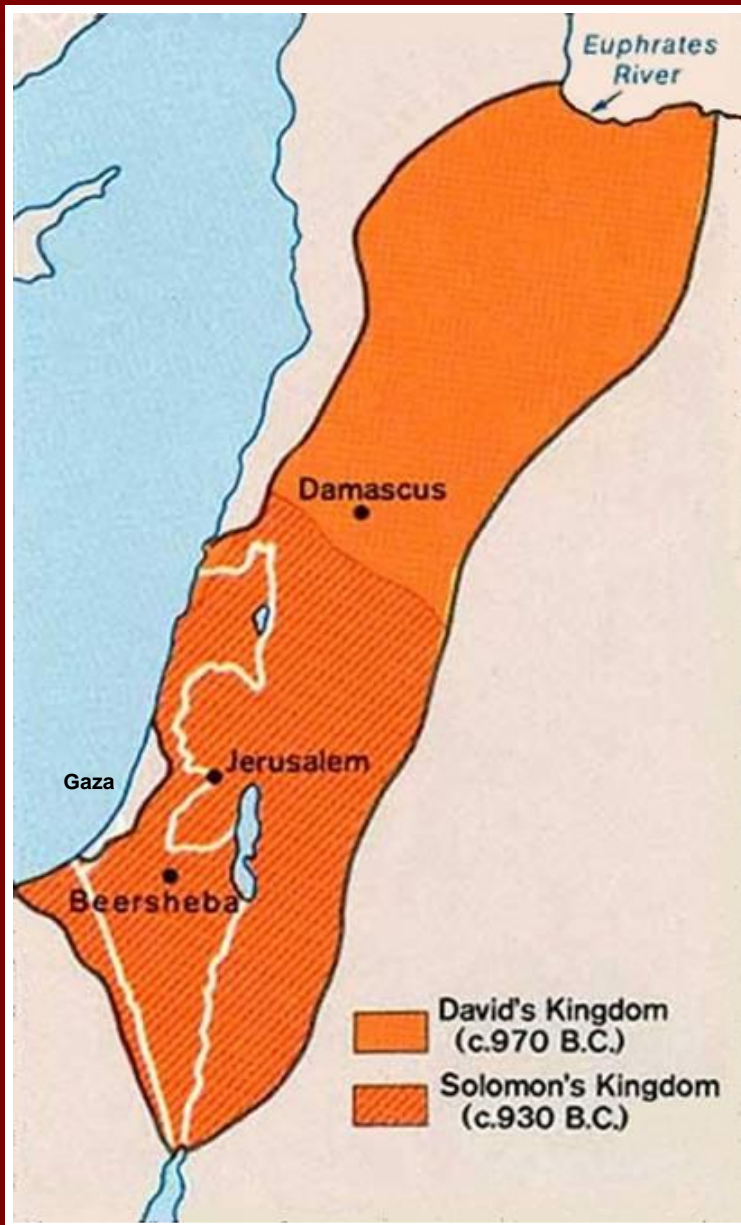
**Attention:
biblical version**

According to some modern claims there wasn't an exodus but only an escape of small groups of opponents of the Pharaonic regime, (scripture says different) groups that joined the existing Canaanite tribes in Palestine.

But according to scripture, there was an exodus, but the nature of the people diverged, yet the promise remained true for several branches of the monotheist family.

About 1250 B.C.E The Jews escaped from Egypt and returned to Palestine

In Palestine the Jews battled many Cananeans and Philistines, who also arrived at a similar period. The rulers of the time stated that Palestine had been promised to them by God.

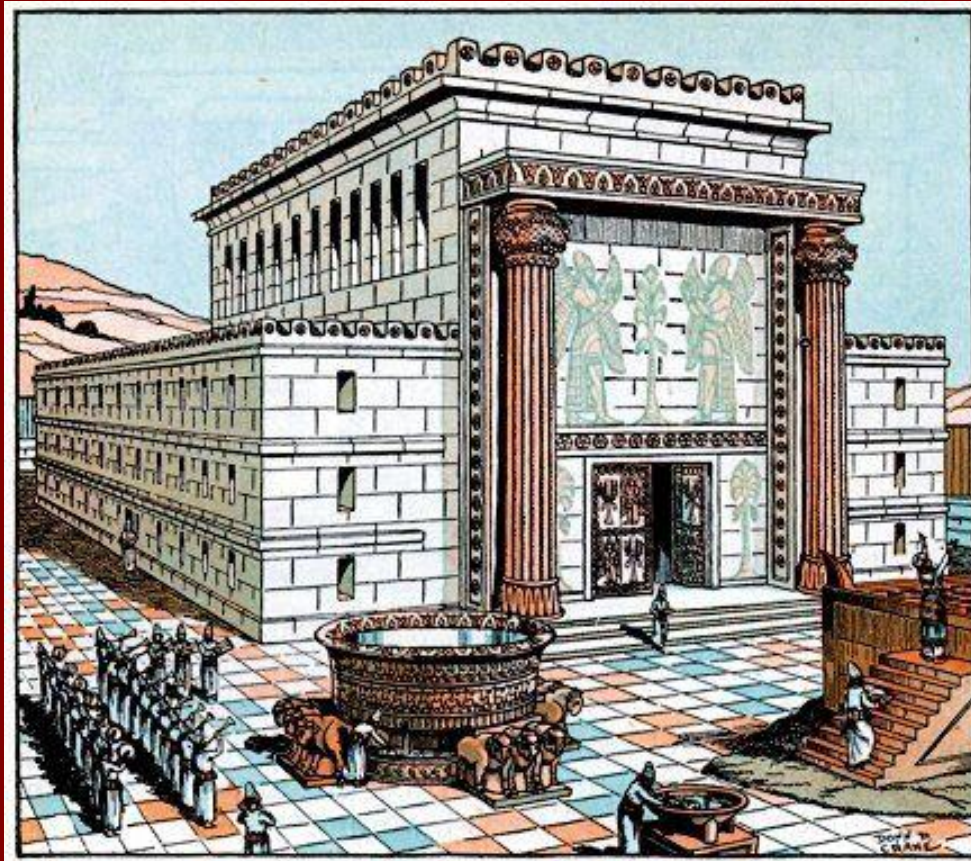


The Jews in Palestine:

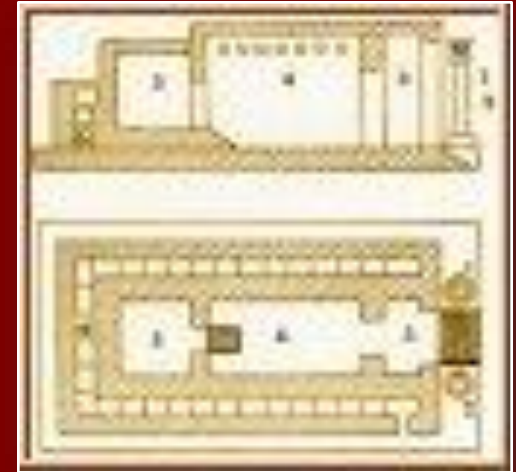
**King David's Kingdom
(970 B.C.E)
and
King Solomon's Kingdom
(930 B.C.E)**

(According to some modern researchers the Jewish kingdoms were only small tribal domains and Jerusalem just little more than a village)

Attention: biblical version

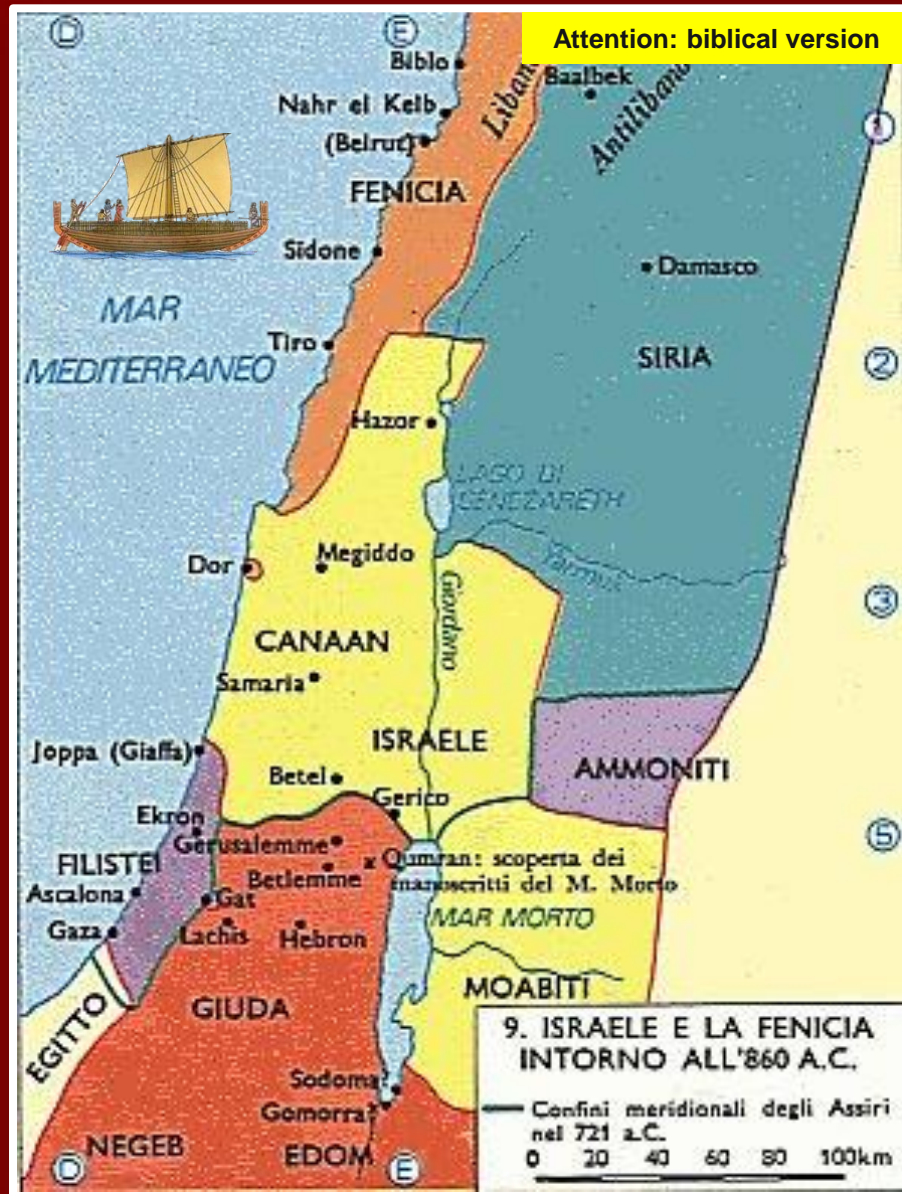


**Reconstruction of king Solomon's temple:
it was built around 957 B.C.E in Jerusalem
and Destroyed in 587 B.C.E**



One of the many hypotheses

http://simple.wikipedia.org/wiki/Solomon%27s_Temple

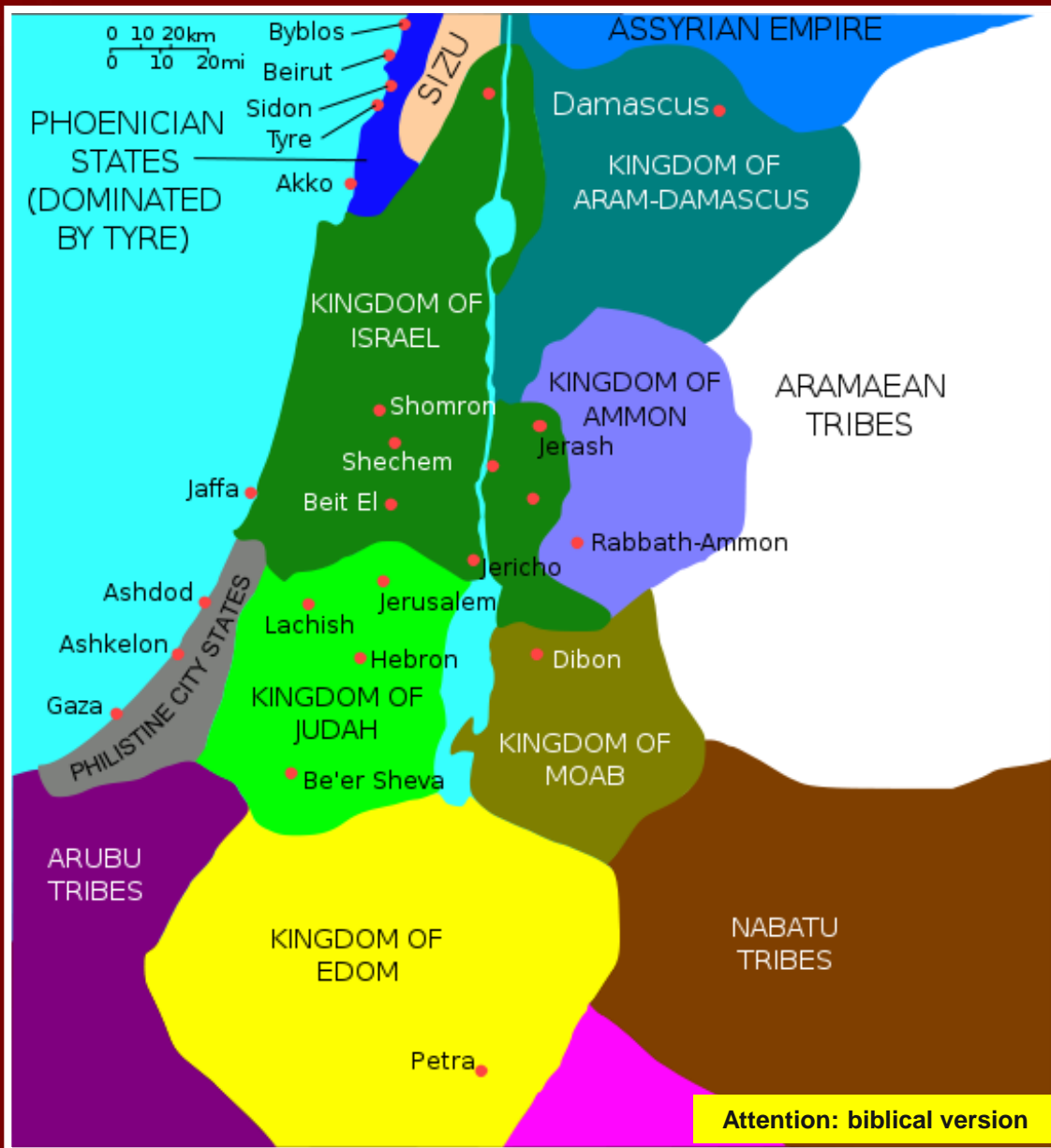


**Around
B.C.E
the kingdom of the
Jews was divided in
two
kingdoms:
Israel and Judah**

Note the presence of the Philistines and the Phoenicians, peoples of the sea, who arrived in Palestine in the same period.

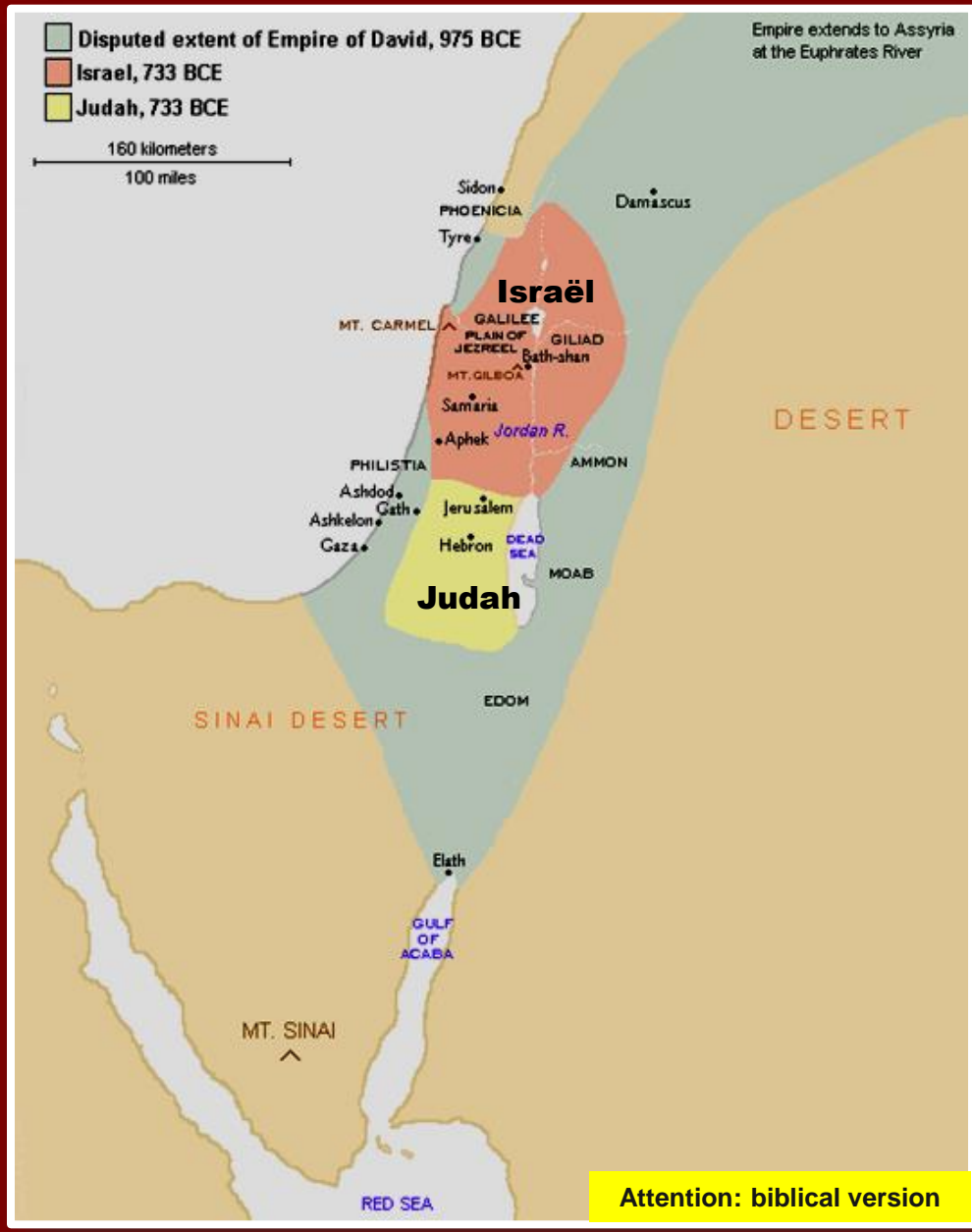


**Jewish
fighter**



Palestine around 830 B.C.E

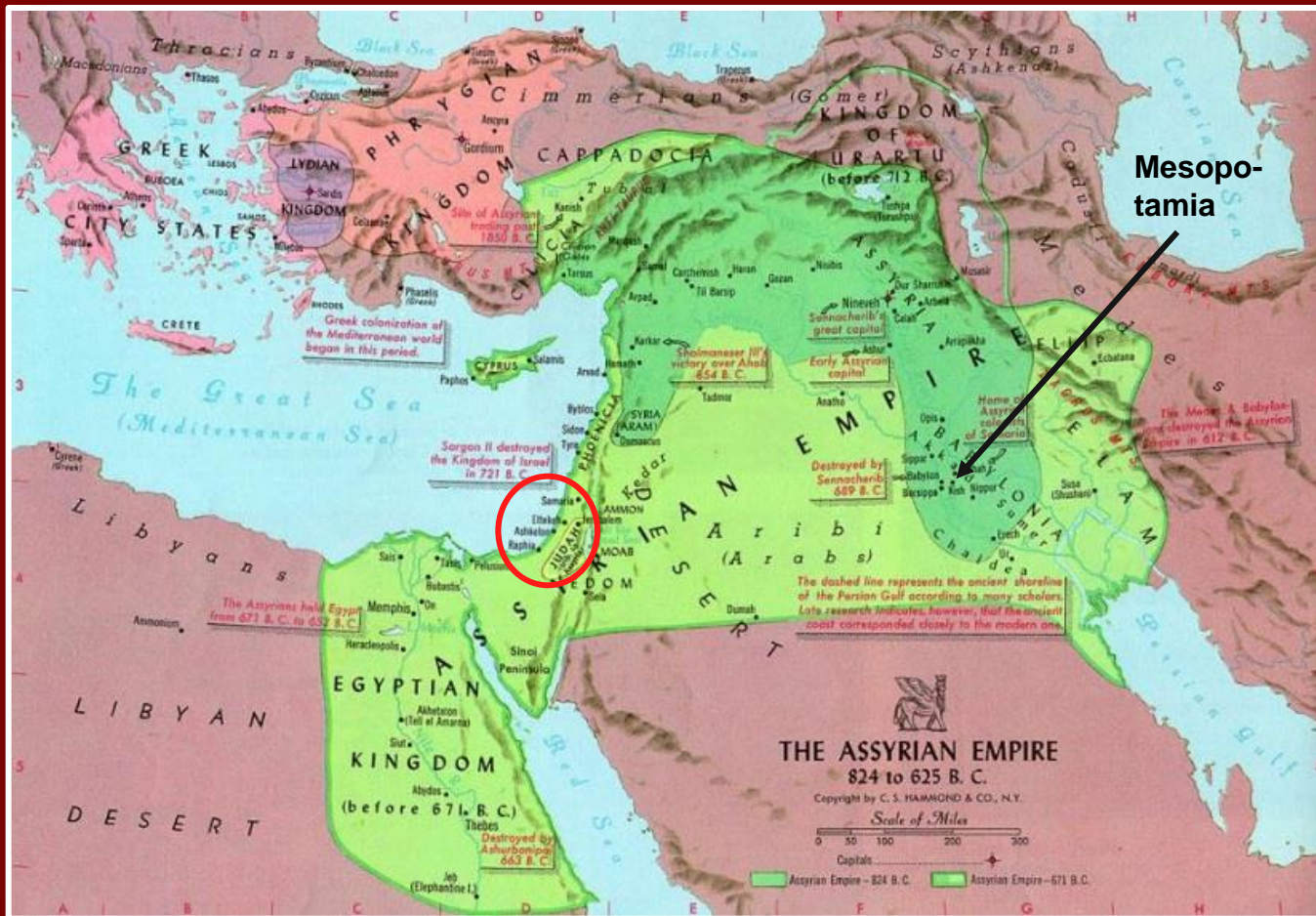




**Palestine
in 733 B.C.E**



**Jewish
shields**



28

Assurbanipal

733-721 B.C.E - The Assyrian

The Assyrian, people of Mesopotamia, defeated the Jews of Israel's kingdom and deported many of them to Mesopotamia.





The Babylonian empire



A model of the city of Babylon

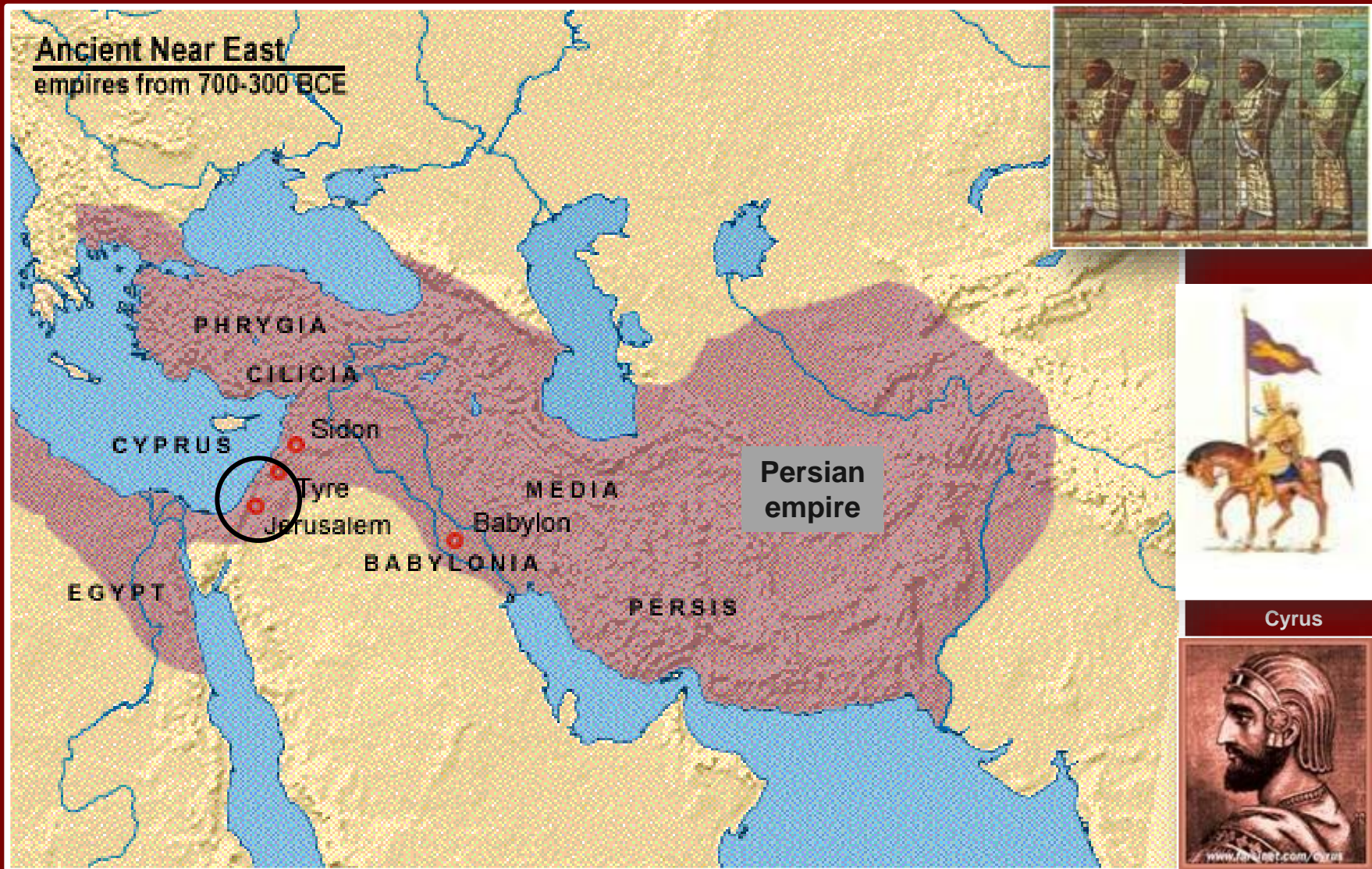
597 B.C.E - The Babylonians

The Babylonians, people of Mesopotamia and successors of the Assyrians (today's Iraqis) - also conquered the kingdom of Judea, destroyed the first temple and deported many Jews to Babylon.



The deportation of the Jews



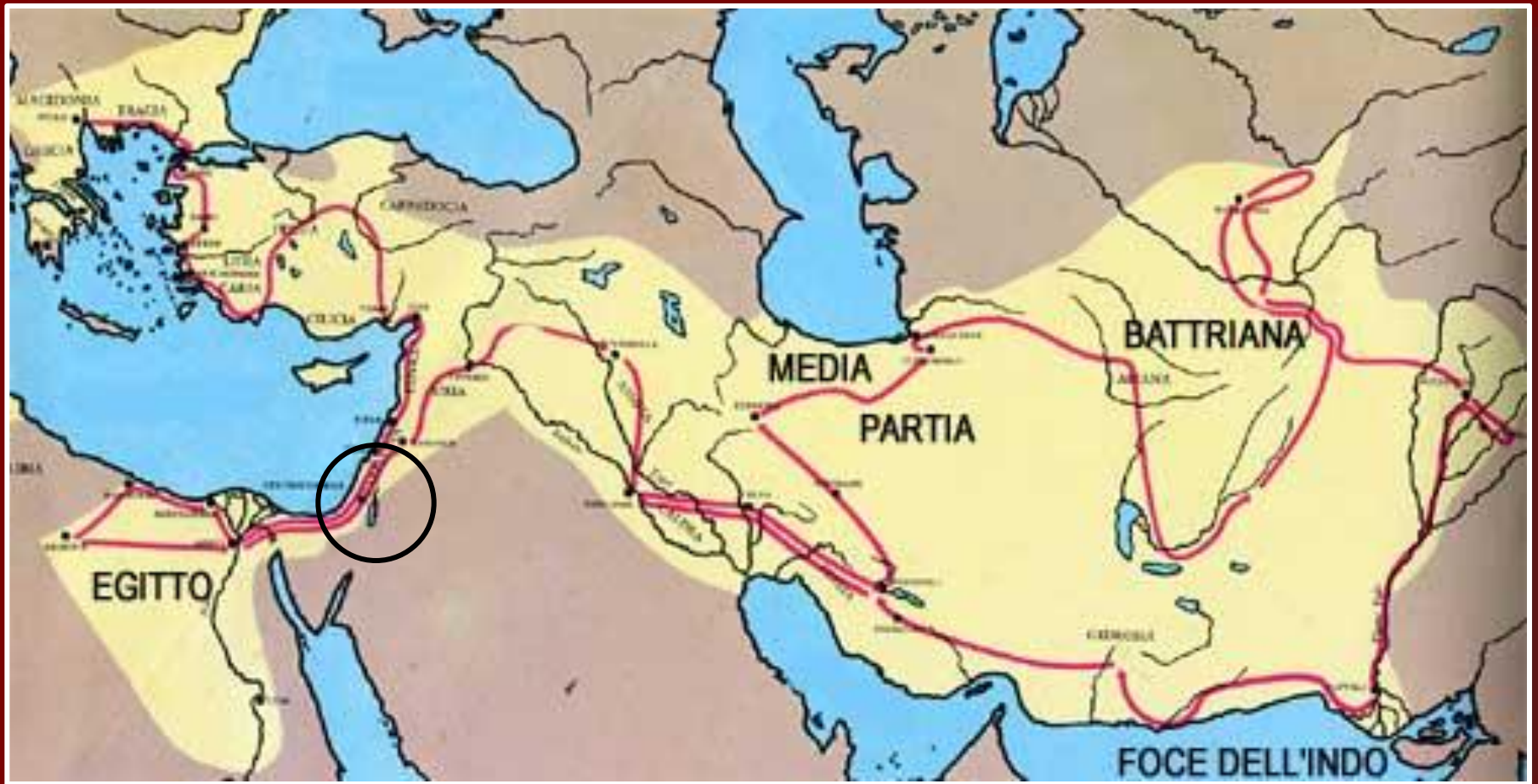


http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Persian_Empire

539 B.C.E. - Cyrus the Persian

30

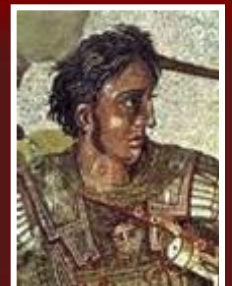
In the year 539 B.C.E, Cyrus, the Persian, set the Jews free, but only the Judean tribe returned to Palestine which subsequently was dominated by the Persians (today Iranians). At that time a smaller temple was built. According to some modern researchers the origin of certain practices within certain sects of Judaism dates from this period.

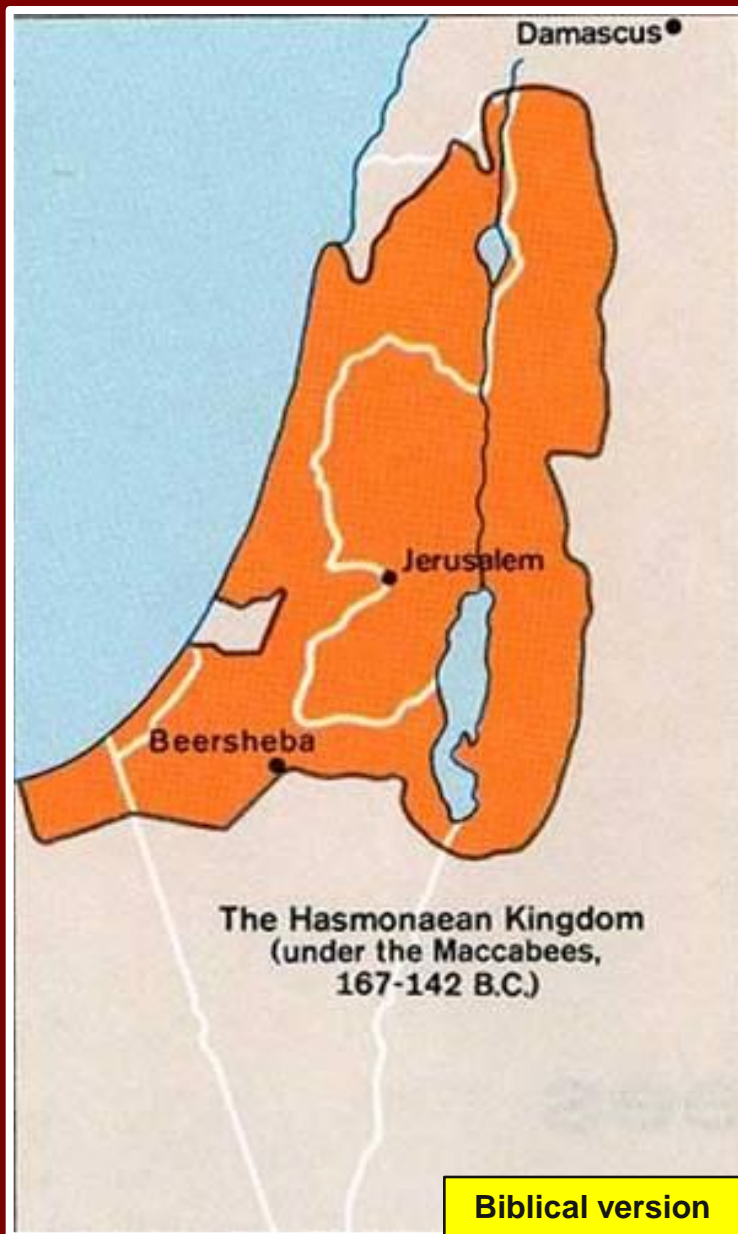


322 B.C.E. - The Macedonians (Greeks)



Palestine was dominated by the Macedonians led by Alexandre the Great who built a vast empire. The hellenic influence continued until the first century B.C.E





The Jews in Palestine:

The Hasmonaean Kingdom (167-142 B.C.E)



Hasmonaean battle ship

From **129 to 64 B.C.E** Judea was dominated by the Maccabeans, a Jewish sect, who brutally repressed the non Jewish population.

From **63 B.C.E** the Romans subjugated this last “Jewish state” and destroyed the smaller temple.

In the year **37 B.C.E** Herod built the second temple.

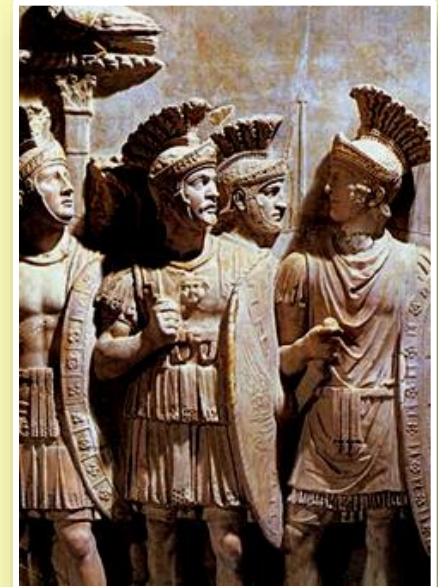
In the year **33 A.D.** According to Christian teaching, Jesus was crucified (Islam teaches Jesus/Isa was raised up to be with his lord).

In the year **70 A.D.** the Romans brutally repressed the rebellion of the Judeans, destroying the second temple, the province is now totally under Roman control.

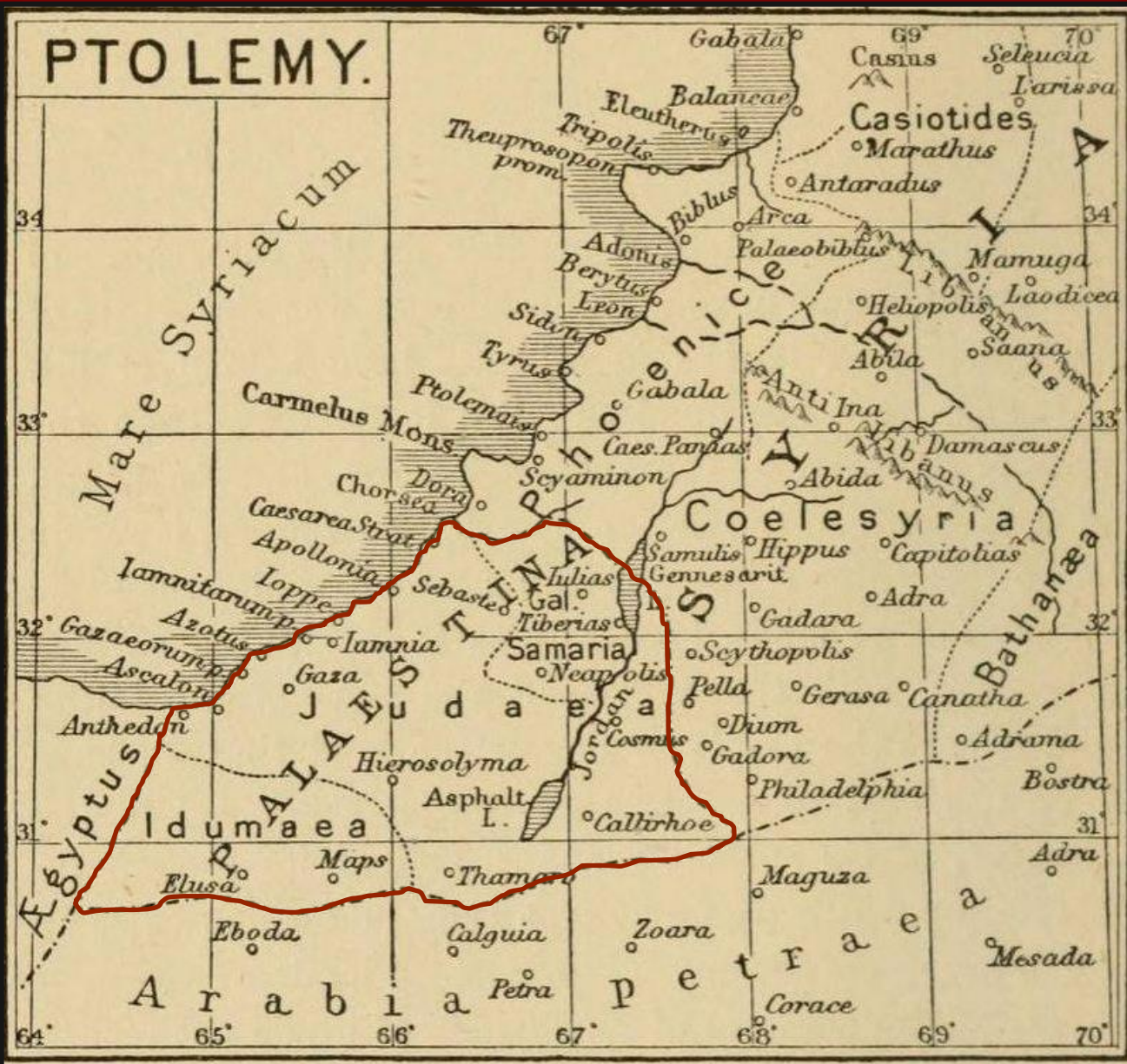
In the year **133-135 A.D.** the Romans brutally repressed the last major rebellion of the Judeans, with many leaving the cities but remaining in the smaller towns.

see notes

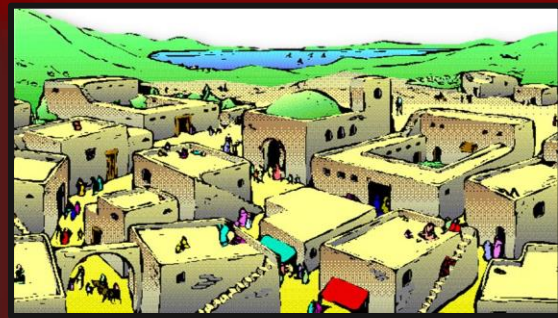
THE ROMANS



The Roman eagle



PALESTINE AND PART OF SYRIA ACCORDING TO PTOLEMY, c. 100 A.D.



Typical Palestinian Arabic village on the I. millennium a. J.C.

Palestine on the PTOLEMY map 100 A.D.

The Romans called the land Palaestina, in reference to the Philistines already present for centuries in the coastal area between the Sinai and Jaffa. In the North there were the Phoenicians and the Jews were living at the center.

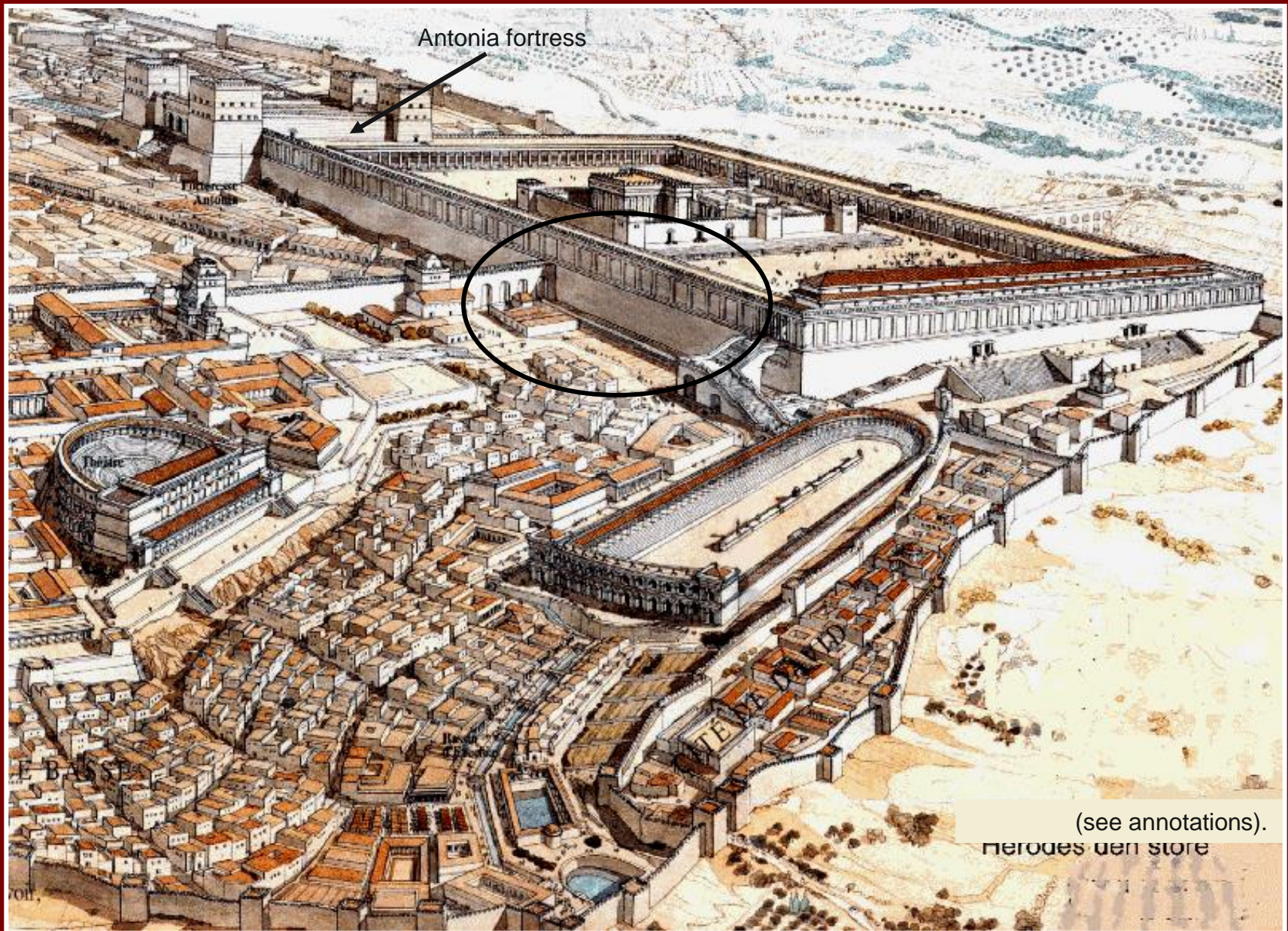


Herodes

**The Kingdom of Herod
from
40 B.C.E to 4 B.C.E**

Herod and the three Kings





Antonia fortress

(see annotations).
herodes den store



Jerusalem : the Al-Aqsa Mosque compound and the Wailing wall

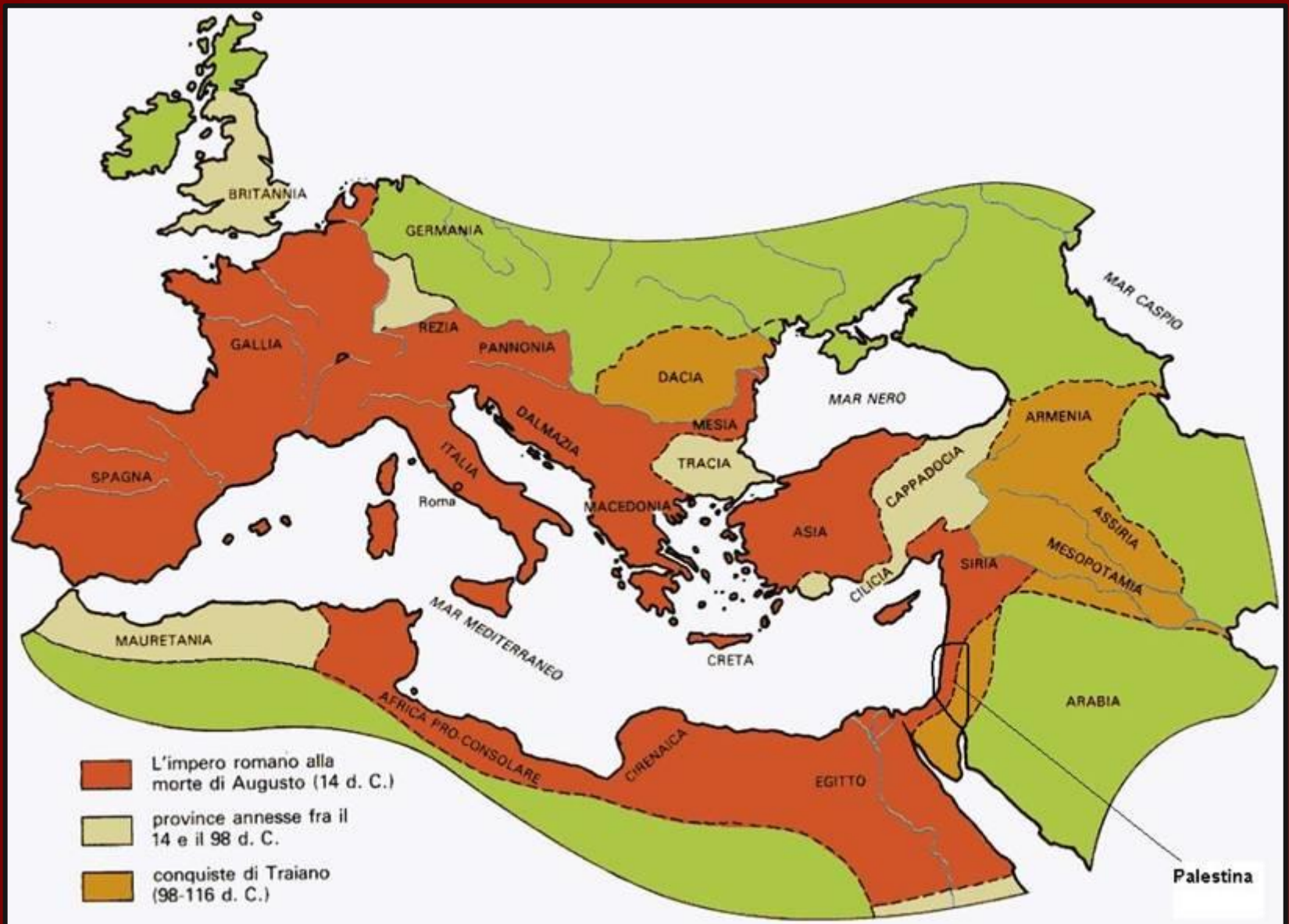


70 A.D.: in Jerusalem the Romans sacked and destroyed the second temple built by Herod (roman bas-relief)

PALESTINE

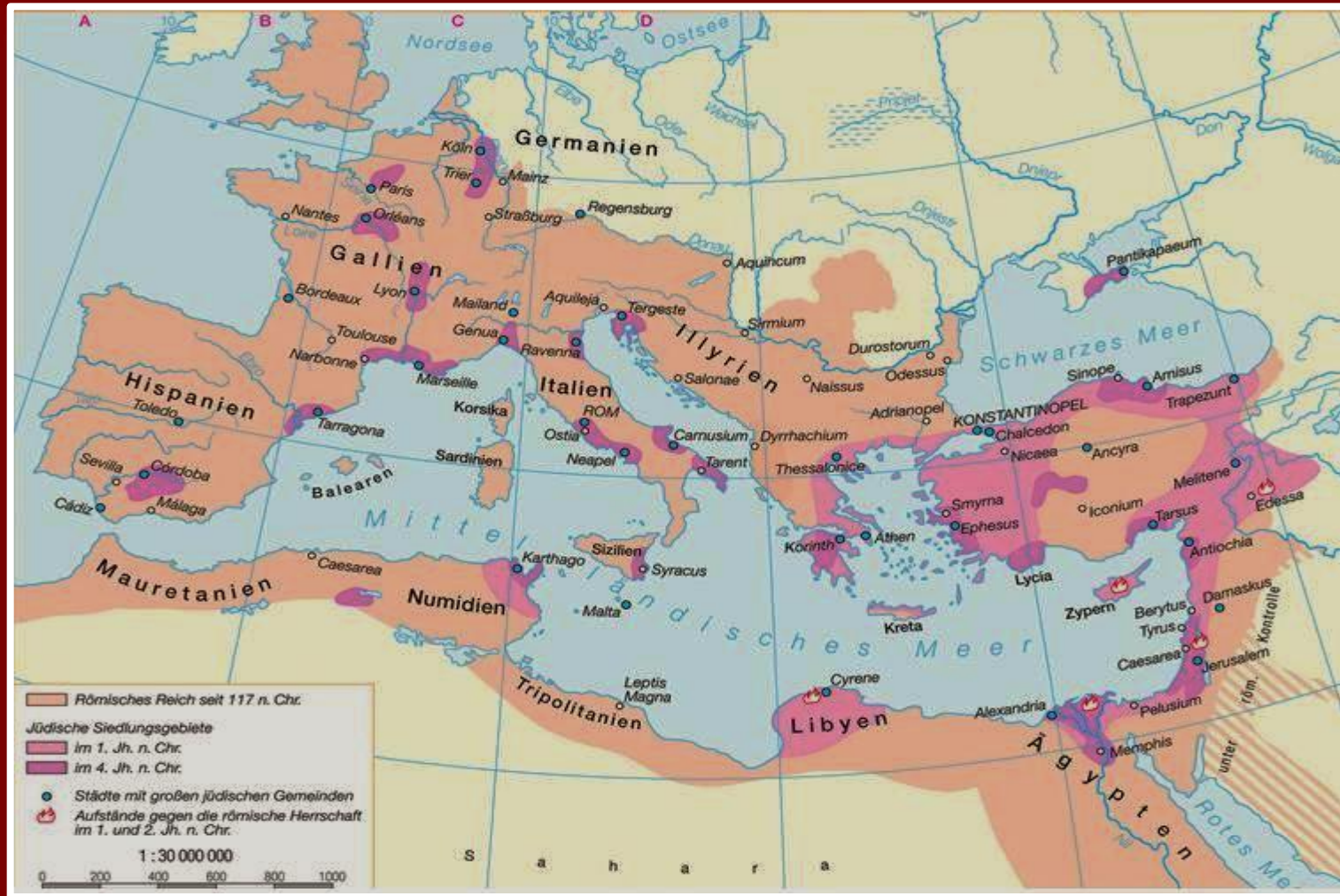
**THE TIME
AFTER JESUS CHRIST**

from 135 A.D. to 1800 A.D.



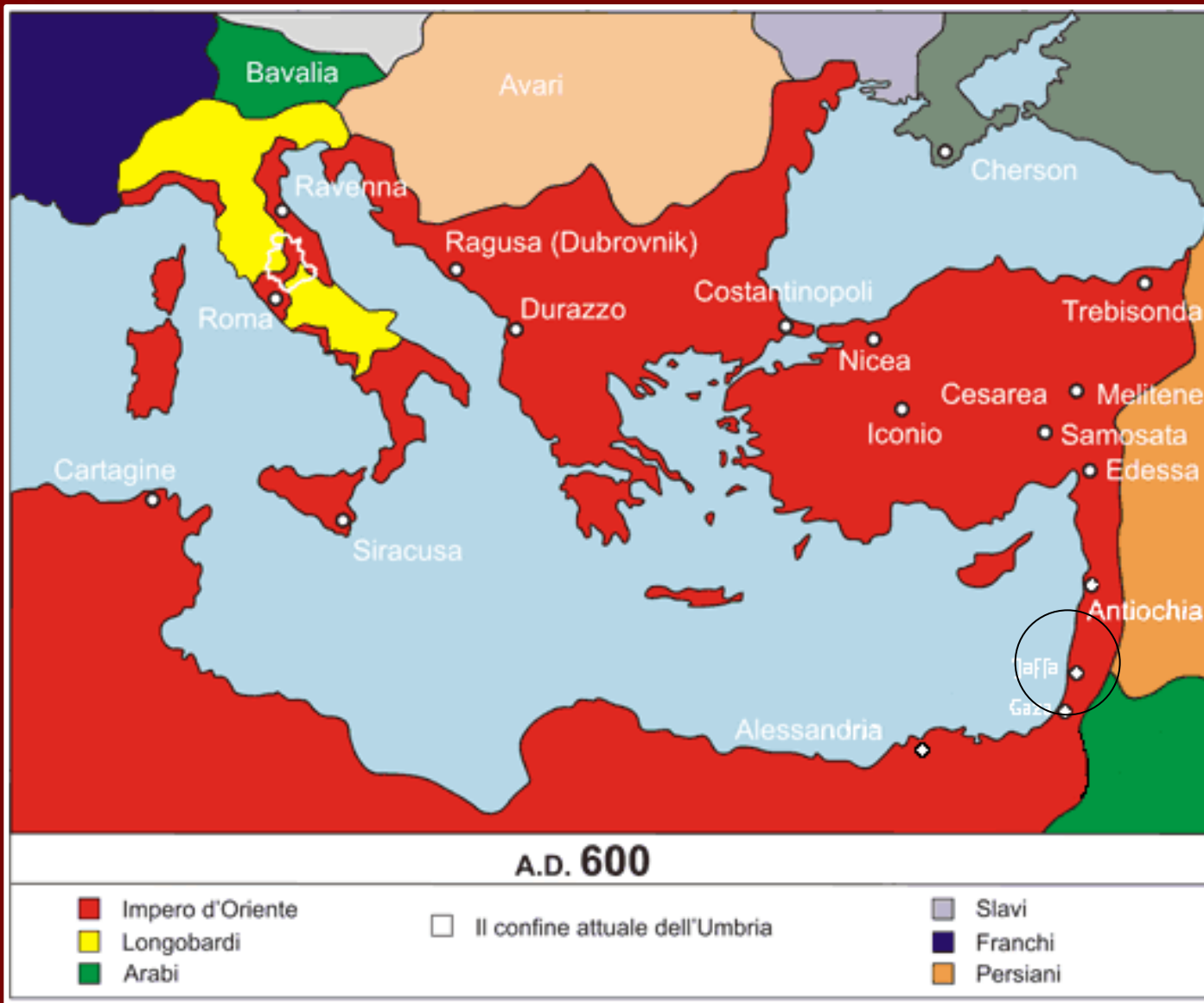
The Roman empire between 14 and 116 A.D.



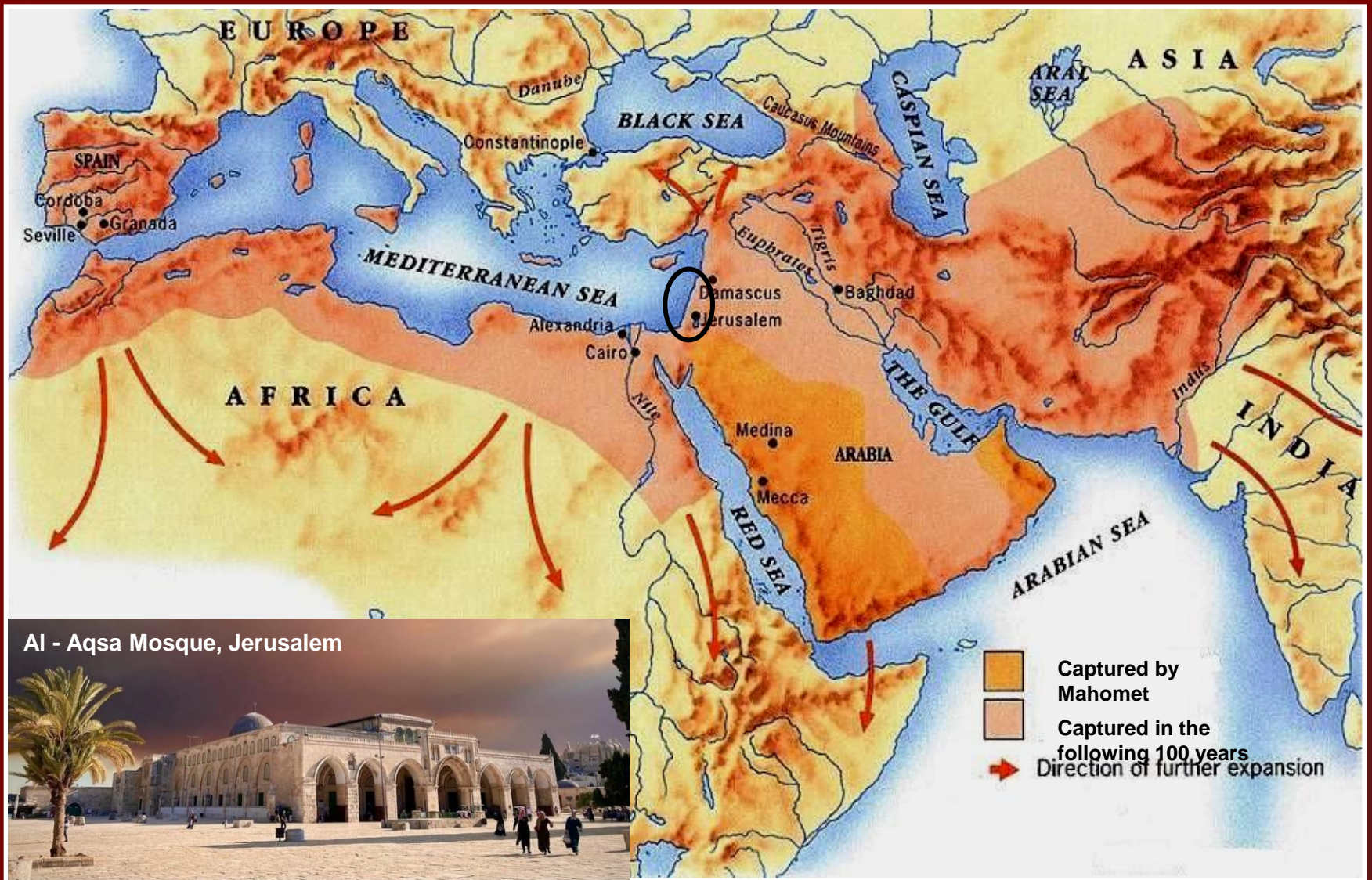


The Jews in the first centuries A.D.

As a result of migration, marriage and conversion of the local population Jews can be found living throughout the Roman Empire.



600 A.D.: Palestine is part of the Eastern roman empire



From 637 A.D. Palestine is part of the Islamic world

Hypothesis

The Khazar empire in the ninth century A.D.

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Khazars>

Many Ashkenazi Jews, although not descended from the Jews of Palestine, recently moved to Palestine and claim its ownership.



Between the eighth and ninth century A.D. the Khazars began to convert to Judaism. Scattered in Eastern and Central Europe because of the attacks of the Mongols and Turks, with other Europeans who converted to Judaism, they form the majority of Ashkenazi Jews which, since the holocaust are the majority of world Jewry.



**Palestine at the time of the Crusaders
About 1200 A.D.**



Angry
Crusader

45





Richard Lionsheart in Ascalon

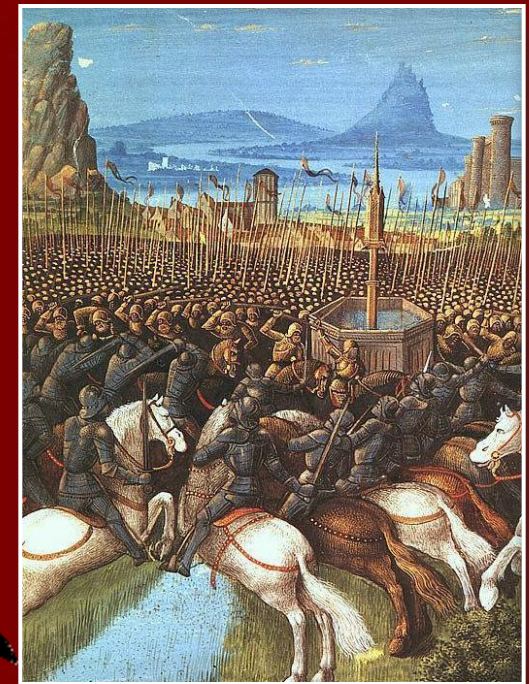
The
massacres
perpetrated
by Crusaders
in Acre



About 1200 A.D.
The attacks of the Crusaders

46

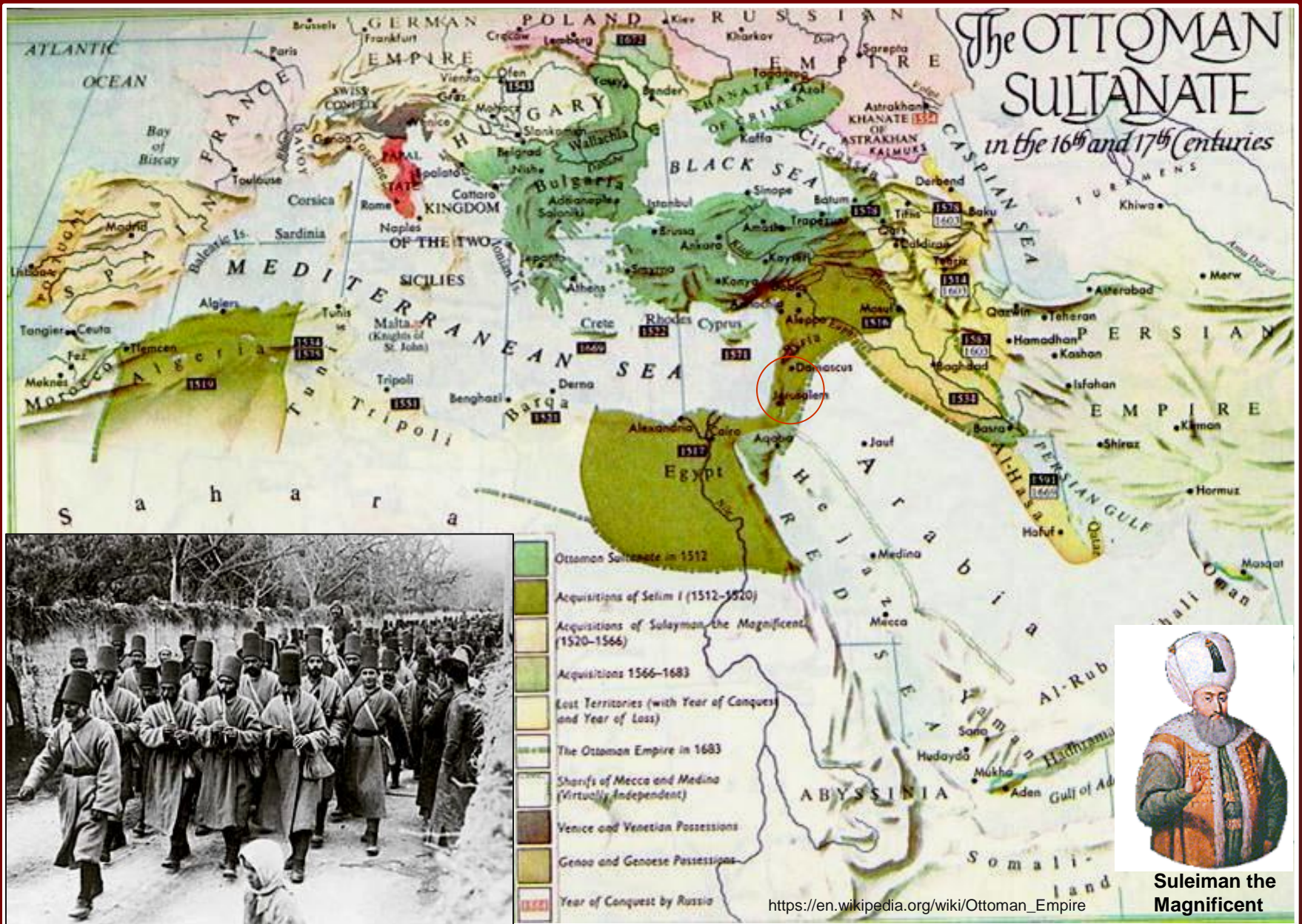
The Battle of
Hattin between
the attacking
Crusaders and
the Muslims, led
by Salah al Din
was in 1187





**1253 - 1516
Palestine is
dominated
by the
Mamelukes,
islamic
warriors.**





From 1516 to 1917 Palestine is part of the Ottoman Empire



Zahir al-Umar's autonomous sheikhdom in 1744

1730 - 1775

Mediterranean Sea



Tiberias fortress



The autonomous Palestine of the 18th century

Zahir al-Umar 1690 – 1775



The Khan al-Shawarda caravanserai was restored by Zahir



The fortress of Shefa-'Amr, built by Zahir's son Uthman



Tiberias mosque



The useless siege of Acre



The battle of Mount Tabor - April 16. 1799

1799 - Napoleon in Palestine

51



Napoleon dreams of Jerusalem.

February 1799: conquest of
Gaza and Jaffa
20 March - 10 May 1799:
siege of Acre (failed)
May 21, 1799: retreat to Egypt.

April 14, 1799 - Napoleon
launched the idea of a State
for Jews in Palestine.



The cavalcade of Napoleon.

PALESTINE

THE MODERN PERIOD

FIRST PART

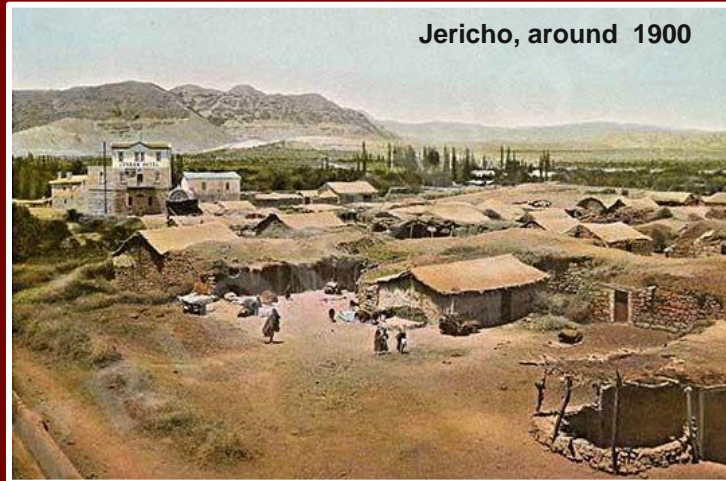
from 1800 A.D. to 1918 A.D.

(End World War the First)

HEBRON, around 1830-1840

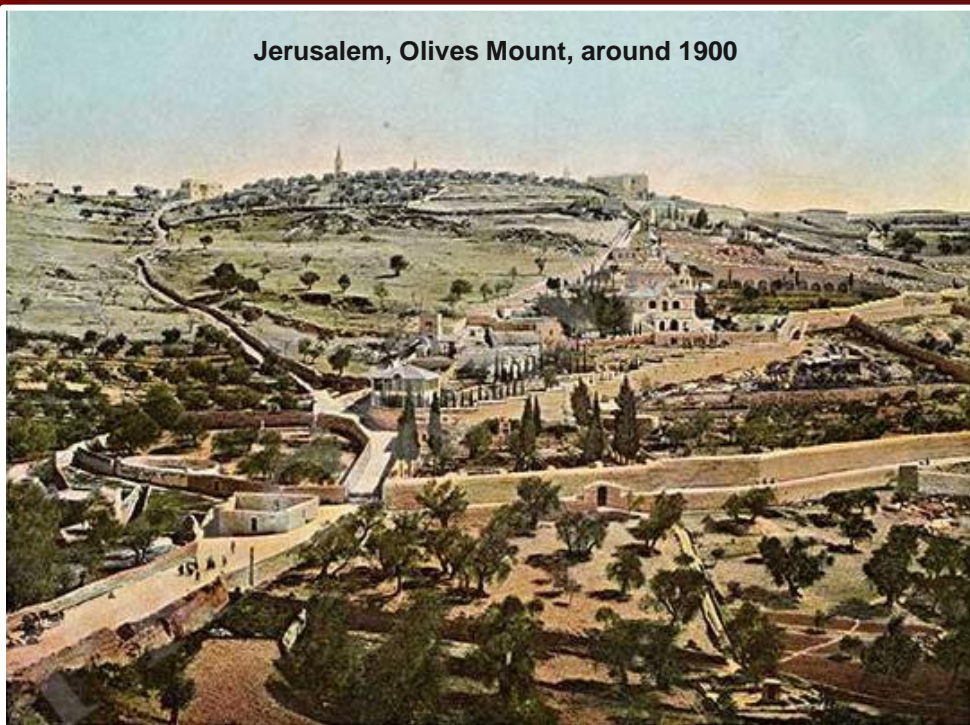


Jericho, around 1900

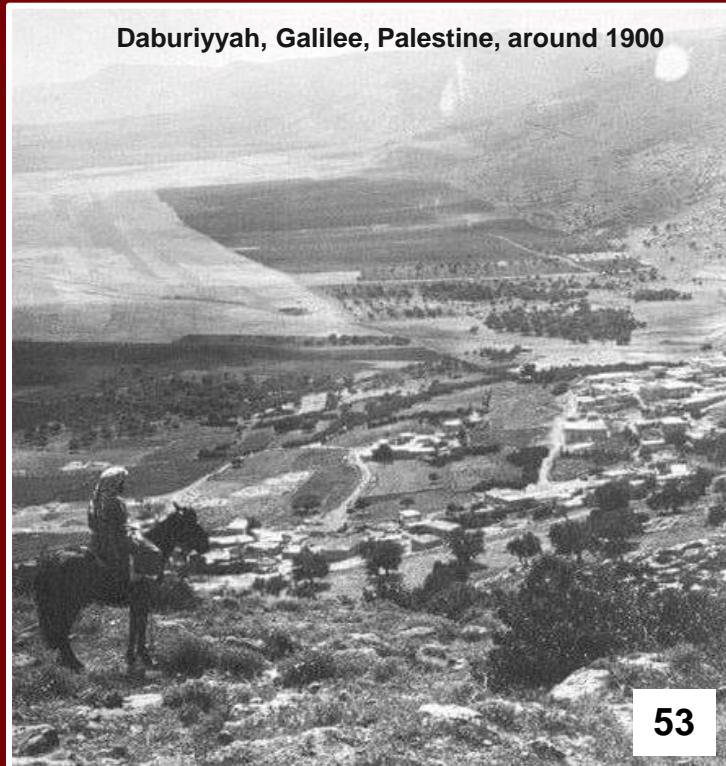


Palestine around the end of 1800

Jerusalem, Olives Mount, around 1900



Daburiyyah, Galilee, Palestine, around 1900



Tibériade



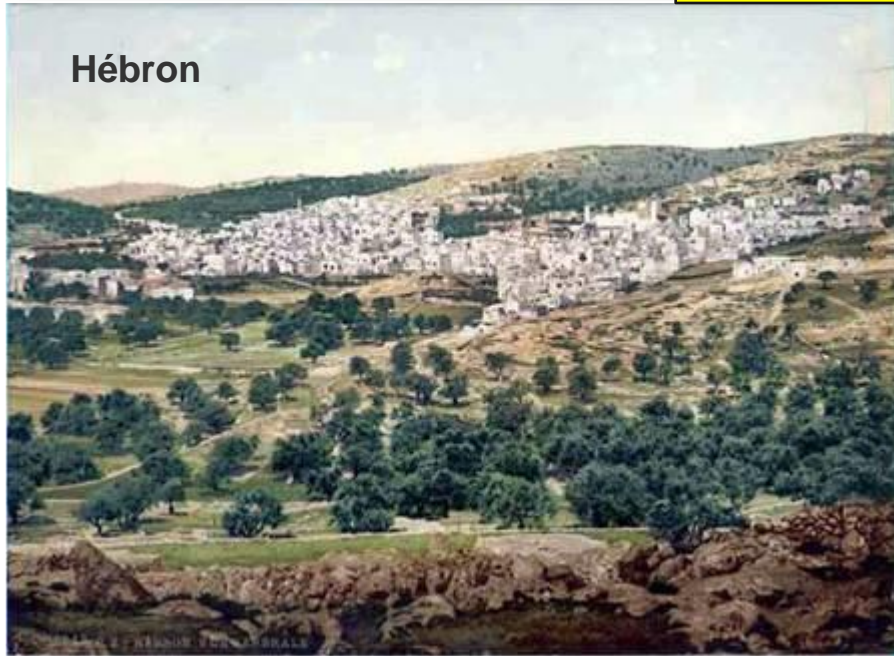
Béthanie



Palestine: year 1895

54

Hébron



Nazareth



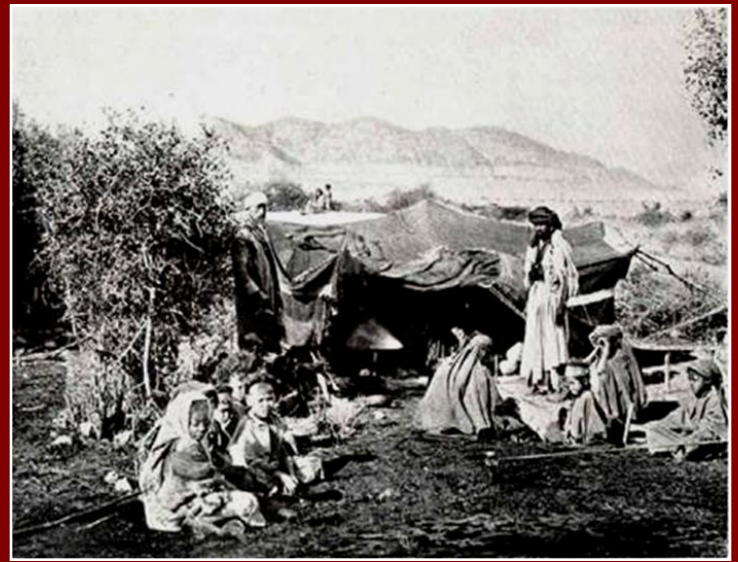


Haifa 1890 - 1900



Jerusalem: year 1895





Bedouins in 1910

Palestinian minorities

57

Druse farmers 1895





Muslims on the terrace at Al Aqsa



Christian Holy Sepulchre Church in Jerusalem



58

Palestine : the Holy Land for three important monotheistic religions



Torah



Bible



Quran

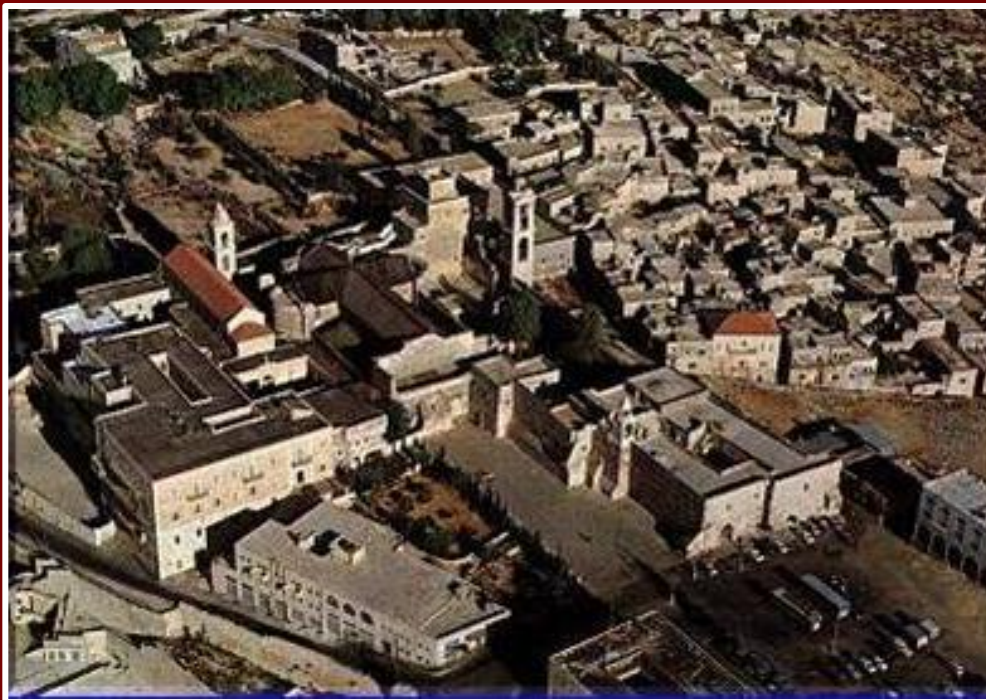
Jews at the Wailing Wall in Jerusalem



The German Templar colony in Haifa 1877



The Templars in Jerusalem, supported by Wilhelm II. Kaiser of Germany



1800 - 1900
Some christian religious orders settle in Palestine.

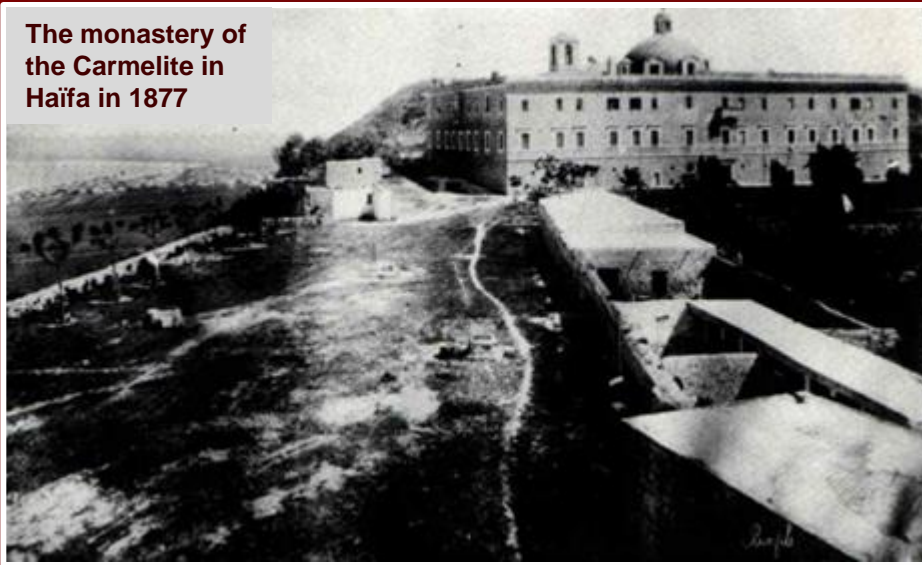
Also some Jews buy land in Palestine and settle there for religious reasons. All give a strong boost to the Palestinian economy.



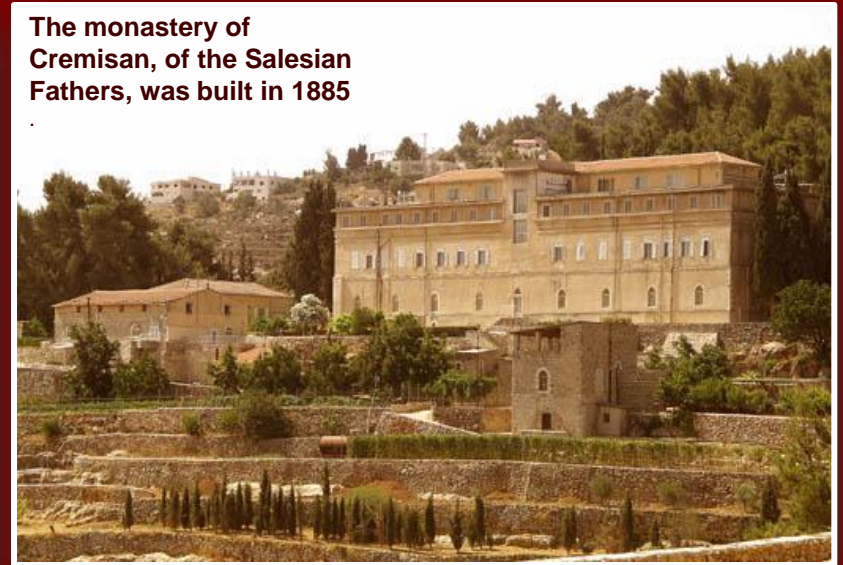
Jerusalem 1897 : the branch of the Deutsche Palaestina Bank.

Bethlehem : Church of the Nativity and the annexe buildings of the Franciscan friars

The monastery of the Carmelite in Haifa in 1877



The monastery of Cremisan, of the Salesian Fathers, was built in 1885



The orthodox monastery of Mar Saba in 1900

© Mediadrums Images Library of Congress

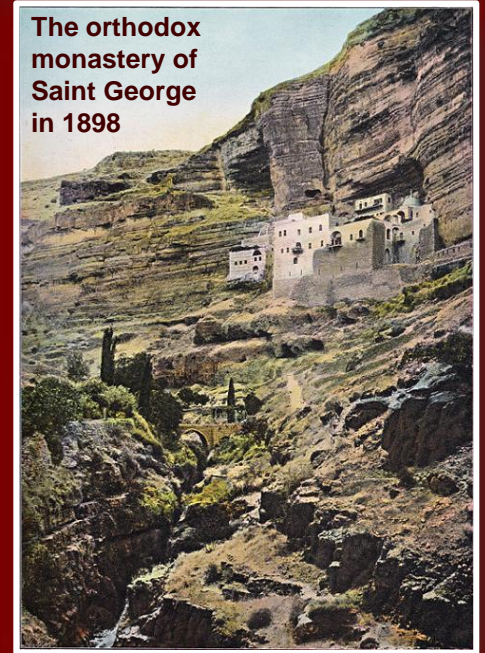


Orthodox



Templars

The orthodox monastery of Saint George in 1898





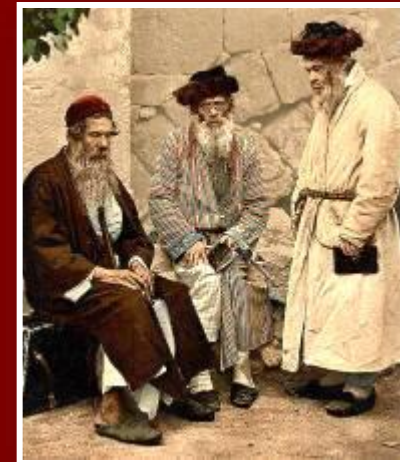
455 Christmas day Bethlehem. Weihnachtstag. Noël à Bethléem.

Christmas procession in Bethlehem, approximately 1900

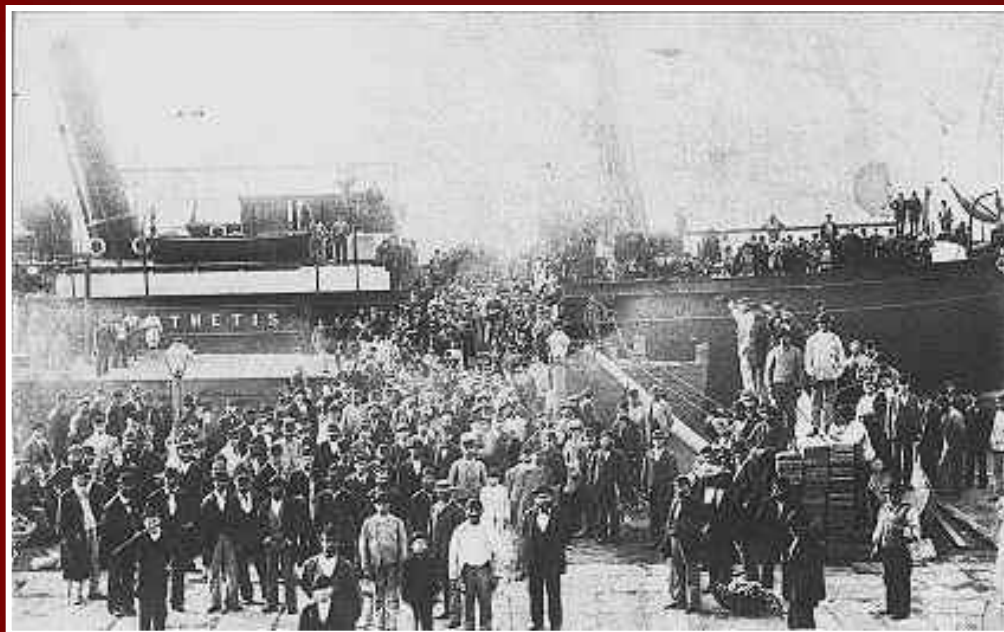
61



Jews in Palestine in front of their vineyard in 1860



Spiritual Jews from the first Aliyah

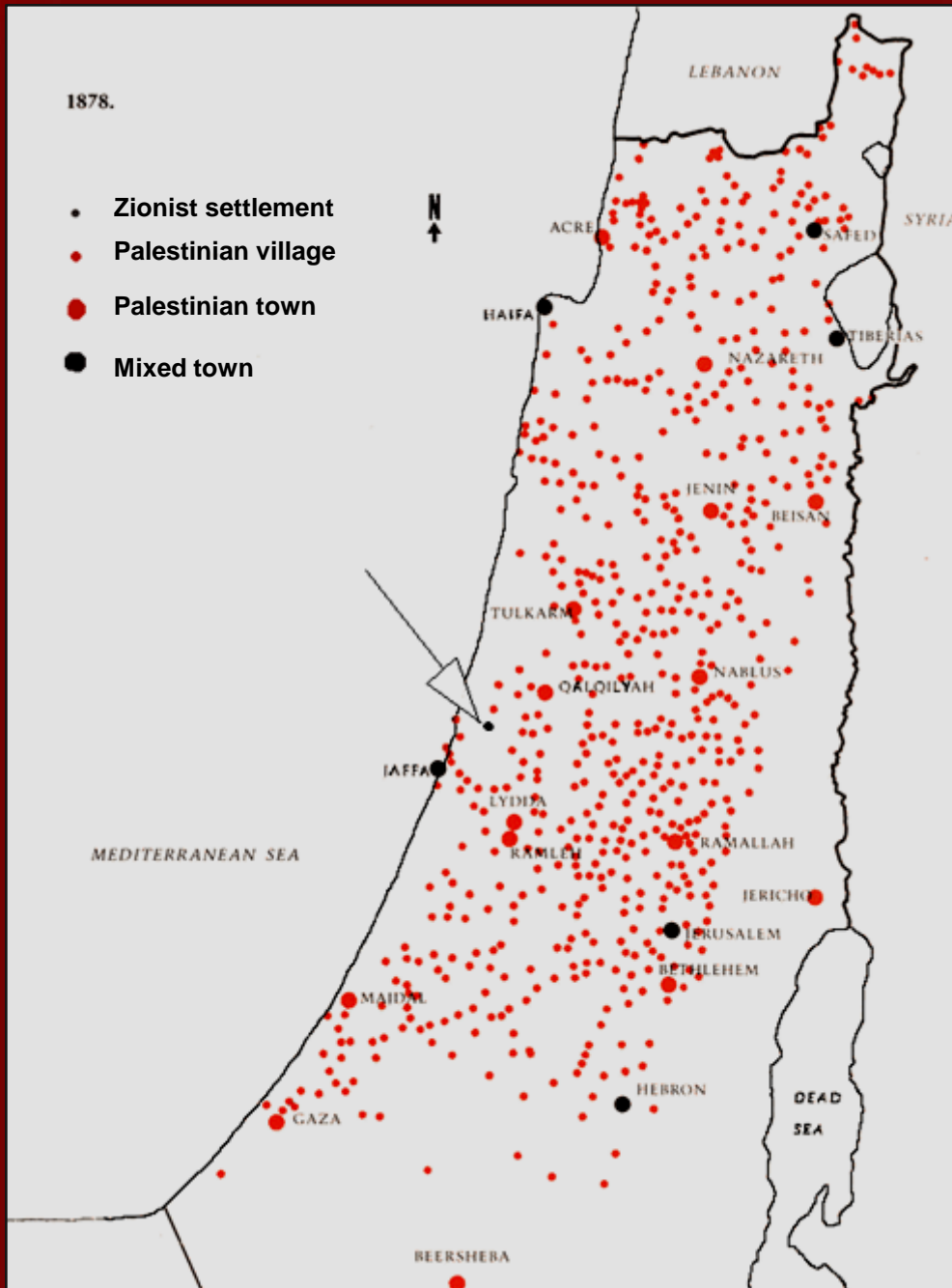


1882 - The first Zionist immigrants

Some Zionist immigrants arriving from Russia and Romania with the ship S.S.Thetis

1878.

- Zionist settlement
- Palestinian village
- Palestinian town
- Mixed town



1878 Petah Tikva, the first Zionist settlement

63

From 1878 some Zionists began on their own initiative to settle in Palestine. In 1897 there were already twenty Zionist settlements.

At the same time Ottoman land reforms, that began in 1858 impoverished the Palestinian farmers. In Palestine, Jews are 5% of the population

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Petah_Tikva

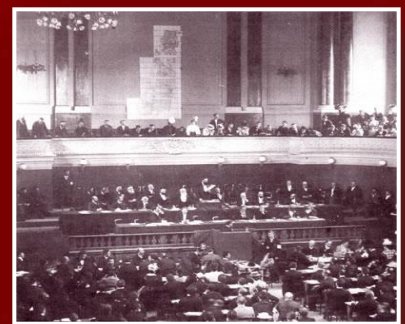
Table 1.4D. The Ottoman Citizen Population of Palestine by Religious Group, Corrected Figures, 1878 to 1914, All Palestine

Years	Muslims	Jews	Christians*	Total
1267 (1850–1851)	300,000	13,000	27,000	340,000
1277 (1860–1861)	325,000	13,000	31,000	369,000
1295 (1877–1878)	386,320	13,942	40,588	440,850
1296 (1878–1879)	390,597	14,197	41,331	446,125
1297 (1879–1880)	394,935	14,460	42,089	451,484
1298 (1880–1881)	399,334	14,731	42,864	456,929
1299 (1881–1882)	403,795	15,011	43,659	462,465
1300 (1882–1883)	408,318	15,300	44,471	468,089
1301 (1883–1884)	412,906	15,599	45,302	473,807
1302 (1884–1885)	417,560	15,908	46,152	479,620

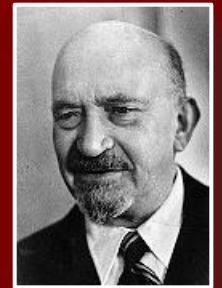


Theodor Herzl

Basel



Chaim Weizman,
President of the Zionist
organisation



1897 - The beginning of Zionism

In Basel (Switzerland) the first Zionist congress presided over by Theodor Herzl proposes to establish in Palestine a State for the Jews. The options of Uganda and Argentina were rejected.

The purchase of land and the shipment of settlers to Palestine begins.

In order to raise the money, in 1901 the Jewish National Fund was founded.

64



The contribution certificate

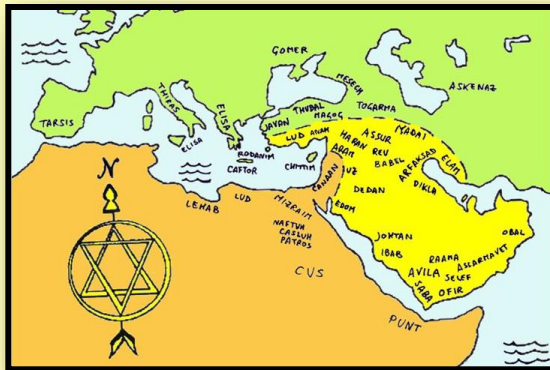
The invitation to the first congress (with Wailing Wall)



The Semites



Peoples of the Middle East descended from Shem, 3. son of Noah.



Arabs, Palestinians and Mizraim Jews are **Semites.**

The Jews



Mizraim Jews: Middle Eastern Jews descended from Abraham. They are Semites.

Sephardi Jews: Iberian Jews.

Ashkenazi Jews: Jews of European origin. They are the majority group.

Jews are a religious community.

The Zionists



People, mostly Jews, who want to create a Jewish-only nation, preferably in Palestine. Zionism is a political ideology with racist tendencies.

Anti Zionists

People, including Jews, who oppose Zionism.





Greater Israel
according to Herzl:
from the Nile to the
Euphrates

The "promised" land

Greater Israel
(Eretz Israel)
according to the
modern Zionists
(Paris, 1919)





Kibbutz Ramat Babel 1927

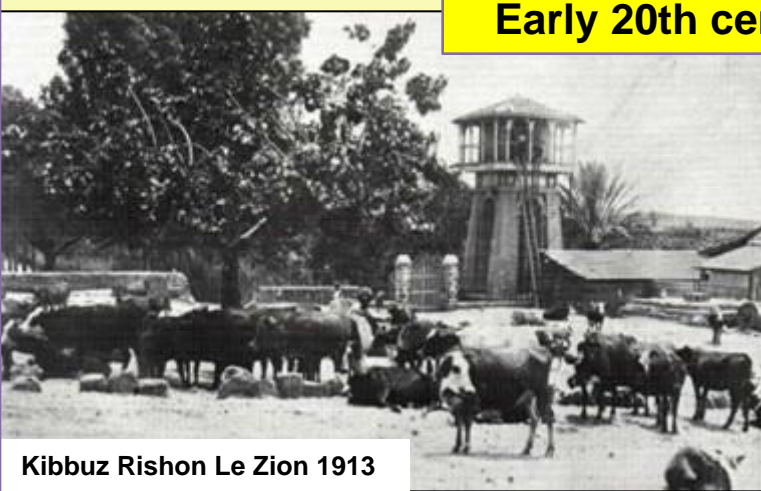


Galilea 1913



Orange harvesting in Jaffa 1915

Early 20th century: the first Zionist pioneers arrive



Kibbutz Rishon Le Zion 1913



Kefar Giladi 1916 67



The first Jewish quarter in Haifa 1907



First house in Rehavia near Jerusalem



Galilea 1913



1910
Watchtower
of the
Zionist
settlement
At Rishon



1910

1909 - The Zionists create the self defense militias Hashomer

68

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hashomer>

1909 Hashomer
of Kfar Tabor





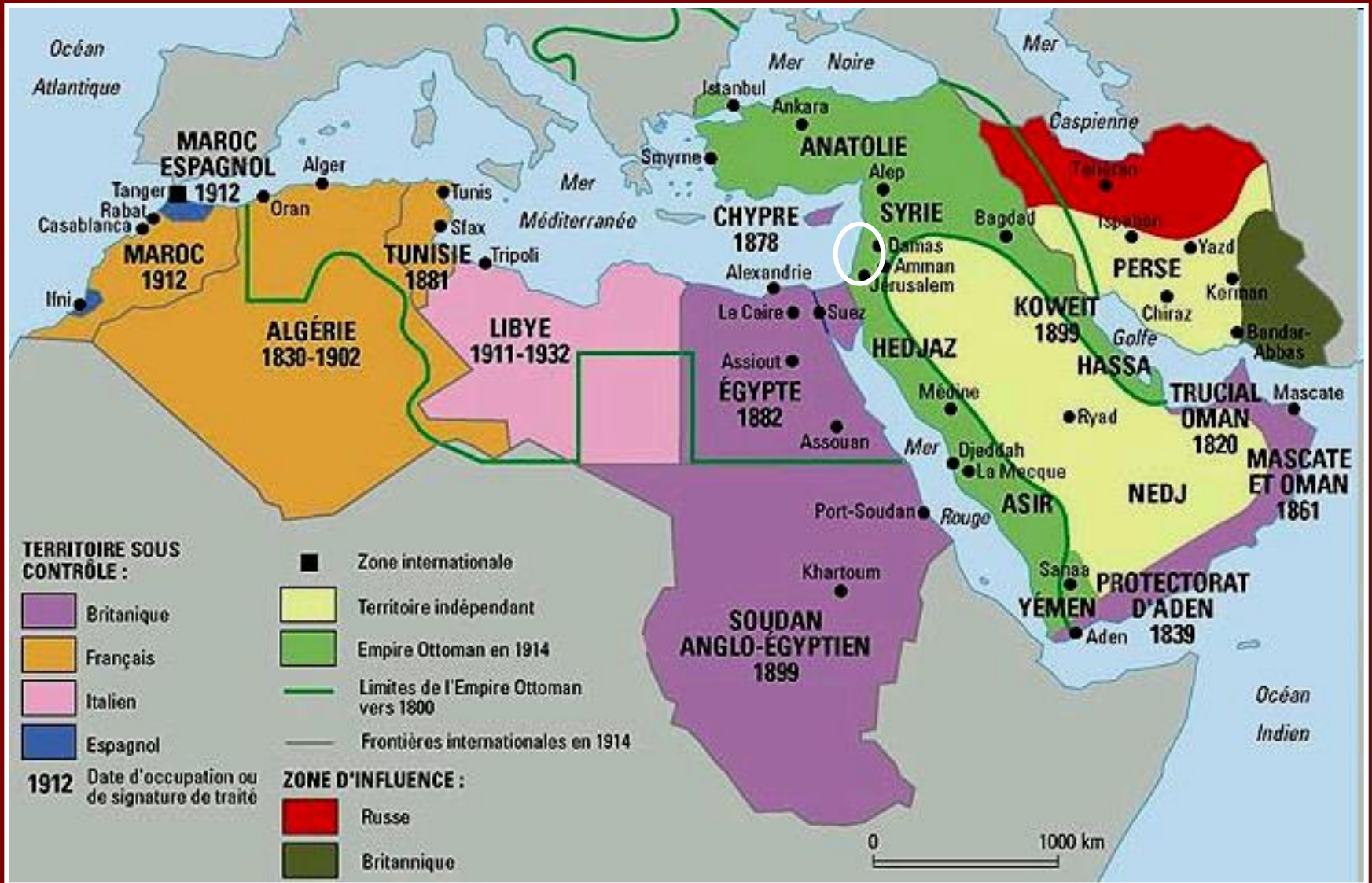
Palestine 1914 The Jewish Zionist settlements.

Many Jews escaping hardship from Eastern Europe reach Palestine.

The first frictions arise between Arabs and Zionists, because often the Zionists illegally occupy Palestinian land, and this is because of the self declared "right of the Jews to colonize the land of Israel".

NB : the map doesn't show Palestinian villages and towns

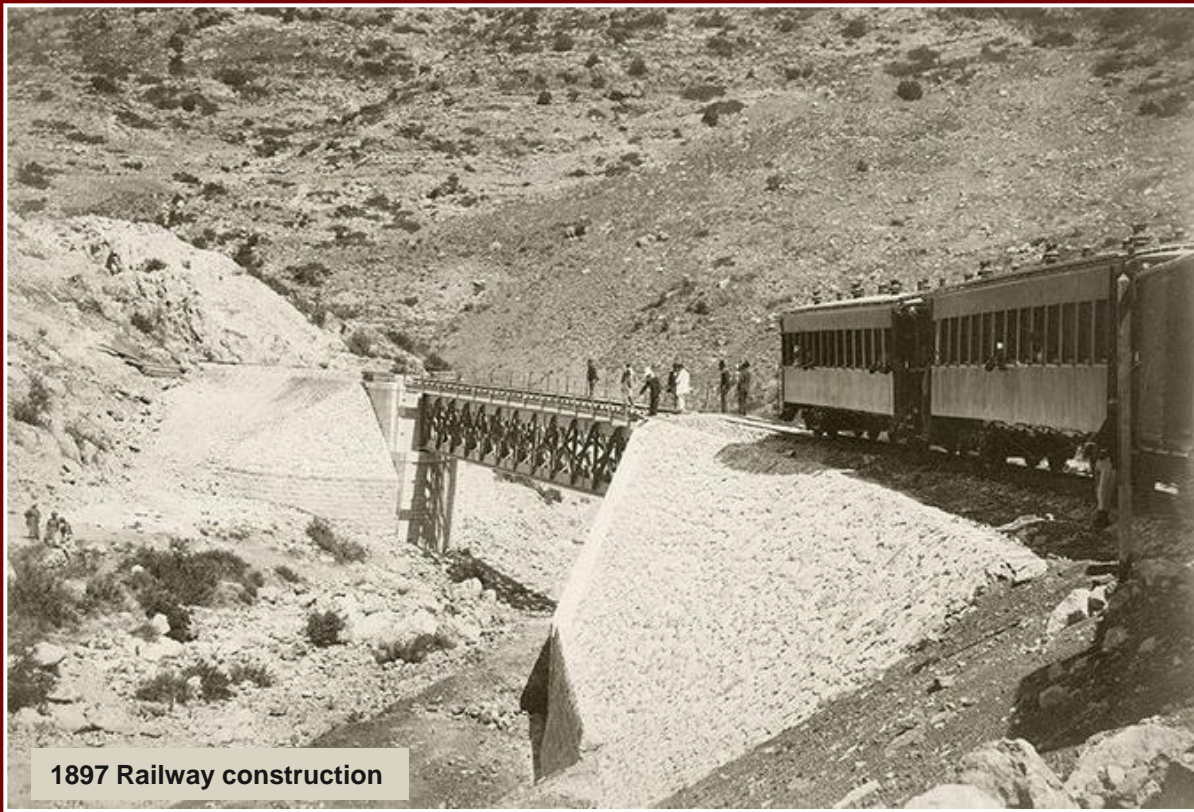




1914 - The Turkish Ottoman Empire

In 1839 the Turkish Ottoman Empire begins a modernization programme, and this includes Palestine.





1897 Railway construction



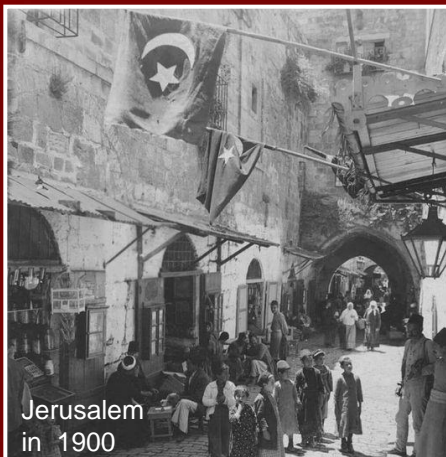
Turkish
ottoman military camp



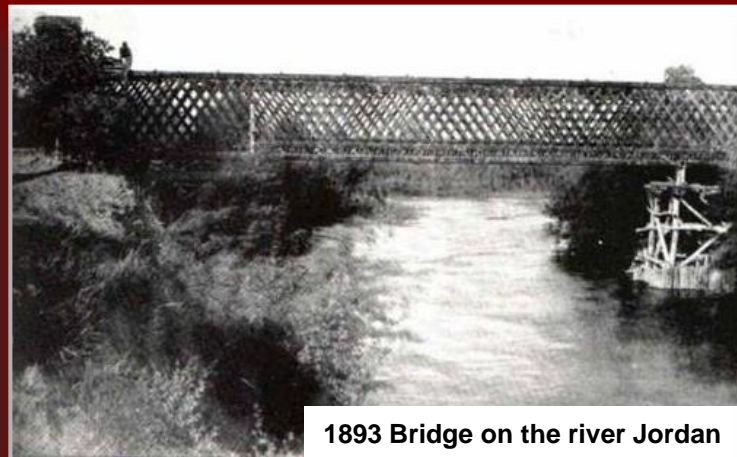
Ottoman
officers

End of the 19th century: Ottoman Palestine

71



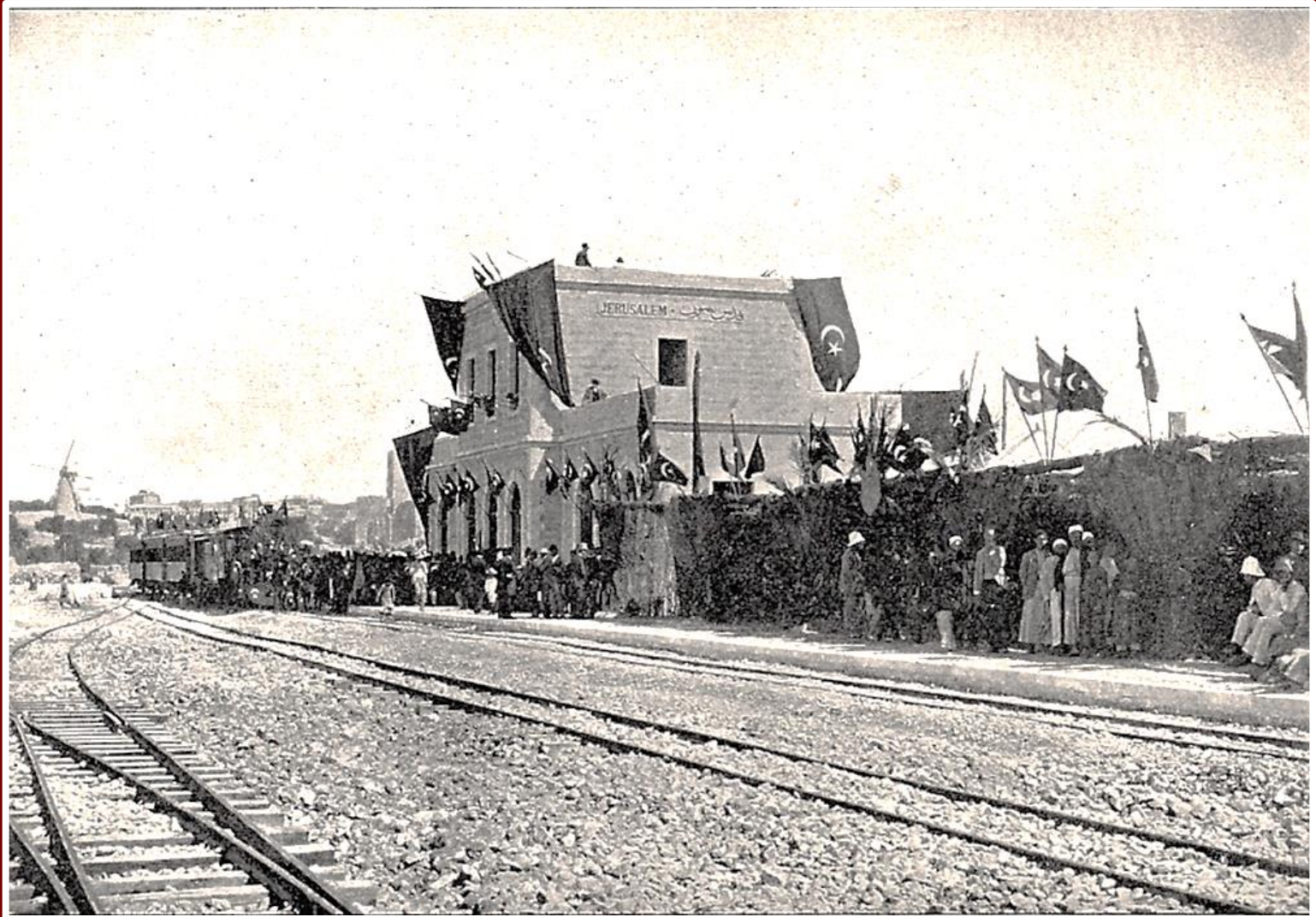
Jerusalem
in 1900



1893 Bridge on the river Jordan



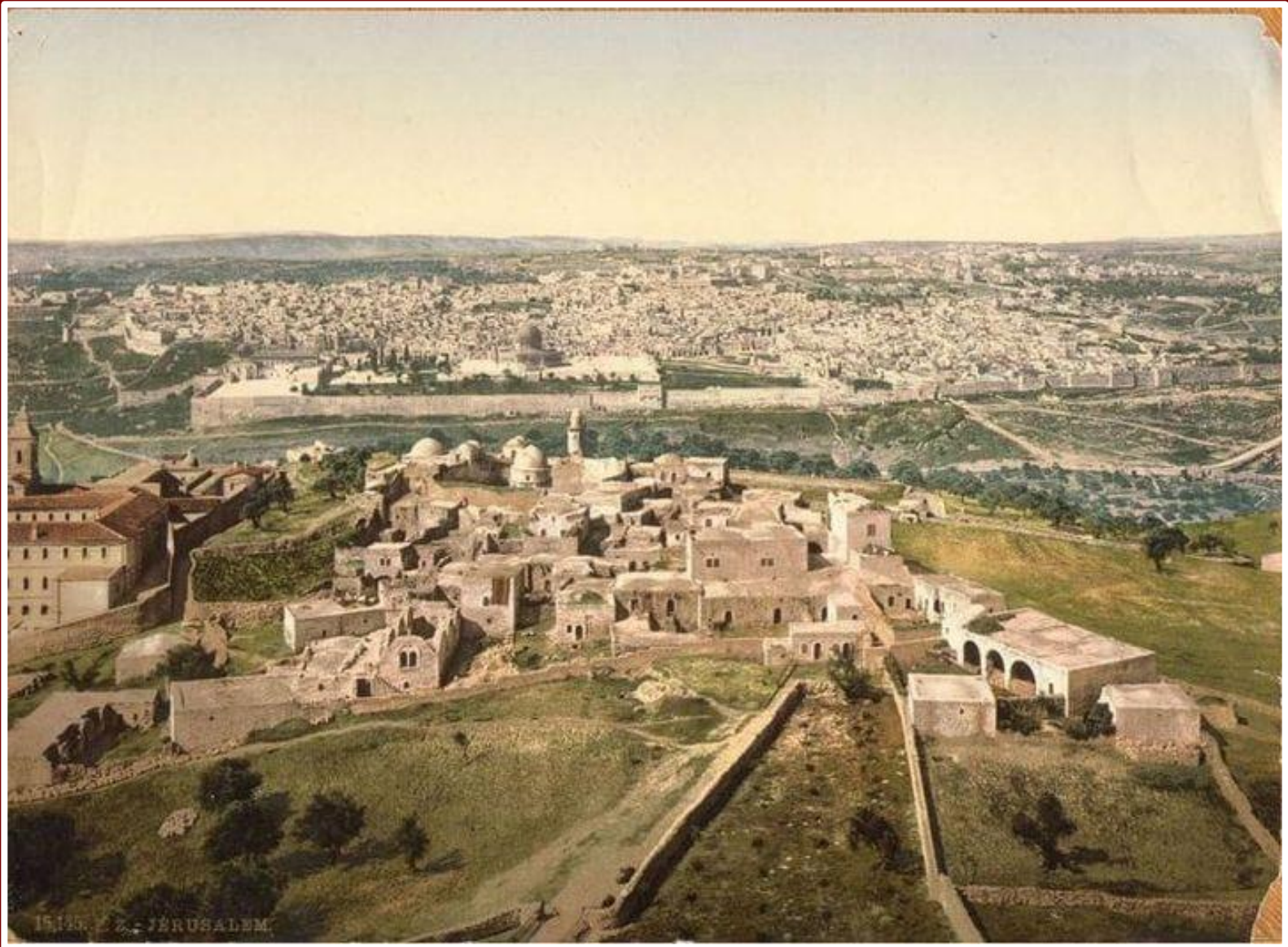
Palestinian family



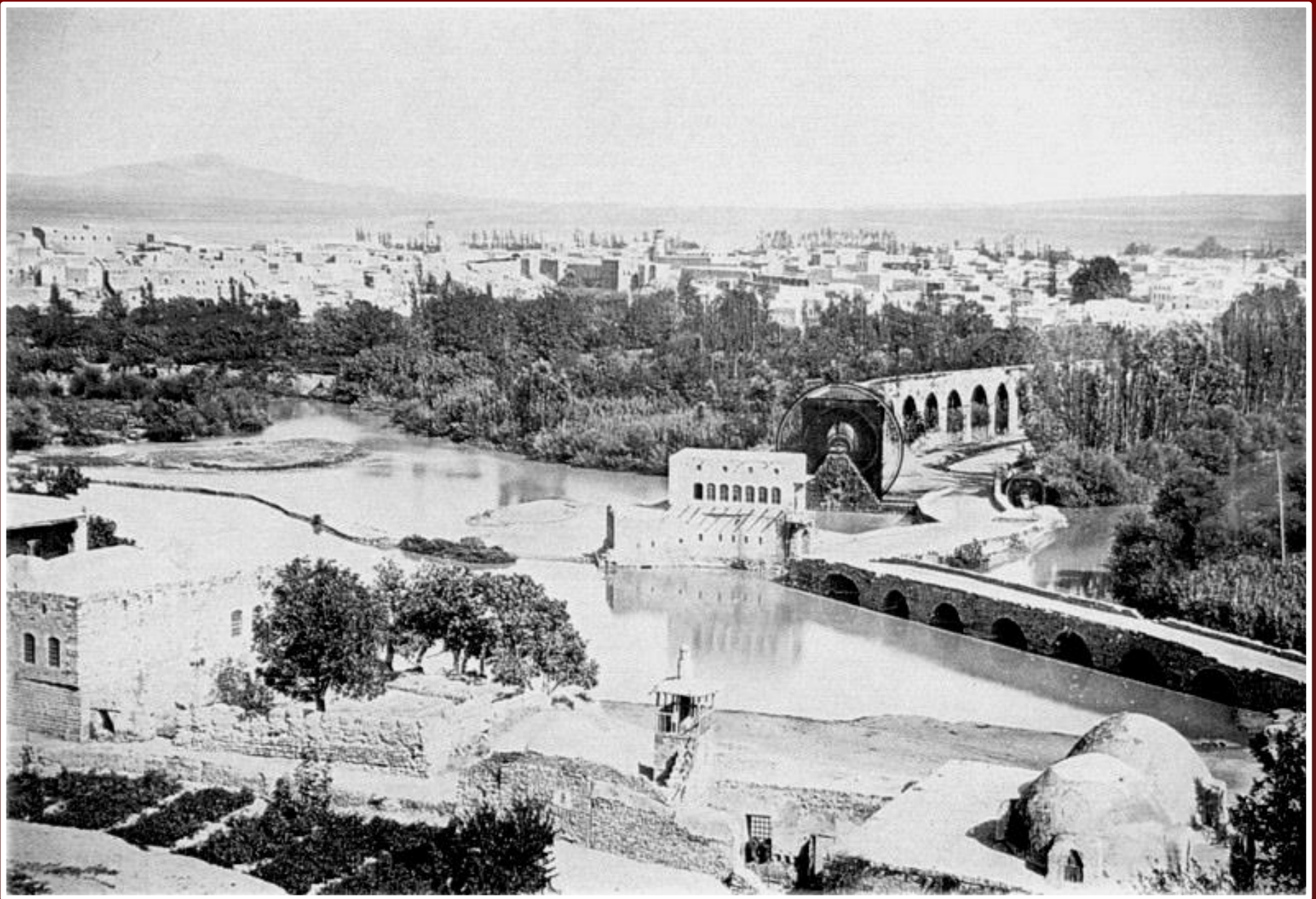
Ottoman Palestine : 1892 - Jerusalem railway station

72

The arrival of the inauguration train



1898 - Ottoman Jerusalem



1898 - Ottoman Palestine : watermill in Al-Hamma



1905 - Ottoman Palestine
The harbour and the railstation of
Haifa



Jenin in 1890 - 1900



Baysan, at the beginning of the 20th century



Safed in 1908



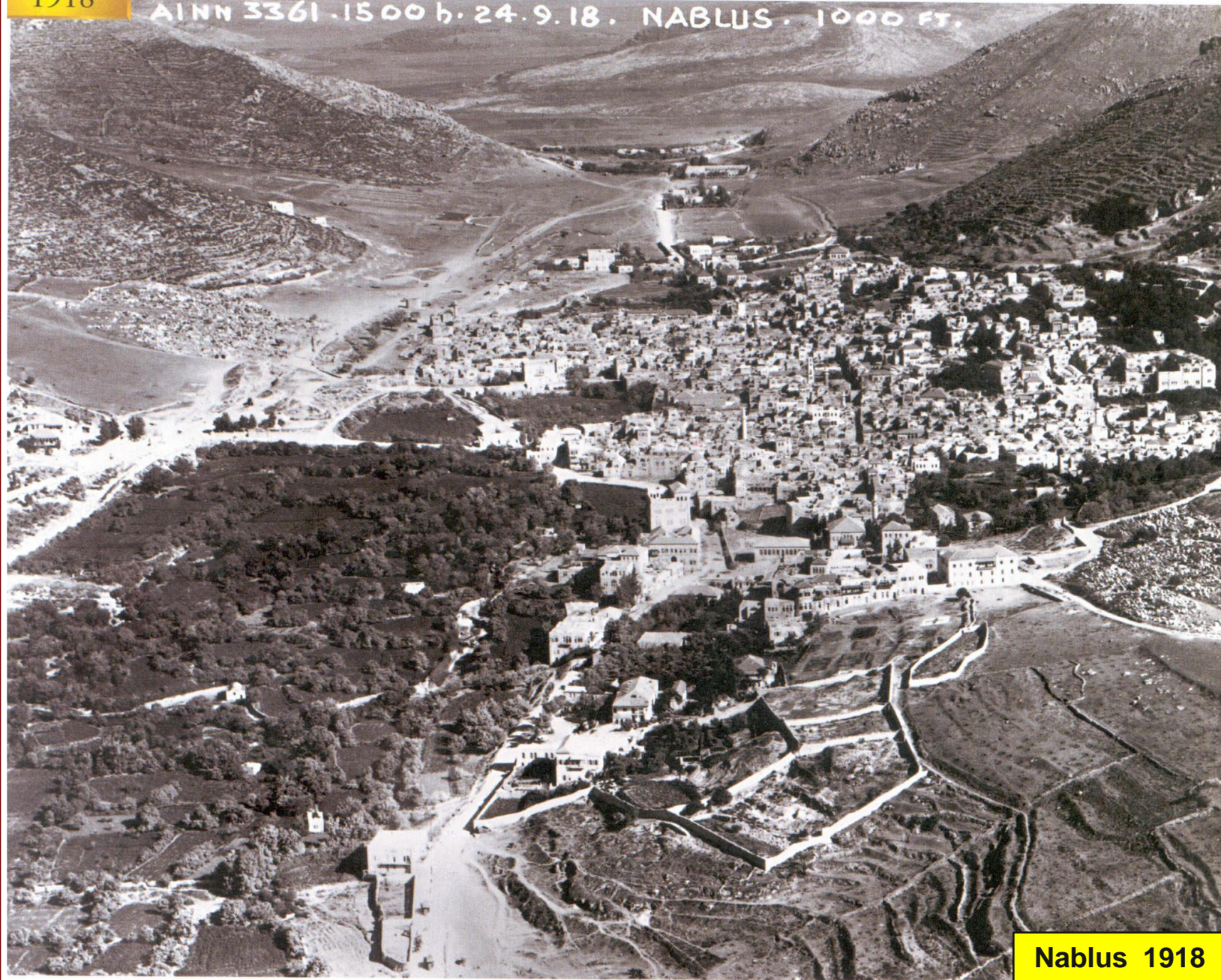
Beersheva (Negev) aerial view in 1917

Above right, the tents of the British troops camp.

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Beersheba>

1918

AINN 3361 .1500 h. 24.9.18. NABLUS . 1000 FT.



Nablus 1918



1915 - The promises of the British

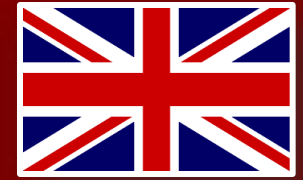
In exchange for the support of the Arabs in the war against Turkey (200'000 Arabs lose their life), Britain promises independence to Arabs.

1916 - The Sykes - Piccot agreement

With the Sykes-Piccot agreement between France and Britain, both countries agreed to divide the land into similar sized territory to keep for themselves.

1917 - The Arabic combatants led by Lawrence of Arabia conquer Aqaba

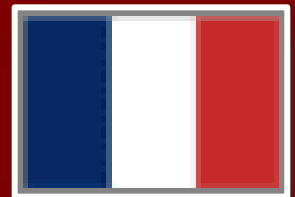




Sykes



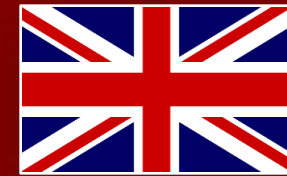
Picot



1916 - The (secret) Sykes-Picot agreement

With this secret agreement, England and France divide up the Middle East. This agreement must be considered in the context of the British colonial policy for the Middle East and the race for oil that became a strategic asset following World War I.

In 1934 the Kirkuk - Haifa oil pipeline was built, through Transjordan and Palestine to Haifa where refining and embarkation for England took place.

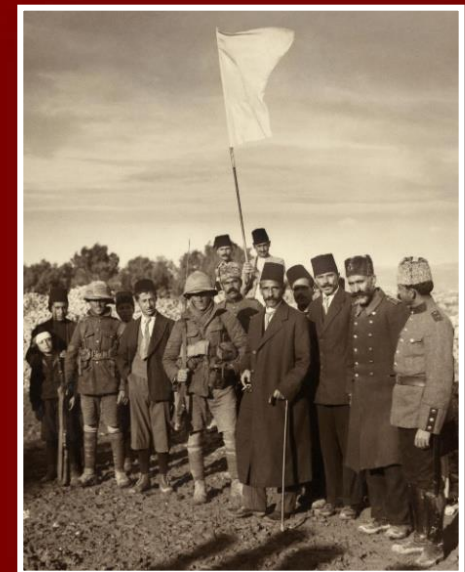


83

**1917 - 1918
British troops
conquer
Palestine**

December 1917 - The City of
Jerusalem surrenders to the British.

British
troops led
by general
Allenby
enter
Jerusalem



Foreign Office,
November 2nd, 1917.

Dear Lord Rothschild,

I have much pleasure in conveying to you, on behalf of His Majesty's Government, the following declaration of sympathy with Jewish Zionist aspirations which has been submitted to, and approved by, the Cabinet

"His Majesty's Government view with favour the establishment in Palestine of a national home for the Jewish people, and will use their best endeavours to facilitate the achievement of this object, it being clearly understood that nothing shall be done which may prejudice the civil and religious rights of existing non-Jewish communities in Palestine, or the rights and political status enjoyed by Jews in any other country"

I should be grateful if you would bring this declaration to the knowledge of the Zionist Federation.



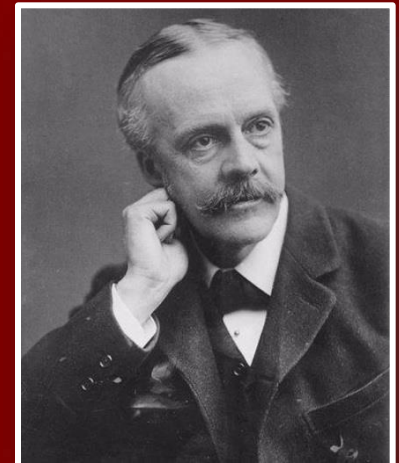
1917

The Balfour Declaration

The British government declares itself favourable to the establishment in Palestine of a « national home » for the Jews. Condition: nothing shall be done which may prejudice the civil and religious rights of the non-Jewish communities in Palestine.

84

The Balfour Declaration was the price that Britain paid to the Zionists for having convinced the US to enter the war against Germany



Lord Balfour

PALESTINE

THE MODERN PERIOD

SECOND PART
from 1917 to 1948
(the British mandate 1923-1948)

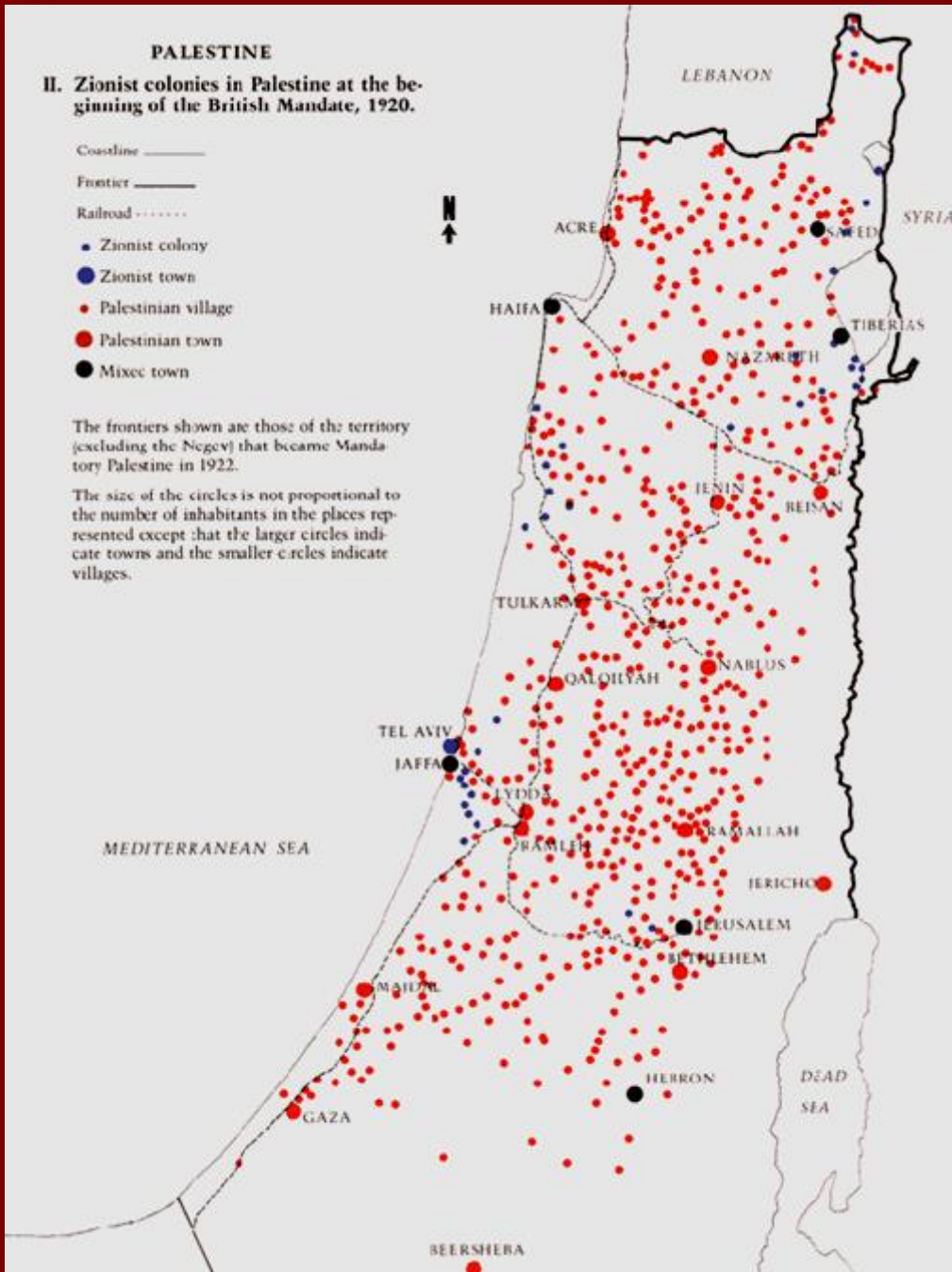
PALESTINE

II. Zionist colonies in Palestine at the beginning of the British Mandate, 1920.

- Coastline ———
- Frontier ———
- Railroad - - - - -
- Zionist colony
- Zionist town
- Palestinian village
- Palestinian town
- Mixed town

The frontiers shown are those of the territory (excluding the Negev) that became Mandatory Palestine in 1922.

The size of the circles is not proportional to the number of inhabitants in the places represented except that the larger circles indicate towns and the smaller circles indicate villages.

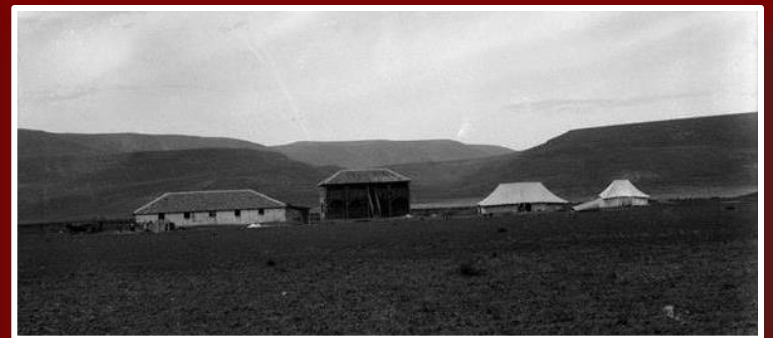


Camp for Jewish immigrants near Tel Aviv

1920

Zionist settlements grow

About 3% of the land is now Jewish property. Already by this time, the Palestinians are denouncing the Zionist plan.



1920 - Degania Bet: first Kibbutz, near Tiberias lake.



Beginning of the 1920s: drainage construction

Work brigade in a kibbutz in the 1920s



1920
Settlement
in the
Jezreel
valley

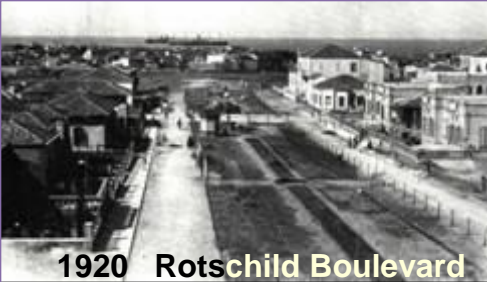


The National Jewish Fund (established in 1901) provided essential funding to early Zionist settlements within the framework of the Mandatory Zionist Commission and Jewish Agency.

Settlements

1935
Kibbutz
military
discipline





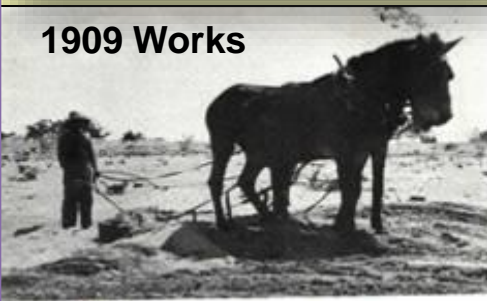
1920 Rotschild Boulevard



1914



1910



1909 Works



1909 Foundation

1926
Allenby
Street



1940

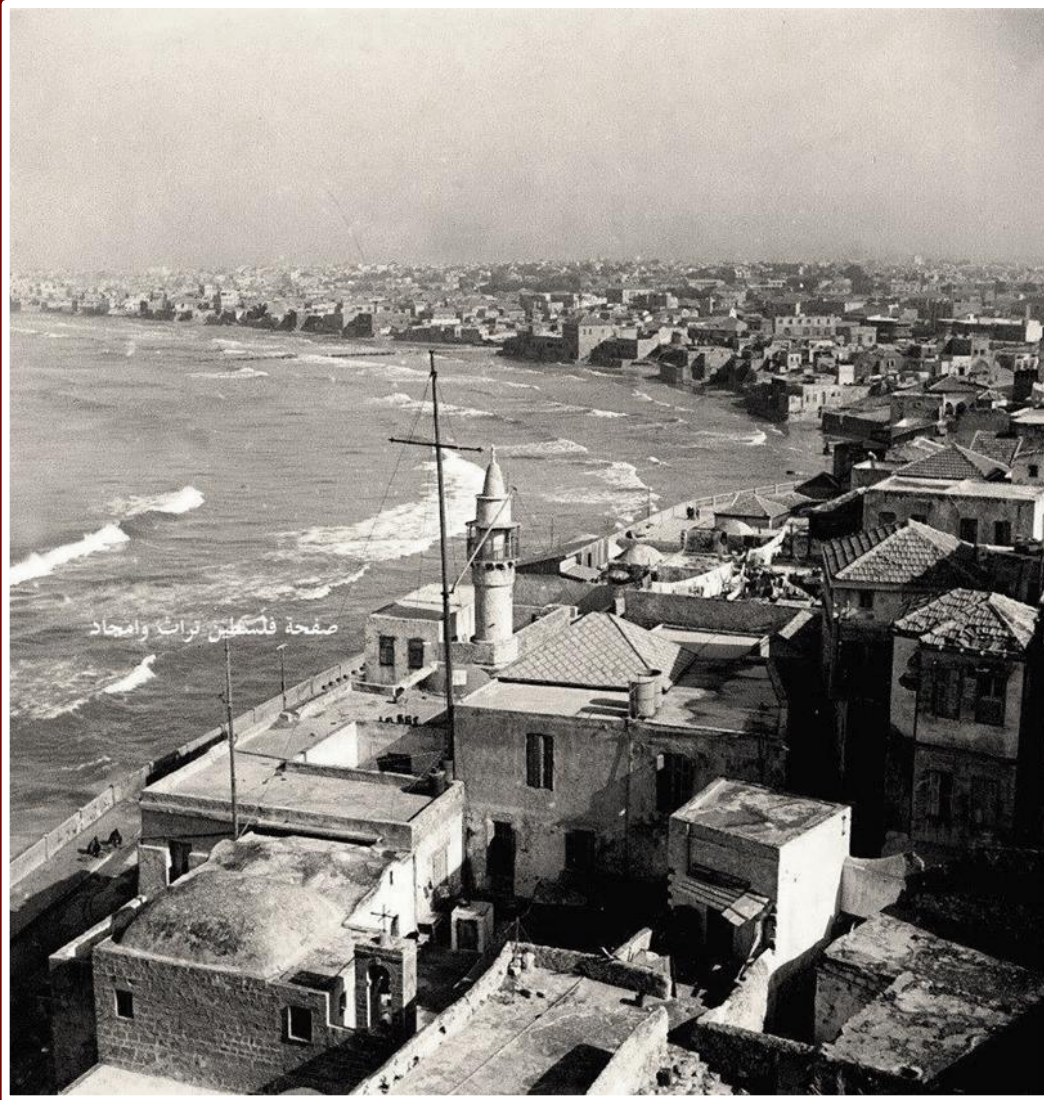


The spectacular growth of Tel Aviv



2000

Jaffa 1900-1920



Jaffa, about 1900



Jaffa, the city center in 1918

Palestine, « a land without people » ?

**Railway
Station 1920**



Townhall in 1918 (will be bombed by Zionists in 1948)

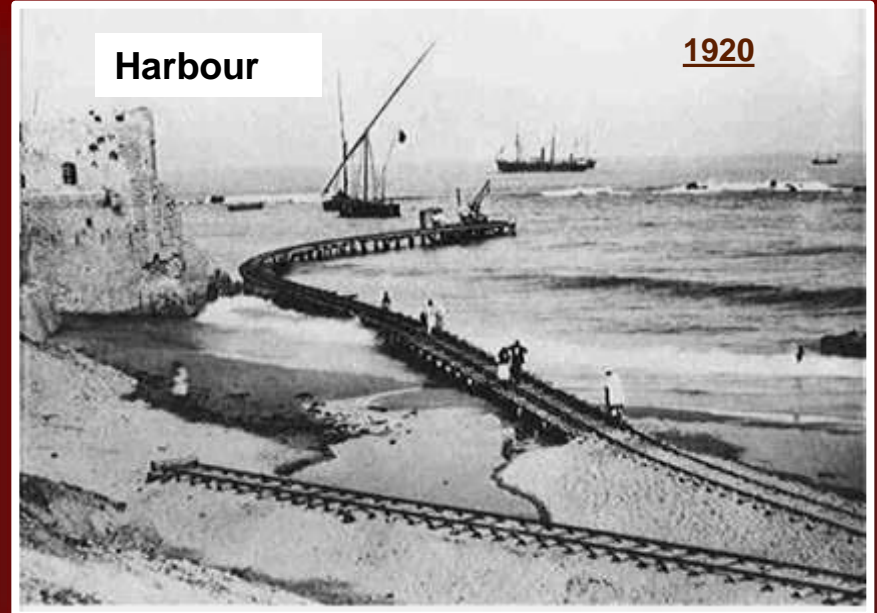
**Jaffa, economic capital of Palestine
during the british mandate**

90

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jaffa>



Park Hotel, 1900



Harbour

1920

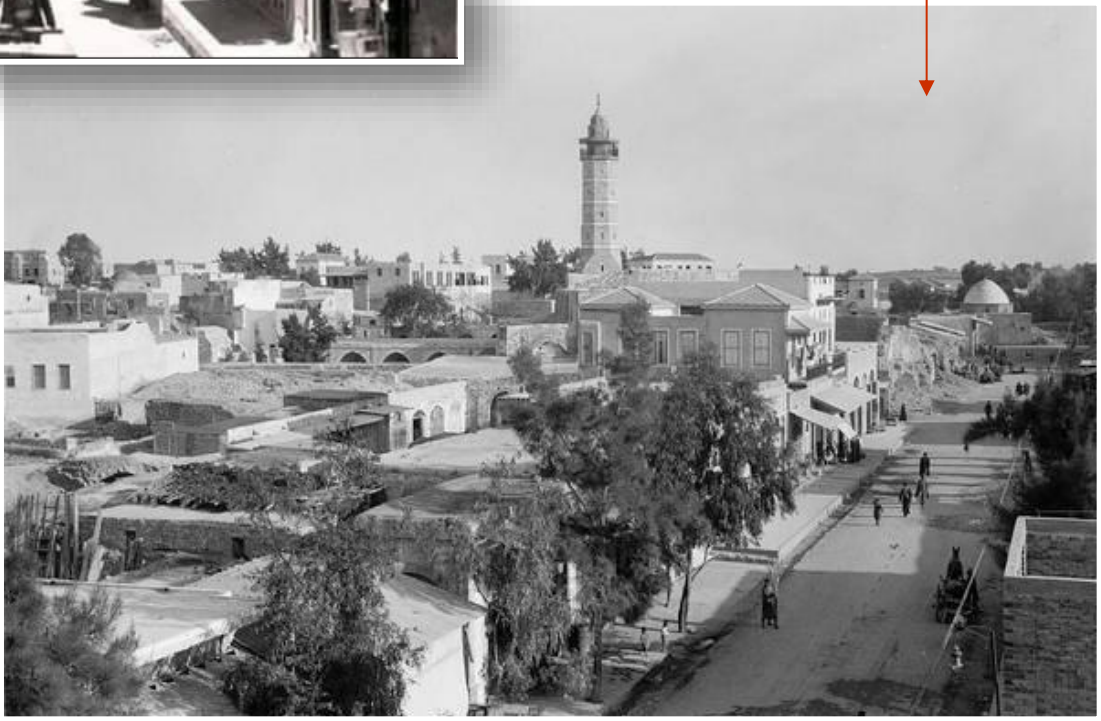


Gaza in 1925



Al-Manshiya/Jaffa in 1920

Zubair Street





1919 - The president of the Zionist organisation Weizmann promises the Emir Faisal prosperity and cooperation with the Arabs.

1919 - A Palestinian delegation participates in the general Arab congress in Syria : the Arabs claim the independence promised to them by England.



1919
The
Conference
of Versailles



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Versailles_Treaty

After the end of world war the First, the diplomatic activity is intense.

92

1919
The Arab
delegation
during the
Conference
of Versailles
contests
the Balfour
declaration

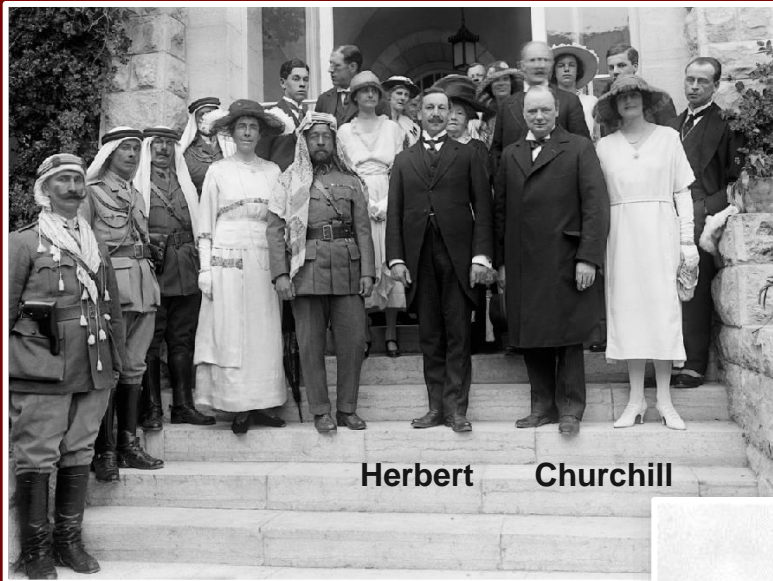




Jerusalem, March 8, 1920 - Pro independence and anti-Zionist demonstration



27th July 1920 - Samuel Herbert visits a Zionist settlement, probably Richon



Herbert Churchill

March 1921 - Sir Samuel Herbert and Winston Churchill with Lady in Jerusalem, where the Palestinian mission was also at work. On March 24 in Gaza, Churchill's train was greeted by a major demonstration against the British Mandate in Palestine.

95

12-30 March 1921

The Cairo and Jerusalem conference

Members of the Mesopotamia commission at the Cairo (Egypt) conference 1921, where they discussed the future of the Middle East and divided up the countries.



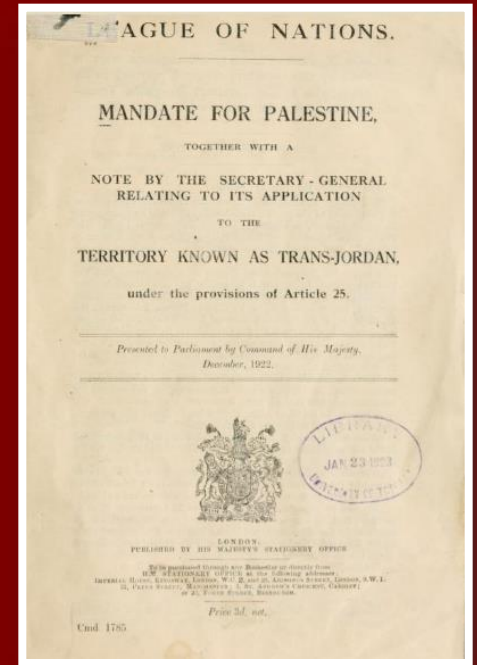


Samuel Herbert , the guardian angel of the Zionists.

After the Conference of San Remo in 1920, in 1922 the League of Nations (precursor of the UN) entrusts Great Britain with the administration of Palestine. Except for Transjordan, the mandate reflects the Balfour Declaration.

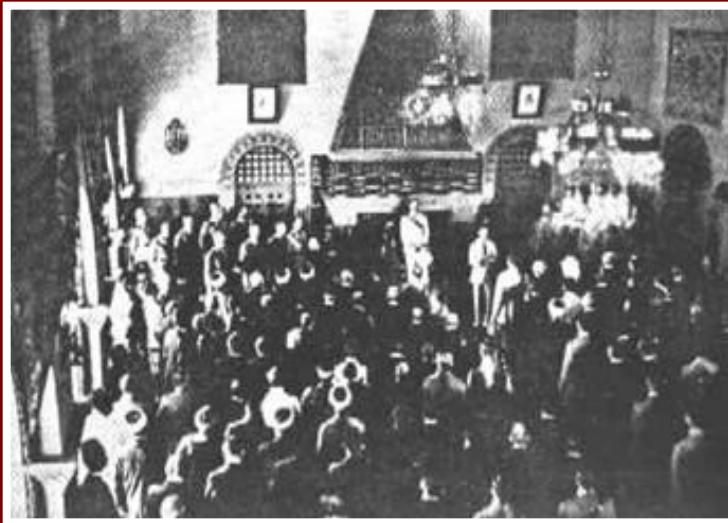
England sends Samuel Herbert, Liberal, Jew, Zionist, secretary of Lord Balfour and inspirator of the Balfour declaration as first Commissioner to Palestine.

19-26 April 1920
The San Remo Conference



1920 Designation of Samuel Herbert Commissioner for Palestine

1922 Session of the League of Nations in Geneva



96

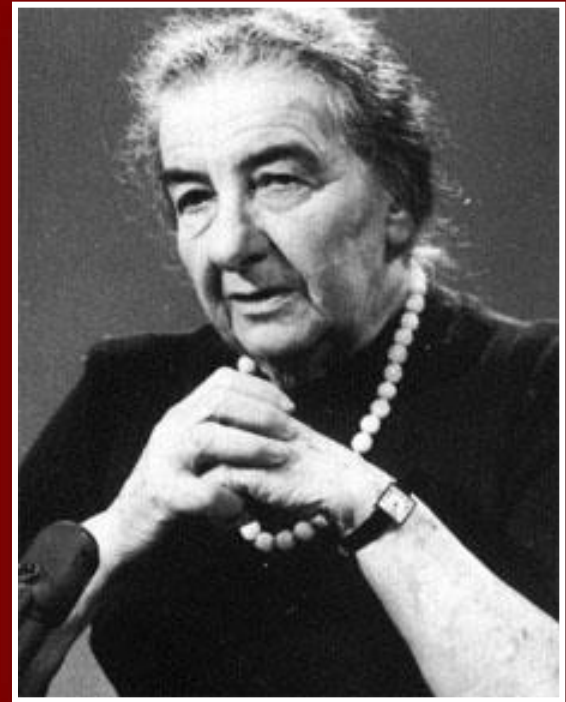
1922 - The League of Nations





The pro-fascist Zeev Vladimir Jabotinsky created the Haganah

Golda Meir was active in the Histadrut Labour union since 1923.



1920 - Jabotinsky directs Zionism towards a confrontation with the Arabs.

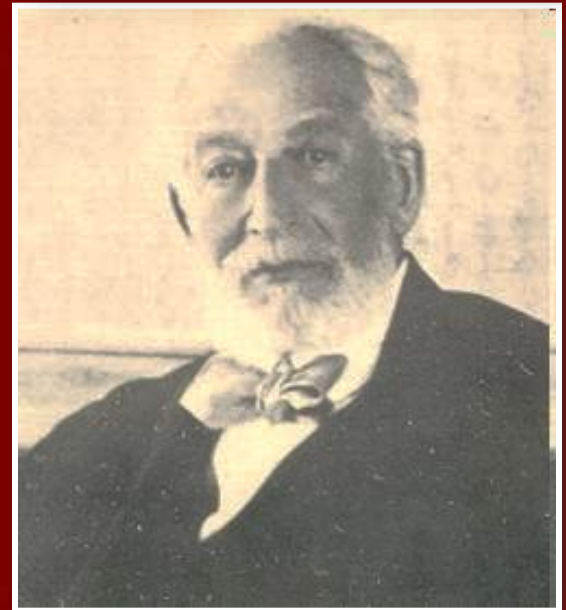


Since 1935 the hard-headed David Ben Gurion leads the Zionist organisation



Jacob de Haan, antizionist Jew, was killed in Jerusalem by the Haganah on 30 June 1924

The banker Edmund de Rothschild supporter and financier of the Zionist organisation



December 1920 Founding of Histadrut



The Labour union Histadrut was founded in December 1920 in Haifa to look out for the interests of Jewish workers. Golda Meir, executive, announces the watchword 'work only for Jews'.

1920 Founding of Haganah



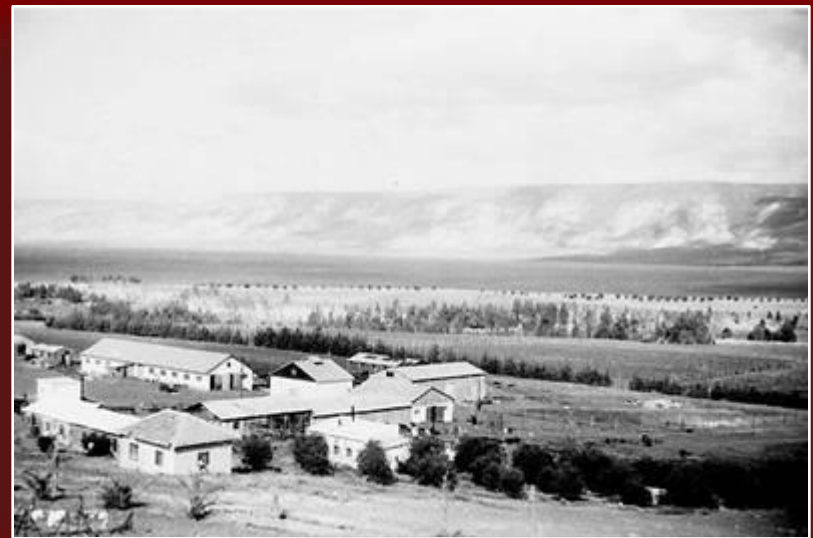
The Jewish Haganah militia resulted from the union of the Hashhomer self-defence militia wanted by Zeev Jabotinnsky and has been truly operational since 1929. It participated with the British in the repression of the Arab revolts.

11 August 1929 - The first congress of the Jewish Agency.



The Jewish Agency's purpose is to organise Jewish immigration to Palestine and allocation of land and houses to Jews.





Kibbutz Dalia
in the 1930s

1934 Kibbutz
Degania Alef

Construction



1928 Kibbutz
Beit Hashita

Initially the kibbutzim
had a socialist
ideological basis

**In Palestine
kibbutz
grow like
mushrooms**



Kibbutz Bet Alfa 1921

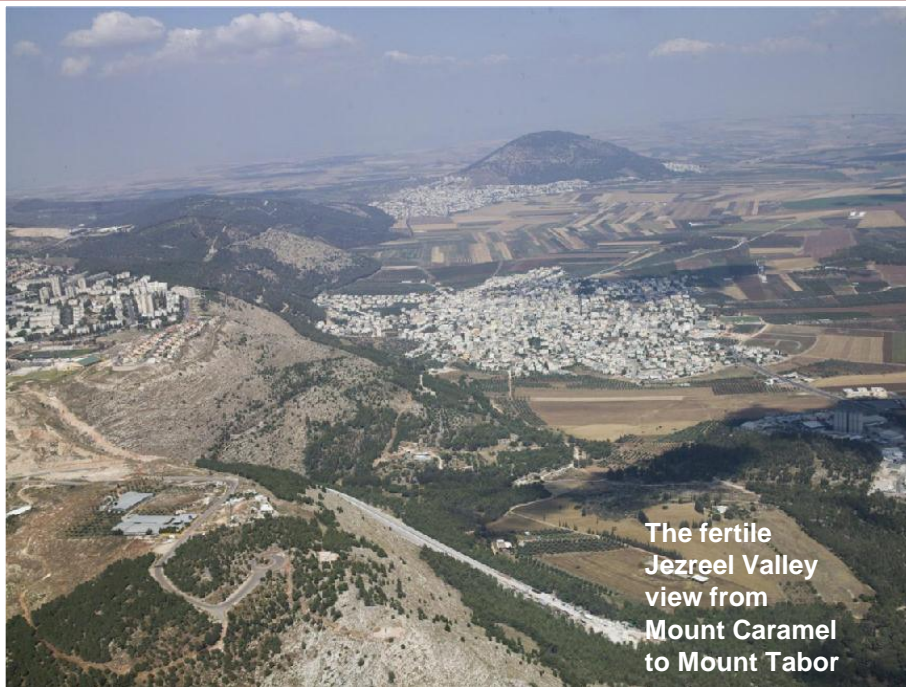




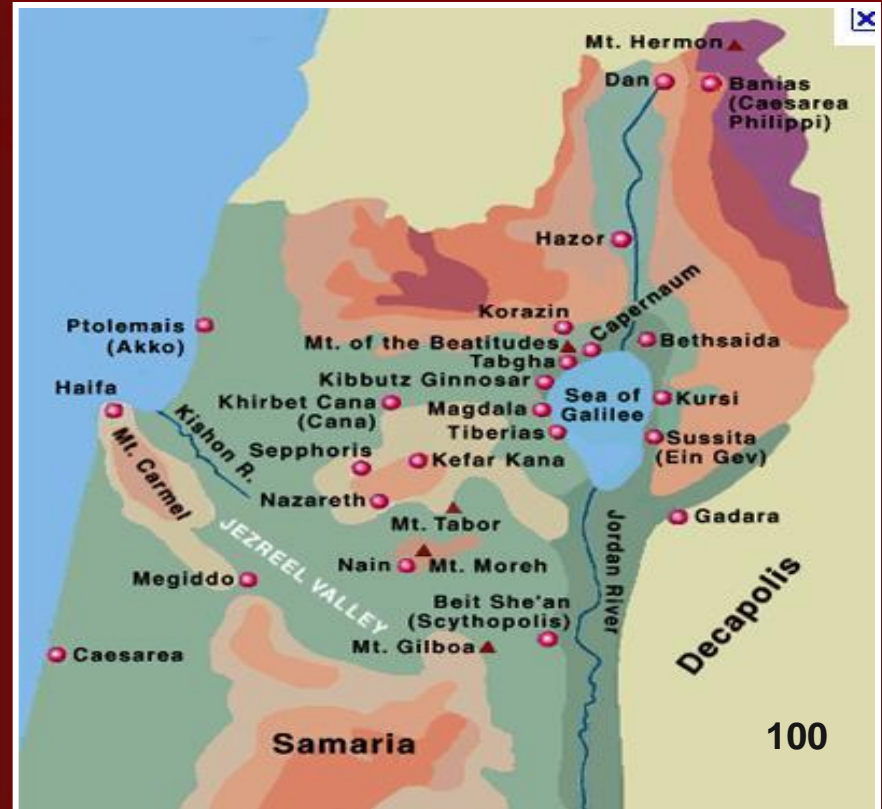
The Jezreel Valley

The fertile Jezreel Valley was “owned” by a Lebanese family called Sursok. In fact, because of the Turkish land reform Palestinian farmers had to register their land under the names of wealthy families, while the management remained with the Palestinian farmers. The Zionists bought the valley of Jezreel in 1921-1925 from the Sursok family and “emptied” 21 villages, displacing over 8700 Palestinian farmers, the real owners of the land.

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jezreel>



The fertile Jezreel Valley view from Mount Carmel to Mount Tabor



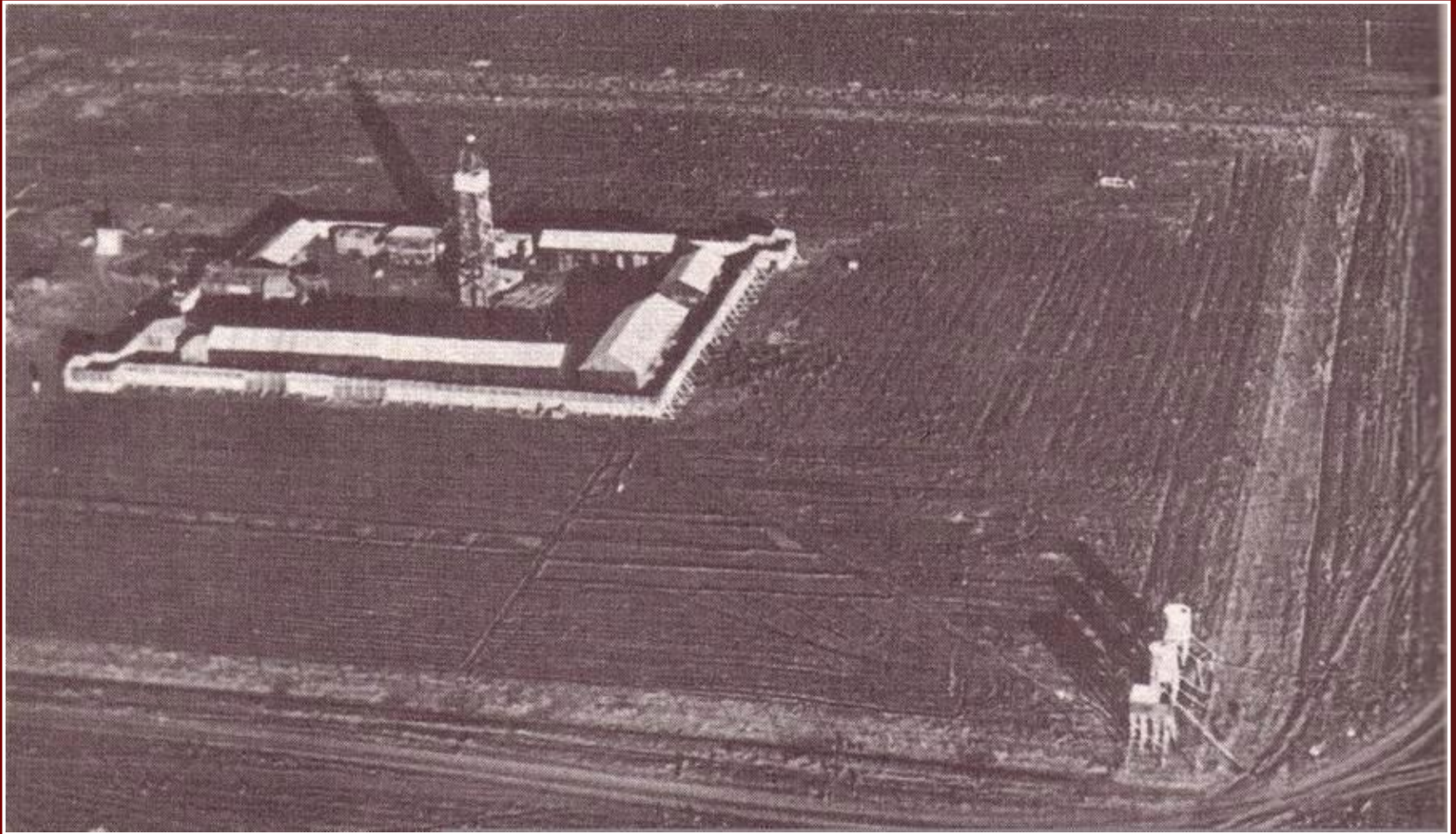


Colonisation

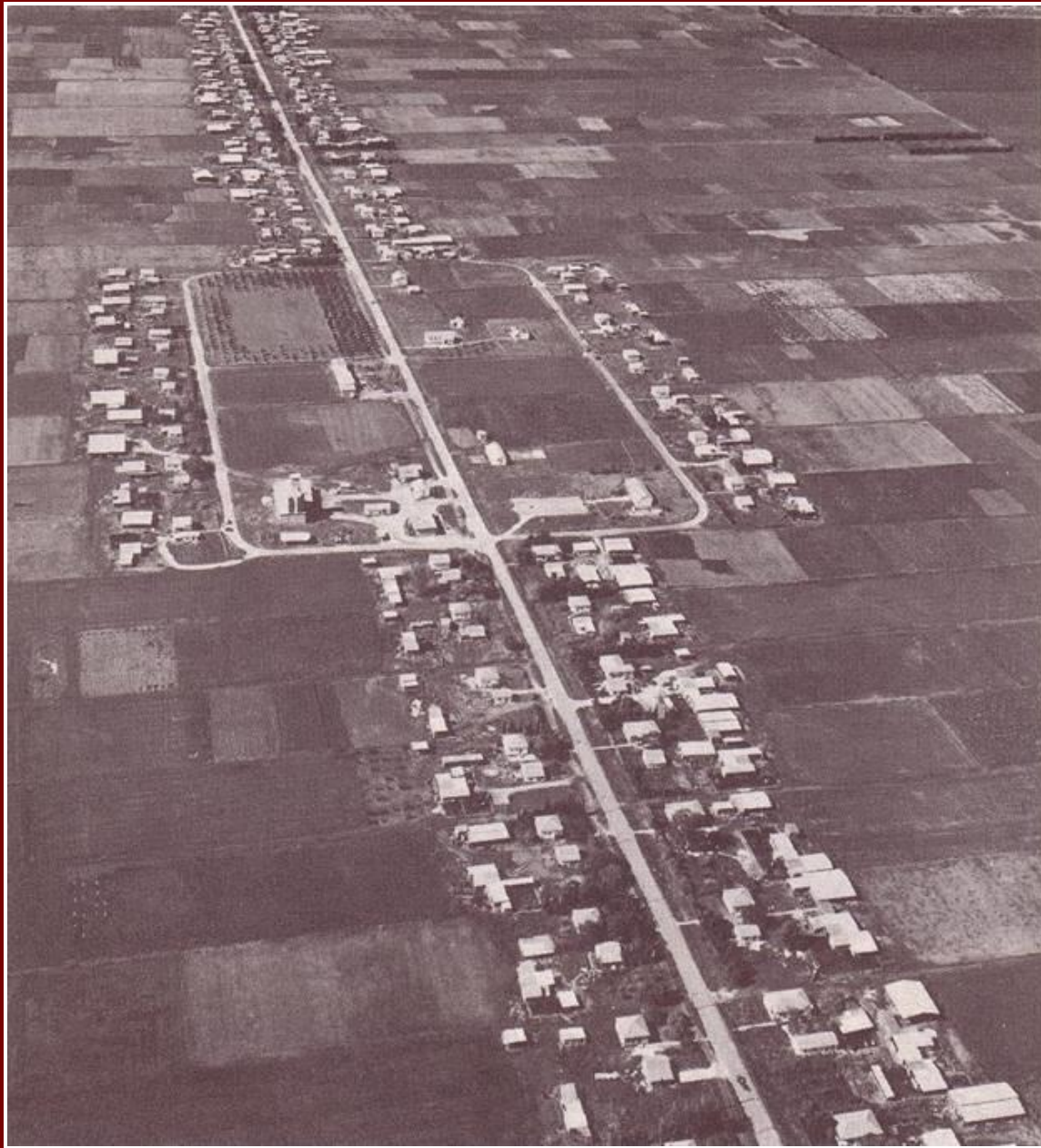
From the beginning the Zionist settlers surround their settlements with a defensive wall to prevent the return of the Palestinians.

The heroic pioneer :
Talmud and
machine
gun





Tirat Zvi : Zionist fortified collective farm (kibbutz), in the 1930s



**Typical
Moshav,
Zionist
cooperative
village,
in the
1940s**

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moshav>



Miron, Safed , about 1930



Al-Birwa 1928



Samakh 1930



Al-Zib 1928

All That Remains ©Wald Khalidi

Typical Palestinian villages of the first half of the 20th century



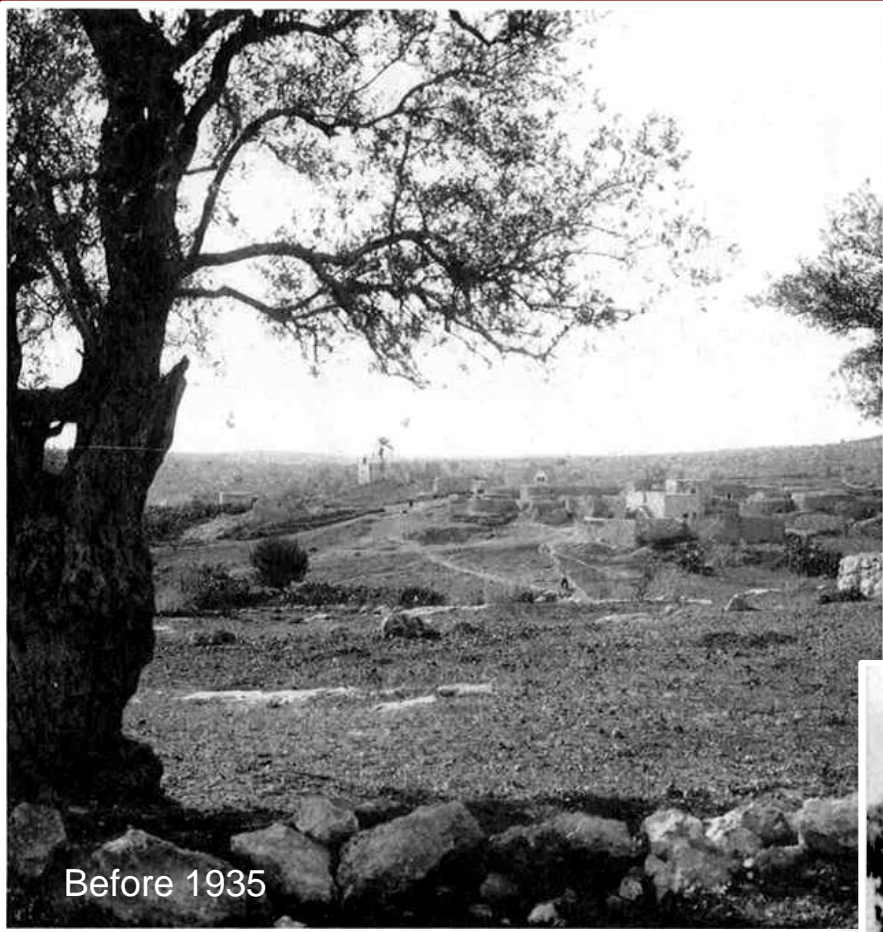
Suhmata



Ein Karem



Al Bira 1930



Before 1935

The inhabitants
where evicted
in 1948-1950



The remain of
the mosque
in 2015

Az-Zakariyya 1948



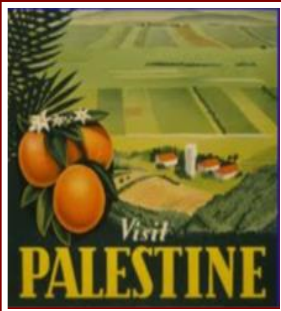
**The
Palestinian
village of
Zakariyya**

105



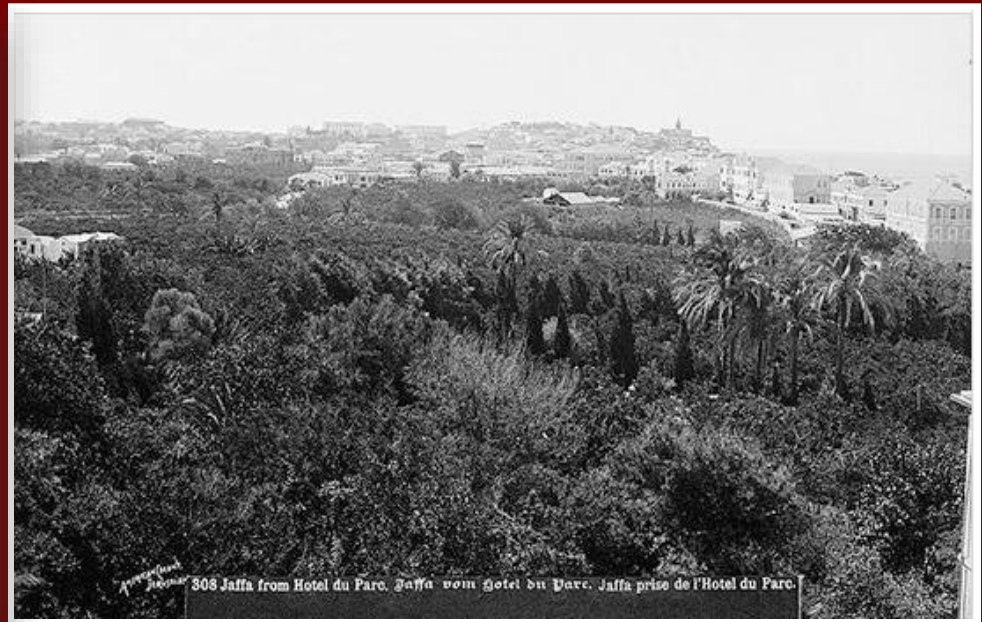
Collecting of citrus fruits before 1914

The Arab citrus groves



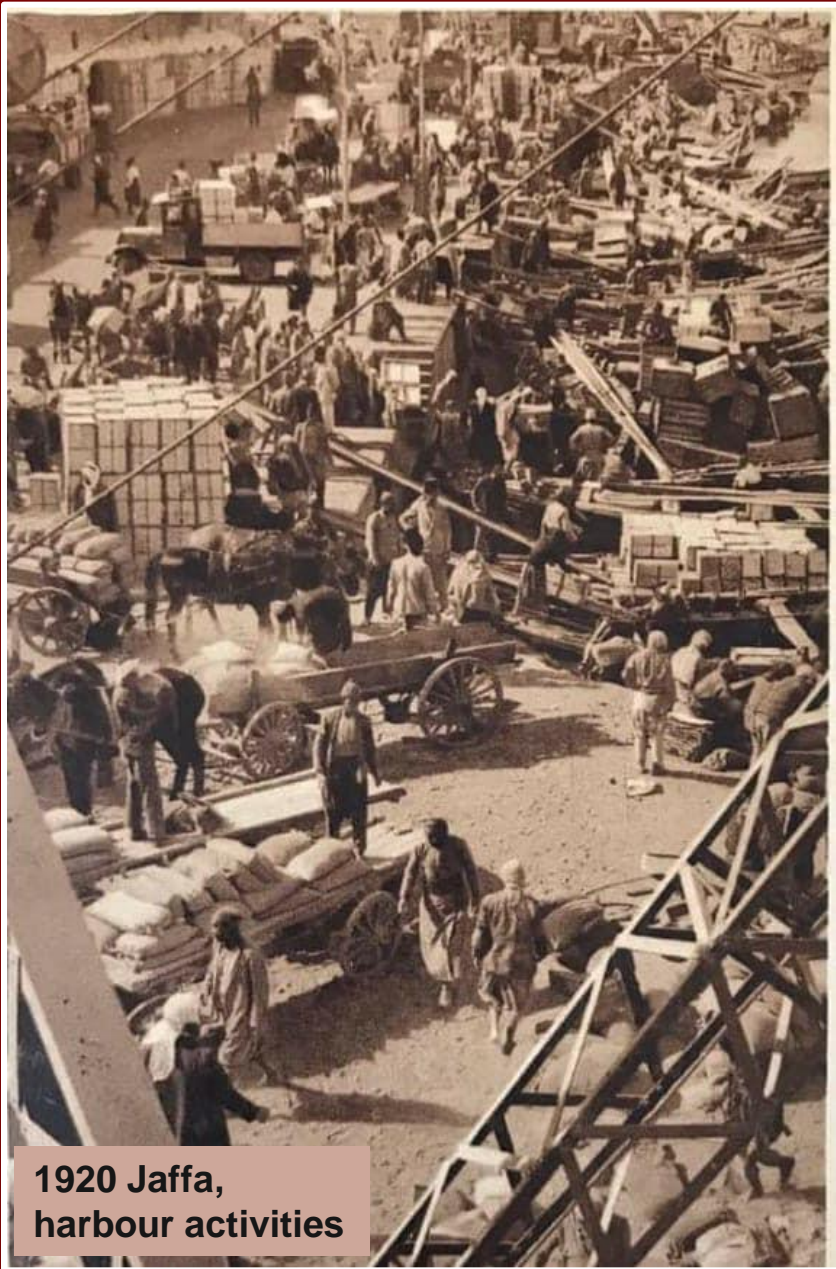
In Palestine the Arabs had developed citrus cultivation. They owned 12,000 hectares of citrus groves, about 52 % of the total. Later nearly all fruit production was taken over by Zionist Jews.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jaffa_orange



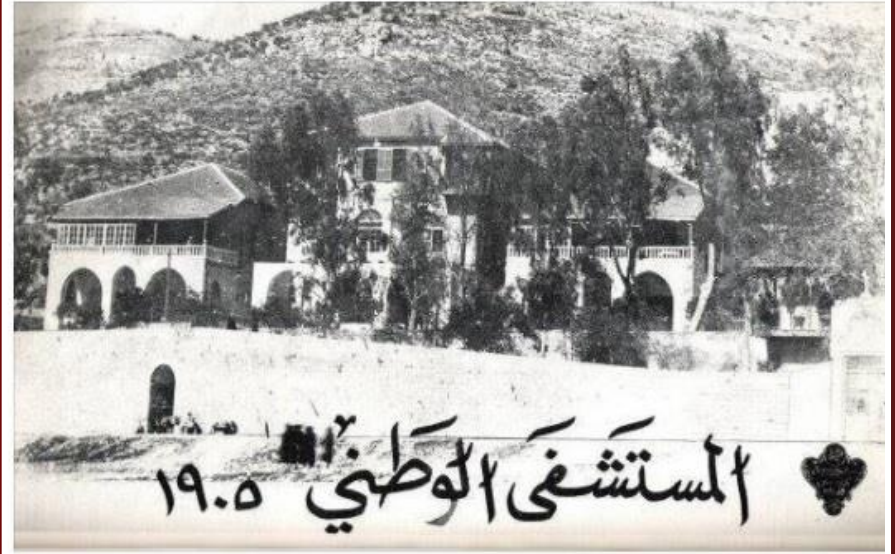
General view of the orange groves of Jaffa before 1914. At that time there was widespread cultivation.



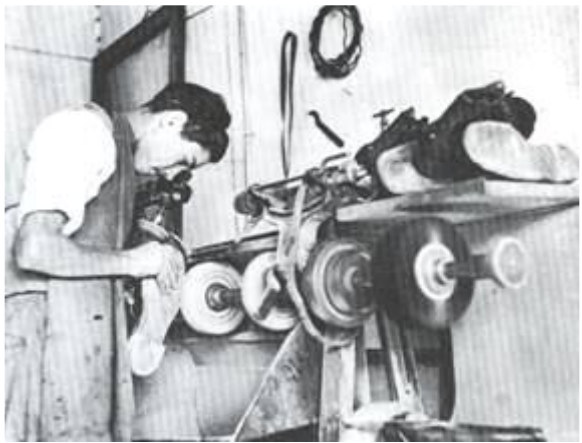


1920 Jaffa,
harbour activities

AL-MOSTASHFA AL-WATANI ("The National Hospital"), Nablus, Palestine, was established in the late Ottoman period.



Hebron, ancient glass and tiles industry (still in activity)



Industry and handicraft

Commerce

Printing house

1920s
The economic activities of
Palestinians



Telephone

Agriculture

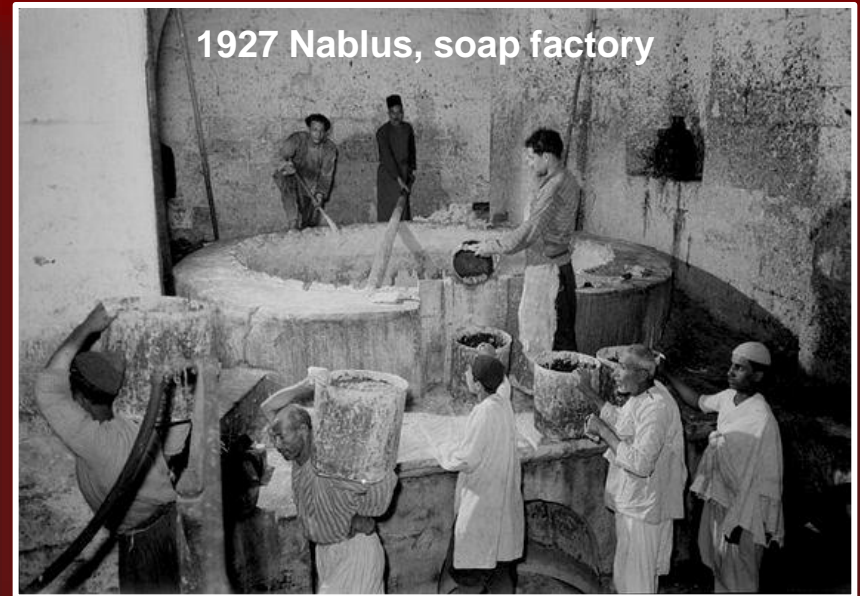


Carpenter's shop





1936 - The Palestinian Arab industry



1927 Nablus, soap factory



Olives in Palestine represent an important resource, which nourishes a healthy oil and soap industry.

SHAHRAZAD
COSMETIC FACTORY - JAFFA P.O. B. 172

محمد جودت ملص
MOHAMED J. MALAS



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مجموع اسنان
صناعات غير زاه
التيه حسب الاموال
السحة وعلامه كادول
البرق - اتاج براه
مادريين

Arab economic activities in Palestine during the British mandate

110

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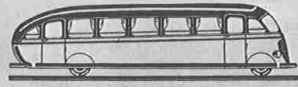
بافا (فلسطين) : لاجابها : جورج وموريس زملرا - صرب 192 - تلخول 1978
معمل عربي حديث تجهز الآلات الفنية لاتاج صير الحميات المكثف من مدمات فلسطين الطازجة والمختار
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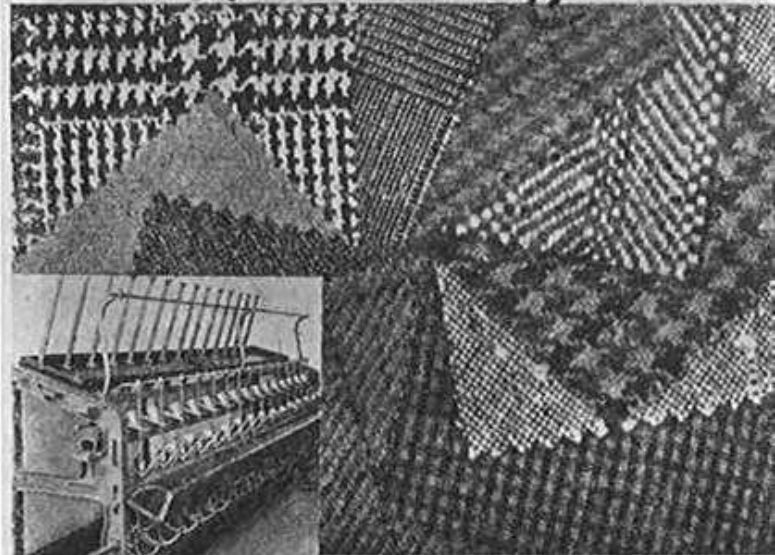
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Softings, Plain
& Fancy
shirtings, striped
& plain
Flannelette
& poplin for
Pyjamas.
Table Clothes
Mattress covers.



منازل واتقاه لصناعة القطن والصوفية والفيلين

القدس - المخزن العام للشركة سوق الدباغة - ص.ب ٥٦٩ - تلفون ٣٥٩٨

شركة النسيج الوطنية العربية المحدودة



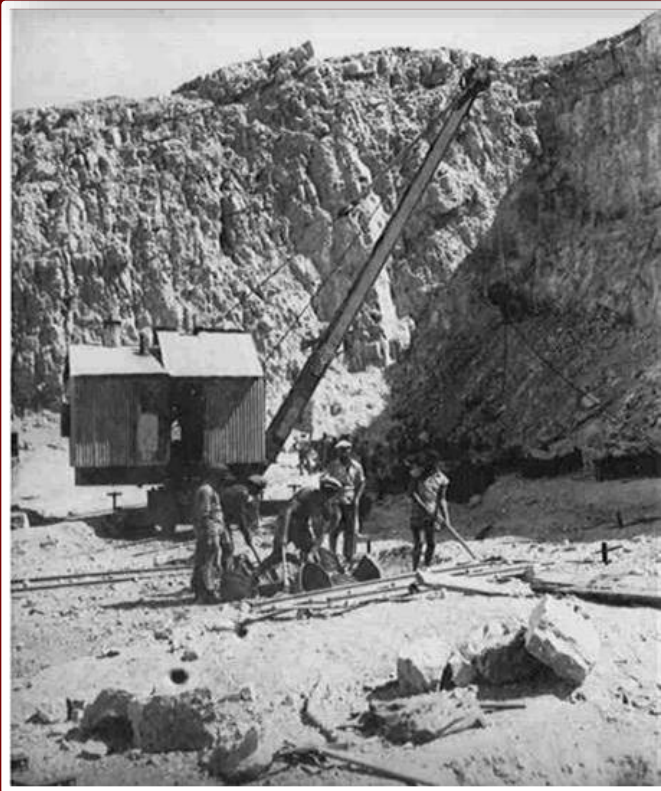
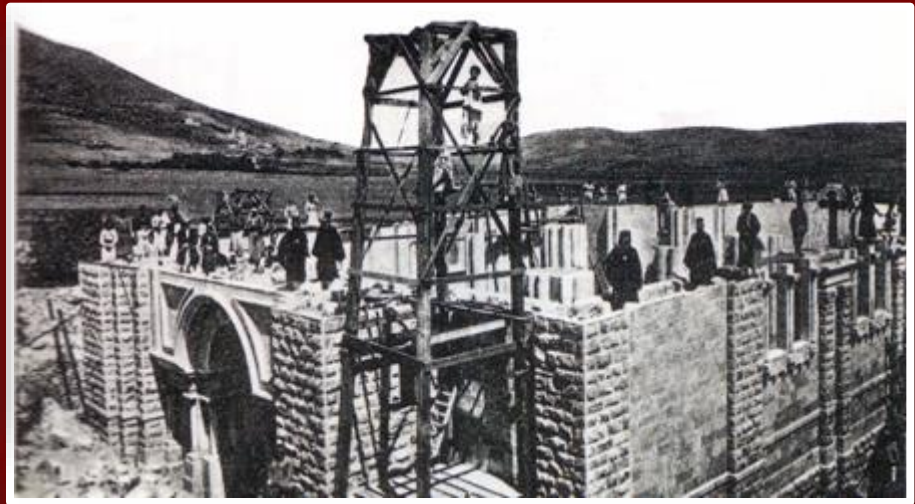
THE ARAB NATIONAL TEXTILE Co. Ltd

MANUFACTURERS OF WOOLLEN AND COTTON.

Wholesalers - Dabbagha Store, Jerusalem - Tel. 3598, P.O.B. 569.

1930 - Palestinian Arab industry

At the time, around 300 textile factories were active in Palestine.



The construction industry in Palestine at the beginning of the 20th century



Jaffa 1930



1920 Bus operating between Haifa and Beirut

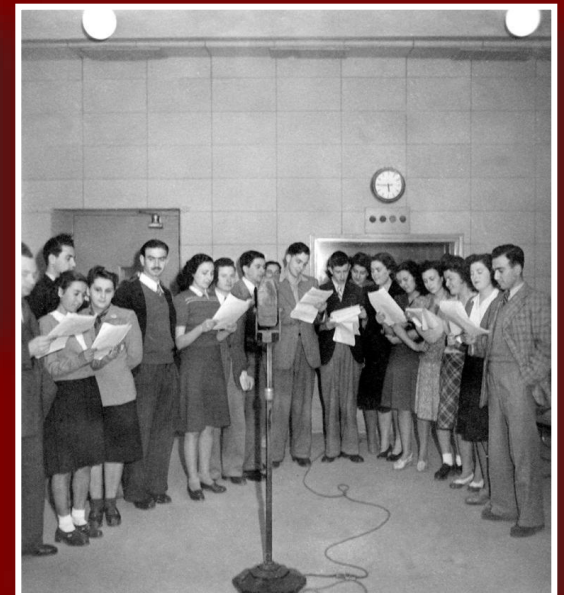
Activities in Palestine



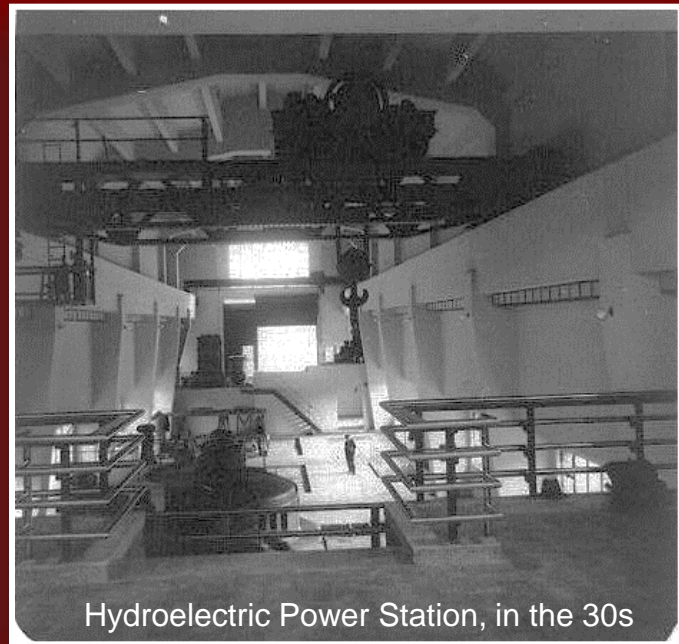
Radio Palestine in the '30s



1925 Mill in Haifa Palestine

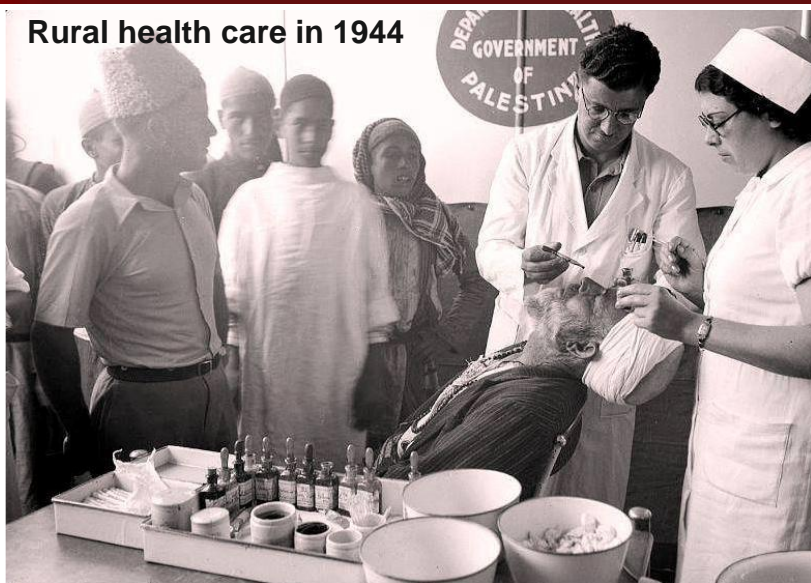


Palestinian boy scouts, 1924



Hydroelectric Power Station, in the 30s

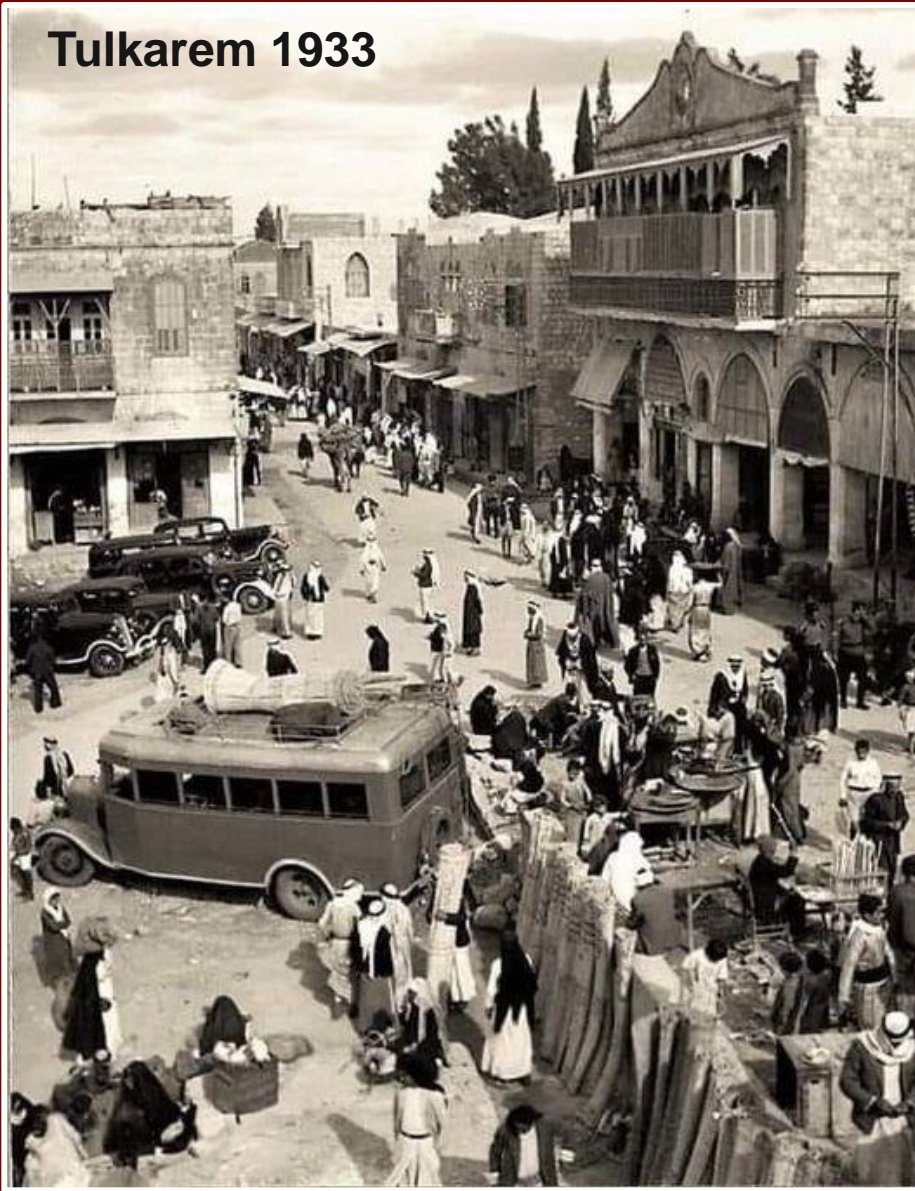
Rural health care in 1944



Hebron Hospital 1944



Tulkarem 1933



Haifa 1934



1930s - Palestine towards progress

GOVERNMENT OF PALESTINE
-2-
8 NOV. 1935
TIBERIAS
SUB-DISTRICT OFFICE
NORTHERN DISTRICT



GOVERNMENT OF PALESTINE
8 NOV. 1935
TIBERIAS
SUB-DISTRICT OFFICE
NORTHERN DISTRICT

إسمه محمد الفرعاني -3-

Certified that Sulaiman Muhammad
Certifié que Surani

Is an inhabitant of the village of
Est un habitant du village de

Samakh situated in
situé dans

the sub-district of Tiberias
le Caza de

Date 8/11/35

Sae G...

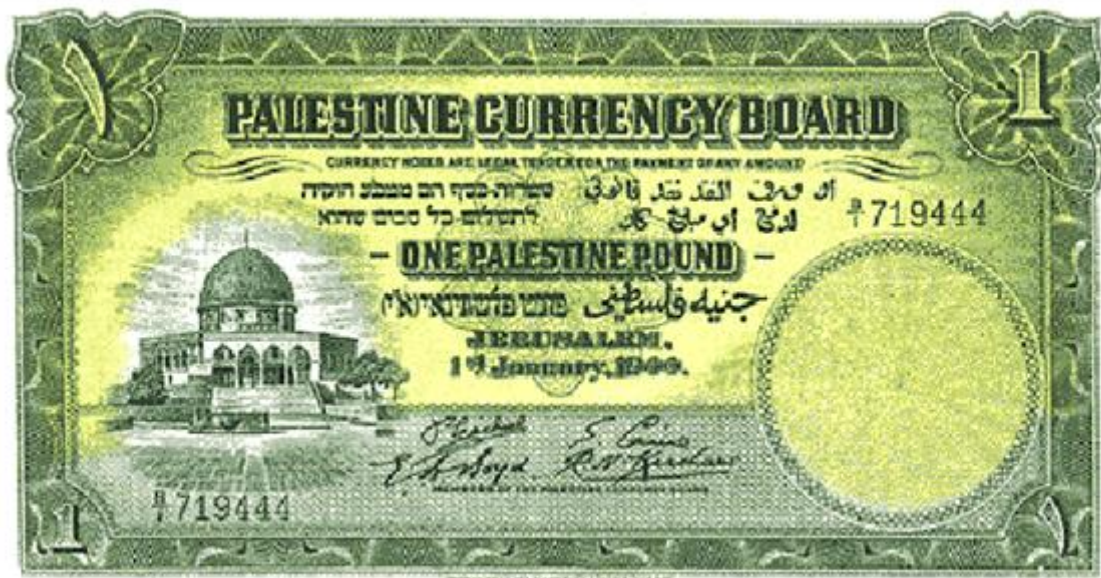
District Officer
Le Conseiller Administratif

Office Stamp
Sceau

Identity document of a Palestinian citizen in the year 1935



Some
Palestinians
banknotes
and coins
of the British
mandate
period





1933 - 1938 The collaboration between Zionism and Nazi-Fascism



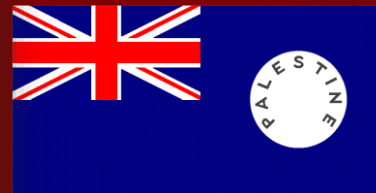
August 25, 1933
The Zionists of Palestine signed the Haavara Agreement with Nazi Germany to facilitate the transfer of the Jewish people to Palestine and to circumvent the sanctions imposed on Germany.



Hundreds of militants of the Zionist militia Betar of Palestine were instructed by the Italian Fascists and the German Nazis
Photo: the opening ceremony of Fascists in Civitavecchia, Italy and militants of Betar Berlin 1936.



The military arsenal of the British



Comand of the Jewish battalion

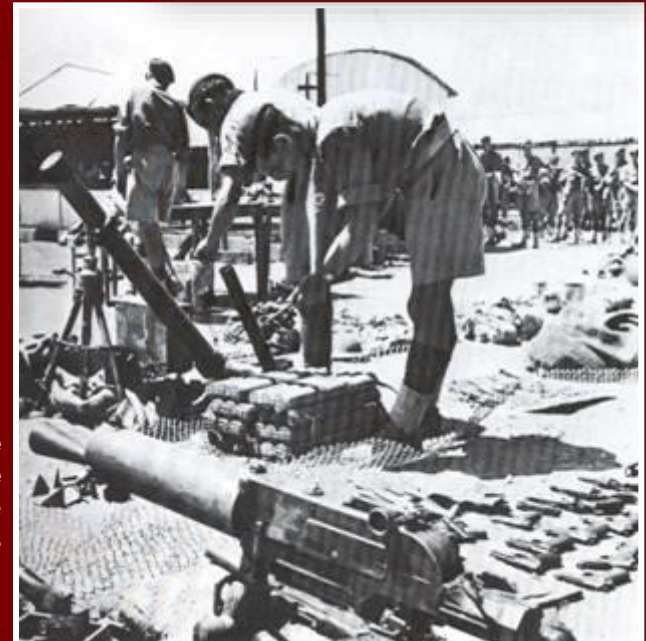


Jerusalem:
the manouvers
of the British



**British
mandate:
British
troops in
action**

The British are
confiscating some
weapons of the
Zionists





27.10.1933

Repression of
a Palestinian
protest by the
British police

The
Palestinian
national
salvation
Committee

121



1936 - 1939 Great Arab revolt
(repressed by the British helped by the Jewish militias)



1929 - Protest demonstration of the Arabs

Nothing is okay anymore between Arabs and Jews + British

THE REPRESSION 1918 - 1948



Jenin 1938

«British style» controls, check points and home demolitions.

122





1937 A Palestinian Home demolished by the British in Nablus

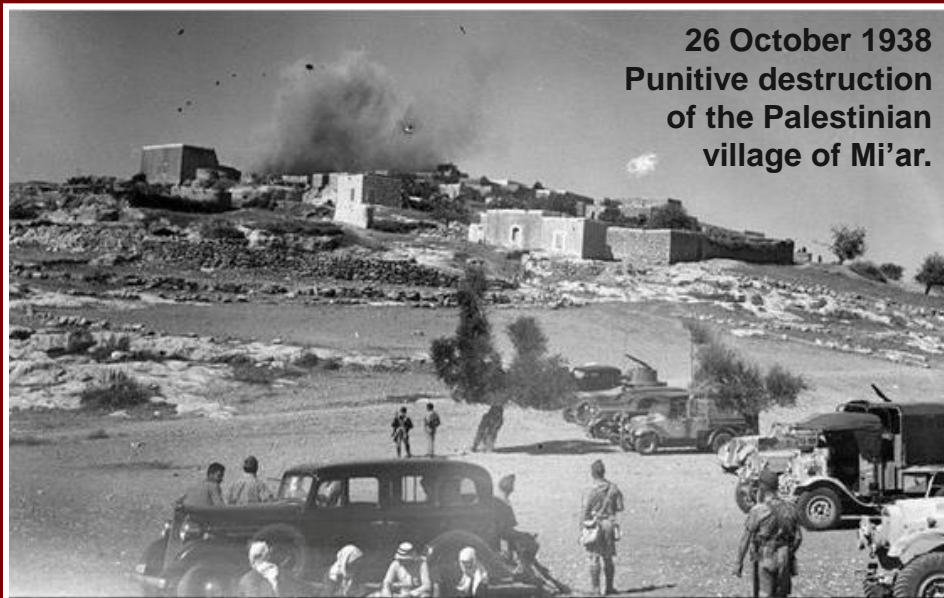
<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mi'ar>



1936 240 Palestinian houses where demolished in Jaffa

THE REPRESSION

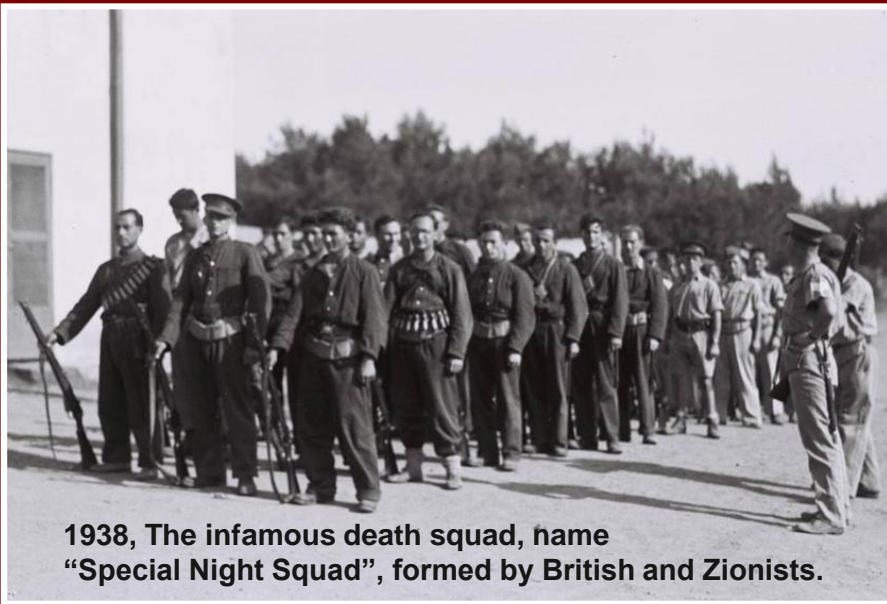
123



26 October 1938
Punitive destruction
of the Palestinian
village of Mi'ar.



Collective arrest, Jerusalem, September 1938

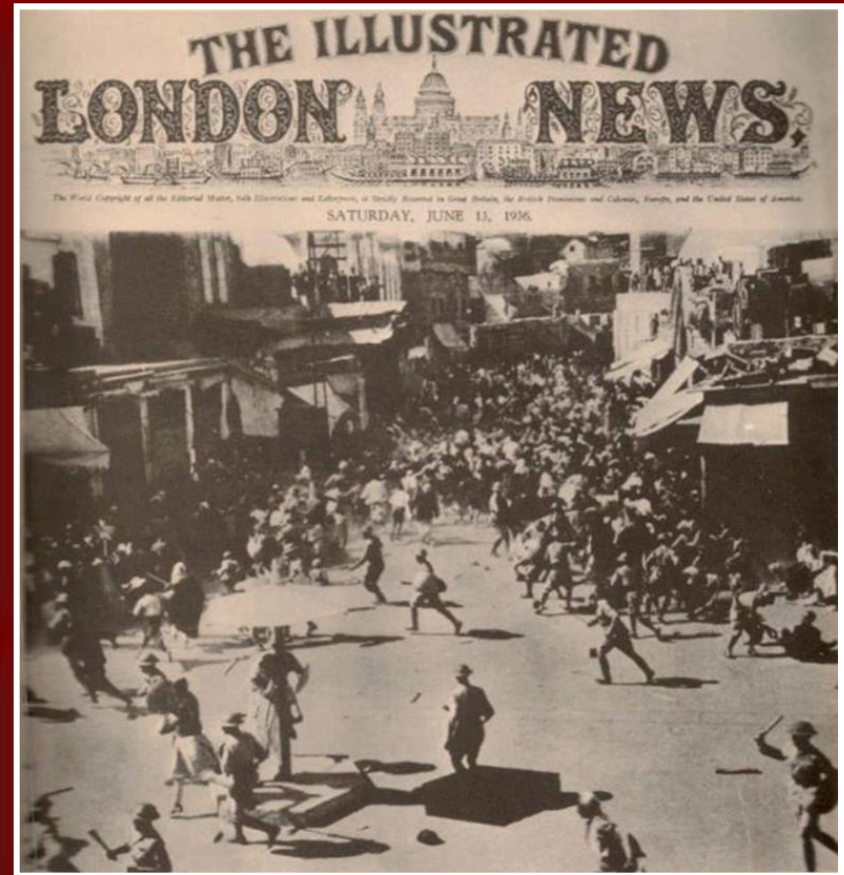


1938, The infamous death squad, name "Special Night Squad", formed by British and Zionists.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Special_Night_Squads



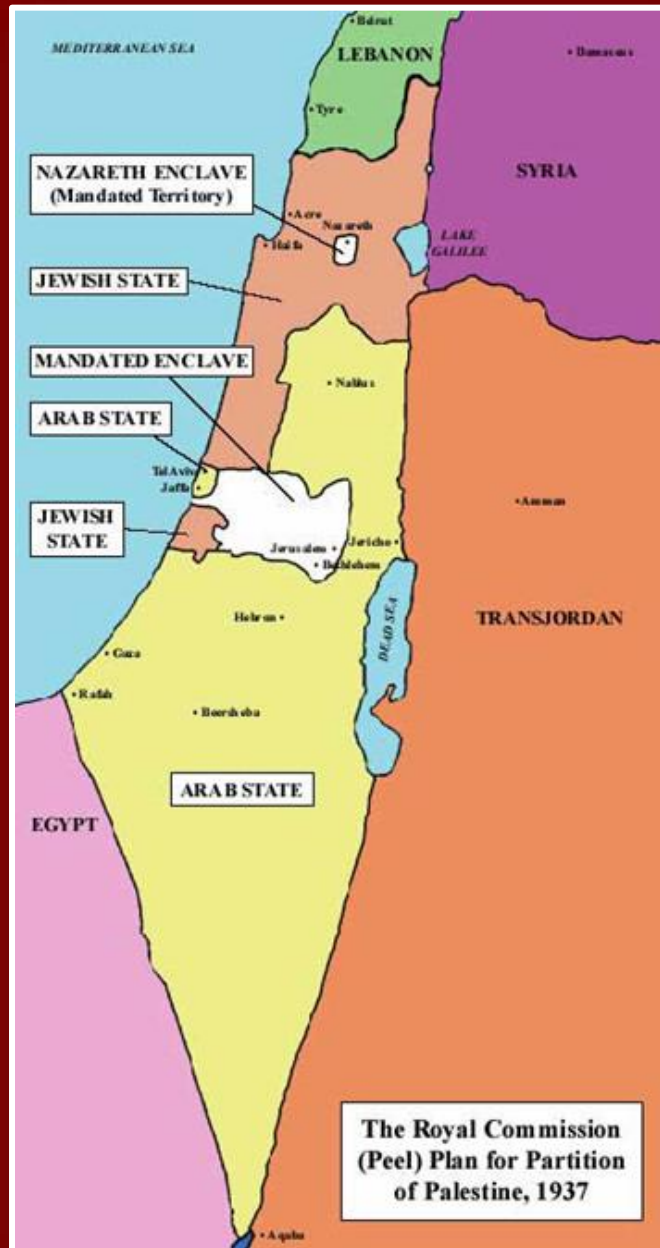
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Special_Night_Squads



June 31, 1936 The British repress a demonstration of Palestinian Arabs in Jaffa

THE REPRESSION

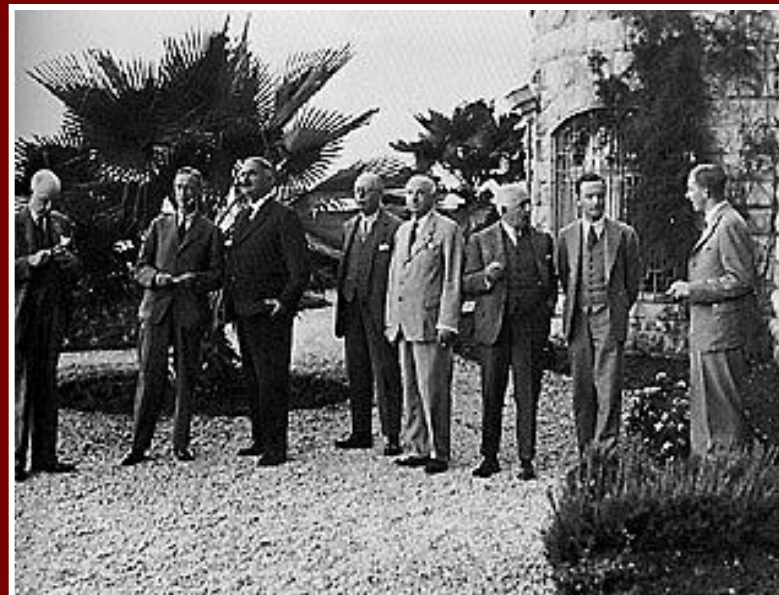
Jenin 1939
Palestinians
were
arrested
en masse



1937

The partition plan of Palestine suggested by the British Royal commission led by lord Peel.

November 1936 : the Peel Commission in Jerusalem





1938

The British
downsize the Peel
proposal

126

NEW PALESTINE IDEA

British are understood to have decided to give the Jews a smaller State. It is shown by the dark shading. The area in the lighter shading was the State previously planned. It was to have been separated by a British mandate, shown in outline.





**St. James's
Conference:
meeting at the
Egyptian Embassy**



**1939
England tries to mediate
between Arabs und Zionists
organizing a conference
in London, known as the
'St. James conference'.
There was no progress.**

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/London_Conference_\(1939\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/London_Conference_(1939))

**Conference at
St. James's palace
in London**



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/White_Paper_of_1939

1939 - The White Paper

Britain limits the entrance of Zionist immigrants (photo)

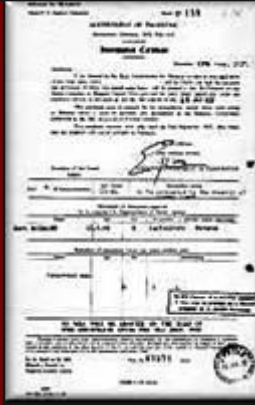
The Jews escape in mass from Europe due to persecution by Nazi-Fascists.

1939 Jerusalem: protest by Zionist Jews against the White Paper



The emigration office of Trieste, Italy about 1930

An immigration certificate from 1937



Jewish immigrants arriving



1946 Ben Gurion calls on the survivors of the Holocaust to emigrate to Palestine



The Jewish agency organizes illegal immigration to Palestine



Germany - Holocaust survivors demanding to emigrate to Palestine



During the travel to Palestine

Illegal immigration in Palestine 22 august 1939



Ship Parita



1940
The blockade



The ship Ben Hecht arrives full of Zionist immigrants.

A British reconnaissance plane sights the ship near the Palestinian coast.

A British warship stops the Ben Hecht .
The British board the vessel.

The crew of the Ben Hecht is detained in Haifa.

The immigrants are deported to Cyprus.



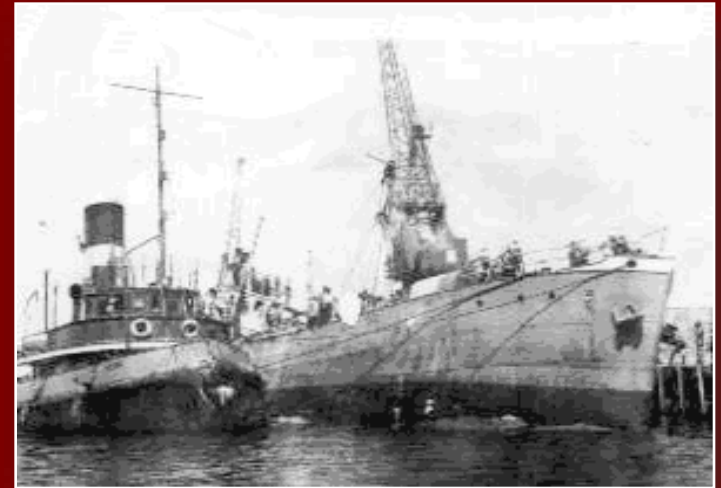


1939 - 1948

**The British place some of the illegal
Zionist immigrants under arrest,
deporting them to Cyprus.**



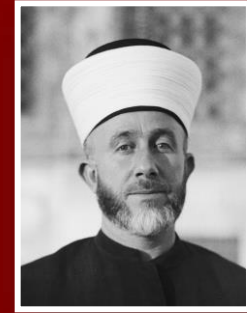
**Confiscated
ships**



131



Berlin, November
28th 1941
Al-Husayni - Hitler



Amin
Al-Husayni
1897 - 1974

1940

The grand Mufti of Jerusalem hopes to receive help from German Nazis.

132

The Arab battalion (300 men) of Amin al-Husseini participating in the Russia campaign on the side of the Nazis



Muslim Nazis praying





29 July 1940, bombing of Haifa refinery

**June 1940 - June 1941
The Italian bombing of
Mandatory Palestine in
World War II**

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Italian_bombing_of_Mandatory_Palestine_in_World_War_II



9 September 1941: 137 persons were killed in Tel Aviv



The memorial in Tel Aviv

World war the II.



Arab rookies line up in a barracks square for their first drill under a British officer, in Mandatory Palestine, **December 1940**. Between 1939 and 1945 **12'446 Palestinian Arabs** participated in the war effort with the British army; **701** died.

The **Jewish brigade**, **28'000** men, participated only in the final part of the conflict in Ravenna / Italy in 1945 - **30** died. For much of the time the Jewish brigade was headquartered far behind the front line, in Italy and in the Netherlands and dealt mainly with illegal immigration of Jews to Palestine.

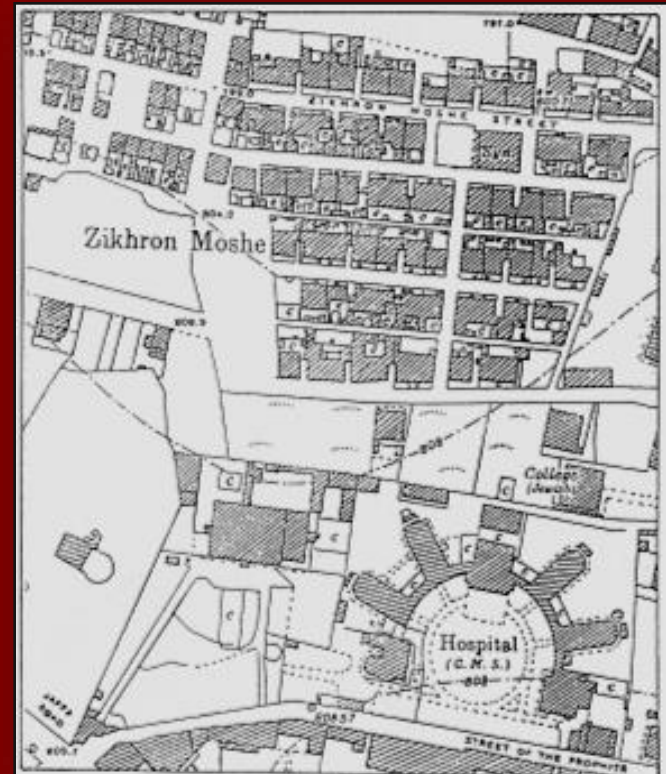


1945
School for
arab land
surveyors
in Nazareth

135



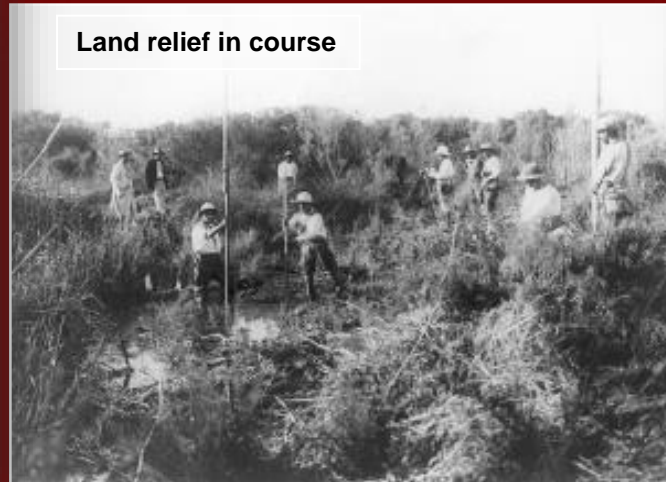
Land-map
of Jerusalem
1:2000



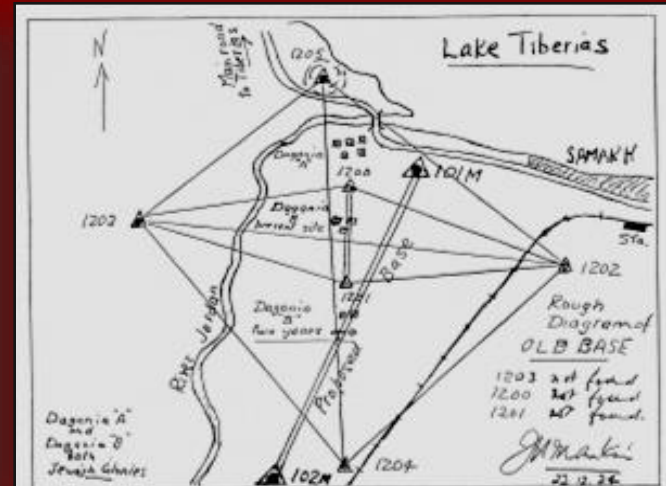
1920 - 1940
The British regulate
land transfers from
the Arabs to the Jews

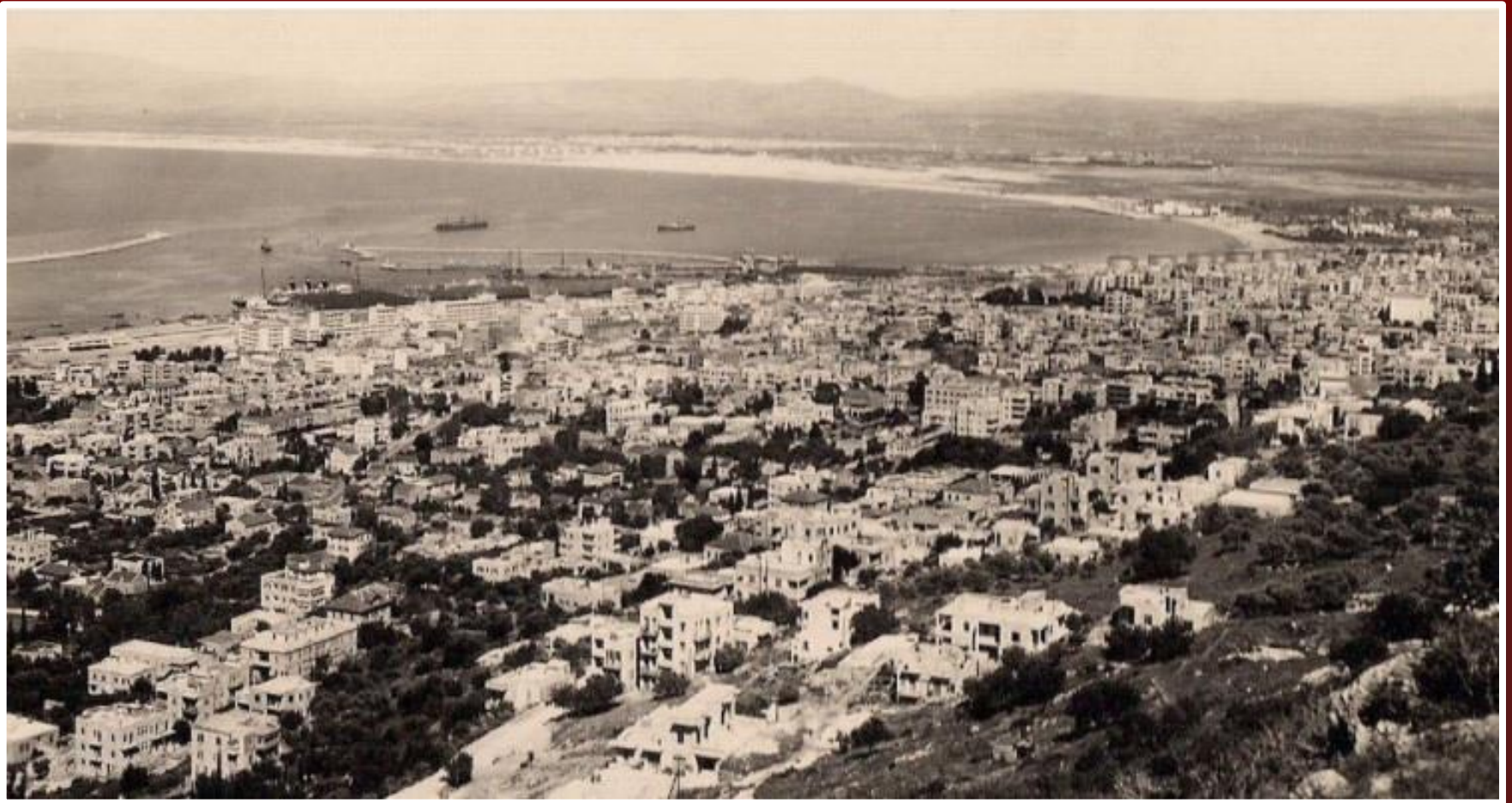
<https://libraries.aub.edu.lb/poha-viewer/map/>

1924 Triangulation in the zone of Samak - Deganya



Land relief in course





4. Haifa was a mixed Arab and Jewish city with 75,333 Christian and Muslim Palestinian Arabs. 95% of its Christian and Muslim residents were expelled. All of their houses, apartments, commercial buildings, lands and possessions were usurped by Jews. The remaining 5% of the Christian and Muslim Palestinians of Haifa were removed from their homes and put into slums.

Haifa in 1948: a modern harbor city

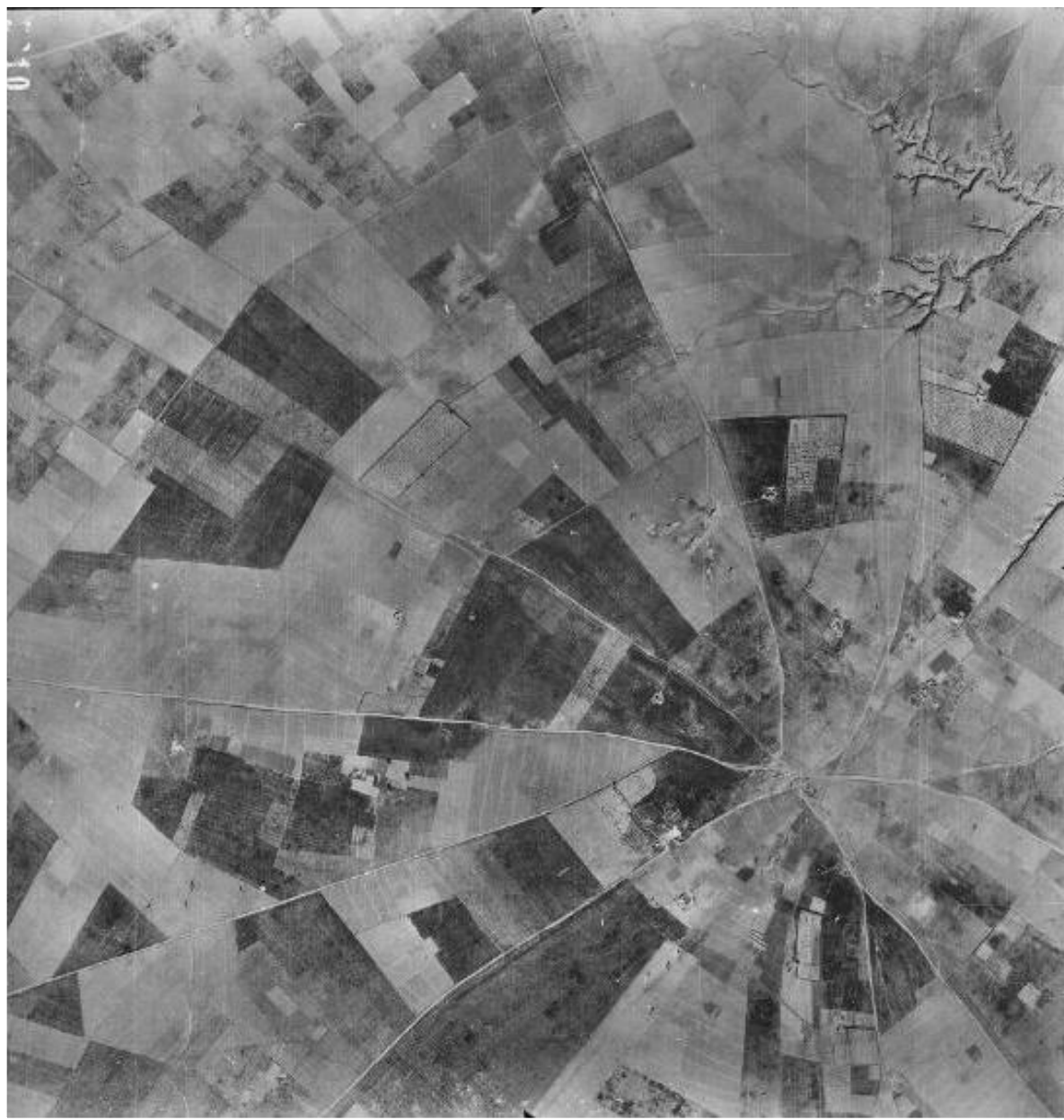




Al-Ramla 1948

Sky view

Notice the built-up part, the transport networks and the subdivision of the land, typical of a modern rural settlement. The Zionists assert that Palestine was “empty”, dry and barren land.



**Years 1930 - 40
Al Ma'in, district
of Beer Sheva
(Negev)**

One of 99 tribal lands. Although in the Negev, it was fully cultivated, as can be seen. Total cultivated land in Beer Sheva was greater than it is today.

The photo also shows that the Negev was not a desert as affirmed by Zionist propaganda, but in places, is better described as semi desert.



5. Jaffa was an Arab city of 75,141 Christians and Muslims. 95% of its Christian and Muslim residents were expelled. Their houses, apartments, commercial buildings, lands and possessions were usurped by Jews.

Jaffa in 1940 - In 1948 everything was taken by the Zionists.



6. Lydda was an Arab town of 19,356 Christian and Muslim inhabitants. All of its inhabitants were expelled and their homes, commercial buildings, lands and possessions were usurped by Jews.

1940 - Lydda In 1948 everything was taken by the Zionists



1947 - Al Majdal

(in 1948 it was occupied by the Zionists and renamed Ashkelon)





Workers at the match factory - Nablus 1940



25. Samakh, Tiberias Sub-District, an Arab town on the Sea of Galilee with 3,111 inhabitants. In 1948 all were expelled and their homes, commercial buildings, lands and possessions were usurped by Jews. A Jewish holiday resort was established on its usurped 18,611 dunums of land.

1940 - Palestinian economic activity

144



32. Bales of Tatti-Sert tobacco in storage in Nazareth in 1940. Tobacco was one of many Palestinian-developed industries which were usurped by Jews.

Jerusalem

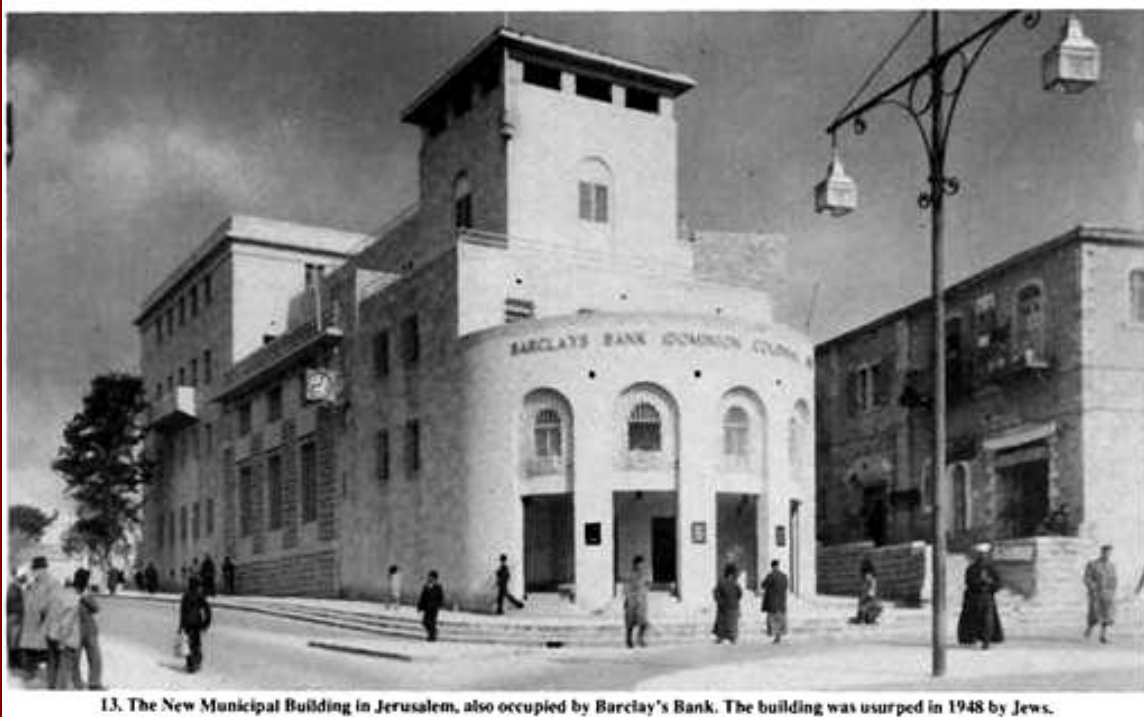
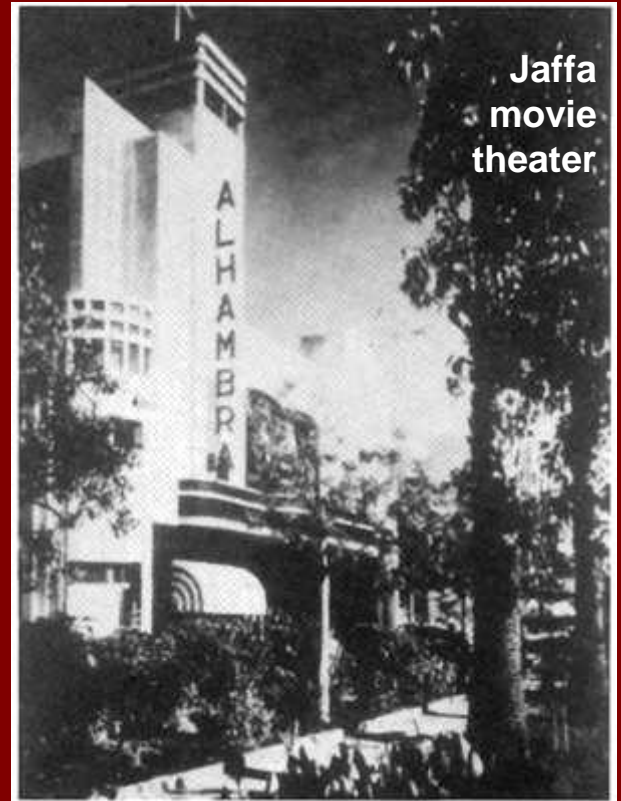


1940

Palestine
on the
way to
urbani-
zation

145

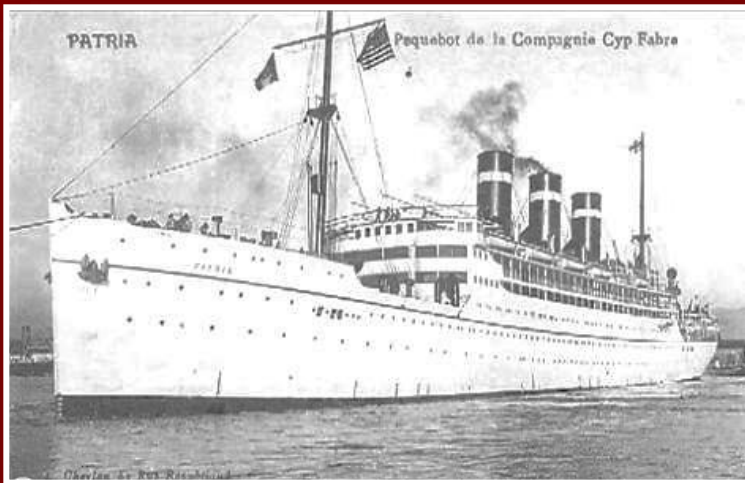
Jaffa
movie
theater



13. The New Municipal Building in Jerusalem, also occupied by Barclay's Bank. The building was usurped in 1948 by Jews.



11. Jaffa Road in Jerusalem. Its apartment houses were built by Arabs and usurped in 1948 by Jews.



146

**Ship
sinking
by
Zionist
terrorists**

Date of Jewish Terrorist Attack: Nov. 25th, 1940
Place: Haifa harbor, British Palestine
Ship: Patria
Total passengers & crew on board: aprox. 1'771-1'800
British Crew: about 130
Total Jewish passengers killed: 217
Total British Crew killed: 50
Total killed: 267
Wounded persons: 172

This was a Jewish Zionist attack against their fellow Jews escaping from the Nazi-fascist persecution. For the Zionists opposed the British decision to RELOCATE the boat load full of ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS (who were trying to sneak into British Palestine) to the MAURITIUS islands. So the Zionists decided to MURDER their fellow Jews, rather than allowing them to settle in a location OTHER than Palestine.

1940

Sinking of the Jewish immigrant ship Patria by Jewish Zionist terrorists killed 267 people

2 August 1946

The sinking of the British tanker Empire Cross in Haifa harbour by the Haganah killed 25 people





1942 - Chaim Weizmann from the tribune of the Zionist Congress at the Biltmore hotel in New York asks that the Jews be granted limitless immigration into Palestine

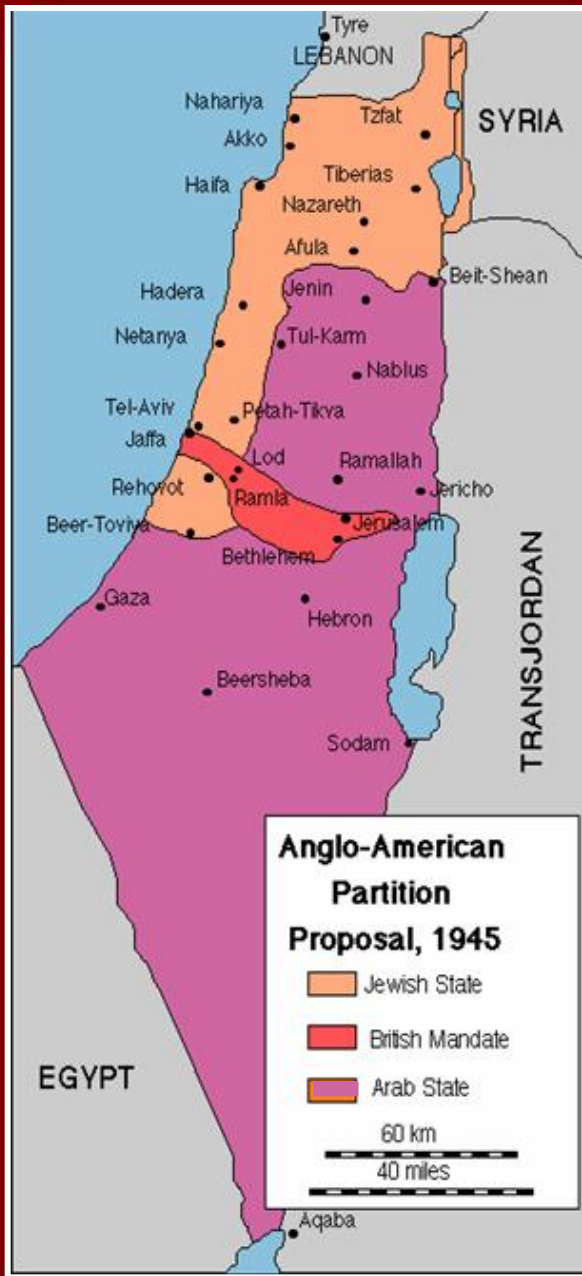


1942 - Ben Gurion declares the United States of America the new protector of Zionism.



We demand to open the gates of Palestine!
(Issued by Jewish Central Committee, U.S. Zone Austria)

USA : Petition in favour of Jewish immigration into Palestine



1945 - The Anglo-American Partition Proposal

There were many other proposals but none were realized.



Ben Gurion in front of the Anglo-American Commission

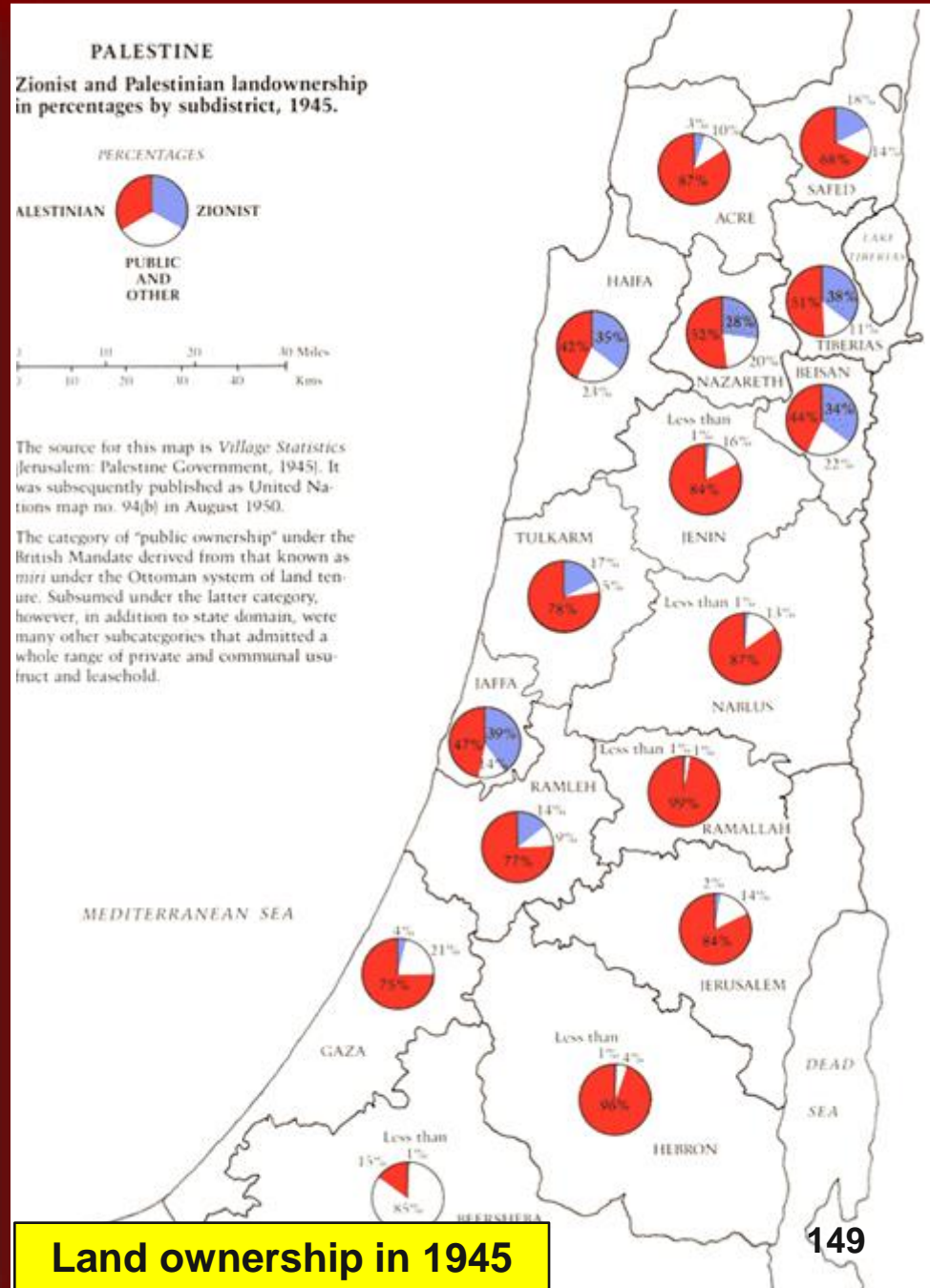
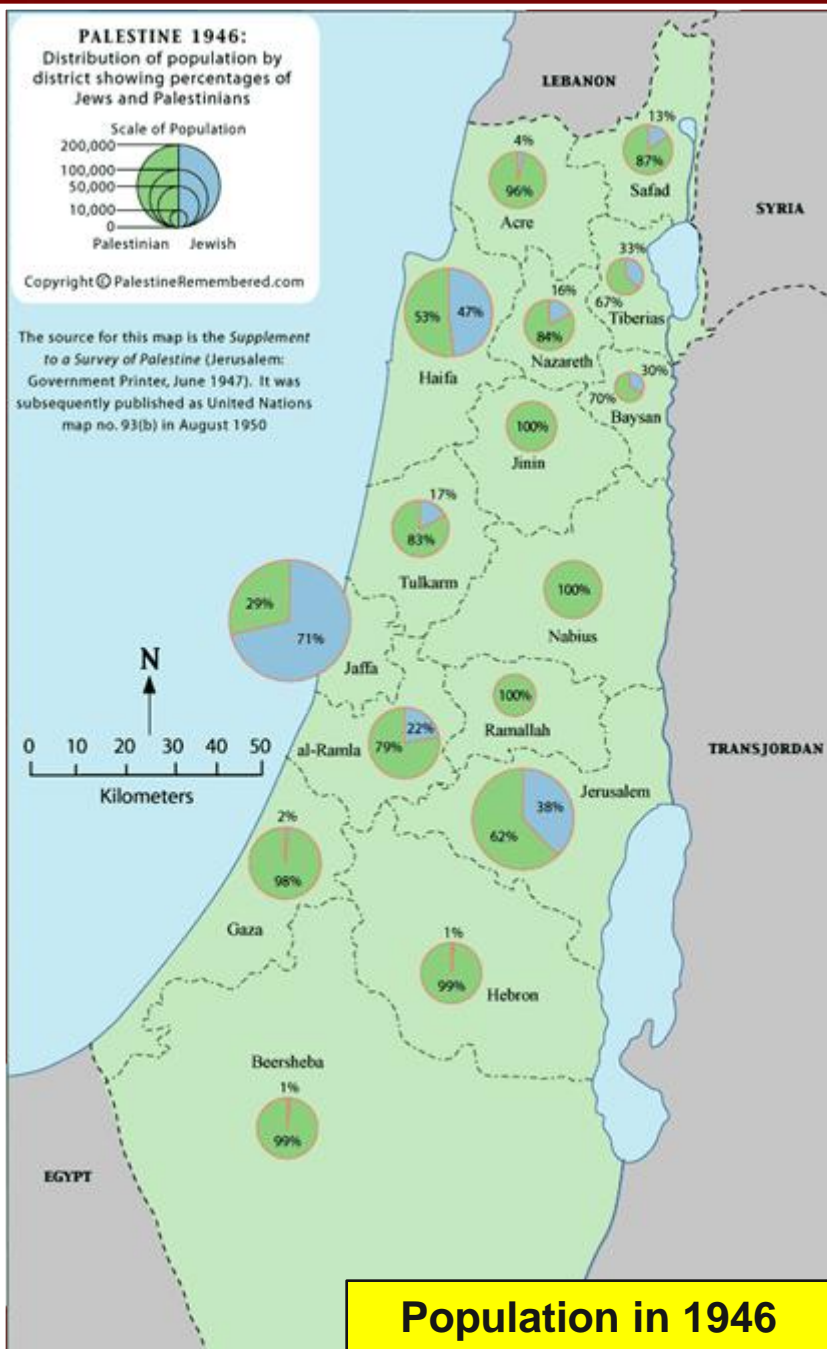
1945 - The broken US promises

US President Franklin Roosevelt promises Ibn Seaud, King of Saudi Arabia, to question him before creating a Jewish State in Palestine. Unfulfilled promise.



1946 - Britain renounce for the mandate of Palestine.

Britain announces intention to renounce her responsibility for the administrative mandate of Palestine. This decision should be placed in the context of a growing decolonization policy.





1946 British embassy attack in Rome



1947 Attack on the Cairo-Haifa line

Zionist terrorism

150

1948 Murder of the UN representative Folke Bernadotte and the 1944 murder of Lord Moyné in Cairo

1947 Attack on the Oil refinery of Haifa

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jewish_insurgency_in_Palestine



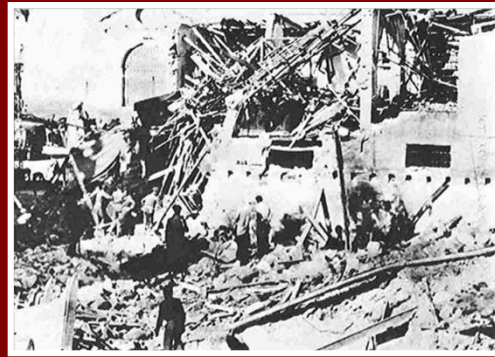
1947 Attack on the Tel Aviv-Haifa line



Bernadotte



Photo: King David hotel in Jerusalem, British headquarters, and the ruins of it after the bombing by the Irgun group in 1946. About 100 people were killed.



January 4, 1948: the destruction of the city hall building in Jaffa killed 26 civilians



1946: attack on the Jaffa-Jerusalem train line

Zionist terrorism

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The Zionist militias Haganah, Irgun, Lehi (Stern gang), since 1936 they terrorised systematically, attacked and killed Palestinians and British personnel. In 1946 members of the Irgun robbed several Arab banks, killing and wounding many. Before 1948 there were already 60'000 Palestinian refugees.

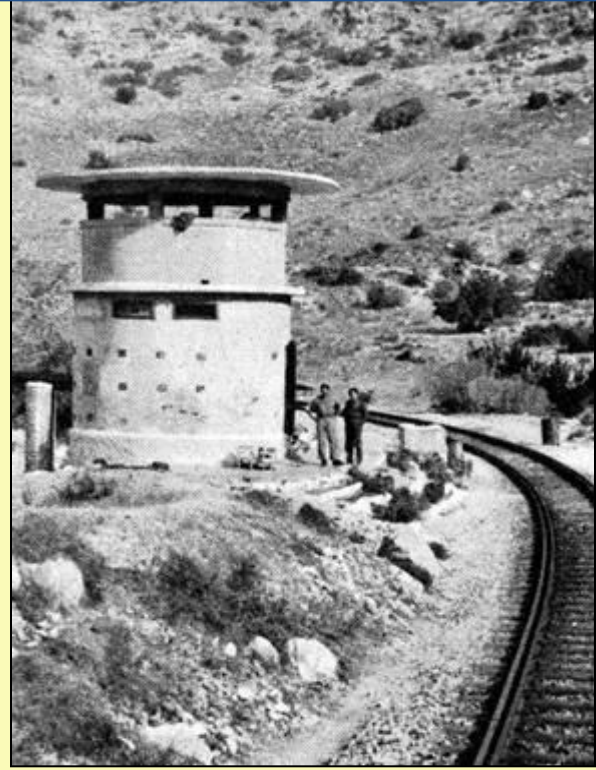
Attack on a bus, Jerusalem, December 29, 1947



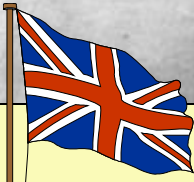
1948, 6 January, Bombing of the hotel Semiramis in Jerusalem



SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1947



1945 - 1948
The British try to maintain order



152





Acres Prison



The British hung approximately 200 Palestinian prisoners



The Irgun terrorists

The British arrest the terrorists



**4th May 1947
The Irgun gang disguised as a British unit, attack the prison of Acres and free some detained terrorists**



Prison break 1947



Palestine Railways

RAPID AND COMFORTABLE TRAVELLING FACILITIES TO ALL PARTS OF PALESTINE WITH CONNECTIONS TO EGYPT, SYRIA, TRANSJORDANIA

Equipped with modern Passenger Coaches, Sleeping & Dining Cars, Day and Night Saloons, Executive State Trains, special transport.

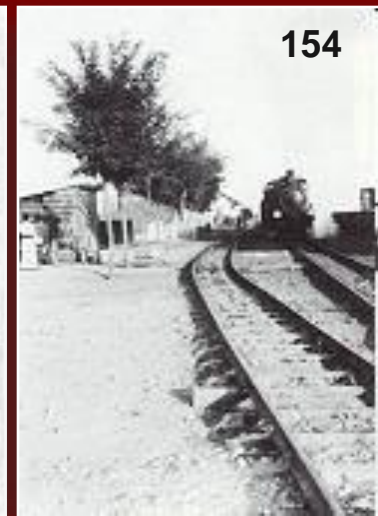
REGULAR DAILY SERVICE TO AND FROM CAESAR AND THE SEASIDE, DIRECT AND CIRCUMFERENCE ROUTES TO DAMASCUS, BEIRUT, HAIFA, JERUSALEM AND TRANSJORDANIA, FOR AMMAN AND SYDIA. Sleeping and Dining Car Service on all Main Line Trains.

For all Services (Time Tables, Rates, etc.) apply to the Superintendent of the Line, HAIFA STATION, or to the leading Tourist Agencies.

**1947
Palestine
rail and
road
network**



1905 The Dar'a-Haifa Line





1947
The Jewish settlements

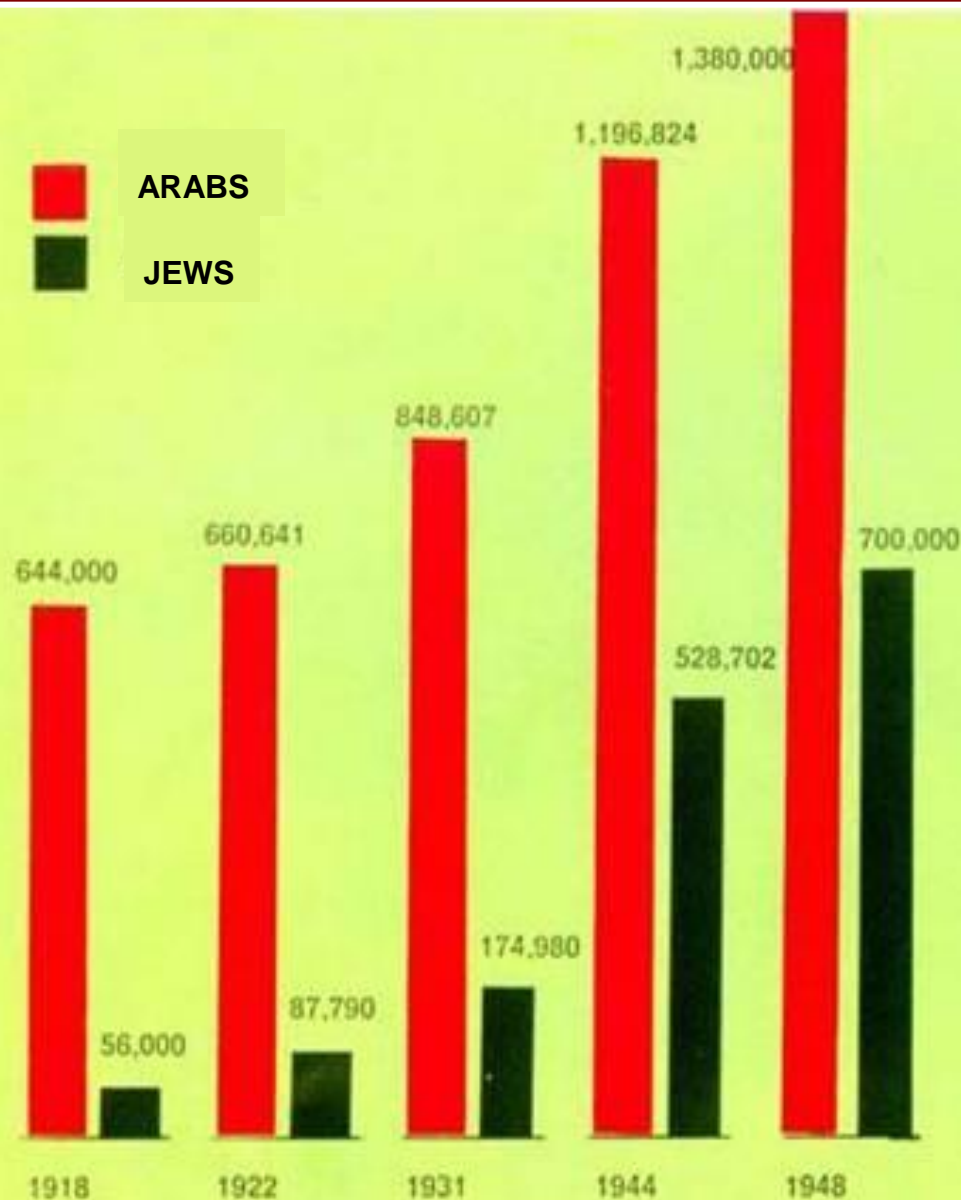


Jewish National Fund

About 6 % of the land is owned by Jews.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jewish_National_Fund





ARAB POPULATION

JEWIS MINORITY

- In 1918 the Jews represented 8 % of the population and they owned about the 2,5 % of the land.

- In 1948, after 30 years of Jewish immigration, the Zionists community constituted 33 % of the total population and owned 5.67 % of Palestine land

- In the 1930s and 1940s there was strong Jewish immigration due to Nazi persecution

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Demographics_of_Palestine



Golda Meir

17 November 1947

**The secret agreement
between the King of
Jordan and the
Zionists**



King Abdullah I of Jordan

On 17 November 1947 King Abdullah I. of Jordan signed a secret non-aggression and partition agreement for Palestine with Golda Meir: the West Bank became part of the Kingdom of Jordan. The remaining 3/4 of Palestine goes to the Zionists. The Palestinians are marginalised, and for them there is no independence promised by UN Resolution 181. This secret agreement can be seen as a treason of the Arab-Palestinian cause and proves that the Zionists had no intention to respect UN Resolution 181. In this way, the Zionists prevented the establishment of the Palestinian State and had a free hand to carry out ethnic cleansing.

Jerusalem, July 20, 1951: King Abdullah the first of Jordan was assassinated by a Palestinian.



King Abdullah I. some days before to be killed on Al Aqsa Mosque

PALESTINE

From 29th November 1947

UN resolution 181

to 14th May 1948

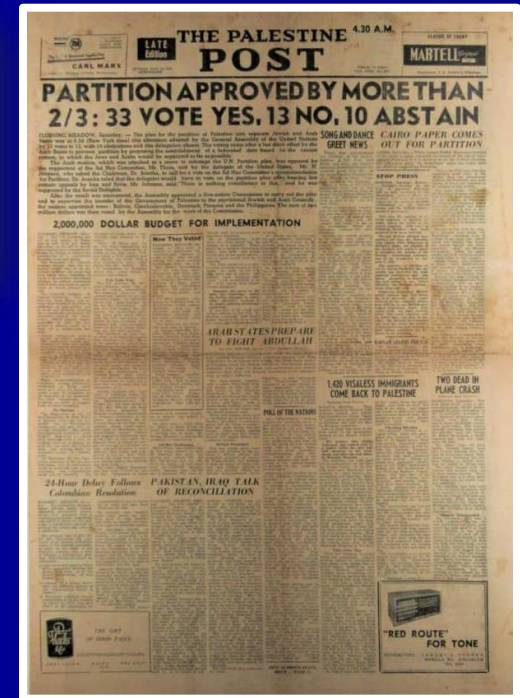
End of British mandate

UN resolution 181 comes into force

Declaration of the State of Israel



To obtain the required majority of 2/3 (38 votes), the abstentions were illegally not counted.



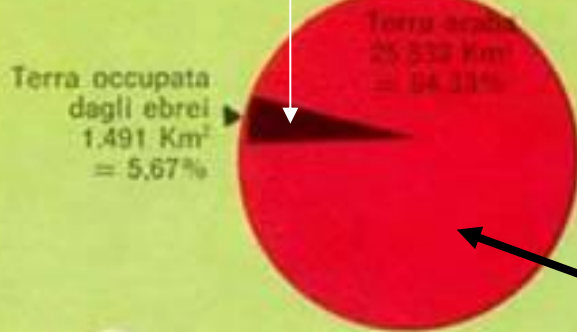
29th November 1947

The UN General Assembly adopts Resolution 181 that provides for the partition of Palestine into two States:

A Jewish State and an Arab State

Reality in Palestine 1948

Jewish land



Arab land

ARABI (mussulmani e cristiani)

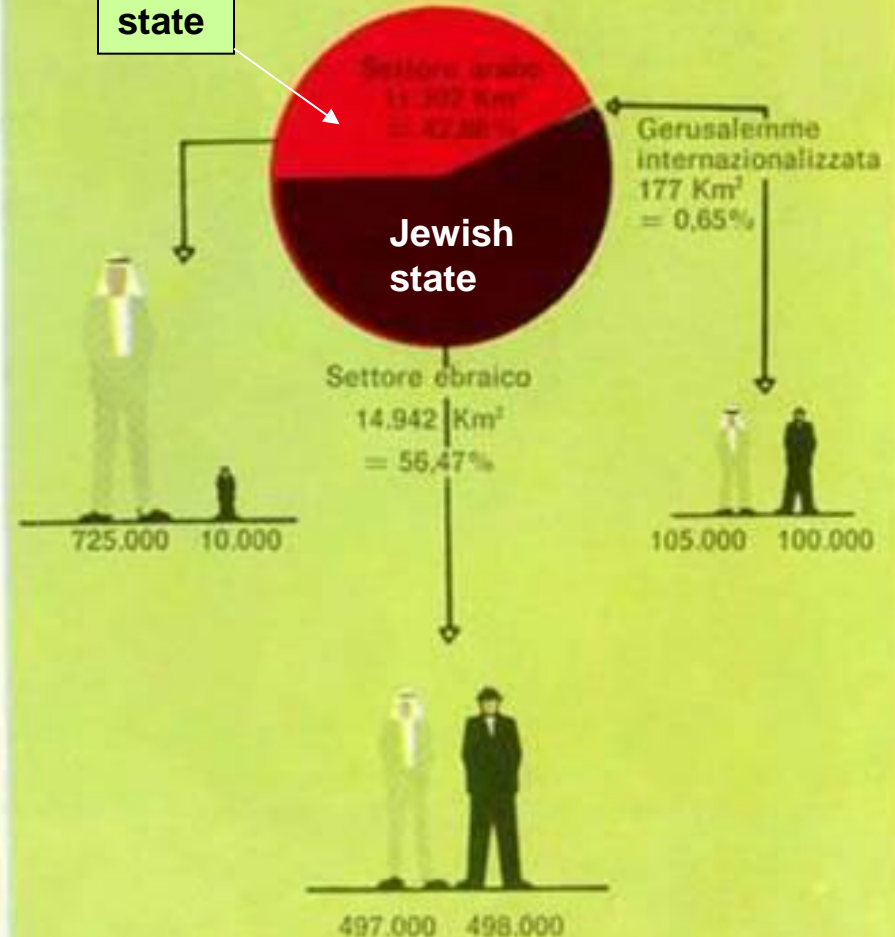
JEWS

1.380.000 700.000

Population

UN partition plan 1948

Arab state



1948 Composition of the population, proportion of the land occupied by Arabs and by Jews, and partition based on UN resolution 181



Haganah

The main Zionist militia Haganah in 1948 counted 100'000 militants against 5'000 Arab combatants

**1947 – 1948
The Zionist militias**



Irgun parade
Tel Aviv,
1948



Palmach armoured battallion

Before UN Resolution 181 came into force, and before the Zionists proclaimed the State of Israel, many thousands of Palestinians were attacked and expelled from their homes. Many massacres were committed in Palestinian villages by the Zionists, including Deir Yassin and Tantoura, where over 450 were killed. The aftermath of all this resulted in the Israeli occupation of land allocated for the Arab State.

161

Irgun



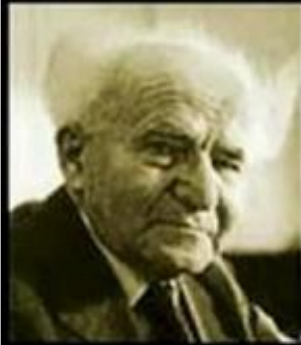


The commanders of the Arab militias

1947 - 1948 The Arab combatants

The Period from 1947 to 14th May 1948
The Arab and Palestinian combatants
are approximately 5'000 in number.
They are also responsible for various
slaughters.





David Ben Gurion
Prime Minister of Israel
1949-1954, 1955-1963

«We will expel the Arabs and take their place. In each attack a decisive blow should be struck resulting in the destruction of homes and the expulsion of the population.»

Letters to his son, 1937



The red house in Tel Aviv (1930s)

ZIONISM AND THE ETHNIC CLEANSING OF PALESTINE: A PREMEDITATED CRIME

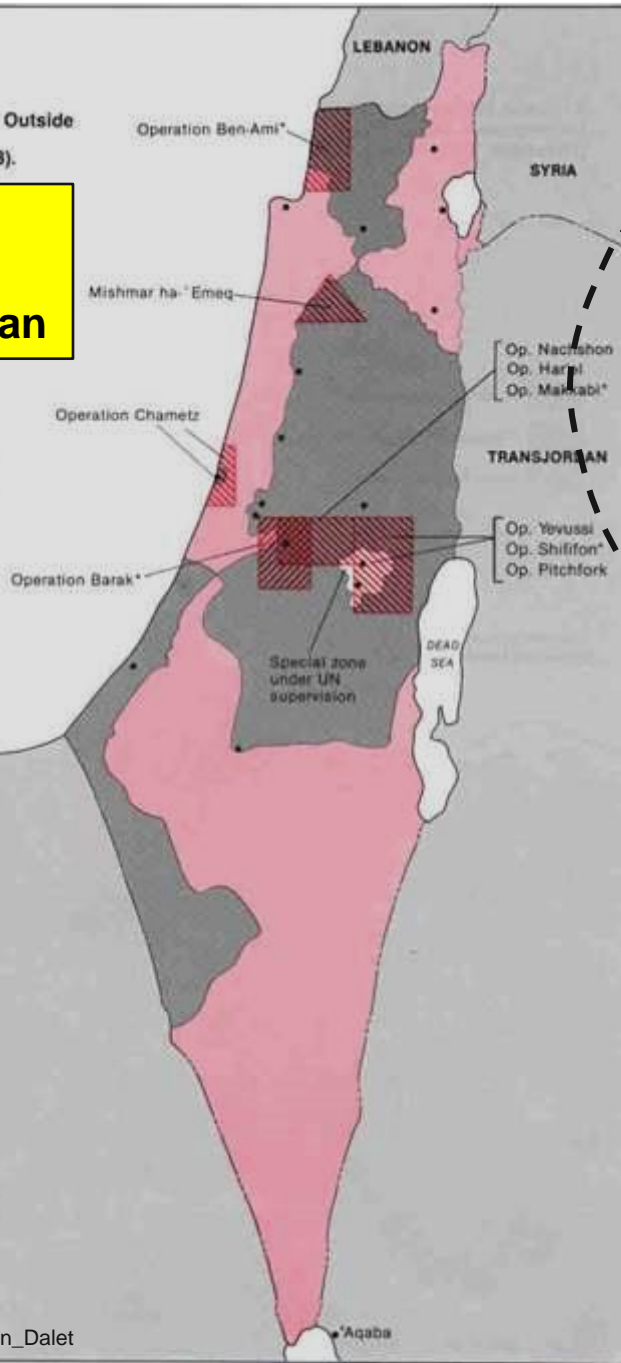
“On March 10, 1948, eleven men held a meeting in the Red House, headed by Ben Gurion. The eleven decided to expel one million Palestinians from historical Palestine.” (Ilan Pappé)

The Zionists started planning the ethnic cleansing of Palestine in 1940. Plan D (Dalet) entered the implementation phase in March 1948.

8. Zionist Military Operations Outside UN-proposed Jewish State (December 1947–15 May 1948).

The Dalet ethnic cleansing plan

- Proposed Jewish State
- Proposed Palestinian State
- Area of military operation



Bombing the Palestinian village of Dayr Aban, Jerusalem district



December 1947 - 14th May 1948

The ethnic cleansing plan Dalet (March 1948): 10 big operations of ethnic cleansing were carried out by Zionists before UN resolution 181 was implemented.

164

40 mm mortar



Attack on the Palestinian village of Sa' Sa' where in 1948 the Zionist scarry out two massacres: February 15 and October 30



This mass grave with the remains of 200 Palestinian civilians was discovered in Jaffa in September 2014

Zionist massacres

To convince Palestinians to leave the Zionist perpetrate some brutal massacres. In total in 1947 - 1949 about 15'000 Palestinian were killed.



10 April 1948 - Zionist militias in Deir Yassine The uniforms are British military , left over from world War II.

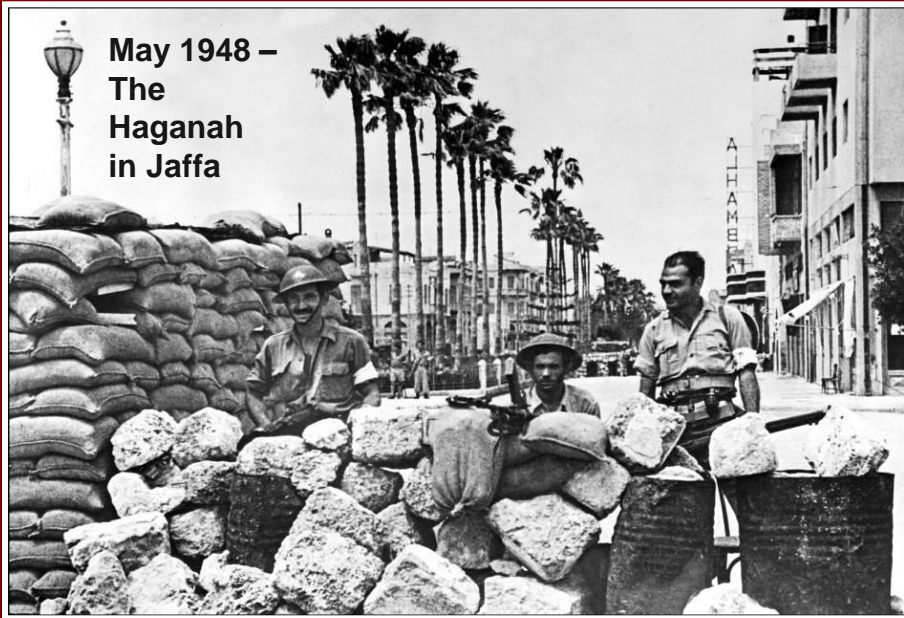
9-10 april 1948: attack on Deir Yassin, suburb of Jerusalem, where the Irgun and Stern gangs massacred 255 men, women and children



Deir Yassin invaded by Zionist gangs



After the massacre of Deir Yassin



May 1948 –
The
Haganah
in Jaffa

1
9
4
8

166



May 1948 - Jaffa



1948 Zionist militias occupy Qatra

Khisas



Khirbat al Umur



Kafr Bir'im



Qaqun



1948
Zionists destroy
Palestinian cities,
towns and villages

Majdal Yaba



Qaddita



Qumya



Hawsa



1947

The SS Exodus



**Hebrew immigrants are arriving:
the Palestinians have to abandon
their homes and leave.** 168

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1948_Palestinian_exodus



**Almost all women and children. The men were imprisoned
or killed by the Zionists.**





The Zionist militias force the Palestinians to leave.

1948 - The Palestinians have to leave Jaffa escorted by Haganah militians in a jeep



Note the Haganah jeeps

The expulsion of the Palestinians



1947
-
1949

169



Haifa
(scene from
documentary film)

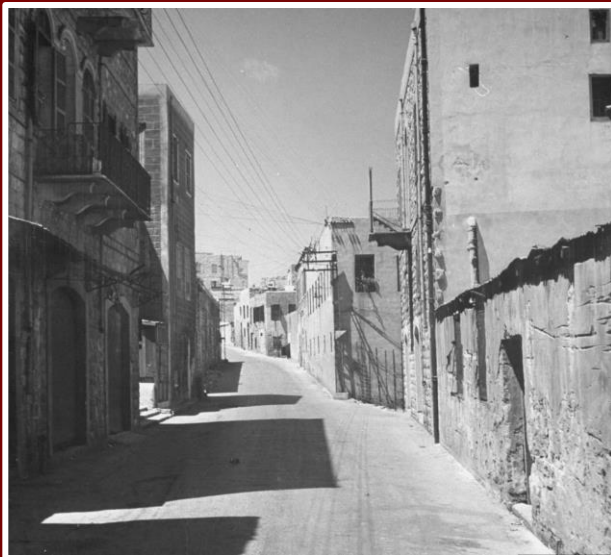


They were ordered to kill all Arab men.

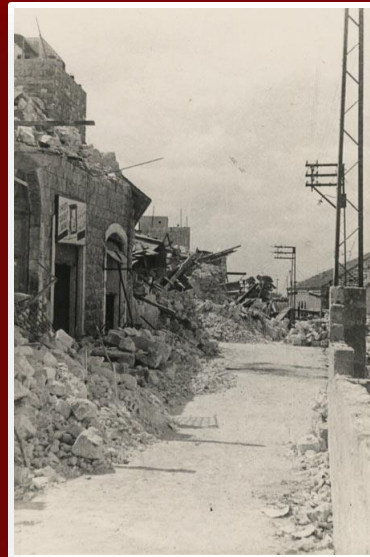
Haifa - Haganah militia on action.

Haifa - Between April 21-22, 1948 the Zionist militias kill or drove out the 75'000 Arab inhabitants.

Many of fugitives, including the inhabitants of the surrounding villages emptied by the Zionists, drowned during their voyage by sea because the boats were overloaded. Subsequently, to eliminate the Arab character of the town and to prevent the return of the Palestinians, 225 Arab houses were demolished.



After the expulsion of the Palestinians, the Arab quarter is deserted and half-destroyed .



Many Palestinians must flee by boat.

Manshiyeh, Jaffa district, before Nakba



The neighborhood of Manshiyeh pre-1948.



**Zionist militias
occupy Jaffa**

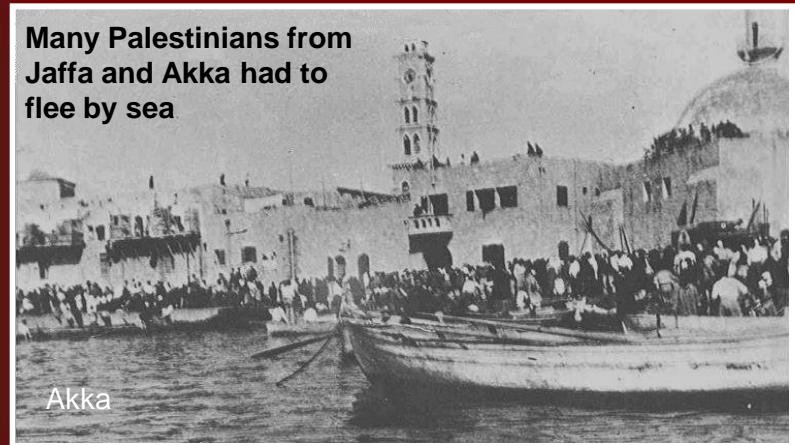
**April 1948. Manshiyeh destroyed by the Zionists.
Today it is a modern district of Tel Aviv.**



**Jaffa - The Zionist militias
bombed the city from April 25th
to 28th 1948 and drove out
60,000 Arab inhabitants.**

171

**Many Palestinians from
Jaffa and Akka had to
flee by sea**



Akka



TUESDAY, MAY 4, 1948

PALESTINE STRIFE CREATES DP ISSUE

200,000 Arabs Are Now Listed
as Homeless—Jews Put Own
Refugees at 15,000

JERUSALEM, May 3 (AP)—Civil war in the Holy Land, as in all wars of history, has created its displaced persons problem.

Refugees streaming out of Arab towns and villages harassed by Jews have become a political issue. The Arabs say that 200,000 have been "made homeless by Jewish aggression." The Jews admit that about 175,000 Arabs have left, but add that they could stay in safety, even in the once-mixed towns such as Haifa and Tiberias, which the Jews have conquered.



April 1948,
escaping from Jaffa.

According to the
New York Times
on May 4, 1948

(10 days before the self
declaration of the State of Israel)

there are already **200,000**
Palestinian refugees.



The Zionists have the
nerve to say that Arabs
could stay in safety...

PALESTINE

THE MODERN PERIOD

THIRD PART

from 1948 to 1967

**(Ethnic cleansing
and the confiscation of Palestinian property)**

PALESTINE

From 14 May 1948

End of the British mandate

The coming into force of UN resolution 181

Declaration of the state of Israel

Beginning of the first Arab-Israeli war.

to July 1949

(Armistices of Rhodes)

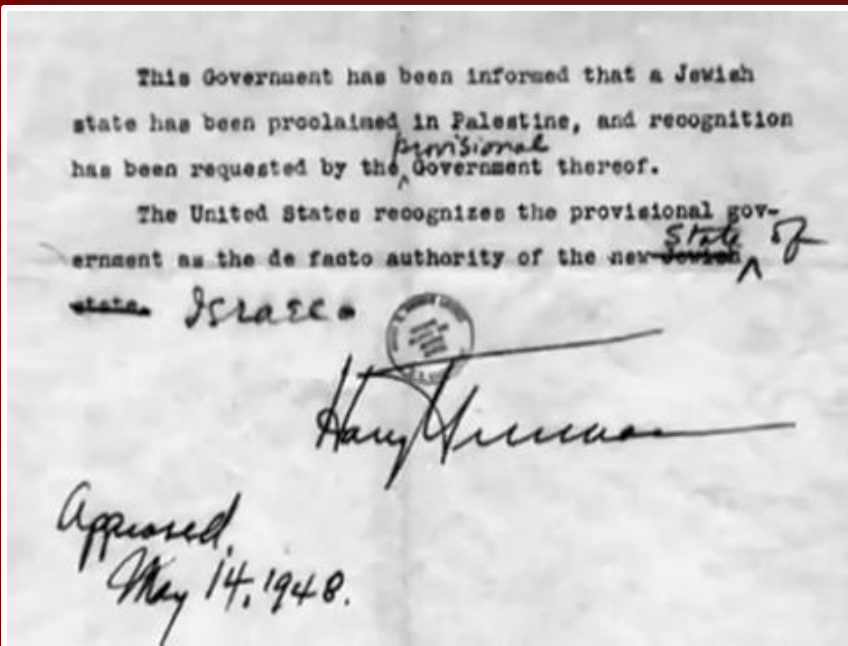
May 14th, 1948 The State of Israel declaration



Ben Gurion rejects the truce request by the UN and declares unilaterally the State of Israel

(The Palestinians, sponsored by Egypt, declared the State of Palestine in 1950 in Gaza. Only Arab states, without Transjordan, recognized the existence of the State of Palestine.)

175



The first Israeli cabinet with Ben Gurion.
1. May 1949



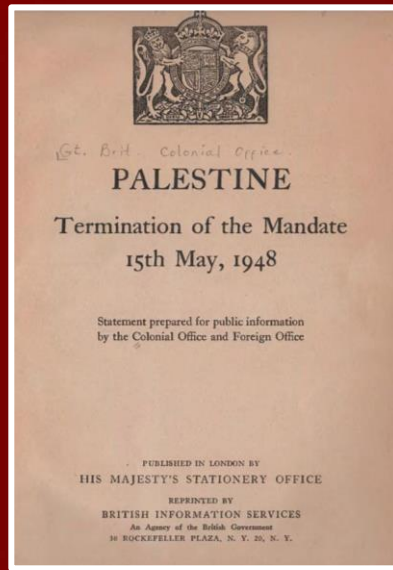
The immediate recognition of Israel by the USA



The last British troops are concentrated in the harbour



The British load their troops and equipment onto the ships



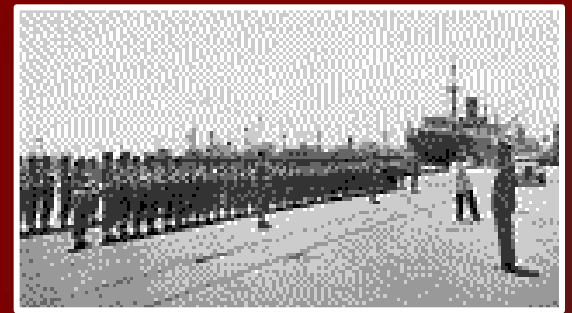
**May 15th, 1948
Official end of the
British mandate**

Photo : June 1948

Departure of the remaining British troops from the harbour of Haifa



The departure of the last British commissioner



The last parade



The last lowering of the flag

The sad departure to England





1948

The Kings of Saudi Arabia and Egypt inspect the Egyptian military forces before the war begins



Egypt



Lebanon



Syria



Jordan



Irak



Israel

177

15 May 1948
Beginning of the
First Arab-Israeli
war

(in reality it is
the second one)



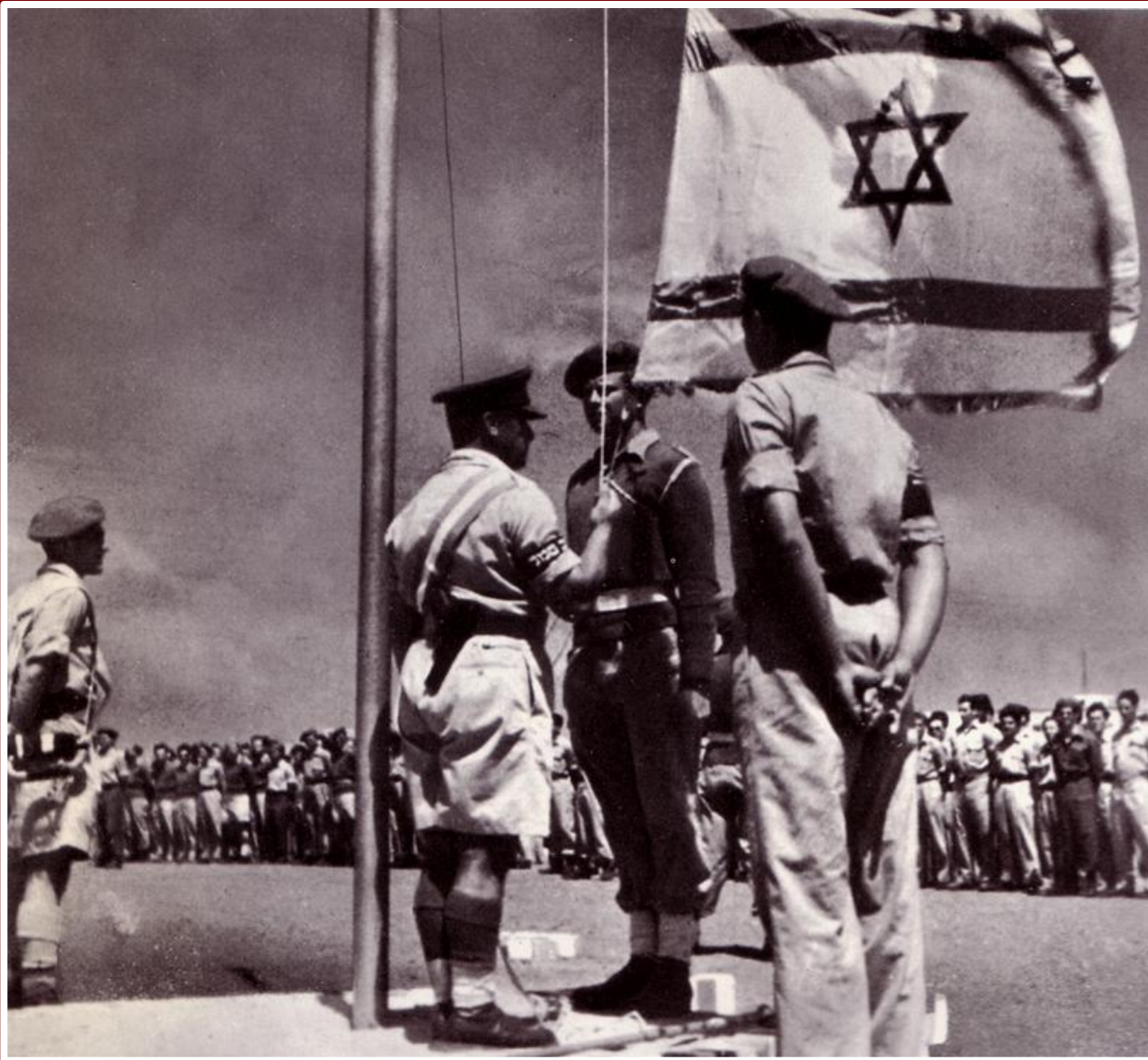
The Arab Tank columns enter Palestine





62. The war criminals who committed War Crimes, Crimes Against Humanity and Genocide against the Palestinian people in the guise of the High Command of the Haganah, photographed together on May 28, 1948. Included among them are David Ben-Gurion, Golda Meyersohn (Meir), Moshe Dayan, Yigal Allon, Yitshak Sadeh, Yitshak Rabin, Levi Eshkol and Chaim Herzog.

May 28th, 1948 - The leaders of the newly born State of Israel with Haganah leaders.



**June 28th
1948**

**The Zionist
militias
Haganah,
Irgun and
Lehi become
the official
army of
Israel:
Tzahal**



What used to be done at night, in secret, is now done during the day, "Officially".



Jack Cohen alleges that this photograph shows he and Syd Cohen flying from Niksic to Israel during Velvetta 2, but it makes more sense if it's Velvetta 1.

One Israeli air patrol



January 1948: the first warplane

1948 - The Israeli Air Force



George Lichter Syd Cohen Cyril Horowitz Ezer Weizman
 Maurice Mann Syd Antin Stan Andrews Ruth Augarten Leo Nomis (ass't intel officer)
 Bill Pomerantz
 Meli Alon
 Garry Muser
 Aaron Finkel
 Coleman Goldstein Giddy Lichtman Sandy Jacobs (adjutant) Arnie Ruch
 (prevo's marshal)



The pilots

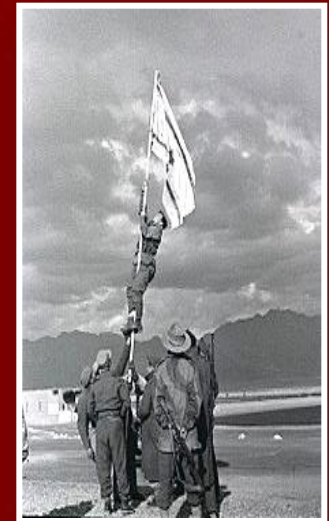


**November 1948
The Israel infantry
moves to the front**



**1948
First Arab - Israel
war.**

**The Israeli defence
forces repel the Arab
armies and ignore the
armistices declared by
the UN.**



**March 1949 Conquest of
Um Rashrash (today Eilat)**

**October 1948 The Israeli infantry attack
Egyptian positions in the Negev**



**June 1948 Zionist militias occupy Lydda
airport (today Lod - Ben Gurion airport)**





Ruins of Lydda after the Zionist attack.

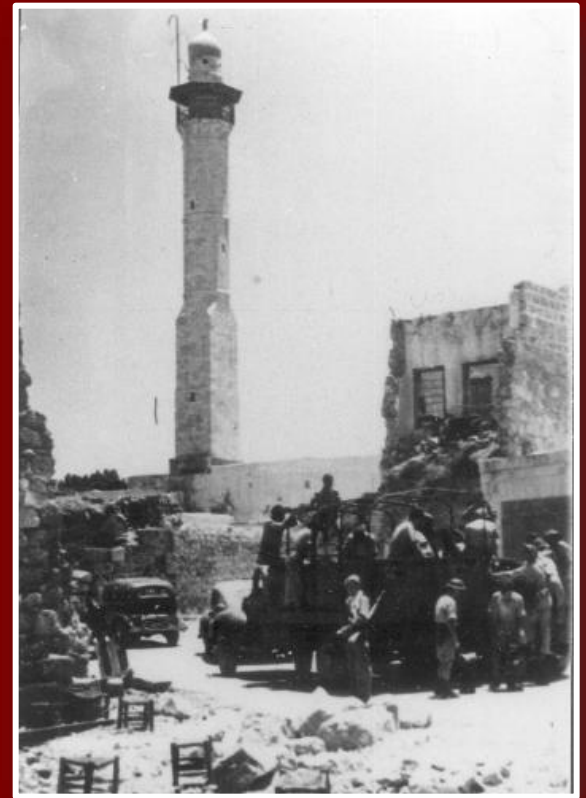
Zionist militias bombed the Lydda Mosque. 176 Palestinian civilians who had taken refuge inside died there.

**July
1948
Lydda**

Operation Dani - The Zionists drove out most of Lydda's 22,000 inhabitants and killed 250 people.



Hunting for Palestinian civilians.



Lydda's surviving civilians are grouped together

The march of death: 500 Palestinian civilians from Lydda died after being chased away from their homes by the Zionists





Zionist militias arrest
Palestinian men



The Palestinian men are locked up
in a makeshift concentration camp

July 1948 - al Ramla

The Israelis killed or expelled approximately 50-70,000 inhabitants of Lydda and al-Ramla



Palestinian women and children
are grouped together



The Palestinians are taken by bus to areas
controlled by the Arab legion.



Zionist immigrants arrive en masse.

1948 - 1949



Palestinian refugees forced to leave their homeland on the road to Lebanon on November 4, 1948

Palestinians are expelled and have to leave everything behind.



Zionist immigrants awaiting the assignment of a house - al-Yahudyya Village, October 1, 1948



al-Tantura, about 1950 - the village is uninhabited. Today the village is a "kibbutz beach resort" called Nahsholim.



The Palestinians are forced to dig their own mass grave.



The al-Tantura massacre 22-23 May 1948 185

About 200-250 men were forcibly taken to beach and cemetery where they were killed and buried.



Women and children are forced to leave forever.





Note the jeeps

The attack on the village

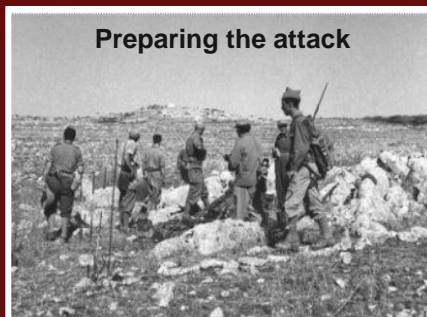
Safsaf

The murderers



احتلال بیت داراس

October 28th 1948 The Zionist army entered the Palestinian village of Safsaf and killed about 60 Palestinian men. The population was driven out and the village was destroyed. Today it is home to the kibbutz Moshav Safsufa. 186



Preparing the attack



After the massacre the village is left empty





3 November 1948
Israeli soldiers
entered the village
of Iqrit and
contravening the
court ruling
expelled all the
inhabitants

1948 - Zionist
militias entering
a Palestinian
village



Ethnical cleansing: Zionists use false promises, threats, violence and massacres



Zionist
propaganda
claims that the
Palestinians left
spontaneously.
Instead, the
Zionists killed
them or
expelled them
by force.

187

An Israeli soldier, armed with a rifle, stops Palestinians
in the street in Nazareth, Palestine, July 17, 1948



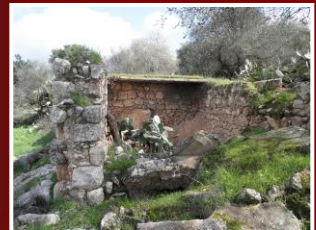
Members of the 89th Battalion led by Moshe Dayan which
committed the Dawayima massacre in 29 October 1948.



1947 - 1949 Zionists occupy Palestinian territory

A detachment of Israeli soldiers with motorized support during an attack on a small village in the Negev area of Palestine on Jan. 6, 1949.

Subsequently the Palestinians will be killed or driven out and the village will be destroyed. After a few years the area will be occupied and inhabited by the Zionist settlers.



1948 - The systematic destruction of Palestinian villages

189

Photo: October 22, 1948 - Beginning of the destruction with explosives of the Palestinian village of Dayr Aban, Jerusalem district, by the Harel Brigade as part of the Ha-Har operation. The inhabitants were driven out on October 19-20, 1948.



Remains of the Palestinian village Bayt Thul destroyed by the Israelis in 1948



Az Zeeb, fisher's village, Akka district, in 1928

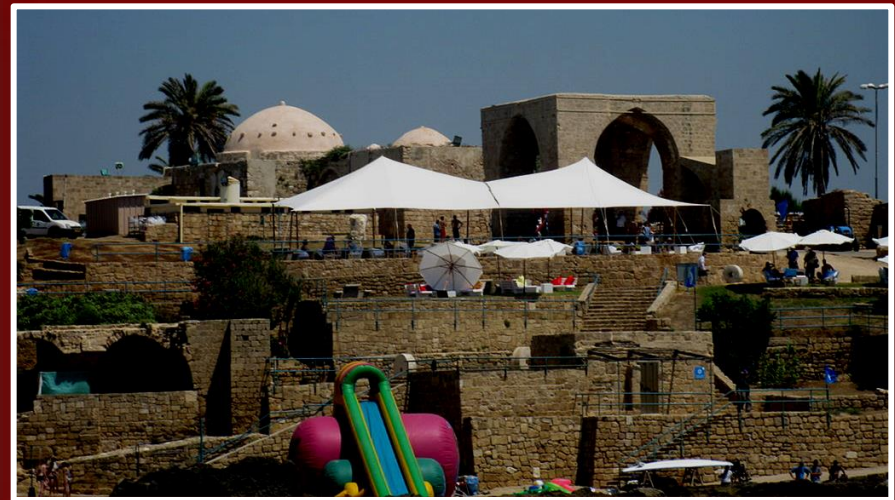
1948
and subsequent years:
the Zionists destroy about 500
Palestinian villages



Remains of the Palestinian village AJJUR destroyed by the Israelis in 1948

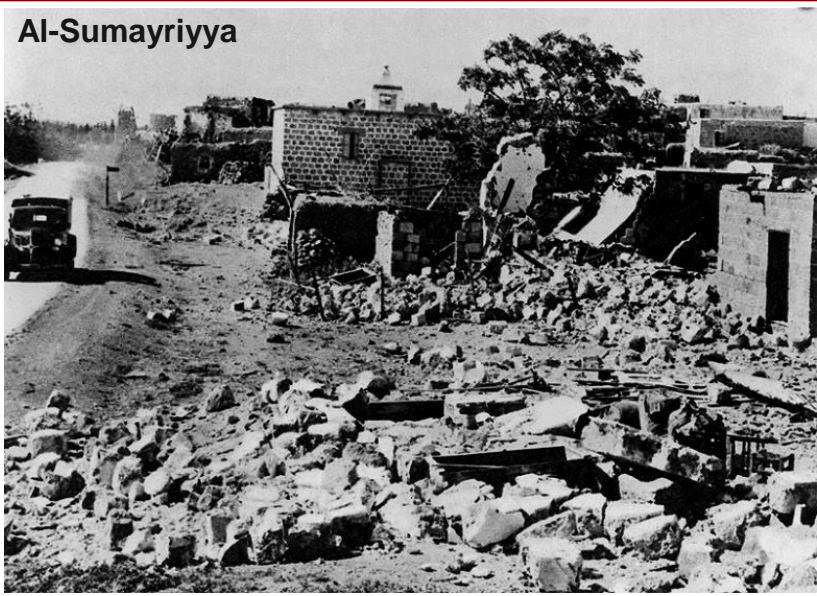
Today what remains of Az Zeeb Village is an Israeli
tourist center and is called Achziv

190



<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Achziv>

Al-Sumayriyya



al-Muwaylih

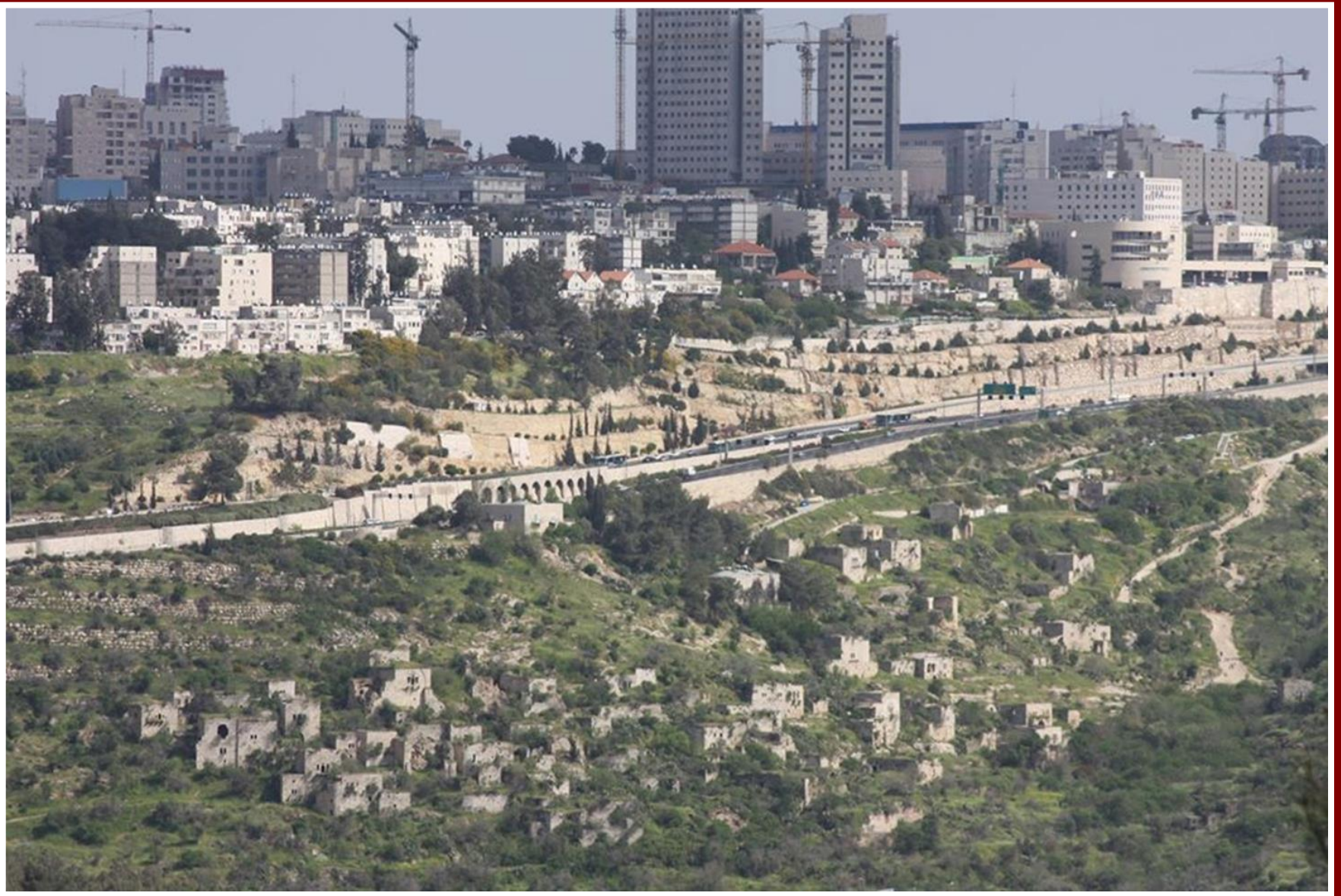


1948 and following years: the Zionists systematically destroys Palestinian villages and townships and commit horrible massacres.

191



Suba, distroyed in july 1948



Remains of the Palestinian village of Lifta near Jerusalem.

192

The inhabitants of Lifta had to abandon it in 1948.
Above: the Jewish quarters of Jerusalem advancing.



Moshe Dayan, the Zionists representative met Abdullah Al-tal, the representative of Jordan.

18 July 1948
Jerusalem
The war is stopped

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Battle_for_Jerusalem



1948 - Jerusalem is divided:
West Jerusalem to Israel and East Jerusalem to Jordan

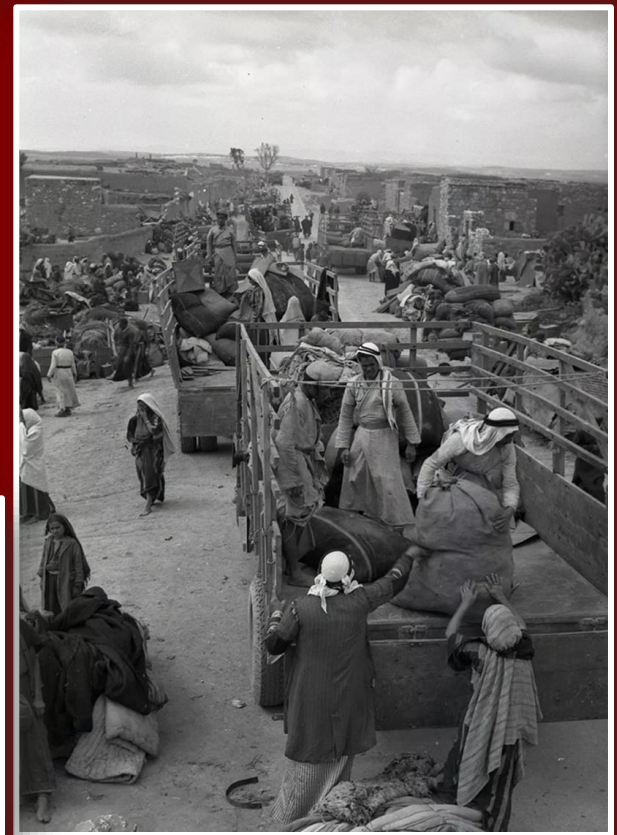
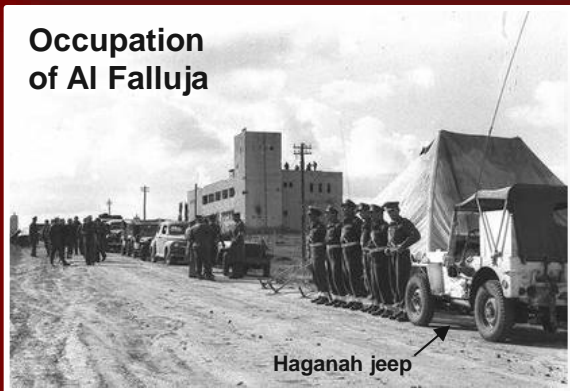


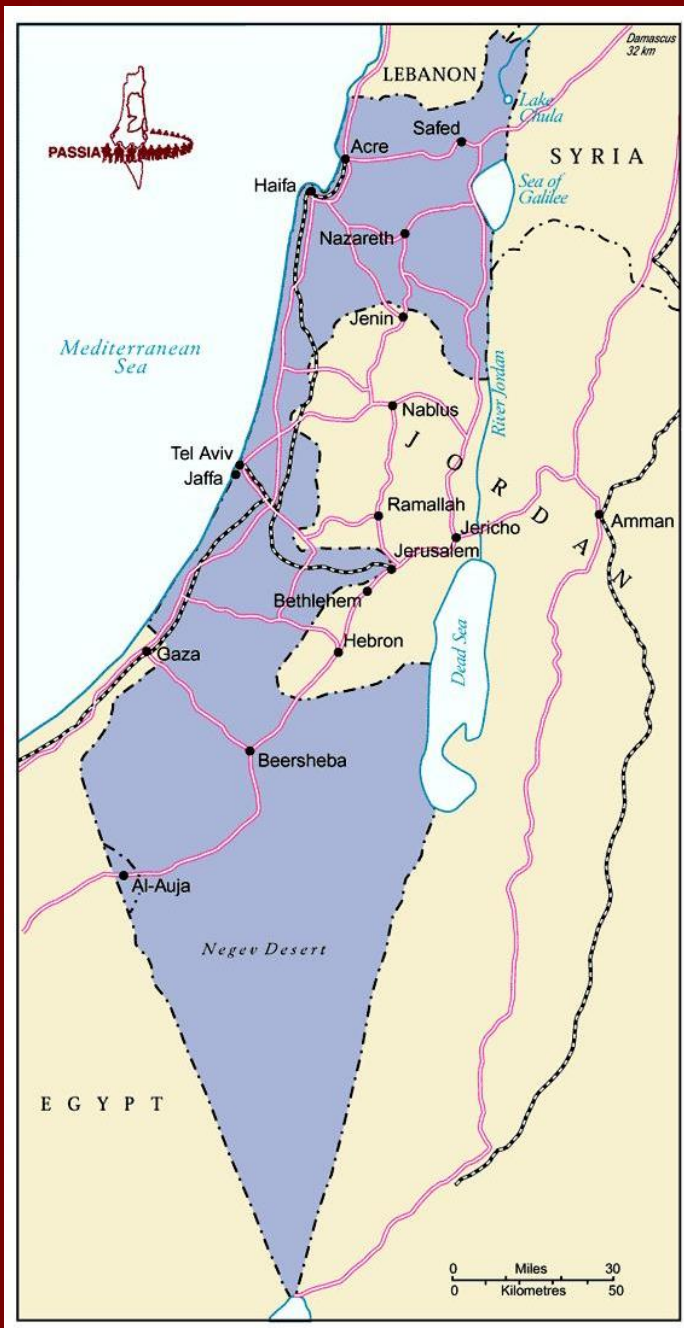
Arab plundering of the Jewish Quarter after its inhabitants' expulsion



1948-1949
Al-Faluja / Iraq al-Manshiya

In contravention of agreements with Egypt, Israeli troops force the inhabitants to leave.





The map of the armistice

Negotiation table



195

July 1949 - In Rhodes the negotiations between the warring States ended with the «Armistices of Rhodes»

Signing of the armistice between Egypt and Israel





Armistice line (green line)

June 1949
The situation at the end of the First Arab-Israeli war
(Armistices of Rhodes)





The UN partition plan - Between 1948 and 1967 500 Palestinian villages were destroyed

After 1967, 10 more refugee camps were created and many refugees who had been placed in the West Bank had to take refuge in other camps, several of them abroad.



The refugee camps in 1948-1949

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nakba>

1948 - 1949
The first big wave of Palestinian refugees: about 850'000 people.

For the Palestinians this is the **NAKBA** 198
 (the catastrophe)

60'000 of them had already lost everything between 1920 and 1948

At the same time hundreds of thousand of Jews moved to Israel from other Arab countries



The exodus routes

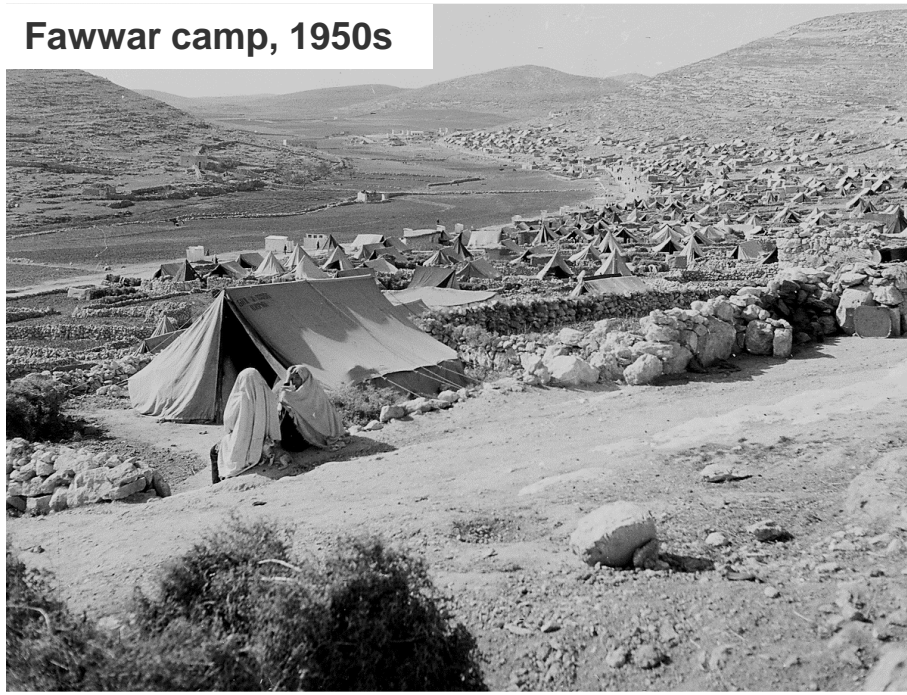
Palestinian refugees are installed in makeshift camps set up by the Red Cross



199

1952 - Nahr El-Bared (Tripoli) / Lebanon: the first Palestinian refugee camp

Fawwar camp, 1950s

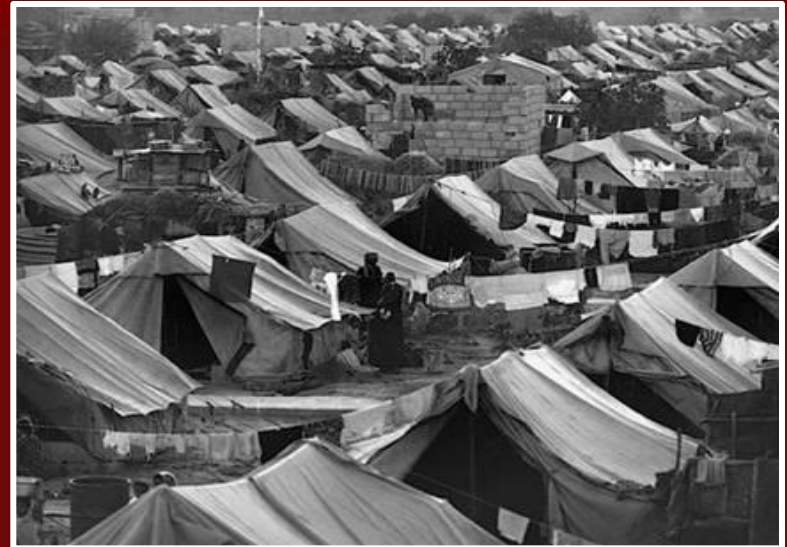
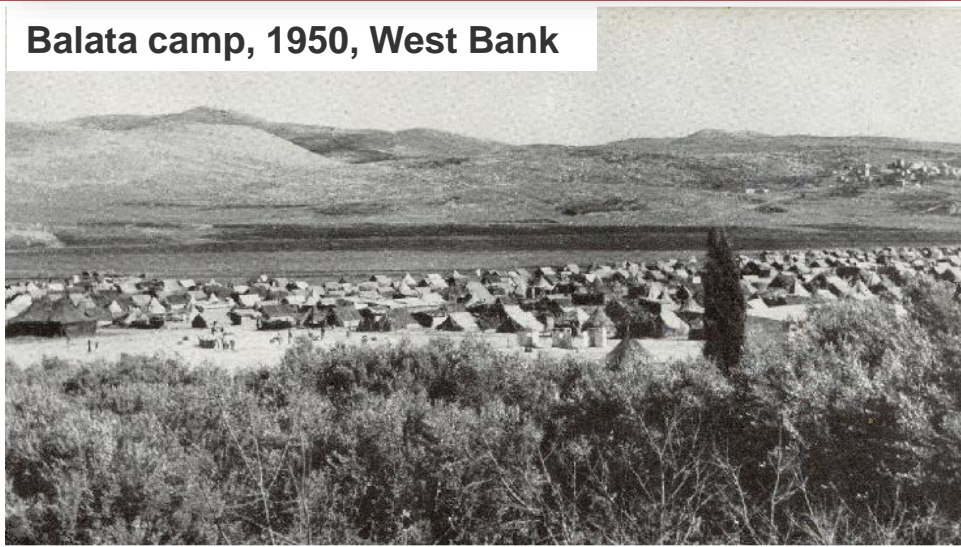


Some refugees arrive in Jordan

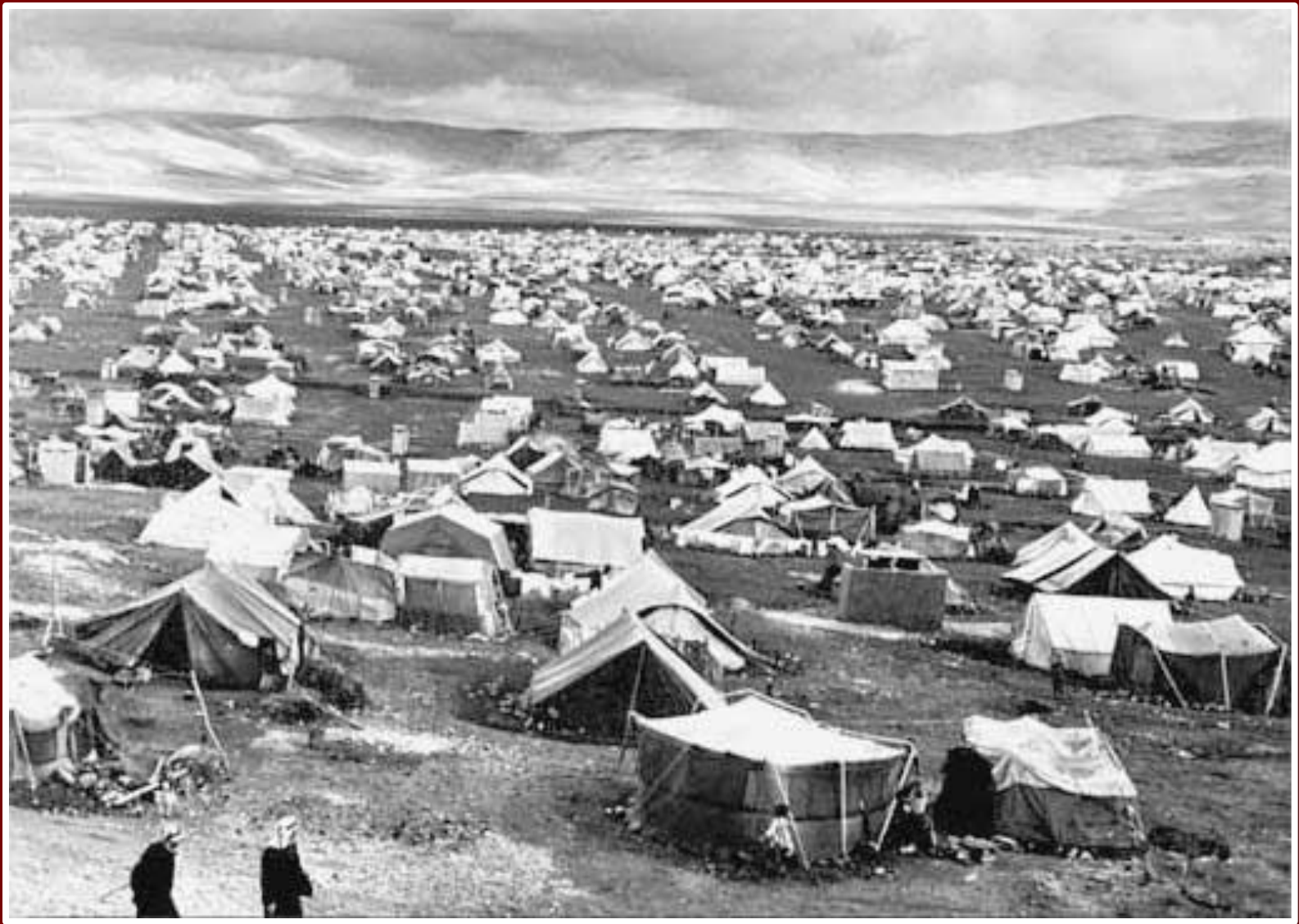
1948 - The camps for
palestinian refugees

200

Balata camp, 1950, West Bank



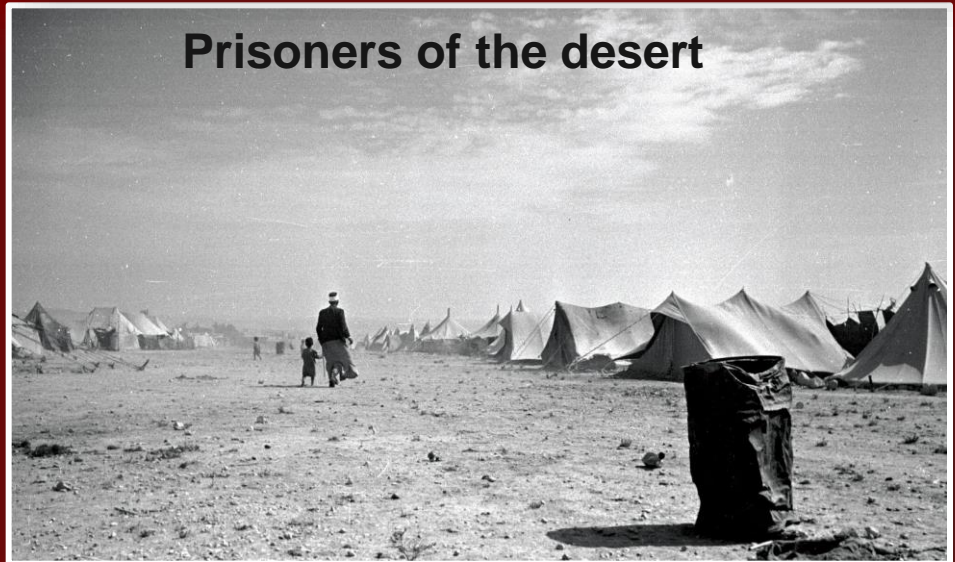
Camp in Syria, 1948



1948 - Palestinian refugee camp

**1947 – 1949
The Palestinians
refugees camps**

About 800'000 Palestinians, expelled from their homes, have to live in refugee camps while Jewish immigrants settle in their properties in Palestine.

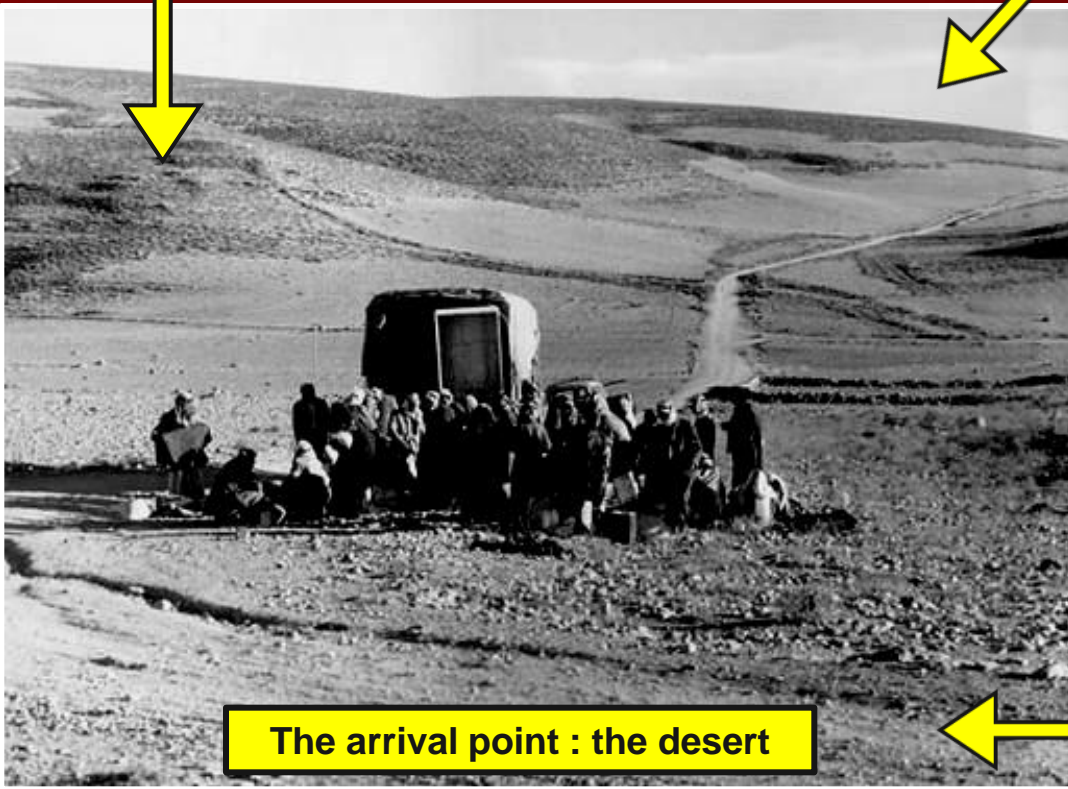




Escape from Haifa, April 1948



Palestinians escaping



The arrival point : the desert

1948 - 1949
The Nakba
(the catastrophe)

Forced departure

203



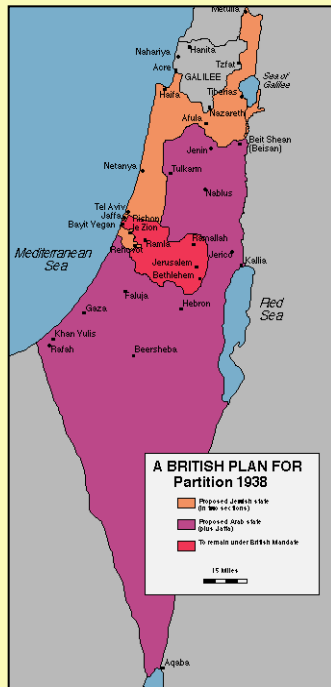
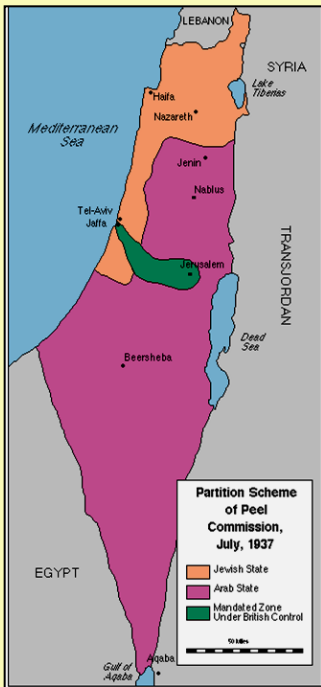
Haganah jeep

The Nakba
(the catastrophe)

In 1948 - 1949 the Zionists destroyed approximately 500 Palestinian villages and townships, expelled around 800'000 people and killed about 15,000 people. For Palestinians this is the Nakba.



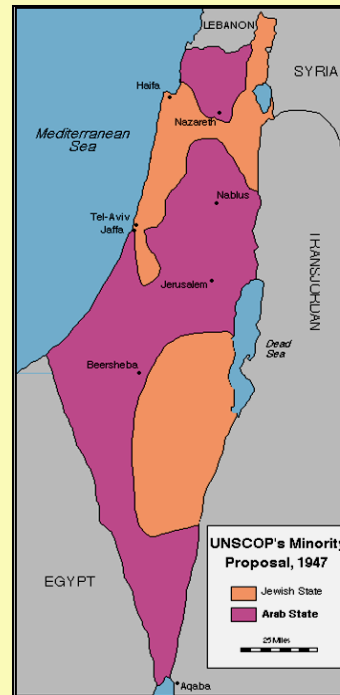
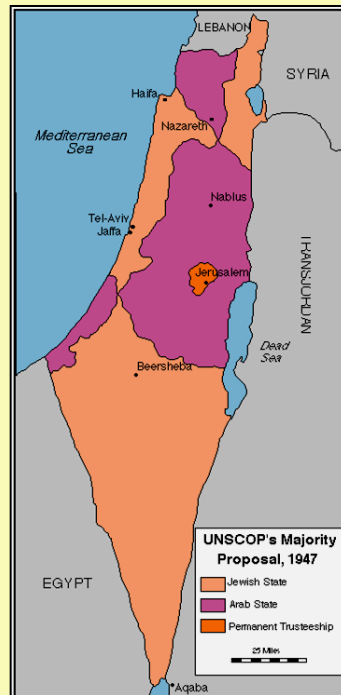
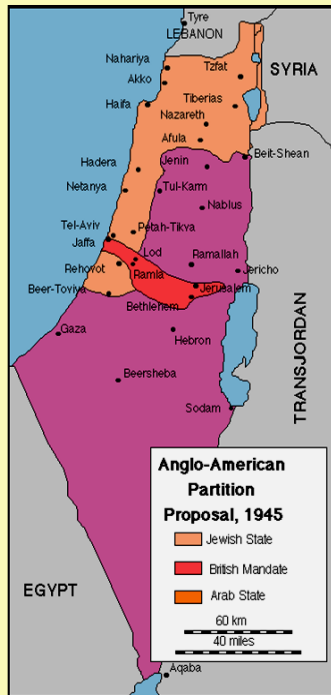
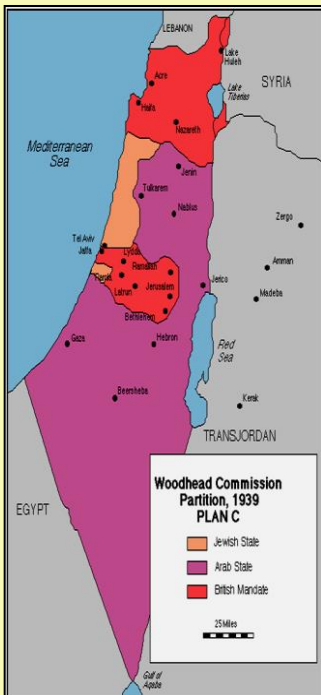
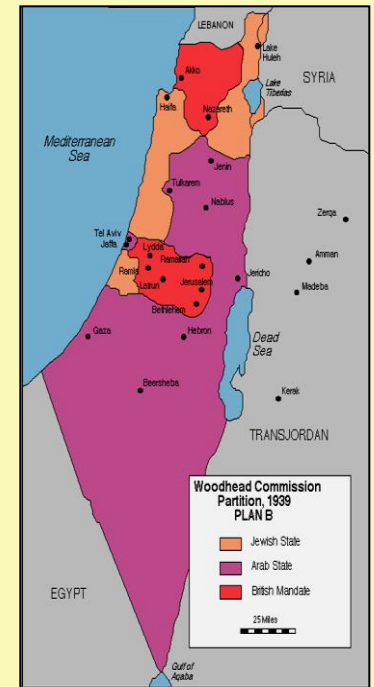
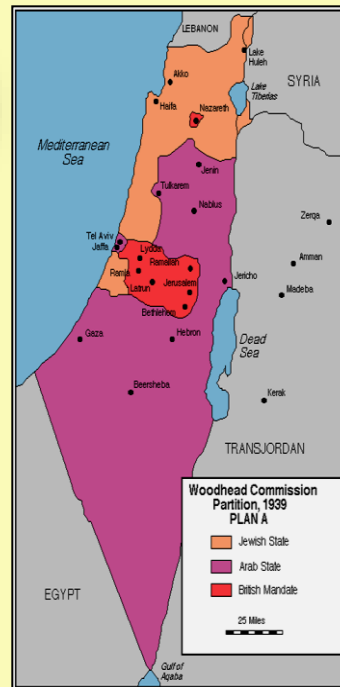
Year 2000 : « Look, my house was there »



From 1937 to 1949 countless partition proposals brought nothing

Still today the situation is unchanged.

205





With **resolution 194** of **1948**

the UN confirms the right of return to their homes for Palestinian refugees

With **resolution 273** of **1949**

Israel is admitted to membership of the UN.

With its admission Israel accepts responsibility to respect UN resolutions.

On the other hand, Israel propagates

- laws and decrees that forbid the re-entry of Palestinian refugees
- laws and decrees for the confiscation of Palestinians properties

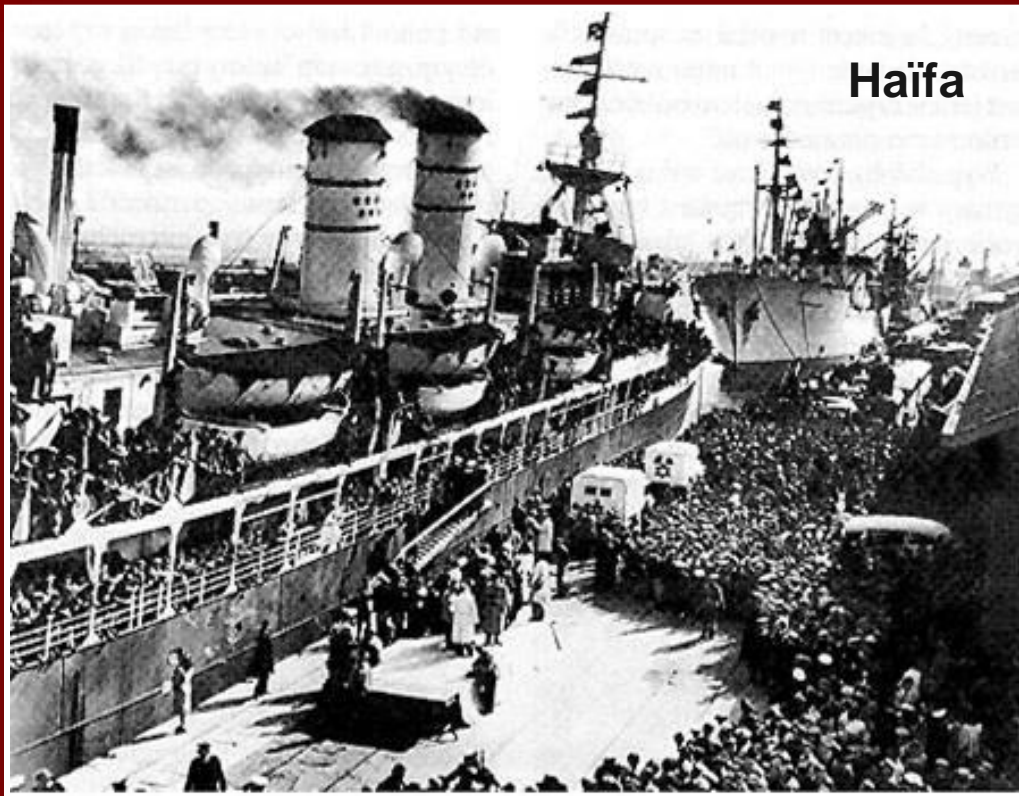
Israel empties and destroys about 420 Palestinian villages expelling the inhabitants





In contrast with UN Resolution 194 and 242, Israel forbids and prevents the re-entry of most of the Palestinian refugees.

Refugees who secretly try to re-enter are arrested and often killed.



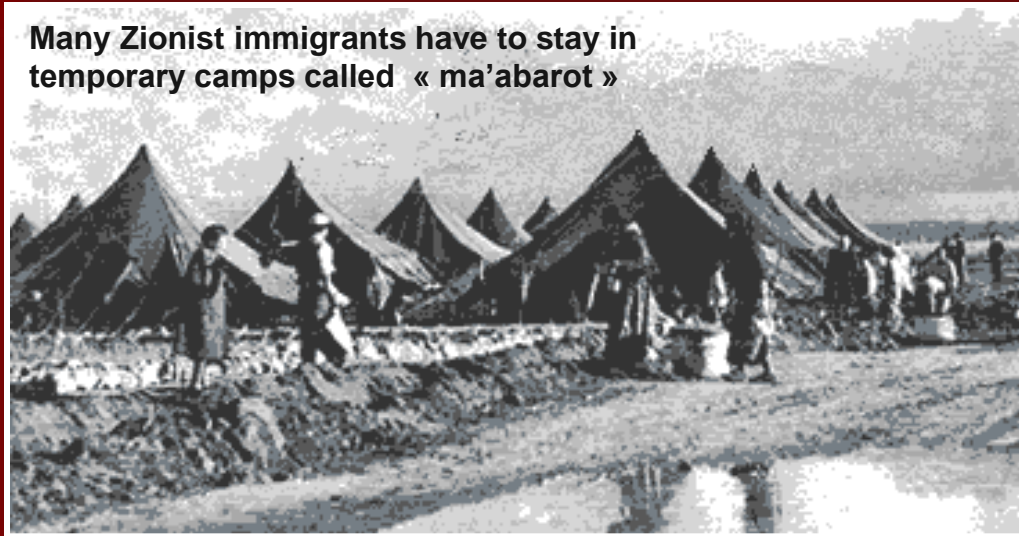
Haifa



**1949 - Arrival of
Zionist
immigrants
formerly interned
in Cyprus by the
British**

208

**Many Zionist immigrants have to stay in
temporary camps called « ma'abarot »**





1949 The Israelis transferring Jews from Yemen to Israel

Operation Magic carpet

May 25. 1991 Operation Solomon: the Israelis transfer 15'000 Jews from Ethiopia to Israel



Jewish immigration to Palestine / Israel

In 1949 and in the following years a lot of Jews emigrated to Israel from Arab countries.

1985 Arrival of the falascià of Ethiopia

2020 Arrival of ethiopean Jew

Land kissing or land stealing? 209



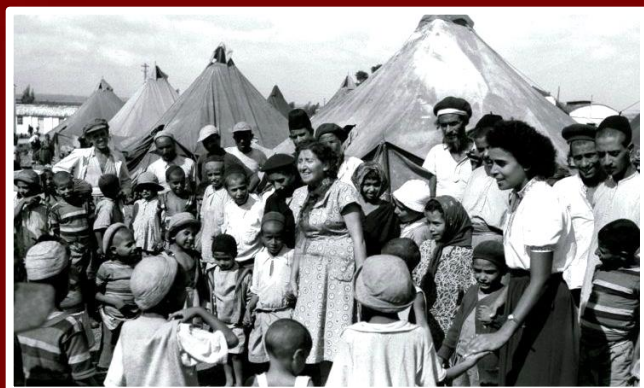


1950 - 1951 Iraqi Jews on the plane to Israel.



1951 - Iraqi Jews leaving Lod airport (Israel) on their way to ma'abara transit camp,

The arrival of Mizrahi Jews



Just arrived to the camp.

During David Ben-Gurion's political career Zionists deliberate using false flag anti-Semitism to Iraqi Jewish communities to persuade them to immigrate to Israel. Now some Iraqi-Jews want their citizenship reinstated.



1950 - Lid transit camp, Israel,



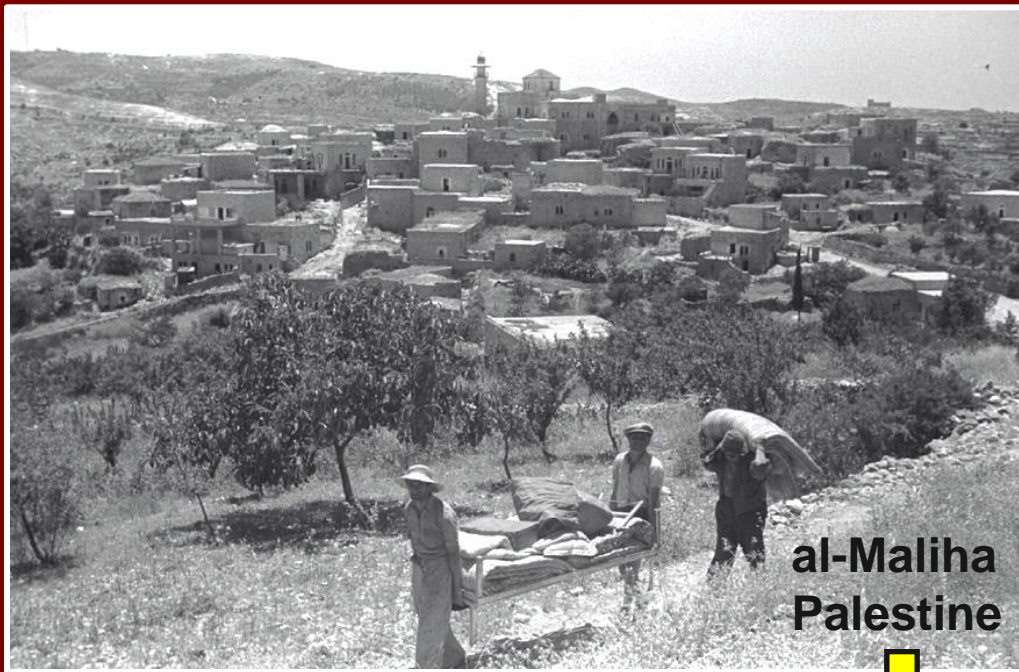
Jewish immigrants get possession of the properties stolen from Palestinians



**1948
and
following
211**



Beit Dajan, 1948



**al-Maliha
Palestine**

**The village of al-Maliha,
district of Jerusalem, after
expulsion of the inhabitants
occurred on
July 14, 1948.**

In the foreground, some Zionist settlers
looting Palestinian homes.

Today the village of al-Maliha is called
Malha and is inhabited by Zionist settlers.



The
minaret
remained



Malha, Israel





Before 1948 the Katamon House in East Jerusalem was the property of a Palestinian family

1948
The Zionists
seize and
occupy the
homes of
Palestinians



This home was built by Elias Mughnem a Christian Palestinian in the 1920s and was confiscated by the Zionists in 1948. In 2009 the home was for sale for 9 million dollars. The Zionists hid the works of art of the Mughnem family in Switzerland.



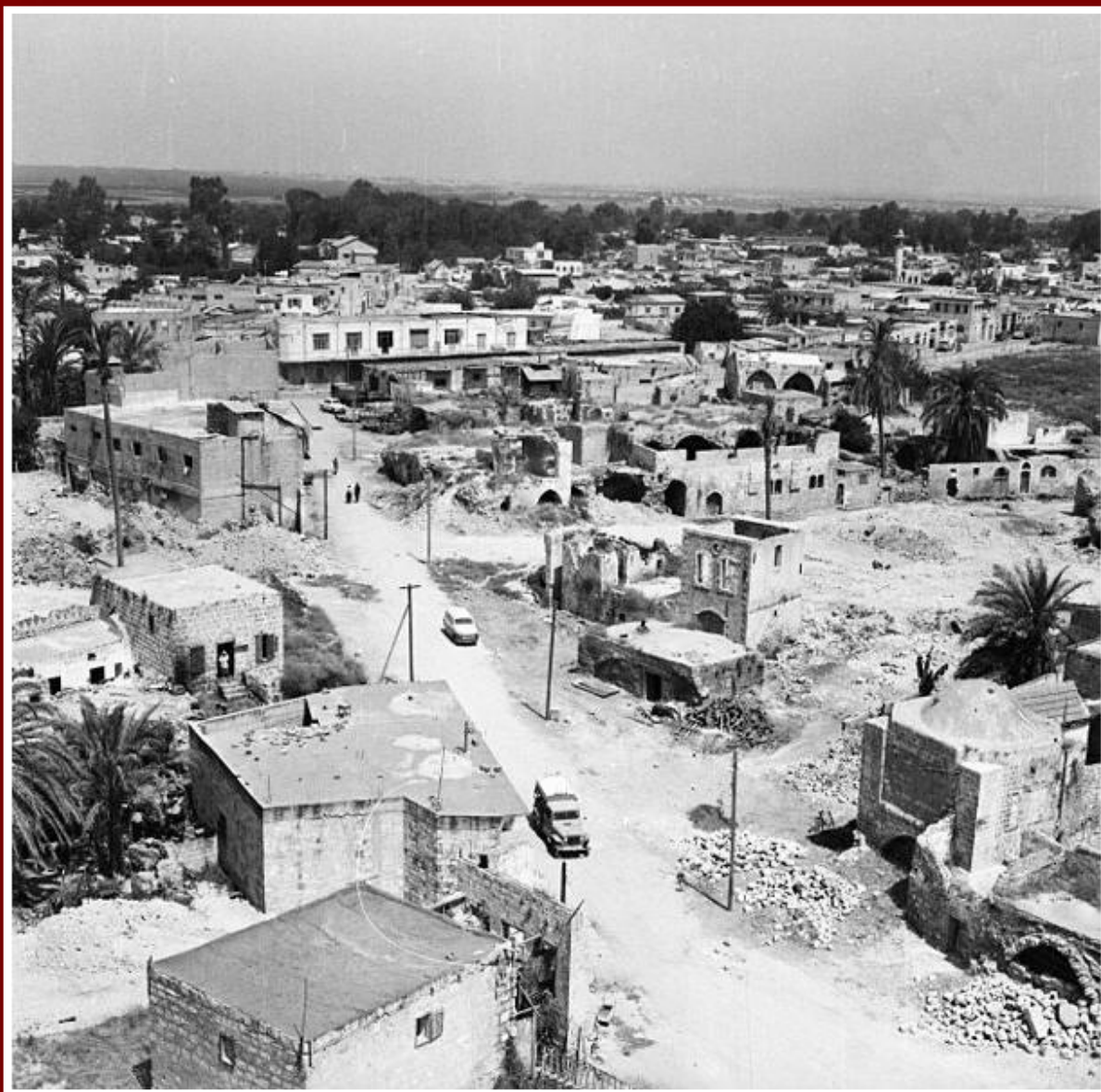
Usurped
Palestinian
home

Today the houses of Deir Yassin are occupied by Zionist families: now Givat Shaul, neighborhood Jerusalem.





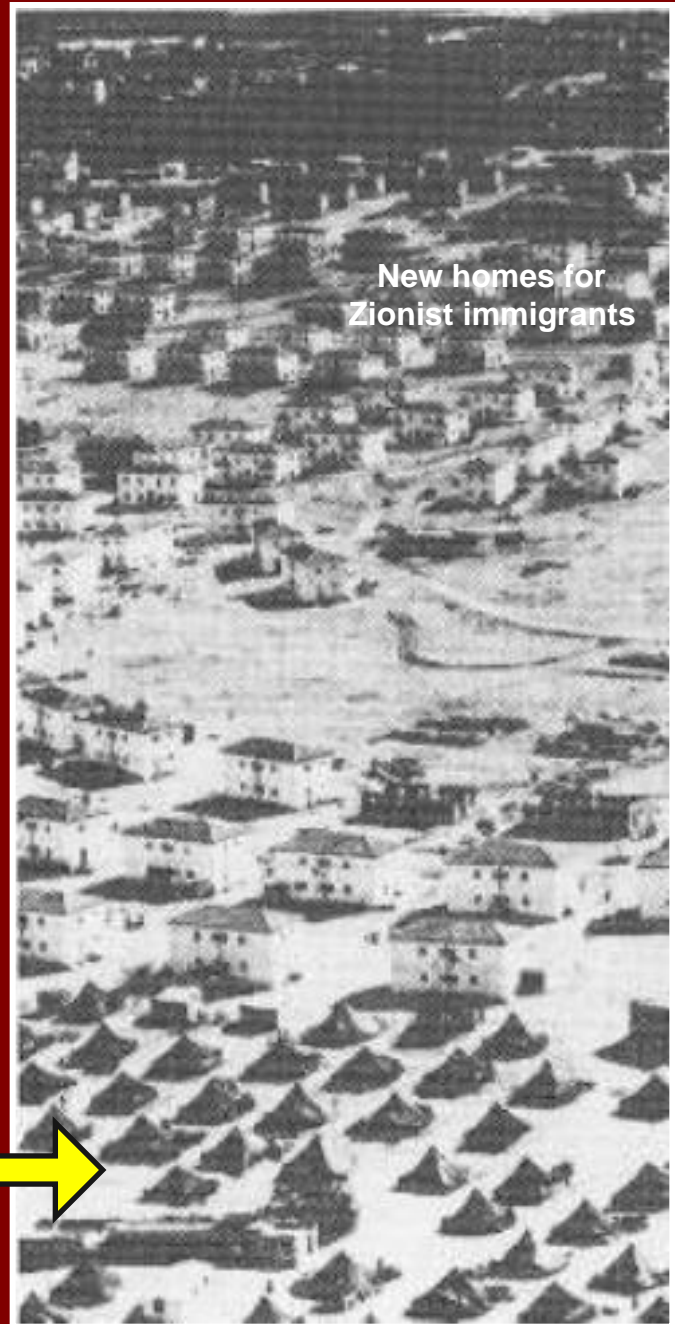
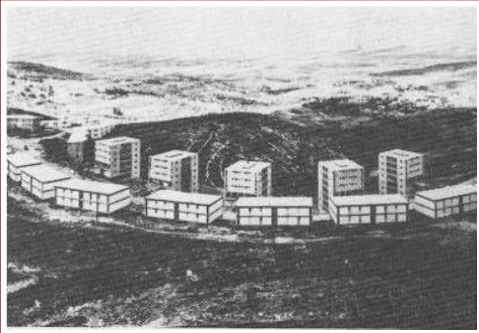
1935 - Talbieh. This Jerusalem suburb of a Christian arab community, has been usurped by the Zionist in 1948



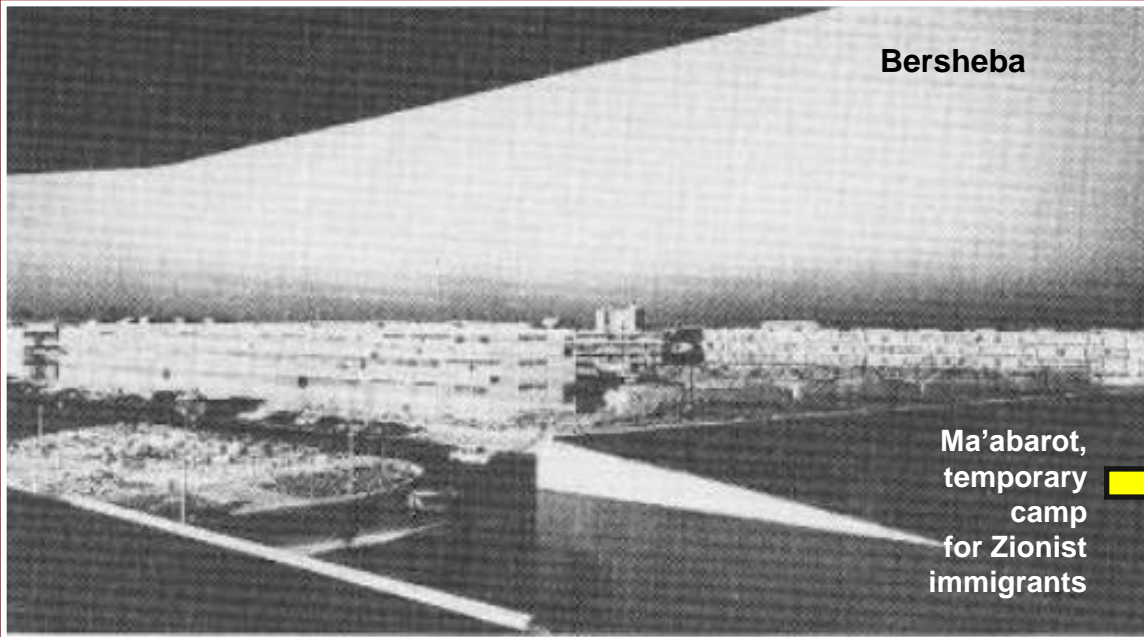
1951
The city of
Lydda (now
called Lod)
occupied and
inhabited by
the Zionists



Since 1948 the Israelis have colonized the territories stolen from the Palestinians in a planned way.



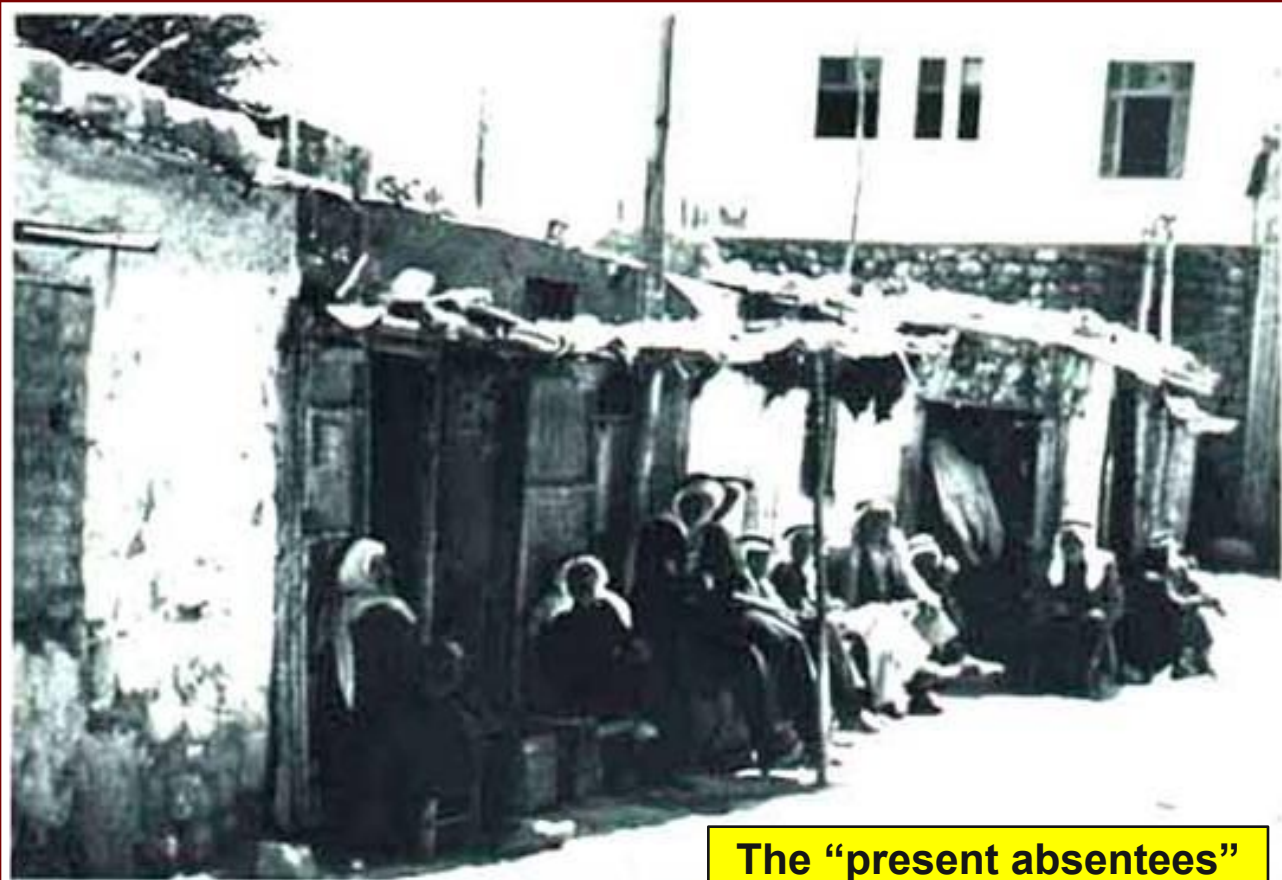
New homes for Zionist immigrants



Bersheba

Ma'abarot, temporary camp for Zionist immigrants

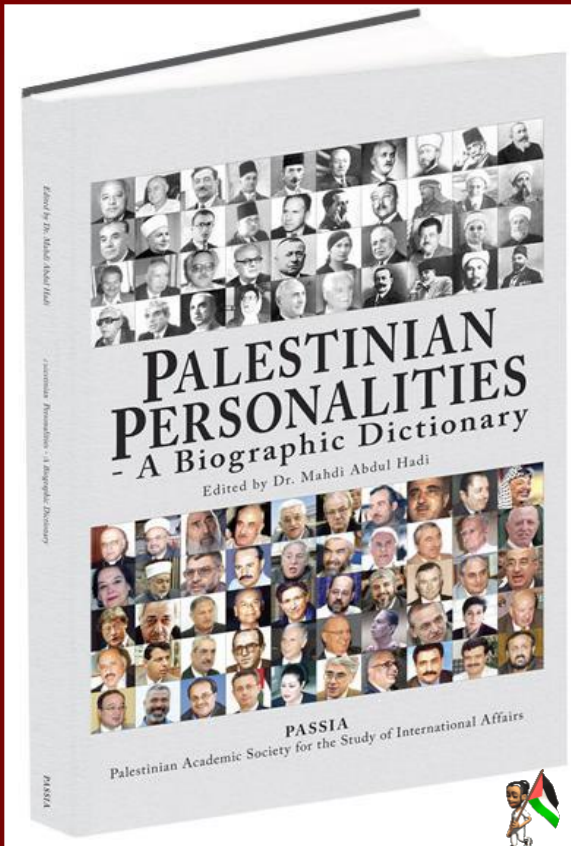




The “present absentees”

رجال سحماتا في مخيم تكنة غورو - القشلة - بعد النكبة
عام 1950

1950 - Al Geshla, Jordanian border. Palestinian refugees left in Israel's territory are considered "squatters". Even though a lot of them later received Israeli citizenship, their future is uncertain. They are also not allowed to reoccupy their confiscated homes under the Absentees Act: they are “present absentees”.



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/All-Palestine_Government



Palestinian national congress, Haifa 1920



Fourth palestinian national congress, Jerusalem 1921



First palestinian delegation in London, 1921



Palestinian delegation in London 1929



Palestinian national congress , Jerusalem 1930



Palestinian national congress , Gaza 1948



The Palestinian independence declaration, Gaza 1950



Yasser Arafat

(charismatic Palestinian leader)

219

Born on August 24th 1929 in Cairo

1948: he founds Fatah, the organisation of Palestinian resistance

1956 : Fatah take part in war operations

1968 : battle of Karamé (Jordan)

1969 : elected president of the PLO, an overarching organisation of the Palestinian resistance groups. The PLO confirms itself as the representative of the Palestinian people

1974, November 13th, speech at the UNO

1988 : elected president of Palestine

1988 : speech at the UNO (in Geneva because the USA denied him an entrance visa)

1993 : In the White house (USA) he signs a peace treaty with Israel

1994 : Nobel Peace Prize. II. president of the PNA

2004, November, death in Paris

He was one of the very few high ranking Palestinian leaders that was not assassinated by the Israelis (he was probably poisoned), although, he was confined for many years in his general quarters in Ramallah.

From July 1949

(Armistices of Rhodes)

to June 1967

(Six days war)

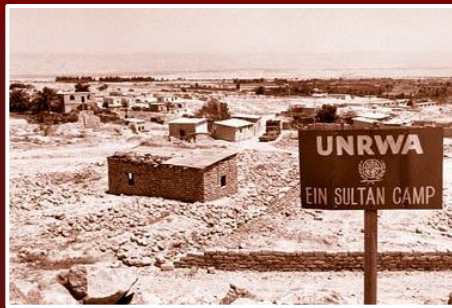


1948 Truman – Ben Gurion

After the first Arab-Israel war (Armistices of Rhodes) the events in Palestine are more and more intertwined in the milieu of the Cold war with Israel a close ally of the United States of America and some Arab states allied with the Soviet Union.

The unconditioned help of the USA (quantified up until 1997 in 91 billion \$) allowed the Israelis to drive back the attacks of the Arab countries and to follow up until today its politics of the conquest and occupation of Palestine and domination of the Middle East.

As everybody knows, the Cold war was won by the USA. Thus, the present politics of Israel must be included in the global project of American imperialism to dominate the world.



1949 - The UNO creates the UNRWA, the UN relief and work agency for Palestine refugees

The UNRWA officially begins its activity on June 1st. 1950

221





UNWRA: After school activities



Food given by the UNWRA

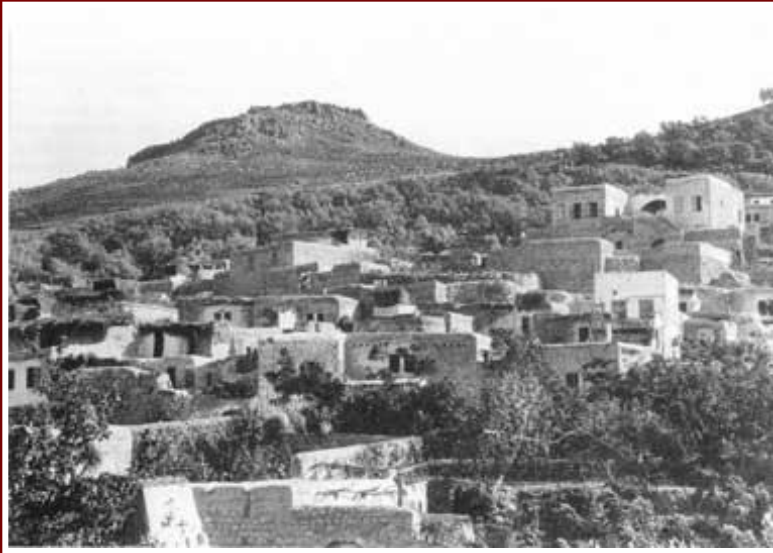


In the refugee camps
Palestinians
survive with
the help of
UNRWA



Life in the
refugee camps 222





The village of Hittin 1934

July 16–17, 1948, violating the promises, all the inhabitants of the village of Hittin were evacuated.



Only the minaret of Hittin is left

The destruction of Palestinian villages continues

223



The village of Iqrit in the 1930s

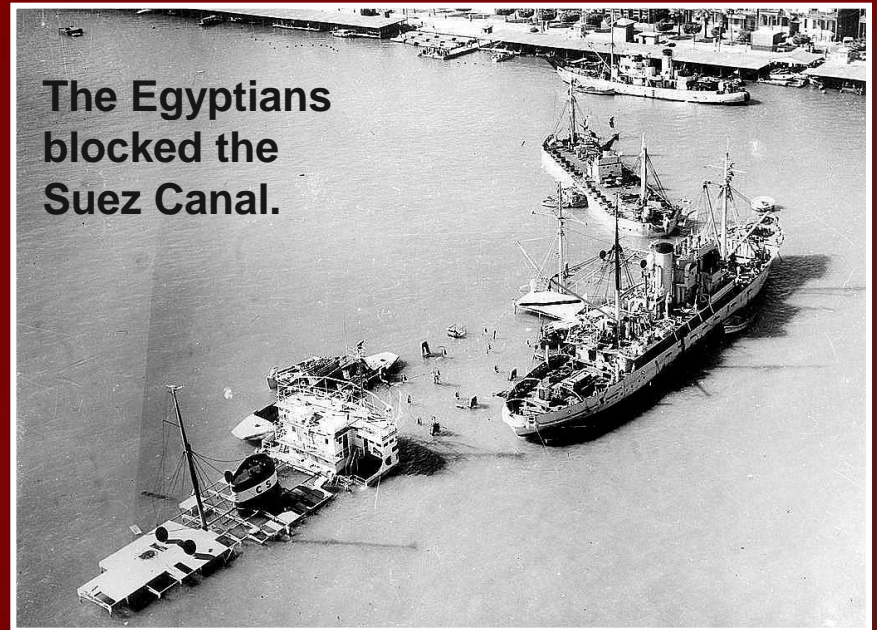
The Christian Palestinian village of Iqrit (on the border with Lebanon) was destroyed by the Israelis on Christmas day in **1951**. The mukhtar of this Christian community was forced to assist the destruction of his village.



Only the church of Iqrit is left



The November 1956 war



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1956_Suez_Crisis

**The UK, France and Israel
attack Nasser's Egypt, for
having nationalized the Suez canal.**

224



The
President
Gamal
Nasser



The November 1956 war



November 5, 1956 - The attack on Port Said



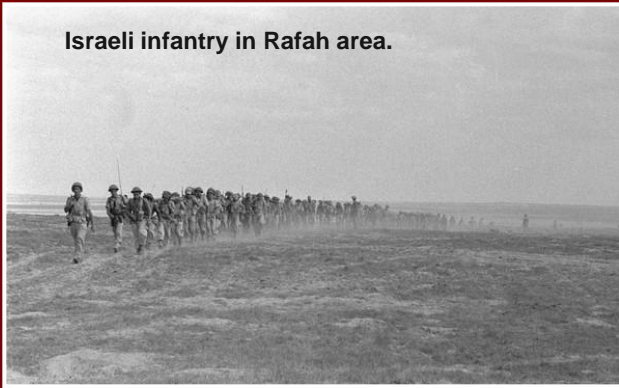
November 5, 1956 - British commandos attack Port Said.



November
1956 - Port
Said is occupied

While Israel occupies the Sinai and Gaza Strip, British helicopters cover landing forces during the attack on the Egyptian city of Port Said. Later, the great powers, fearing an extension of the conflict, forced the attackers to withdraw.

Israeli infantry in Rafah area.



1956 Israeli armored column.

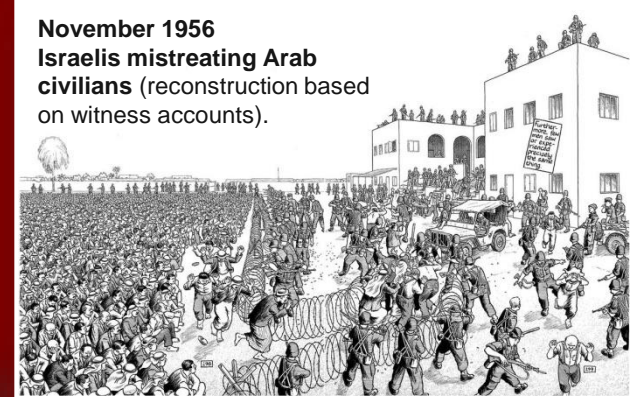
Israeli checkpoint on the border with Egypt.



1956-1957 The Israelis occupy the Gaza Strip.

In November 1956 they massacre more than 100 civilian and military prisoners in Rafah, 275 civilians in Khan Younis and 60 civilians in Gaza City. In 1957 a mass grave was discovered, containing 40 bodies. From 1948 to 1956, and from 1957 to 1967 the Gaza Strip was Egyptian territory.

November 1956 Israelis mistreating Arab civilians (reconstruction based on witness accounts).



The Israelis rake some Arab men prisoner.



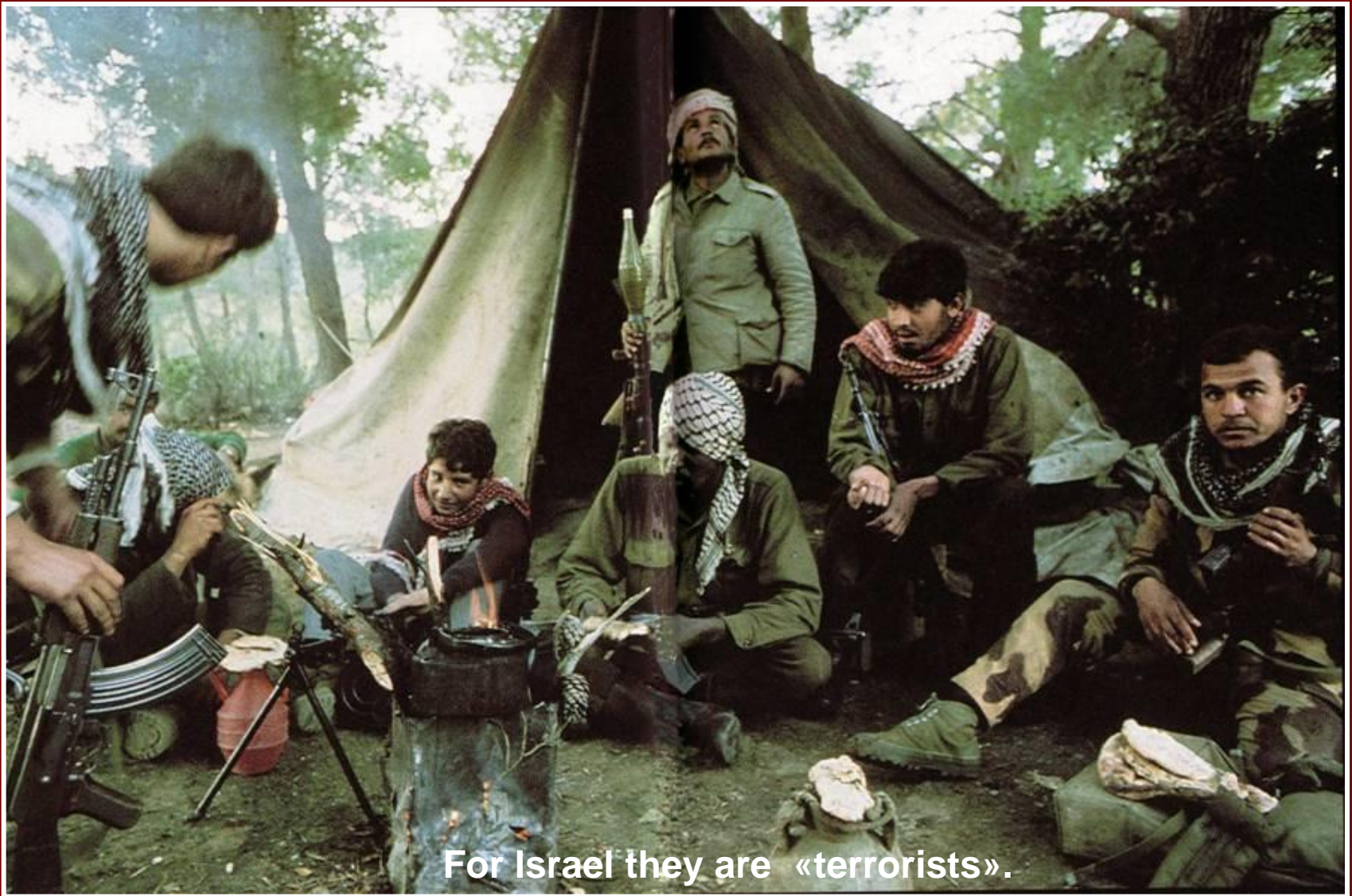
The Israelis setting up a new Arab council.



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rafah_massacre



The Israelis setting up a new Mayor in Gaza city.



For Israel they are «terrorists».

1950 - 1970 The Palestinian resistance

227



76. Home of a teacher in Qibya who was murdered with his family in the massacre perpetrated by Ariel Sharon and Israeli Commando Unit 101 in October 1953.

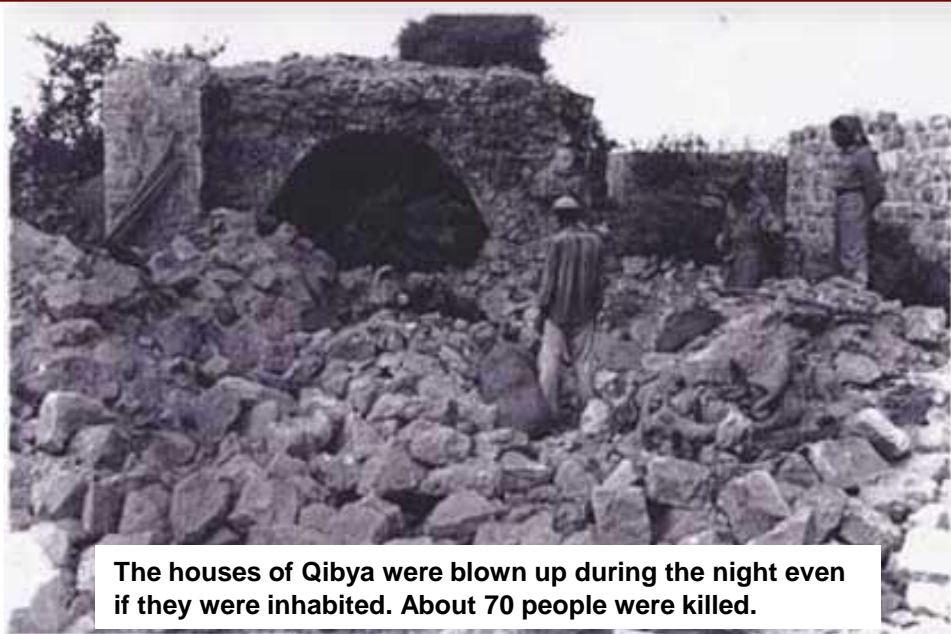


Members infamous Unit 101

The Israel bloody retaliatory acts

228

Photo : the massacre of Qibya, West Bank – 14-15 October 1953. An attack by the Israeli commando Unit 101 led by Ariel Sharon.



The houses of Qibya were blown up during the night even if they were inhabited. About 70 people were killed.



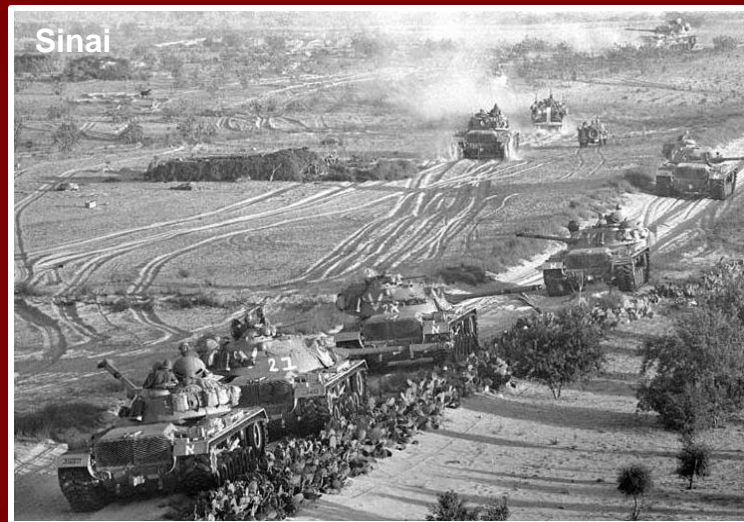
77. Victims of Qibya massacre, October 1953, in raid by Israeli Commando Unit led by Ariel Sharon.

ISRAEL and Occupied Territory (since June 10, 1967)



1967

Six Days' War



Israel attacks with anticipation the Arab States and occupies the Sinai, the West Bank with East Jerusalem, the Gaza Strip and part of the Golan Heights.

Many Palestinians are expelled by the Israelis and have to escape to Jordan, Syria, Lebanon and other countries.

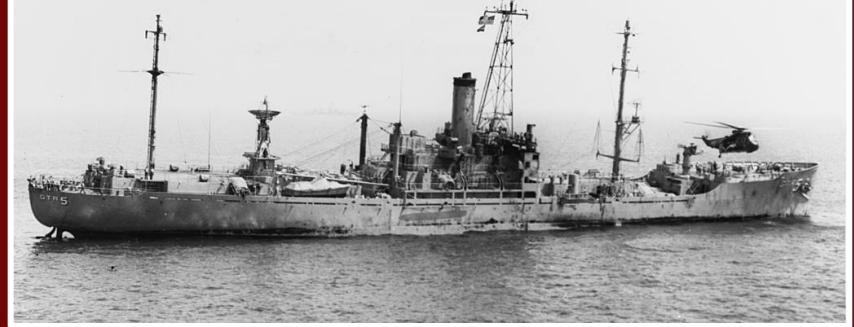
Nasser's dream





Captured Egyptian soldiers pass an Israeli convoy in the Sinai

Israeli warplanes attacked the US spy ship Liberty



**1967
Six
Days' War**

The Israeli general Moshe Dayan enters East Jerusalem

230



With a pre-emptive strike the Israeli air force destroys the Egyptian air force while it is still on the ground



East Jerusalem

Israeli Mirage aircraft





The Israelis mark the Palestinian houses they plan to demolish



The "elimination" of the Palestinian village of Latrun

Demolition of Palestinian villages after 1967

231

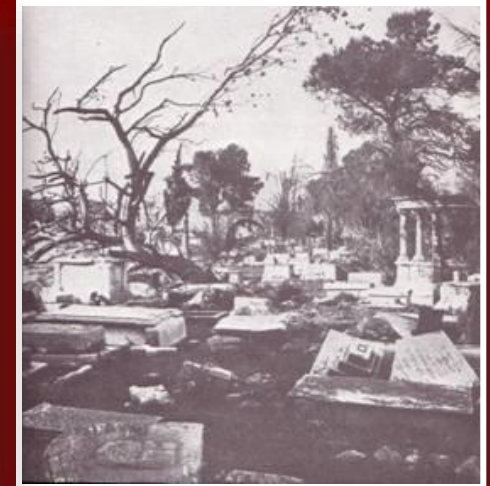
Ruins of the village of Halhul



Destruction of the camp of Jabalia



Jerusalem an orthodox Christian cemetery destroyed by the Israelis





Demolition work

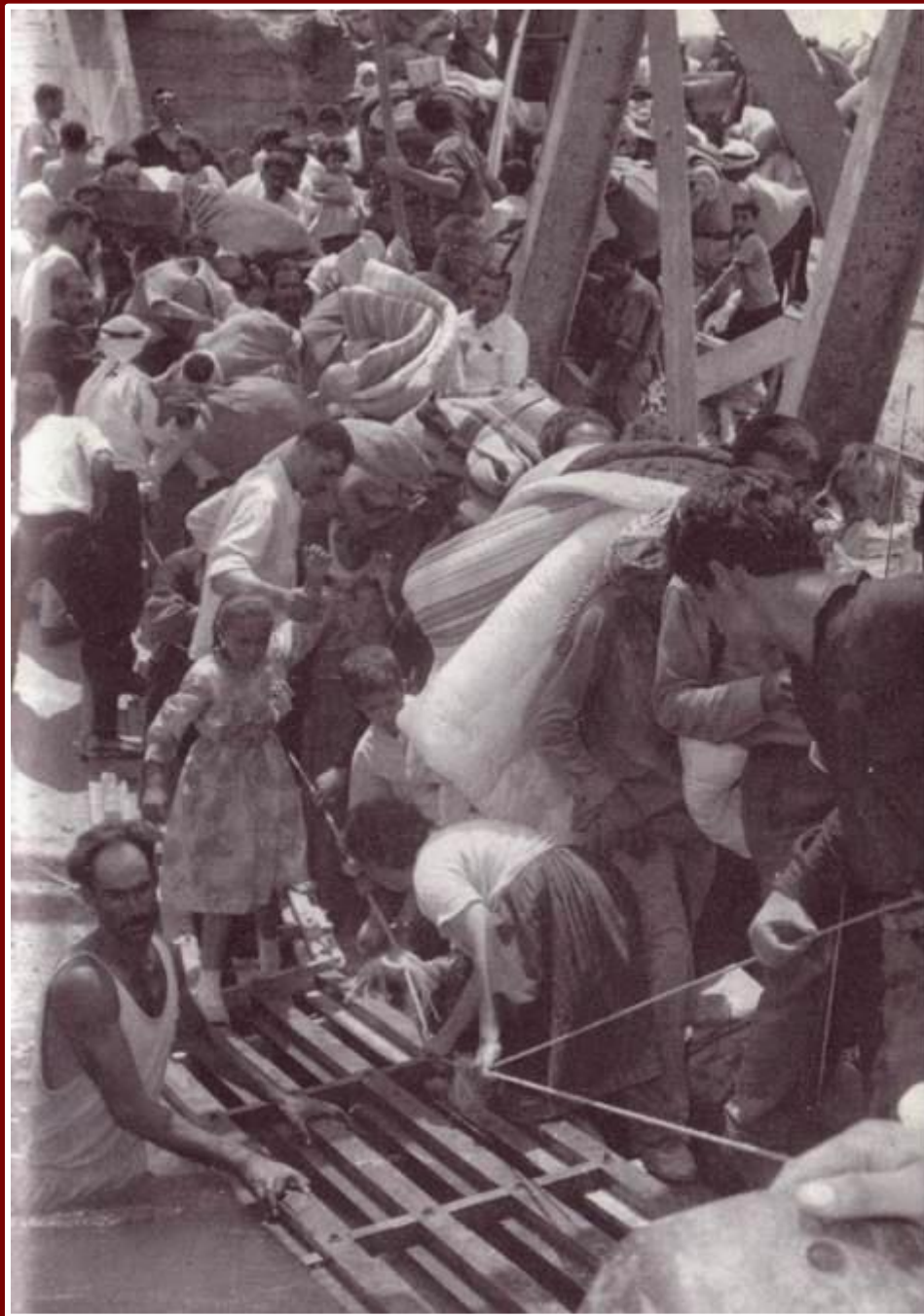


The Arab quarter al-Mugariba in
1900 with Wailing Wall



General Dayan looks at the demolition works of the Arab quarter al-Mugariba in East Jerusalem, just seized by his troops. All this to create a square in front of the Wailing Wall.

1967 - The demolition of the Arab quarter al-Mugariba



Column
of
Palestinian
refugees



1967
Second great wave
of Palestinian refugees
(NAKSA)

233

Photo : escaping to Jordan, Palestinian refugees have to abandon their homes and cross the Jordan river over the half destroyed Allenby bridge. For many of them this is their third exodus and the third time they have lost everything.

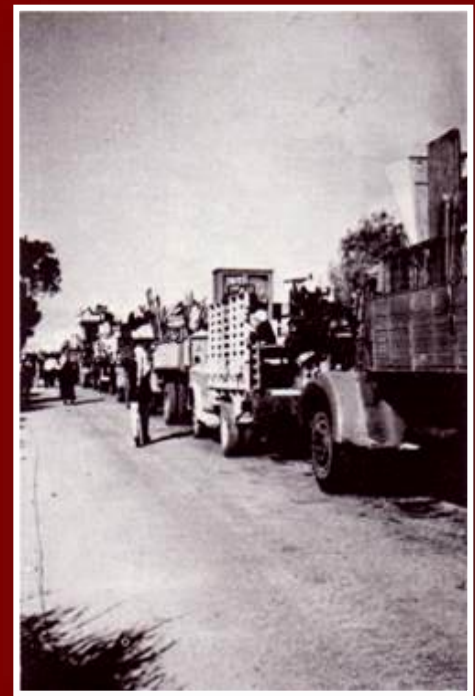


The
Palestinians
have to
leave their
houses

Palestinian
refugees
head
towards
exile

**After 1967:
a tragedy**

234



Refuges on the
way to Jordan

The Israelis search the
refuges ; they often rob
them of their property

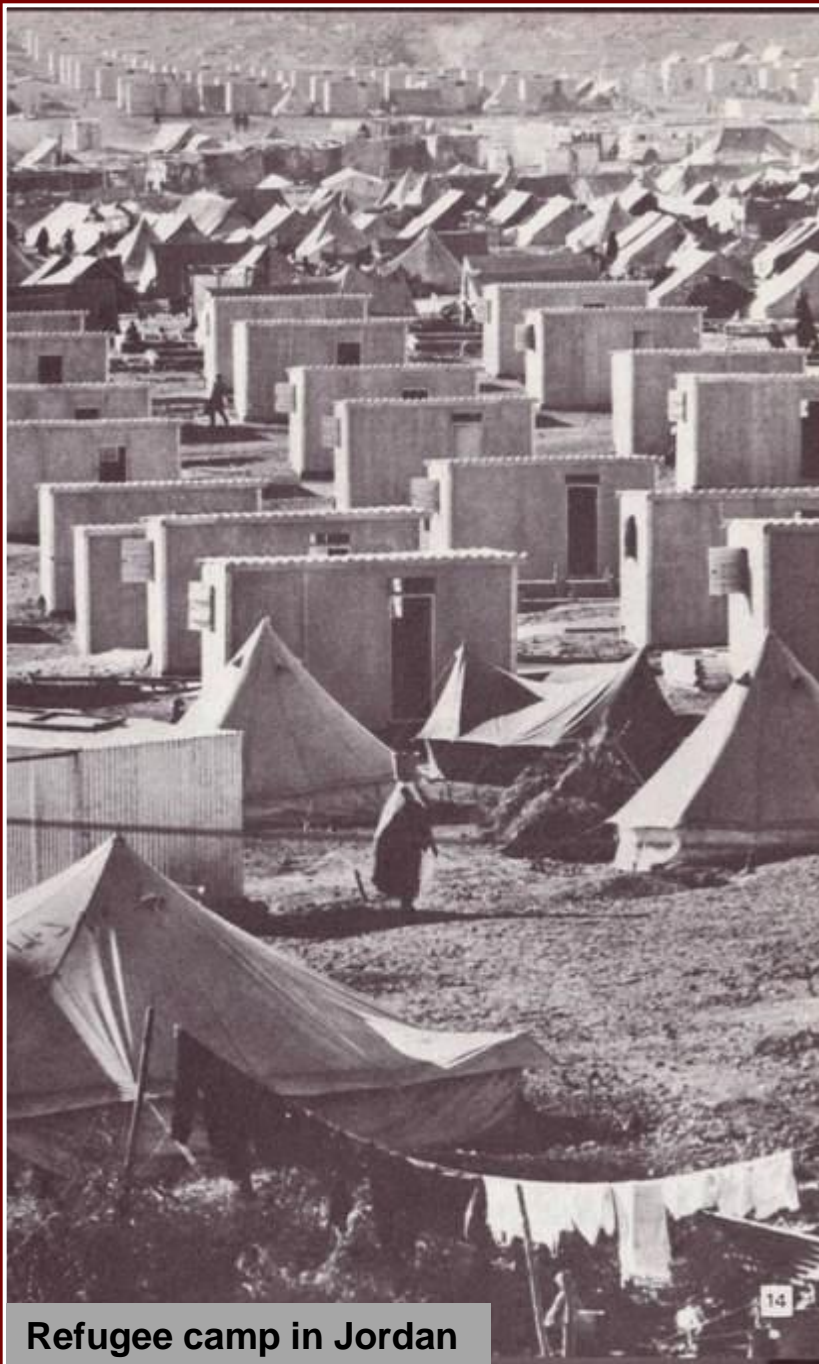




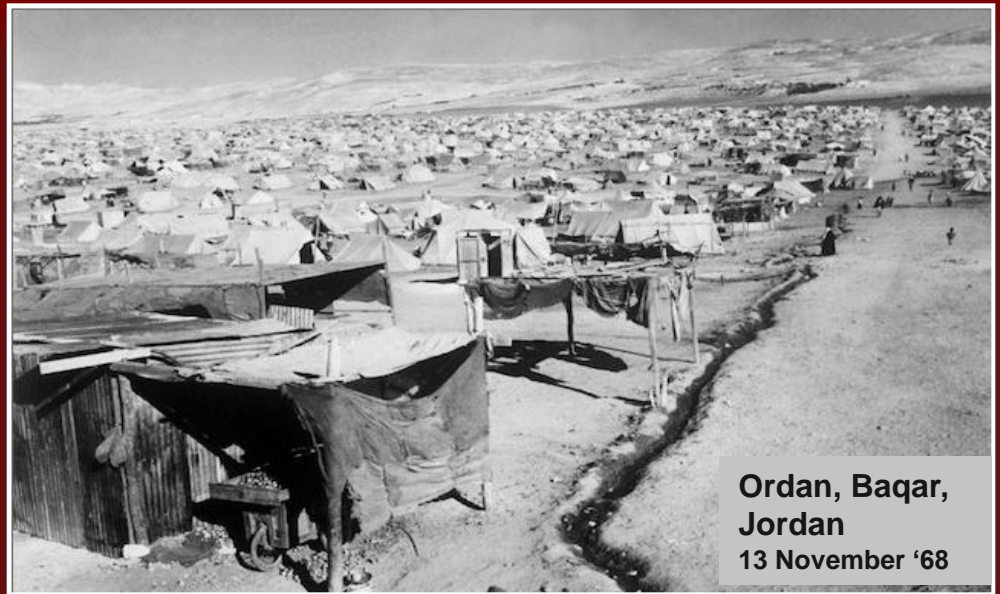
1967

Palestinian refugee camp: after their homes were stolen, the Palestinians have to stay here in tents. Note the Renault R4.

235



Refugee camp in Jordan



Ordan, Baqar,
Jordan
13 November '68

1967

After the second large wave of refugees in 1967, the Palestinian refugees , registered by the UNWRA are more than 3 million in number.

236



Jenin

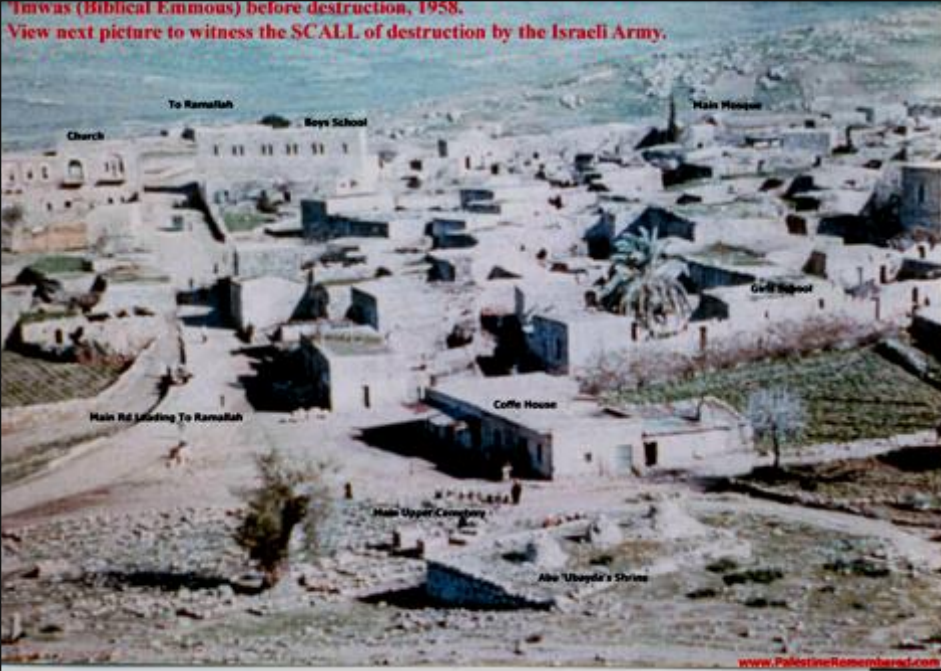
The destruction of Palestinian villages continues



**The tragic history of the village of Emmaus
Arabic name : Imwas; Al-Ramla district.**

237

Imwas (Biblical Emmaus) before destruction, 1958.
View next picture to witness the SCALL of destruction by the Israeli Army.



1967 - The destruction of the village of Emmaus

The Israelis expel the inhabitantof the Palestinian village of Emmaus (Imwas, district of al-Ramla).

238



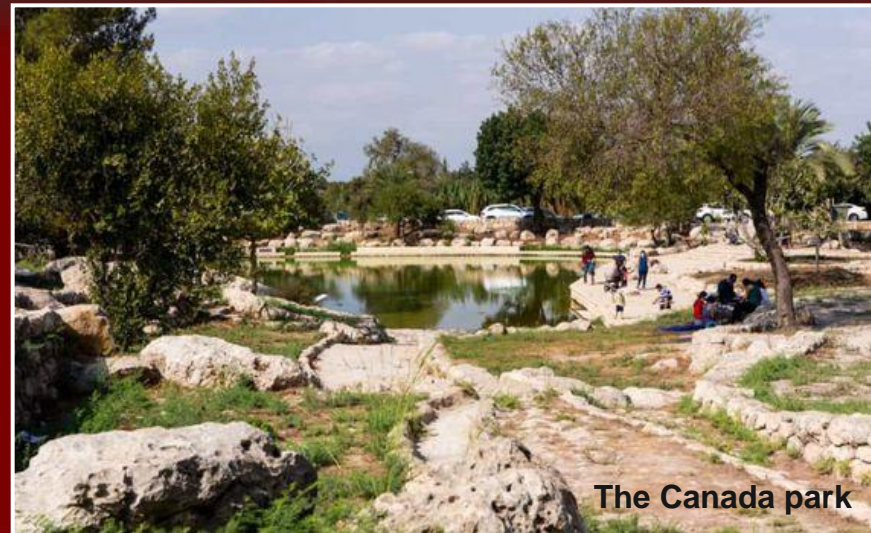


1967 - The destruction of the village of Emmaus

239

The houses are demolished and the rubble are buried. Instead of the village there is now the "Canada Park" reserved for Israelis only.

The Palestinian villages of Emmaus, Yalo and Dayr-Ayyub and their inhabitants have literally "disappeared".



The Canada park

PALESTINE

THE MODERN PERIOD

PART IV

From the war of 1967 to 1995

(occupation and repression)



Israel must invent dangers, and to do this it must adapt the strategy of provocation and revenge.

General Moshe Dayan



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/UN_Resolution_242

November 22, 1967 - With resolution 242 the UN orders Israel to withdraw from the militarily conquered territories (as this kind of occupation is contrary to Chapter 4 of the UN Charter)

In response, Israel intensifies its campaign of confiscation of Palestinian land and colonization of Palestinian and Syrian territories occupied after the 1967 war.

Furthermore in the Palestinian territories Israel exerts strong repression of the native population and start a attrition war against Egypt and Jordan.

At the UN Security Council the USA systematically uses their veto to inhibit every resolution unfavorable to Israel.



Golan

The colonisation of the territories occupied during the 6 days war

July 1967

The Israeli Allon plan

For the confiscation and colonisation of the occupied territories and ghettoing of the Palestinian people.

In spite of the UN resolutions, in the following decades Israel will strive to implement the Allon plan


Territories that Israel wants to control as described in the Allon plan





Colonisation: construction of settlements in the occupied territories.

In sequence:
from outpost to colonie.



Zionism is a form of settlement colonialism.



1 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israeli_outpost 243





Colonisation

The new and illegal settlement of Leshim was built on the West Bank Palestinian village of Kafr al-Dik near Salfit - photo 7 December 2012



Colonisation

The Israeli settlement of Ariel dominate Mirda and Salfit



Settlements

The Israeli settlement of Gilo is a part of the belt of settlements that strangle the Arab neighborhoods of East Jerusalem

246



Settlements

The US multinational Real estate company RE / MAX is active in building and handling property in the settlements reserved for Jews only and illegally built on Palestinian land, such as Ariel in the West Bank.

Settlements: Ma'ale Adumim



Ma'ale Adumim. Israeli colony near Jerusalem. In 1975, around 100 Israelis settled there illegally. In 1977 the government of Menachem Begin granted permission for a permanent settlement. In the 1990s the approximately 1'100 Bedouins who lived there were driven out. Today M.A. covers about 14 Km², it has about 40'000 inhabitants (Israelis), has swimming pools and also a small artificial lake. According to Peace Now 86.4% of this settlement is built on land confiscated to the Palestinians. Together with the colonies of Mishor_Adumim, Kfar_Adumim, Alon and Gilo, Ma'ale Adumin forms a planned urban belt that surrounds and suffocates East Jerusalem and cuts the West Bank in two.



Map of Israeli settlements in the West Bank



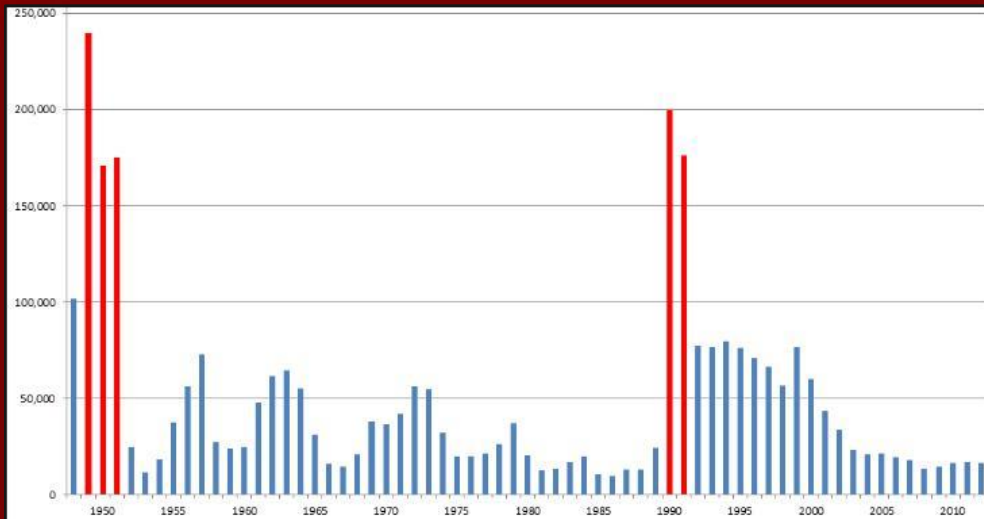
Colonisation

Israeli settlers from Ofra marching to Jerusalem to ask the government for more support

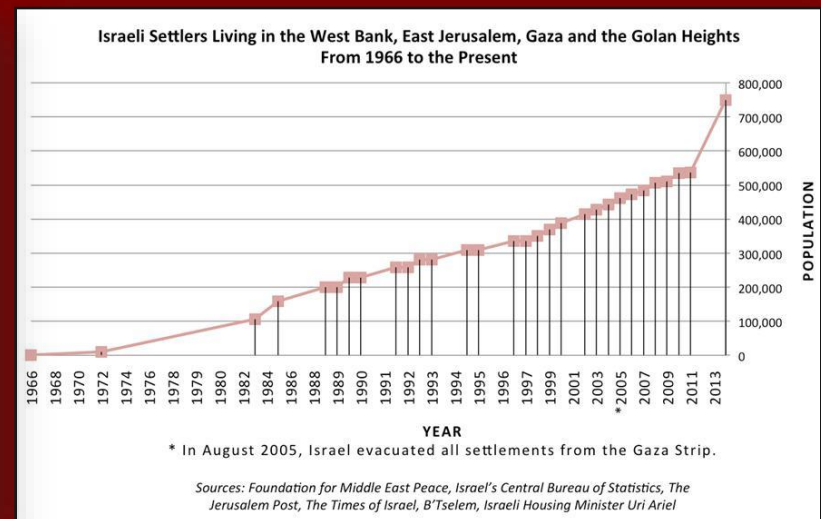


Hebron settlers





Immigrants to Israel

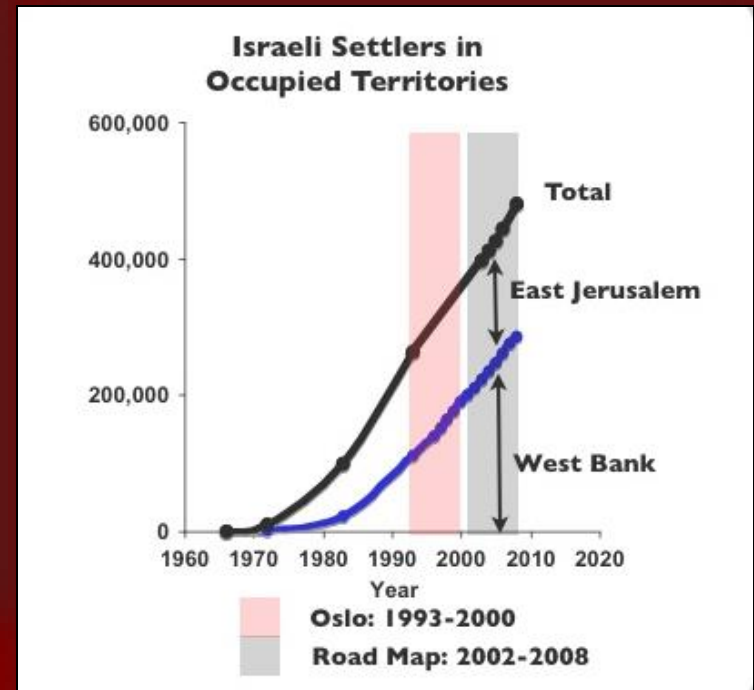
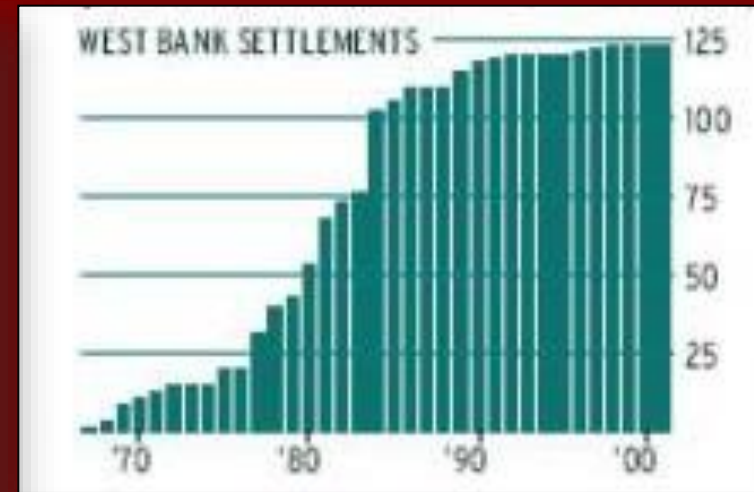
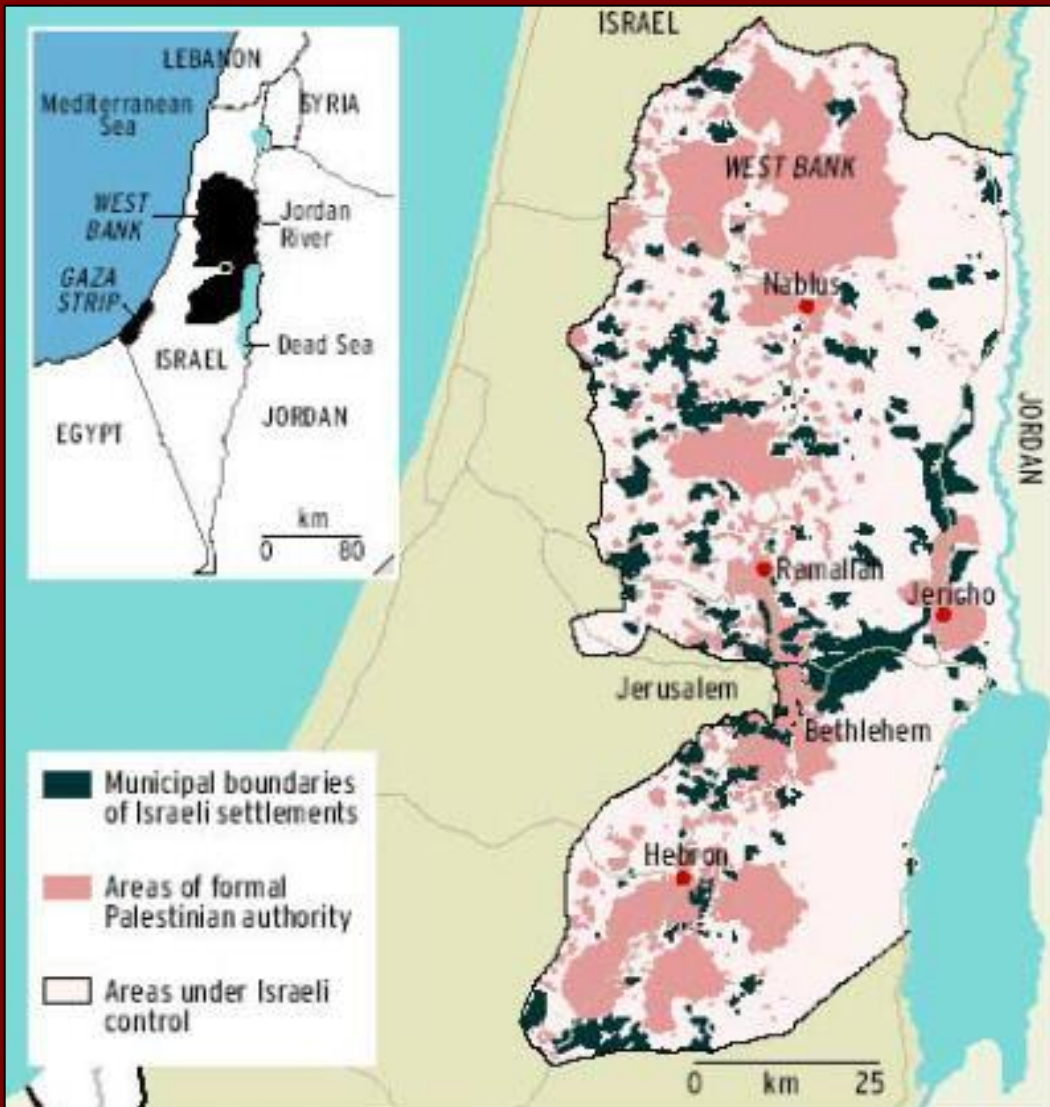


Israeli settlers

The growth of immigration to Israel and of Israeli settlers in the occupied territories since 1948

The diagram indicates that immigration accounts for an important part of the demographic growth in Israel and that after 1967 a part of the immigrants settled in the occupied territories. Notice also the peak of arrivals in 1949-1951 (foundation of Israel) and 1991-1992 (arrival of immigrants from the former USSR).

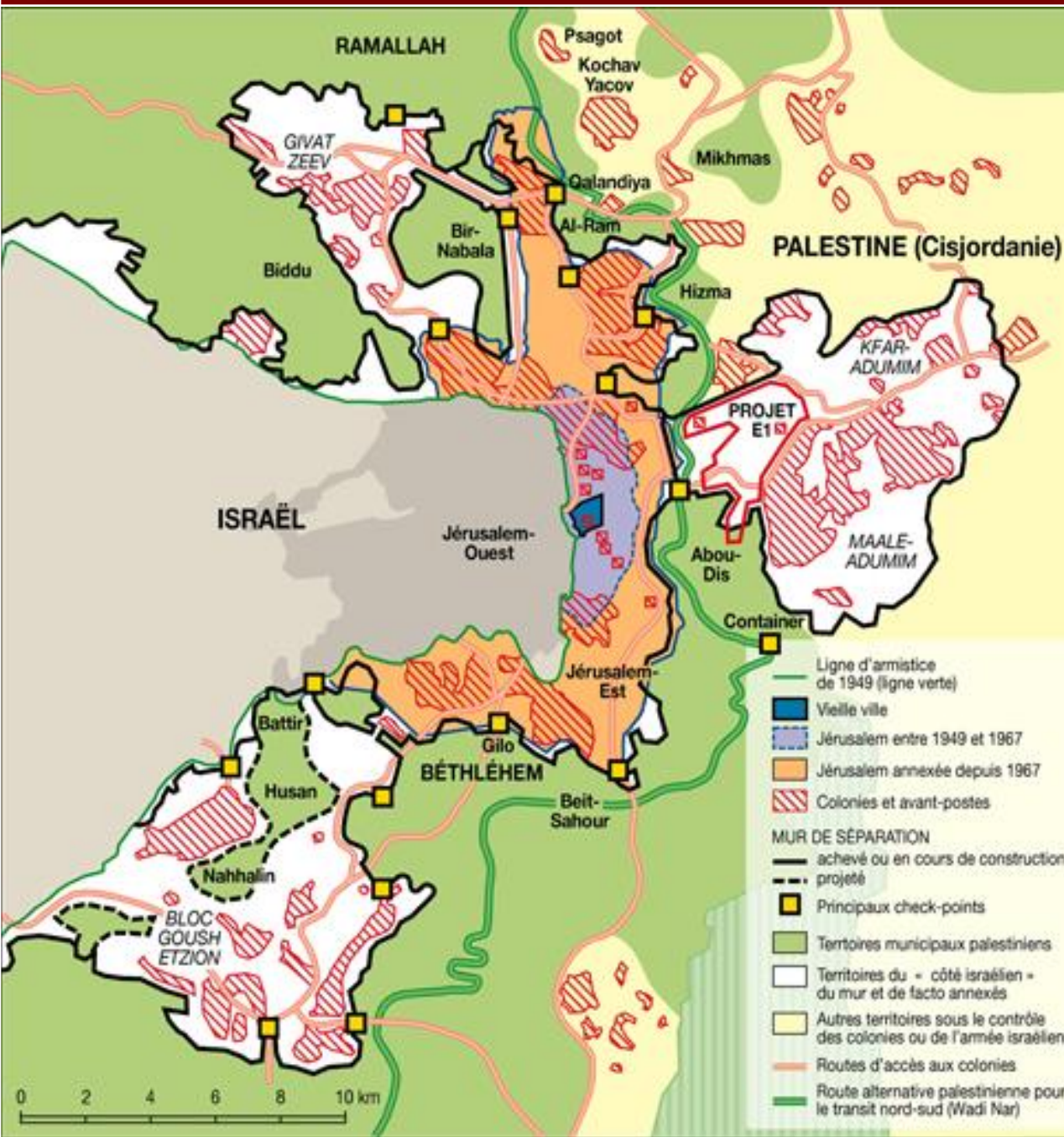
Note that after 1967 the colonisation of the occupied territories was continuous and even accelerated, in spite of international conventions declaring this practice illegal and the agreements and/ UN resolutions ordering their suspension.



Colonisation

After 1985 in the West Bank, the number of settlements did not increase but their expansion accelerated with immigration.

Settlements and settlers in the West Bank



The new housing of East Jerusalem for the new Jewish immigrants.

COLONISATION of West Jerusalem is expanding... eastwards.

Palestinians are excluded

252



The Closed road in Abu Dis, East Jerusalem



**PEDESTRIAN
ROUTE FOR THE
PALESTINIANS**

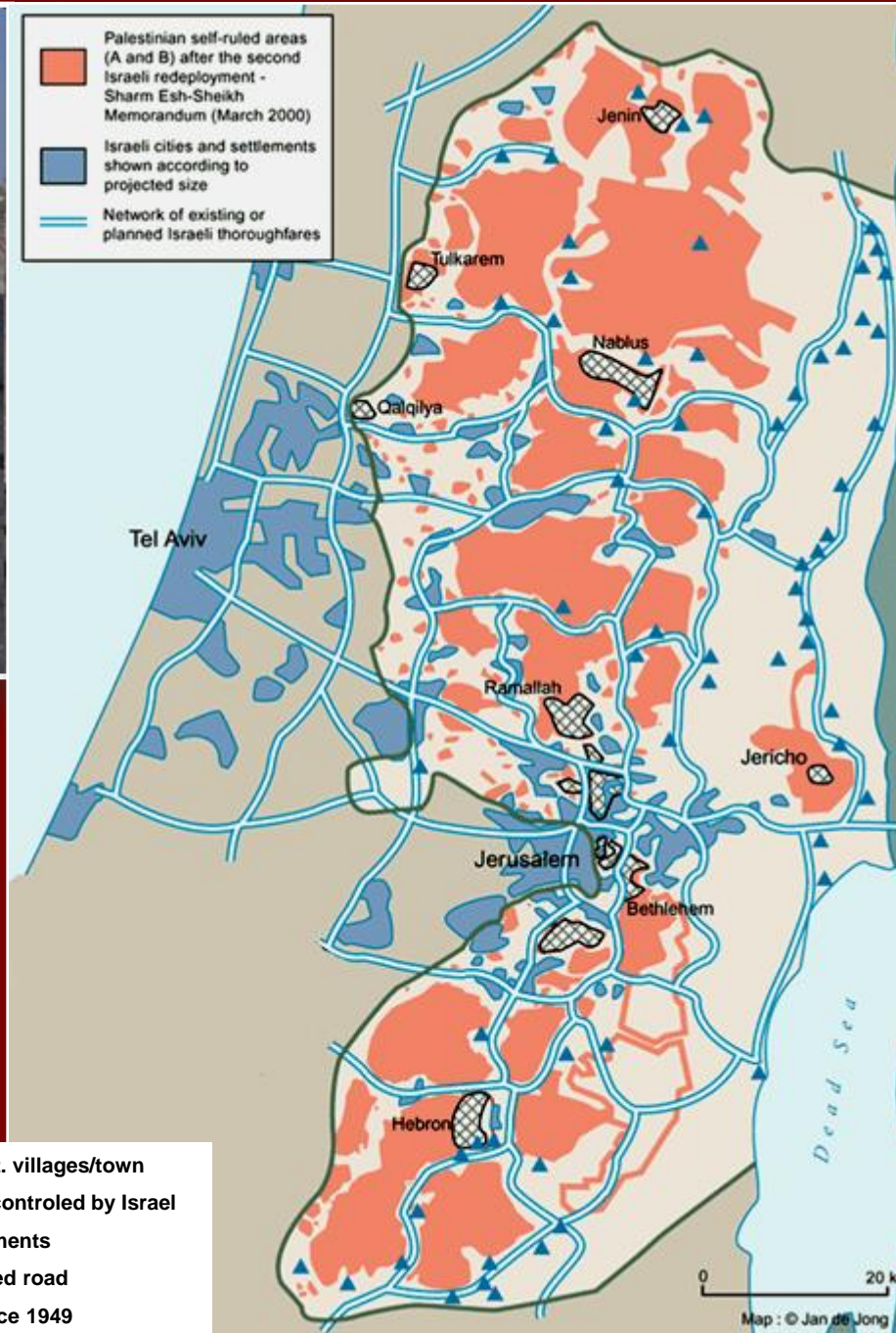


The roads reserved for Israeli settlers

The Palestinian occupied territories are cut into small pieces by uncrossable and supervised roads that connect Israeli settlements to the Israeli territory. Some of these roads are highways. All are built on Palestinian land. Segregated road system: the colour of your number plates dictates which roads you can drive on.

254

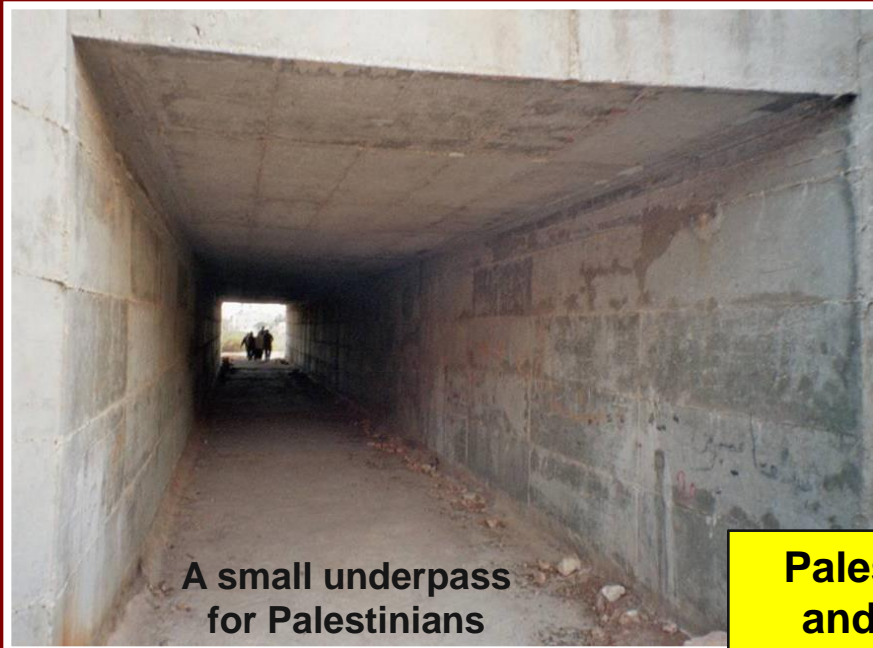
Dark orange : Palest. villages/town
 Orange : territory controlled by Israel
 Blue : Israeli settlements
 Doble line : Reserved road
 Green line : Armistice 1949





The roads for Israeli settlers are built on Palestinian land





A small underpass for Palestinians



Highway 4370 in Jerusalem: Israeli on the right, Palestinians on the left.

256

Palestinians and Israeli separated roads



Highway (on Palestinian land) reserved for Israelis



Check point for Palestinians

Israeli Settlement Bus Routes

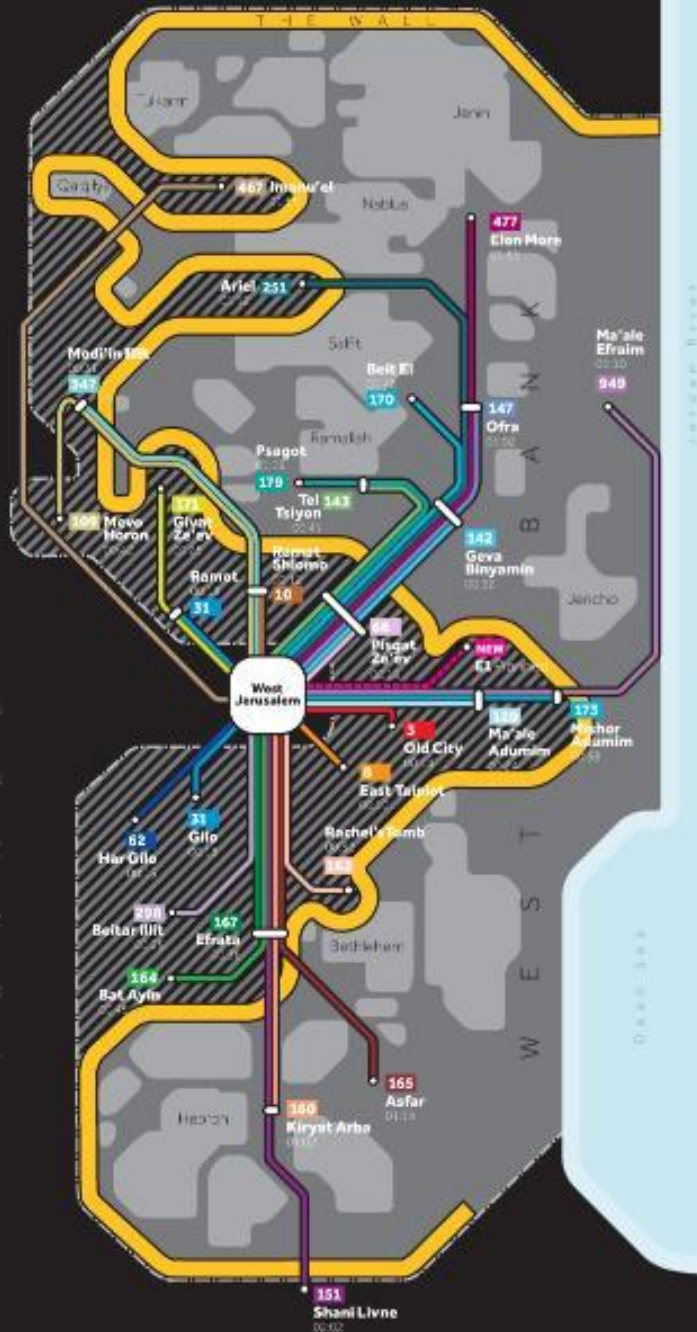
Area Guide

Israeli bus companies operate a transport network connecting legal Israel-only settlements throughout the occupied Palestinian West Bank. Access to these services is banned to Palestinians living in the surrounding areas.



Travel Information

Israeli buses use an extensive network of roads built to bypassify connect settlements on both sides of the Wall to cities within Israel. Many of these roads are prohibited to Palestinians or require them to apply for special permits from the Israeli military authority.



Public transport in the occupied Palestinian territories only serves the Israeli settlements.

ALLOWED TO RIDE

ISRAELI ID
Regularly use settler bus system

NOT ALLOWED TO RIDE

PALESTINIAN WEST BANK ID
Cannot use buses which run through Jerusalem or settlements

NO TICKET TO RIDE
ISRAEL'S DISCRIMINATORY ID AND TRANSPORT SYSTEM

VISUALIZINGPALESTINE SOURCES: DAVID GREENGLASS, WWW.VISUALIZINGPALESTINE.ORG OCT 2018



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/UN_Resolution_338

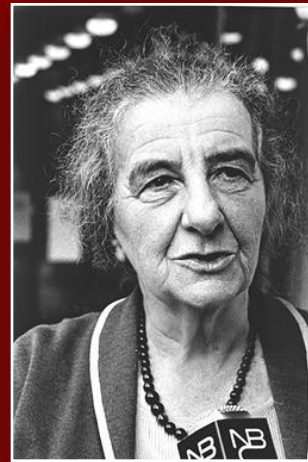
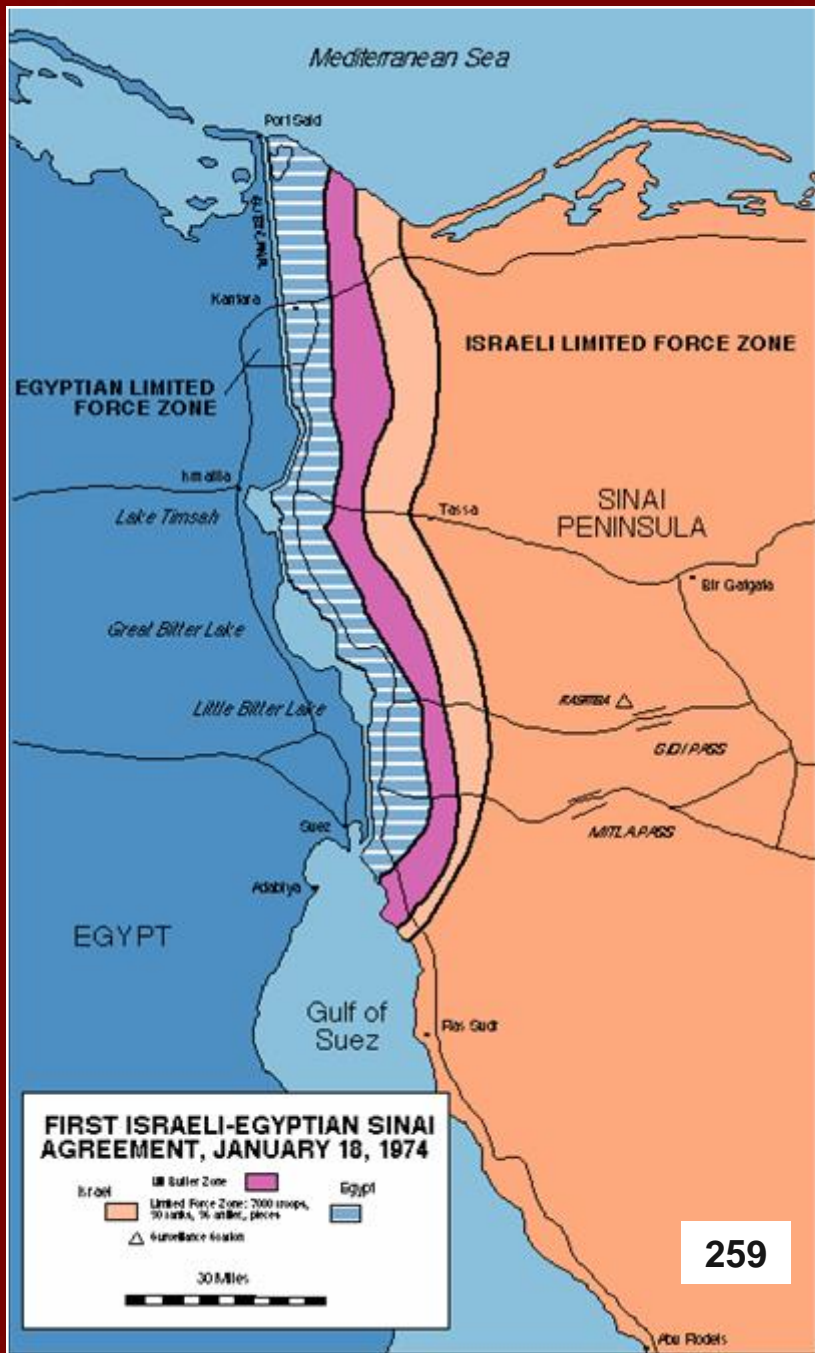
**1973 - With resolution 338
the UN orders Israel again to
apply resolution 242
(withdrawal from the occupied
territories)**

In retaliation, **Israel** speeds up the confiscation programm of Palestinian land and of colonising the occupied Palestinian and Syrian territories.

Israel only gives back the Sinai to Egypt after a peace treaty and mutual acknowledgment with Egypt.

In the Palestinian territories Israel maintains strong repressive policies.





Golda Meir



The Egyptian president Anwar El Sadat

1973 - Yom Kippur war

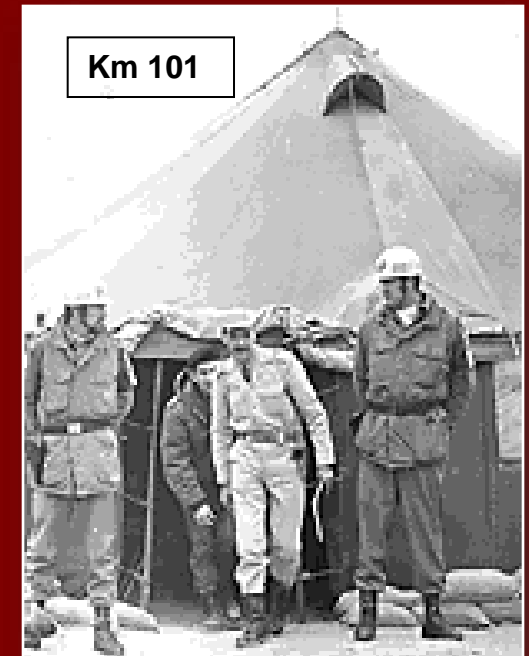
Egypt regains a part of the Sinai. The UN imposes an armistice at Km 101.

At the same time Israel repulses an offensive from Syria and occupies another part of the Golan heights.

January 1974

The Egyptian general Gamas after having negotiated an armistice at Km 101 on the Sinai

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yom_Kippur_War





**1973
Yom Kippur war**

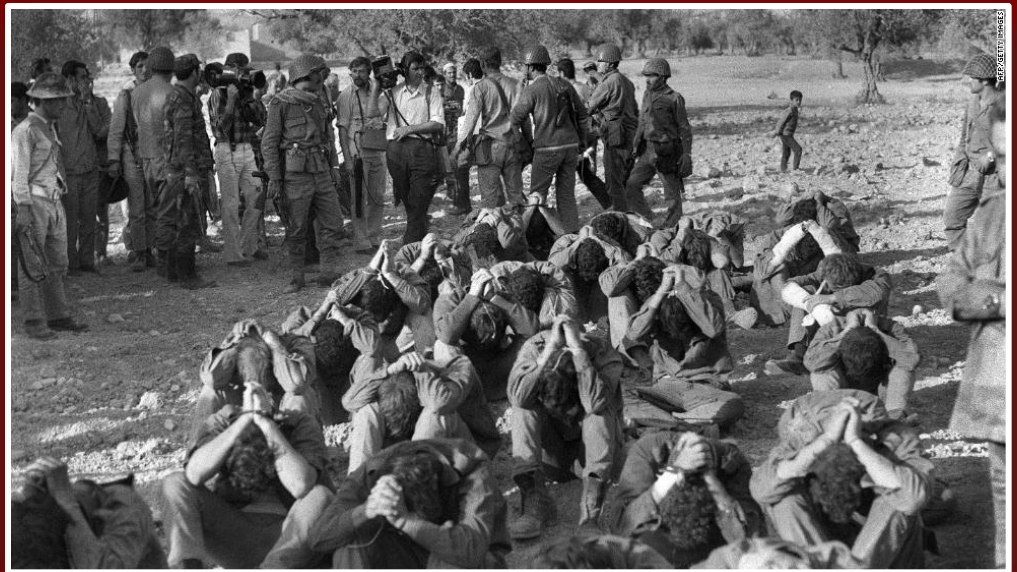


After a war of attrition (1968-1970) Egypt attempts to regain the Sinai





US war planes departing from aircraft carriers replace the Israeli war planes destroyed by the Egyptian air forces.



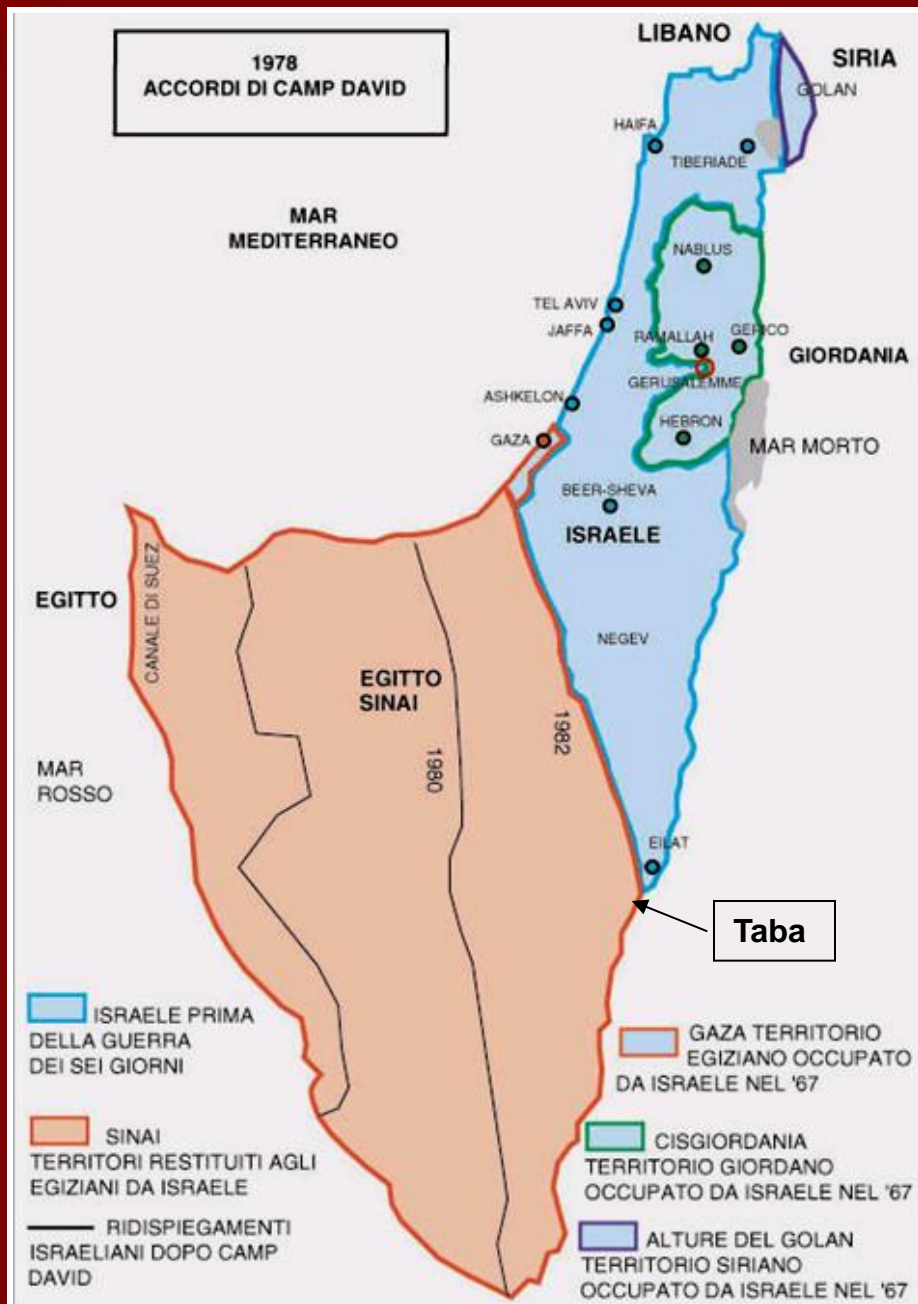
Israeli prisoners

1973 Yom Kippur War

261



The Egyptians conquering Bar-Lev in the Sinai



Camp David Egypt - Israel agreement

262

In exchange for the restitution by stages of the Sinai, Egypt recognizes Israel.

In contravention of the agreement, Israel did not return the rich tourist resort of Taba, in the Egyptian Sinai





263

1978

Israel gives back (nearly all) the Sinai to Egypt in exchange for peace and mutual acknowledgment

Photo:
Sadat, Carter, Begin

Jerusalem, capital of Israel?



1980

In conflict with the UN resolutions, the Israelis declare Jerusalem as the only and indivisible capital of Israel.

Only very few nations recognize Jerusalem as the capital of Israel.

In order to maintain the privileges of the Jews, the Knesset has always refused to give Israel a constitution.

**Photo : the Parliament
(Knesset) of Israel was
built in Jerusalem
in 1966**

264





http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/UN_Resolution_425

1978

**With Resolution 425 the
UN orders Israel to
withdraw from Lebanon**

In 1982 Israel invades Lebanon once again and withdraws (partially) only in 1985 after having caused 20'000 deaths and enormous destruction.

In 2000, urged by Hetzbollah militias, Israel gives back a strip of land that it occupied along the Southern Lebanese border. Israel does not give back some small but precious parts of the Lebanese territory (the Sheba farms). In the following years Israel invades Lebanon again for short periods.



The Situation In 1983

Christian Lebanese militias



Palestinians in Tunis

Beirut

Syrian forces

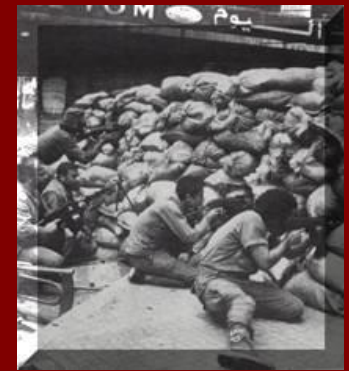


Israël forces



Cristian militias

Israel



1982

Israel invades Lebanon

Since 1975 right and left wing groups, Druse, Syrian and Palestinian forces in Lebanon have been fighting each other. All the forces commit repulsive atrocities. The armies sent by the UN and the Arab countries are unable to stop the civil war.

From Lebanon Palestinian militias carry out guerrilla operations towards Northern Israel.

In 1982 Israel starts the operation "Peace in Galilea" and invades Lebanon once again.





1985 - 2000

Israel occupies until the year 2000 a «security strip» along the Southern border of Lebanon, in Lebanese territory.



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1982_Lebanon_War



M.Begin
Prime Minister of Israel

1982-1985
Invasion of Lebanon

The Israeli forces invade Lebanon in 1982 and left only in 1985 after killing over 20'000 Lebanese and Palestinian civilians, causing enormous damage (and pillaging) especially to the Palestinians.



A.Sharon
Defense Minister of Israel

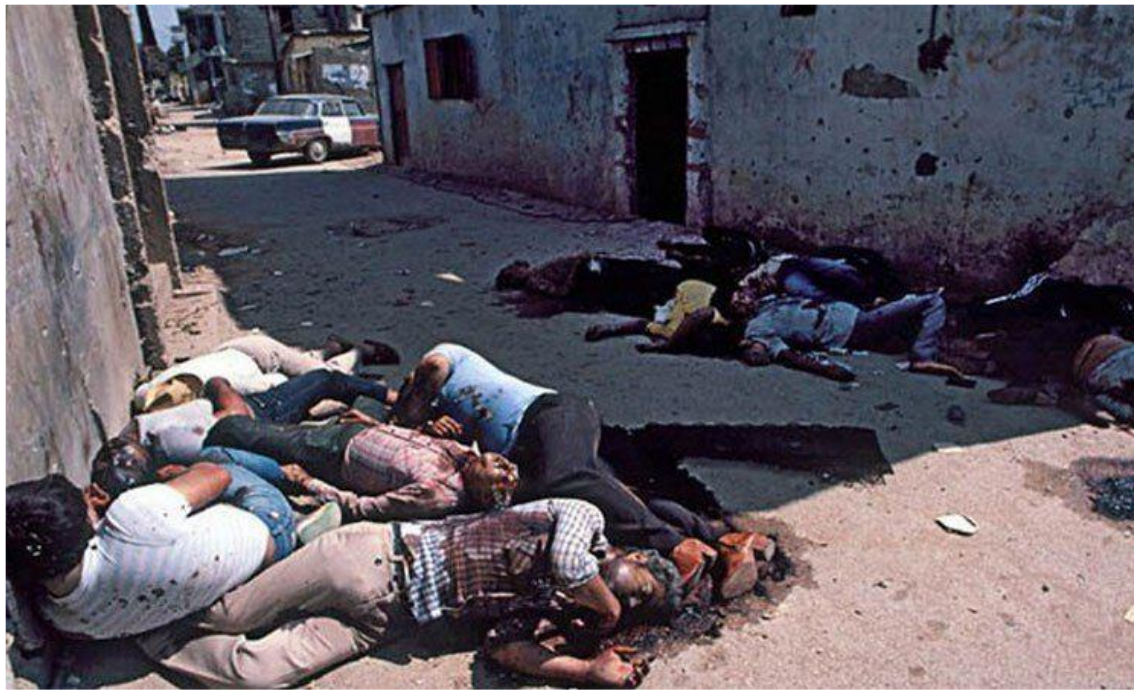
Y.Arafat on the way to Tunis



1982
Yasser Arafat and PLO militiamen leave Lebanon under UN protection.

1982 – 1985
In Beirut the Israeli forces systematically bomb the areas inhabited by Palestinian refugees





1982 Beirut Massacre in the Palestinian refugee camps of Sabra and Chatila

From 16 to 18 September, under the supervision of the Israeli army, the Christian militias massacred approximately 3500 Palestinian civilians. Ariel Sharon Israeli Defense Minister is held responsible for this massacre.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sabra_and_Shatila_massacre





PALESTINE



UNO



PNA



OLP

November 15, 1988 - The independence declaration

In Algiers, the PLO's parliament approves the declaration of independence of Palestine proposed by Yasser Arafat. Yasser Arafat is nominated "President of Palestine."

In Geneva*, at the UN General Assembly, on **December 13, 1988**, Yasser Arafat reaffirms the independence of the state of Palestine.





The peace agreement has been sponsored by the American president B. Clinton

270

1994 : Peace between Israel and Jordan

The peace agreements made the mutual exploitation of the water resources along the border possible.





1993 - 1995 The Oslo Accords



King Hussein (Jordan)
Yzak Rabin (Israel)
Bill Clinton (USA)
Yasser Arafat (Palestine)
Hosni Mubarak (Egypt)

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Oslo_Accords

Levels of Israeli strategy



DIPLOMATIC LEVEL

GROUND LEVEL

UNDER-GROUND LEVEL

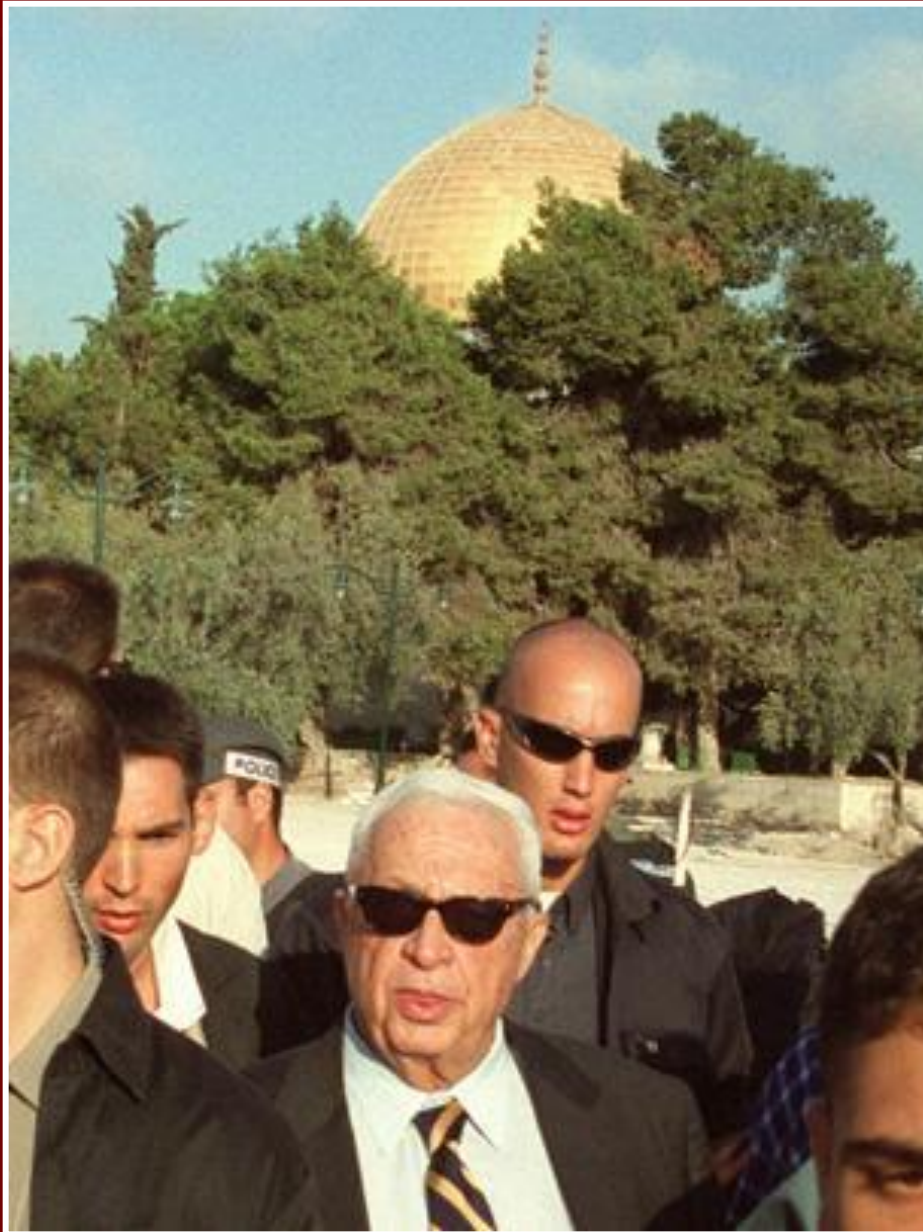


1391

PALESTINE

THE MODERN PERIOD

PART 5 THE INTIFADA (the resistance to the occupation)



1987 - 1993 First intifada
2000 - Second intifada

September 28th, 2000 Sharon's provocative visit the Haram al-Sharif, the site of the Dome of the Rock and holy site in Islam.

September 30th, 2000

**Israel represses in blood the
Palestinian protest.**

274

**It's the start of the second Intifada:
the resistance to the Israeli occupation.
«The peace agreements of
Oslo are dead» (Sharon said).**



Occupation 275



Naplouse

Bethlehem

A boy challenges the curfew in Ramallah

OCCUPATION

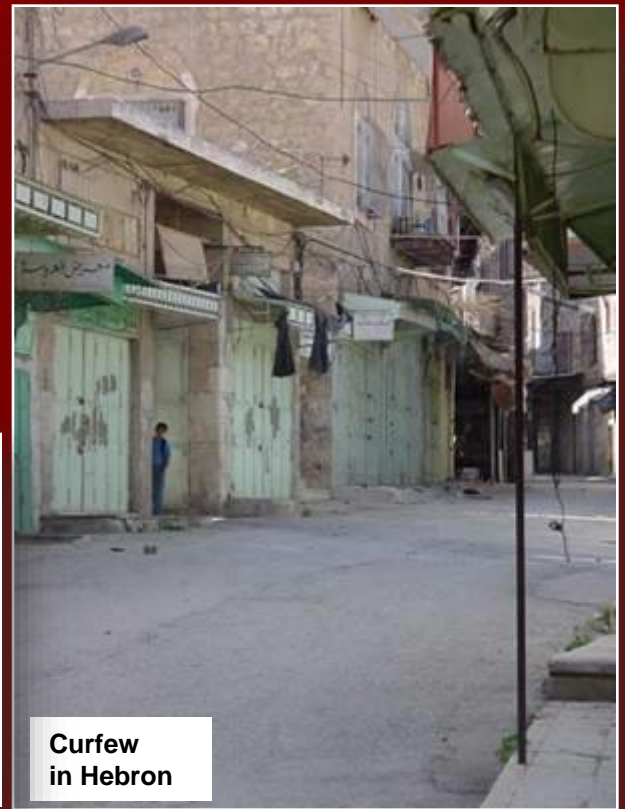
276

THE CURFEW lasts for days and even weeks

Curfew in Betlehem



Curfew in Jenin

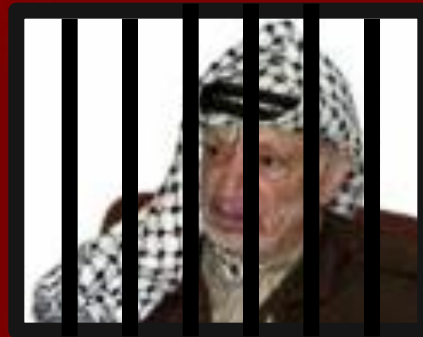


Curfew in Hebron



<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mukataa>

The Mukata in Ramallah, seat of the National Palestinian Authority, was nearly completely destroyed by the Israelis



The Israelis confined Arafat, President of the Palestinian national Authority, inside for years and they did not allow him to be buried in Jerusalem.

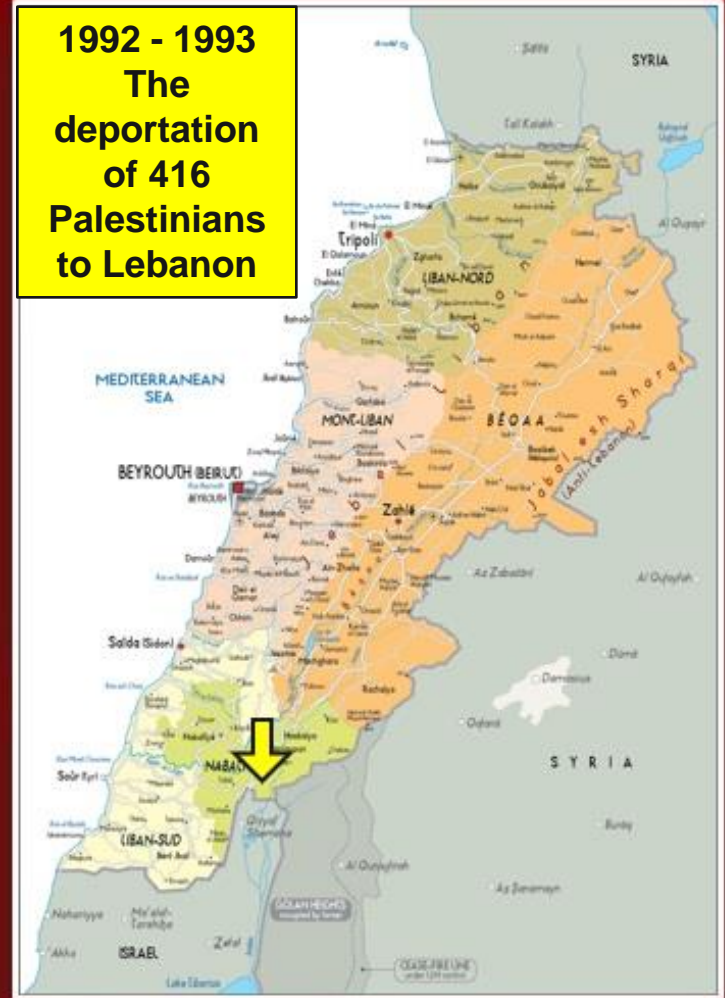


OCCUPATION

277



**1992 - 1993
The
deportation
of 416
Palestinians
to Lebanon**

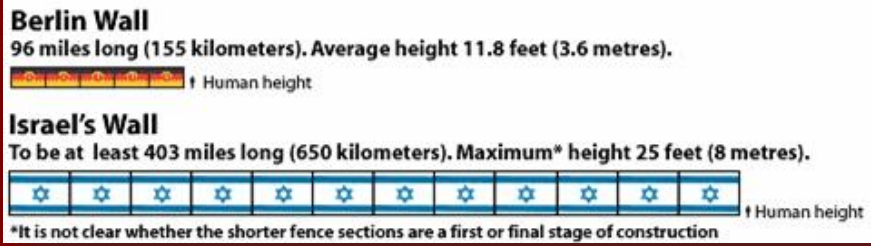


On 17 December 1992, the Israelis deported 416 Palestinians to Lebanon, who were forced to stay for a year in an isolated area between the border and the Lebanese village of Marj az-Zuhur. After their return, almost all of them were imprisoned.

THE WALL



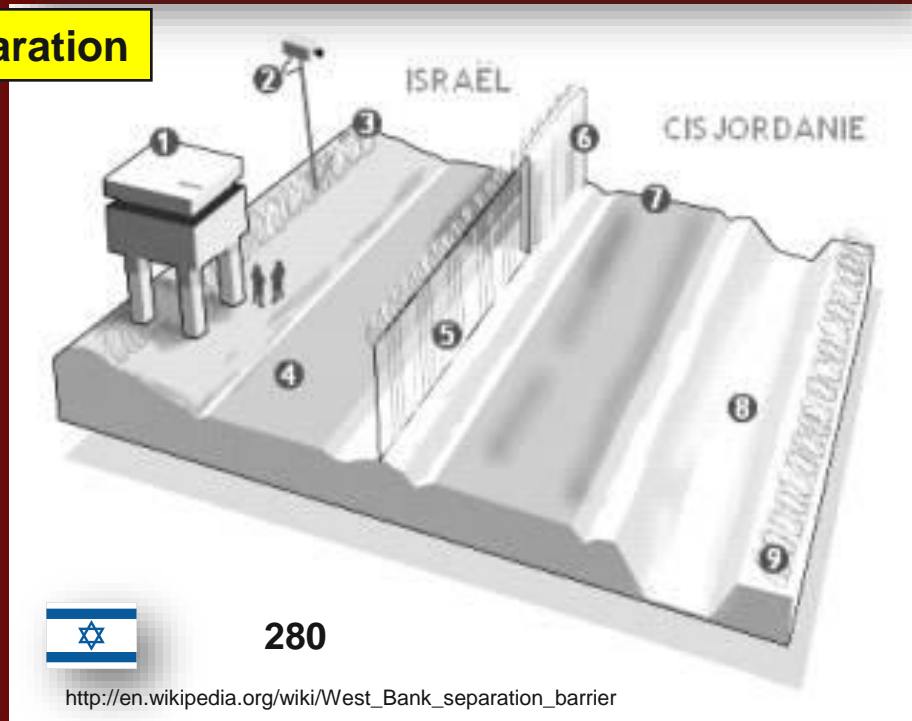
The final plan of the Israelis expects the formation of a fragmented territory completely encircled by a wall or insurmountable separation: a ghetto completely controlled by Israel. The Palestinian economy strangled.



Comparison between the «Berlin wall» and the « Israel wall »



The separation





281



The WALL is just a defence against...terrorism!

THE WALL





The wall; a provocation





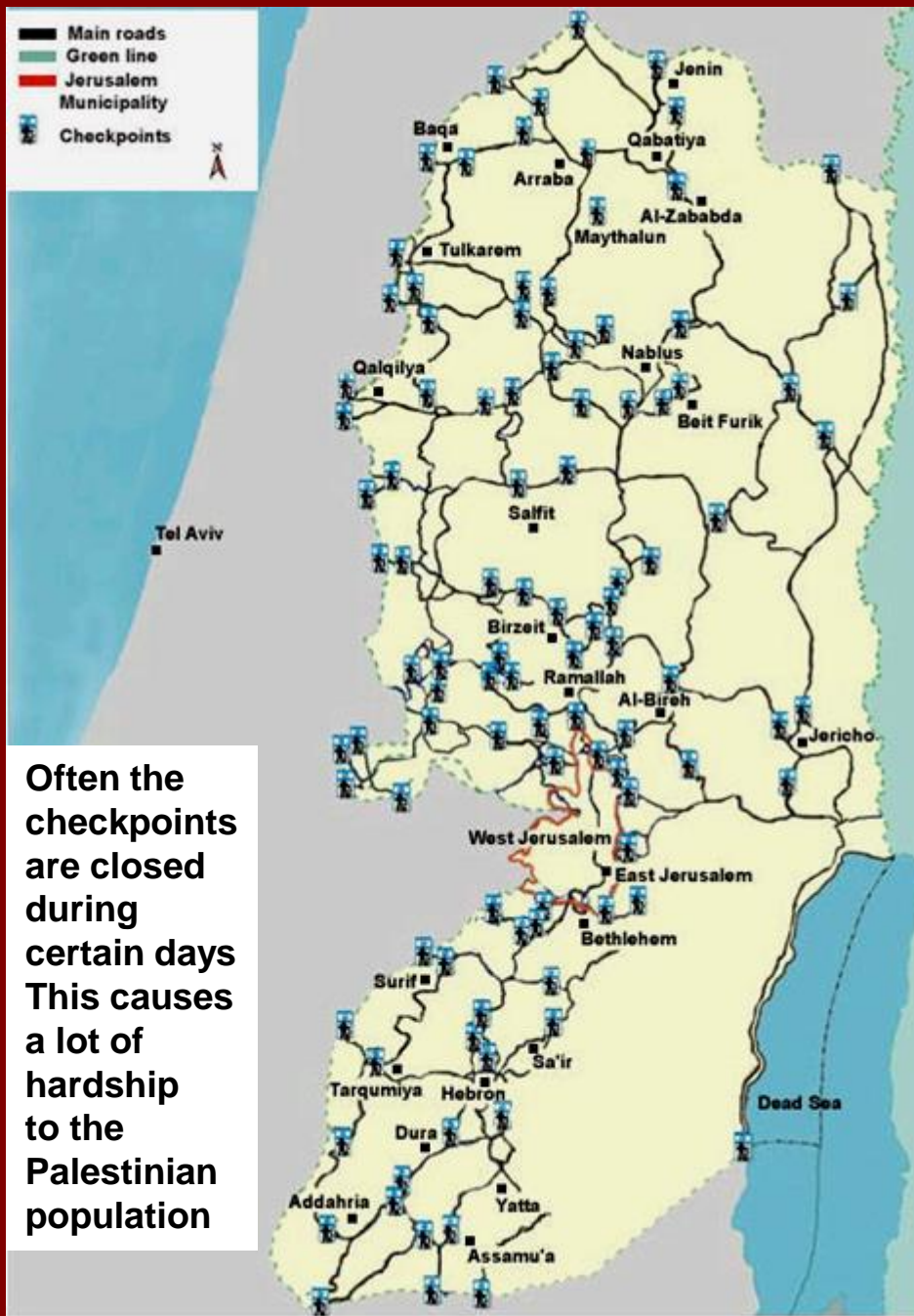
An Israeli «wall»
watchtower

THE WALL

283

The three Kings on the way to Bethlehem





Israeli check-points in the occupied territories

284

West Bank: more than 60 permanent check points

Gaza: about 5 check points to Israel, 1 to Egypt (about 20 before 2005)

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israeli_military_checkpoints





**The Israeli check points
humiliate and dehumanize the Palestinians**





Unemployed
Palestinians

Israel strangles the Palestinian economy

Israel has replaced the
Palestinian workers (formerly
300'000) with foreign labour.

In 2005 only **32'000**
Palestinians from the occupied
territories were employed in
Israel.

In the occupied territories
unemployment exceeds 50%. And
70% of Palestinians live under the
poverty line (3.5 \$/day)



Palestinian cross-
border workers



Al Qouba checkpoint



The long wait at the Check Points



Qalandiya checkpoint



Tarqumiya checkpoint, May 2013

Every day 25,000 Palestinians are obliged to pass through checkpoints to enter Israel. This humiliating passage through the checkpoint takes 1-2 hours.



The Israelis block Palestinian roads

The Israelis barricade Palestinian roads to hinder the movement of Palestinian vehicles. In 2003, in the West Bank alone, the UN counted more than 500 barriers or trenches or blocks in Palestinian roads.

289





Sansana, Hebron, West Bank



Qalandia

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/West_Bank_closures

The Israelis block Palestinian roads

290

Nahhalin (Bethlehem), January 2014



Hebron, West Bank , december 29, 2001





Arrests

Many Palestinians (including minors) are arrested by the Israelis and imprisoned for long periods.

291





Arrests

The Israelis arrest and imprison thousands of Palestinians for trivial reasons.

292



Ramle Prison



Hunting for children



Saher Saad

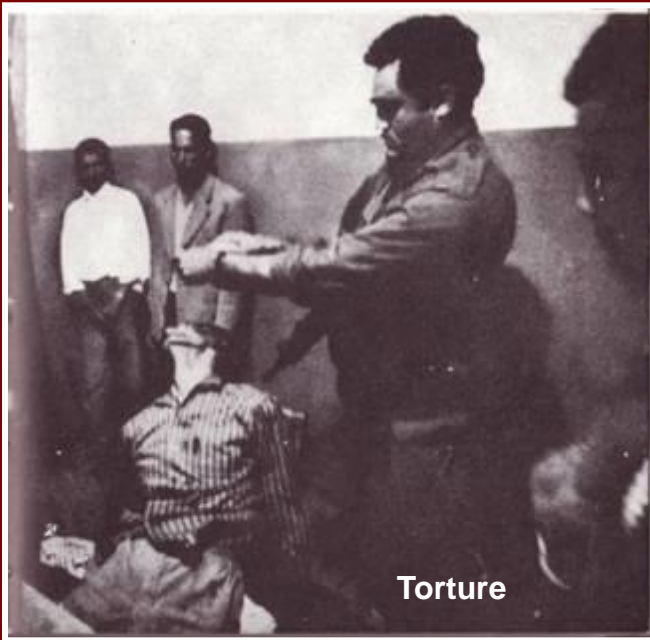


The Israelis arrest and imprison many Palestinian children in order to blackmail their families



Hunting for ladies





Torture



295



Marwan Bargouti has been condemned to 5 life sentences

Israeli prisons

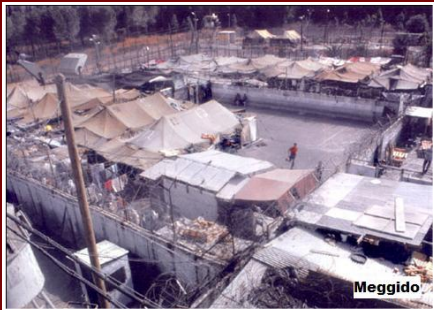
Many Israeli prisons were constructed and already used by the British during the mandate. Officially there are approximately 5-10'000 Palestinian prisoners, many of them condemned to long sentences for actions of resistance (i.e. terrorism for the Israelis), or detained for long periods without a trial. Young people of 12 years and over have the same legal status as the adults. Ill-treatments and torture are a legal, but immoral current practice.

Palestinian children in israeli jail

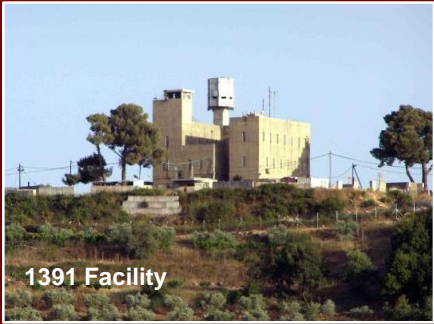


Majido jail





Meggido



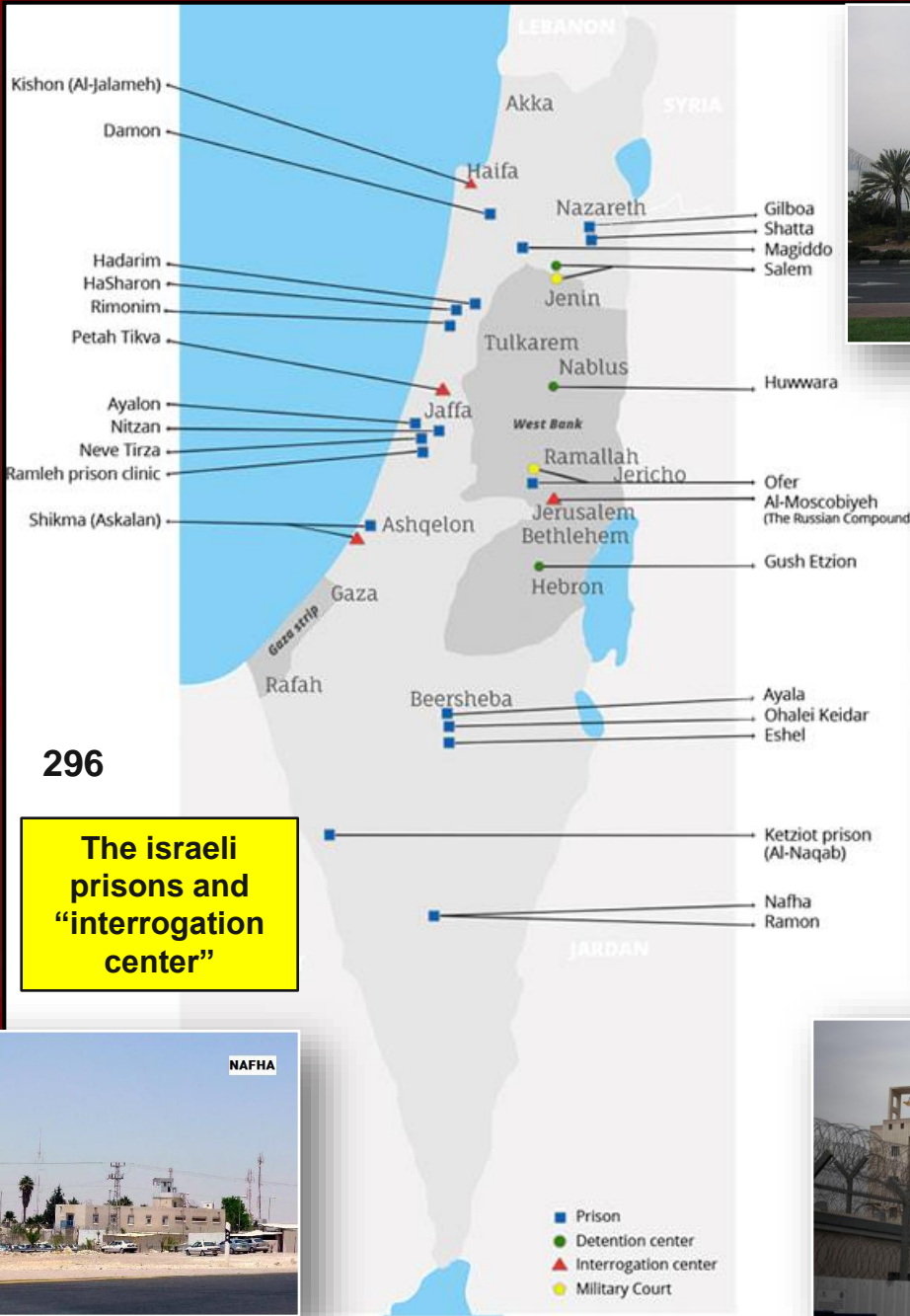
1391 Facility



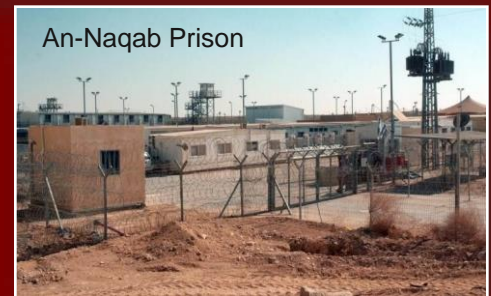
al-Fara



NAFHA



ABU KEBIR



An-Naqab Prison



Gilboa prison





**The modern prison
Hasharon north of Tel Aviv.**

**Palestinian
Nael Barghouthi
spent 39 years
in Israeli prisons.**



297

Raymond prison: August 24, 2020



Ofer Prison



Israelis mistreat Palestinian prisoners



Ofer prison: September 13, 2020, everything is confiscated.

Raymond prison: January 29, 2019



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel_Prison_Service

Museum of the Palestinian prisoners (Gaza city)

Since 1967 about 800'000 Palestinians have been in Israeli prisons. About 250 died in jail.

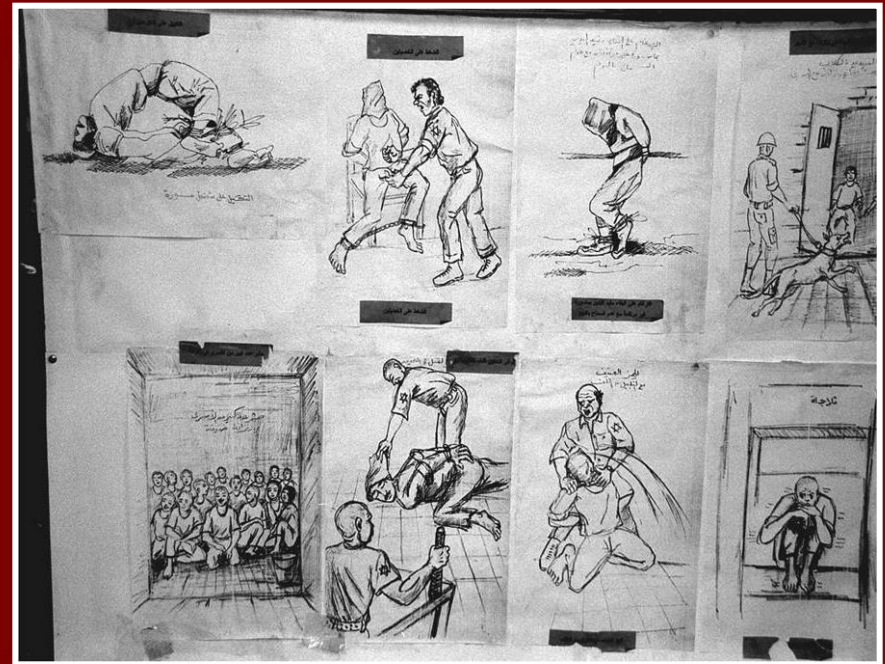


Organ harvesting



Anonymous burials for Palestinians who died in prison.

Tortures implemented by Israel



299

List of Palestinian prisoners





Ketsiot detention camp - Negev



November 5th 2006

The Israelis deport all 16 to 60-year-old men from Beith Hanun (Gaza) and lock them up with many other Palestinians in a detention camp in the Negev

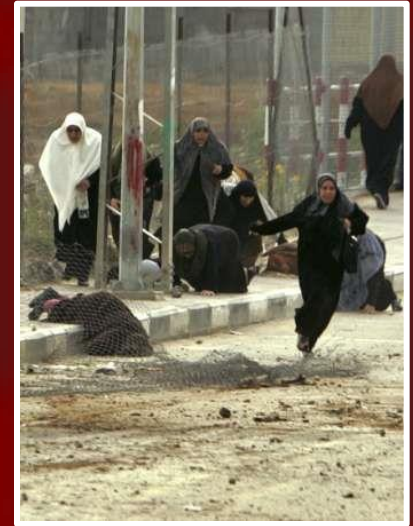
Salem detention camp

Hewara detention camp

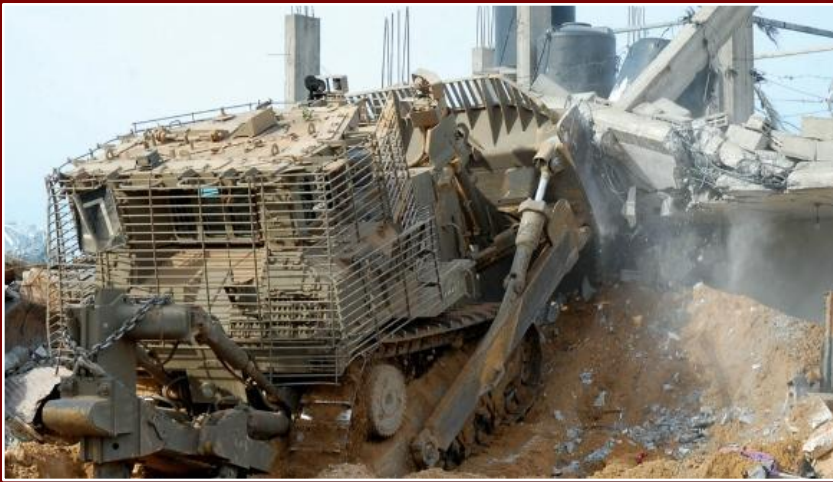
Al Moskbyia detention camp



November 6th 2006 : the Israelis fire on women protesting in Beith Hanun



DEPORTATIONS OF PALESTINIANS



An Israeli armoured bulldozer in action.
Note the plough at the back, used to
demolish Palestinian roads.

Destructions



Palestinian refugee
camp in Jenin 2002



Issaweih



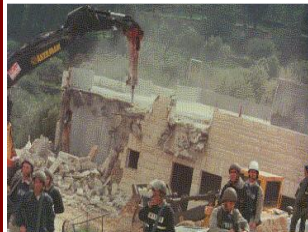
It's used for ?



The Israeli destruction squadrons



Since 1967 the Israeli military engineering corps demolished about 27'000 Palestinian houses (every day, on average 2 structures). They also destroyed many farms as well as public and private Palestinian infrastructure.



Rafah



Wadi Yasul family, Silwan,
East Jerusalem, April 30, 2019

**Thousands of Palestinian homes demolished
= tens of thousands of homeless Palestinians**





Homeless Palestinians

304





After the demolition of their home they found a new roof!

305



After their houses are demolished : a troglodyte life.

306





Hebron: many Palestinian families have to live in a cave.

307



August 2.2020 - The Israeli authorities have already threatened the Palestinians to expel them even from this last refuge.
The demolition order was delivered July 29. 2020



After the Israelis destroyed their village Hamsa al-Baqia in the Jordan valley, the Bedouins are forced to live in the open.
23 February 2021

The hard life of the Bedouins under Israeli occupation

308

Homeless Palestinian Bedouins after their village Twail Abu-JArwal was destroyed by the Israelis on December 6th 2006.

Around 75'000 Palestinian Bedouins are living in villages, not recognised by the Israelis, which will be destroyed.





**Israel strangles the
Palestinian economy**

**The Israelis
destroy
systematically
Palestinian
means of
survival**

**Photo: an Israeli armoured
bulldozer destroys a
Palestinian olive grove**

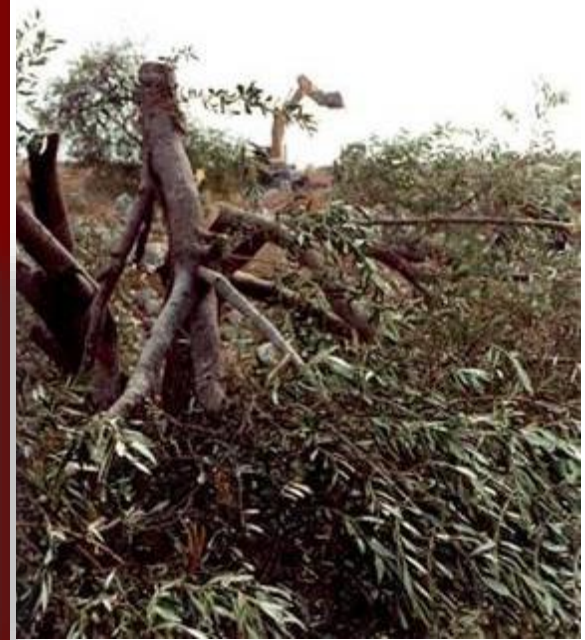


Israelis destroy Palestinian olive groves

Since 1995 in the West Bank and Gaza Strip the Israelis destroyed half of the Palestinian olive trees (about 120'000 trees) 310



Israel strangles the Palestinian economy





The Israelis destroy the livelihood of the Palestinians

Amnesty International charges: the destruction by the Israelis of agricultural land and the irrigation system in the village of Al-Farisya - Jordan Valley - 10 March 2008



Destroyed shops in Gaza



Destruction of Rafah zoo

Destruction of
Hebron market 31.1.03

**Israel strangles the
Palestinian economy**

312

Destruction of the market
of Nazlat'Isa WB 21.08.03





Electrical and telephone lines



Fishing boats

80 ambulances



Water tanks and solar panels

**The deliberate
destruction of
Palestinian technical
infrastructure**

313



Pumping and irrigation systems





Abu Nuwar, Central West Bank. The prefabricated shelters donated by the EU were confiscated early on February 20, 2016, a day after they were installed by a French NGO.

The destruction of Palestinian schools.

314



Khirbet al-Halawah, West Bank, February 3, 2016



Jabal Al Baba. 09.04.2014 - Israelis confiscate homes and schools donated by the UE and European NGOs.



Israeli forces dismantled and seized educational caravans at a school, in Ibziq village, OCT. 23



The destruction of Palestinian schools.

Zanouta, Hebron, October 2018, the school was demolished by the Israelis



Confiscation of a classroom of the Susya school (Hebron district) February 2020,



Demolition of the kindergarten at Jabal al-Baba, East Jerusalem July 25, 2018



School demolition and removal in at-Tuwani village, southern Cisjordan. July 11, 2018



The police barracks of Kahn Yunis - Gaza



Israel attacks the Palestinian police



Palestinian police officers killed by the Israelis in their barracks



The police barracks of Hebron was destroyed on 29. 06.2002





**The Israelis
confiscate
Palestinian
land**



**The
robbers**

April 2014, the Israelis confiscated 100 acres of private land in the Palestinian village of al-Khader (Bethlehem)



**State property
No entry**



317



The land of Fathi Ismain from Beit Ummar Village, West Bank, was confiscated to build a road reserved for Israeli settlers. November 2019

The robbers



Bad news: the land confiscation order has arrived



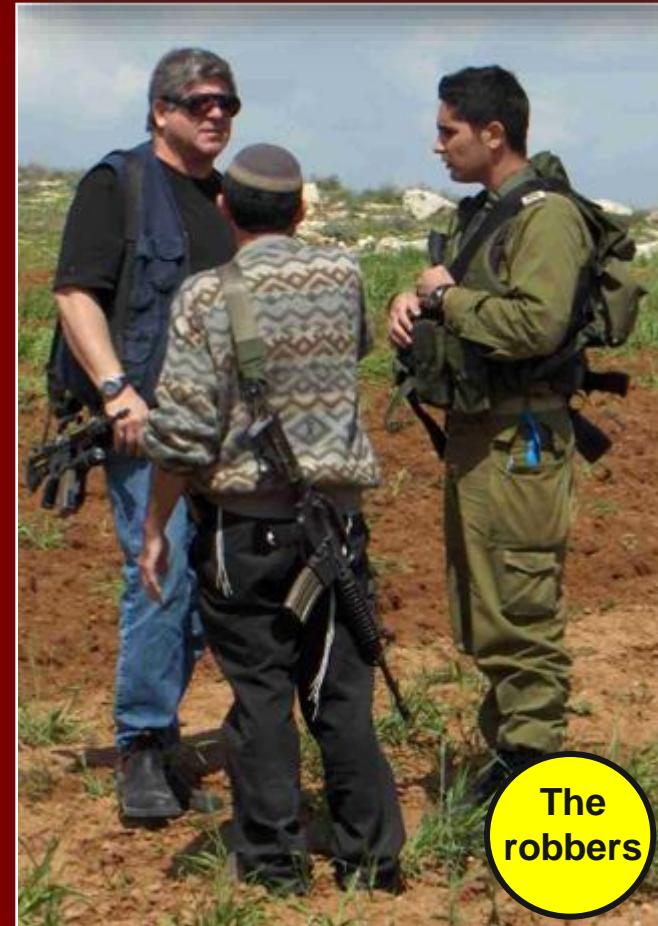
An Israeli pacifist acts as intermediary.

The Palestinian owner of the land

The confiscation of Palestinian land

Armed settlers of Hebron prevent the peasant from plowing his land ,the army announces the land is a "security zone". In the end everybody must leave, and the army puts a fence around the property.

Hebron settlers are armed



The robbers



Israeli settlers, helped by the police, confiscate the home of the Palestinian family Rifqa al-Kurd in the quarter of Sheikh Jarrah in Jerusalem on the 1. December 2009

Palestinian families that lose their homes are forced to live on the street : they will be chased away by the police.



The robbers



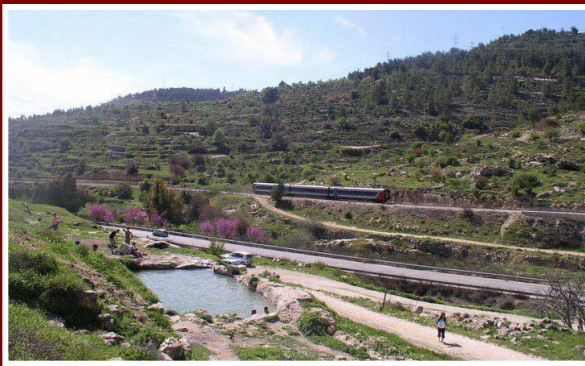
Nasser Ghawi in front of his recently confiscated home in East Jerusalem

The Israelis confiscate Palestinian homes

320

This confiscated Palestinian house is now for sale





The Spring Eyen El Hiniyya of Walajah village was confiscated in 2016

“This place is only for Jews.”

The robbers



The natural water springs confiscation



Ein al-Ze'ira, aka Ateret Spring

Since 2010, Israelis have seized about 60 springs located on private Palestinian land in the West Bank. It's a huge injury to the Palestinians.

A pool at the Anar Spring, formerly named Ein a-Shuna spring.



The source of Nabi Saleh is disputed



Ein al-Qus Spring, now renamed Ma'ayan Meir.



August 30, 2019 - Hundreds of settlers have invaded the Ein Bubin Spring.



Confiscation of Palestinian Al-Sanabel Radio Station Equipment in Dura, West Bank, on August 31, 2016.

Carts confiscated from Palestinian street vendors.

In July 2017 in the Village of JUBBET ADH Dhib, West Bank, the Israelis confiscated solar panels valued at 400,000 Euros, donated by a German NGO a few months earlier.



Confiscation of a donkey, Jericho 9.9.2016

The robbers

The Israelis confiscate everything

Israel confiscates sole-medical vehicle serving 1500 Palestinians Westbank, January 8, 2020





Confiscation of water pipes, July 5, 2018, Bardalla Village, Jordan Valley, West Bank



Confiscation of a tent that served as home to a Palestinian family near Yatta City, Sept. 4, 2018

The robbers



2017 - The settlers "confiscate" the Palestinian olive harvest because ... "the fruits of the sacred land of Israel belong to the Jews".



Confiscation of computer hard disks of the East Jerusalem governor November 2018



Confiscation of well drilling equipment, Bardala village, Jordan valley, 29.7.2019

Confiscation of games for children. A demolition order appeared near the games for children of kindergarten in bedouin village of Rakhma, southern Israel, May 20, 2019



Confiscation of the aqueduct pipes of the Village of Jawaya – Hebron, 31 July 2019

Computer confiscation



The robbers



Confiscation of agricultural machinery.

An Israeli army vehicle removes a Palestinian car in the West Bank village of Beit Kahil, 10 August 2019.





1948 Confiscating Palestinian banks; the Zionists also took control of the assets and savings deposited by Palestinians. Only very few banks were left to the Palestinians.



The robbers



The Israelis rob “officially” several Palestinian banks and remove approximately: 8 million \$ on February 27th 2004 and 1 million \$ on September 19th 2006 and February 13th 2008

February 18, 2019 - Israel's security cabinet approved a \$138 million dollar tax cut collected by Israel on behalf of the Palestinian National Authority.





**Intifada
resistance to the
occupation**



INTIFADA



327

Since its beginning (Sept. 2000) the Israelis killed about 4000 Palestinians and injured about 30'000. About 1000 Israelis died and about 3000 were injured. Damage and destruction caused by the Israelis was enormous, the damage caused by the Palestinians was limited.



Sheikh Ahmad Yasin, spiritual guide of the resistance organisation Hamas, was killed by the Israelis in Gaza in 2004



Palestinian funeral



Rafah 2004 : the Palestinian victims



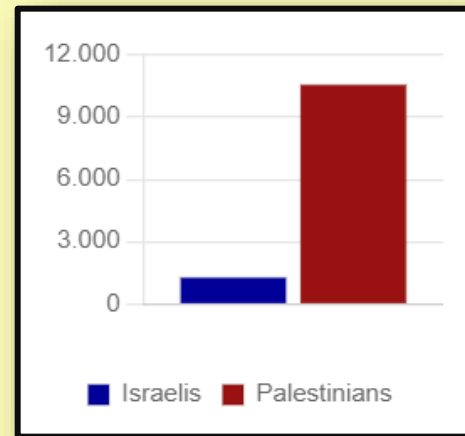


The martyrs

Palestinians pray near the coffins containing the remains of Ayat al-Akhras and Daoud Abu Swai during their funeral in Dheisheh refugee camp in the West Bank town of Bethlehem, 3 February. Israel exhumed the remains of a number of Palestinian militants, including al-Akhras and Swai, to return them to their families for burial. Al-Akhras and Swai blew themselves up in two separate attacks during the second intifada in Jerusalem. (Mamoun Wazwaz / APA images) 5. February 2014

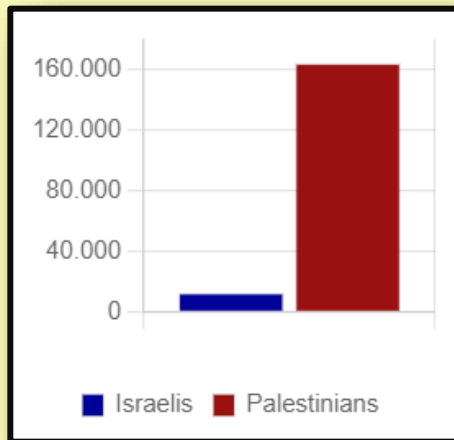


**Israeli and Palestinian Children Killed
September 2000 - 2023**

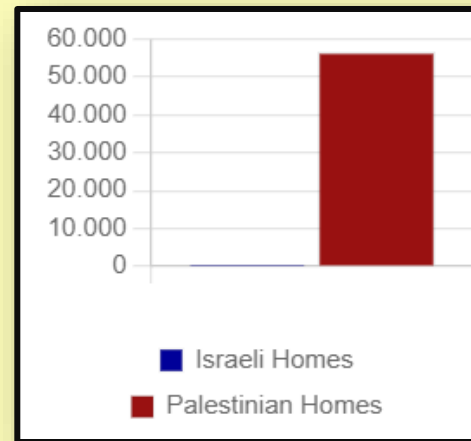


**Israeli and Palestinian Killed
September 2000 - 2023**

Casualties and damages



**Israeli and Palestinian Injured
September 2000 - 2023**



**Demolitions of Israeli and Palestinian Homes
1967 - 2023**



**Check point
on the road
Jerusalem-
Betlehem**



**The road
crossing
of Kahn
Yunis
was open
only 2
hours
a day**

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Blockade_of_the_Gaza_Strip

**Israel strangles the
palestinian economy**

330

**At checkpoints, the goods from
Palestinian farms, for internal and
external sale, are often stopped on
hot days and left sitting under the sun**

**Chek point
Erez Gaza**



Static humanitarian aid



In 2006 Israel has destroyed the only electric power station in the Gaza Strip



Gaza airport: destroyed by the Israelis

The airport opened on 24 November 1998 and ceased operation during the Second Intifada on 8 October 2000

Fishing boats in Gaza harbour



Gaza, harbour of the marine port: paid by Europe but half destroyed and rendered unfit for use by the Israelis

GAZA: Israel strangles the Palestinian economy

The Israelis obstruct or limit fishing for Palestinian boats from the Gaza strip



Most of the time the aquatic activity of the Palestinians is paralyzed.





The theatrical resistance of the last Israeli settlers



August 2005 - The withdrawal from the Gaza Strip

After 38 years the Israelis withdrew from the Gaza Strip leaving only rubble, pollution and the synagogues.

334



The Palestinians destroy a synagogue



Only debris



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gaza_withdrawal

Here too they only left a synagogue

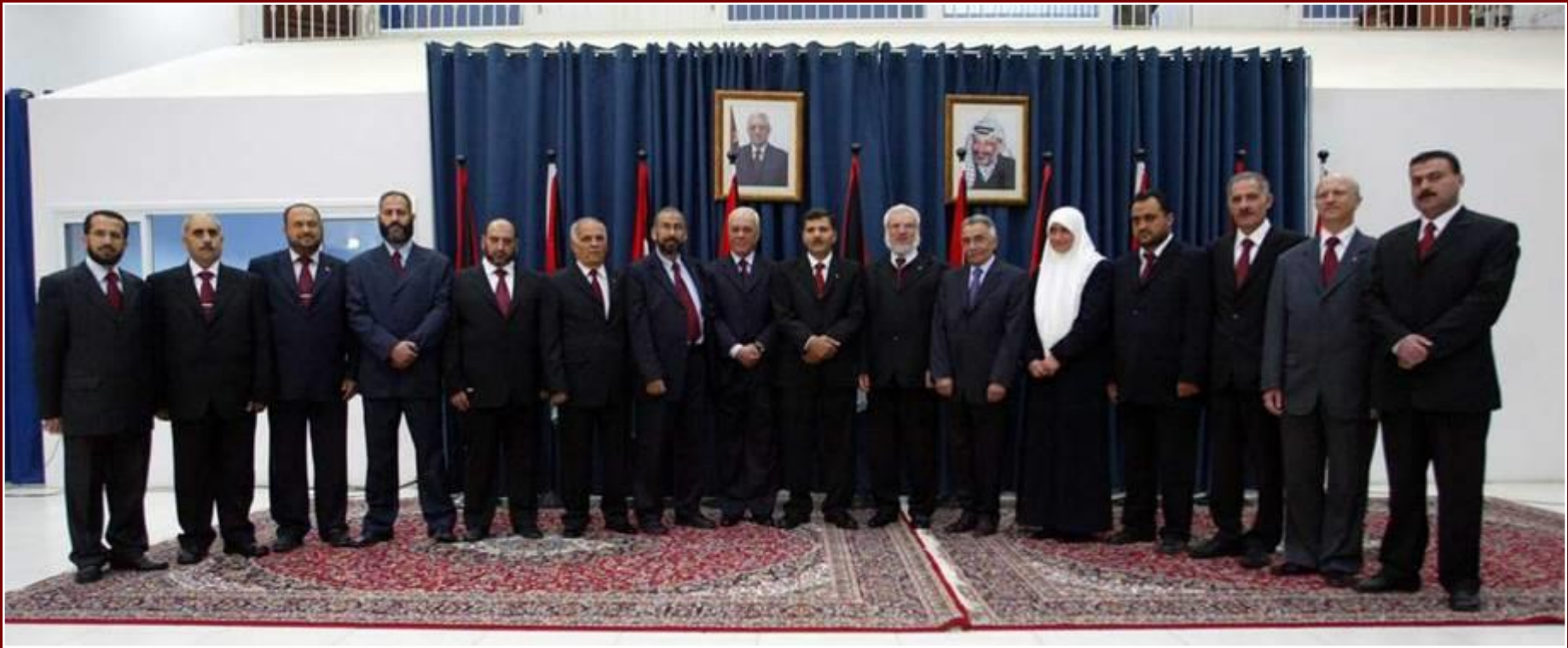
335



Transfer of Jewish bodies



After the withdrawal from the Gaza settlement



2006-2007 Hamas governs Palestine

336

Hamas democratically won the elections in the occupied territories and formed a new Palestinian government including also some independent representatives. Israel and the USA called for a boycott of this Palestinian government claiming them to be “terrorists”. This boycott creates serious difficulties for the Palestinian population. Some months later Israel places 8 ministers and about 60 Palestinian MPs under arrest.



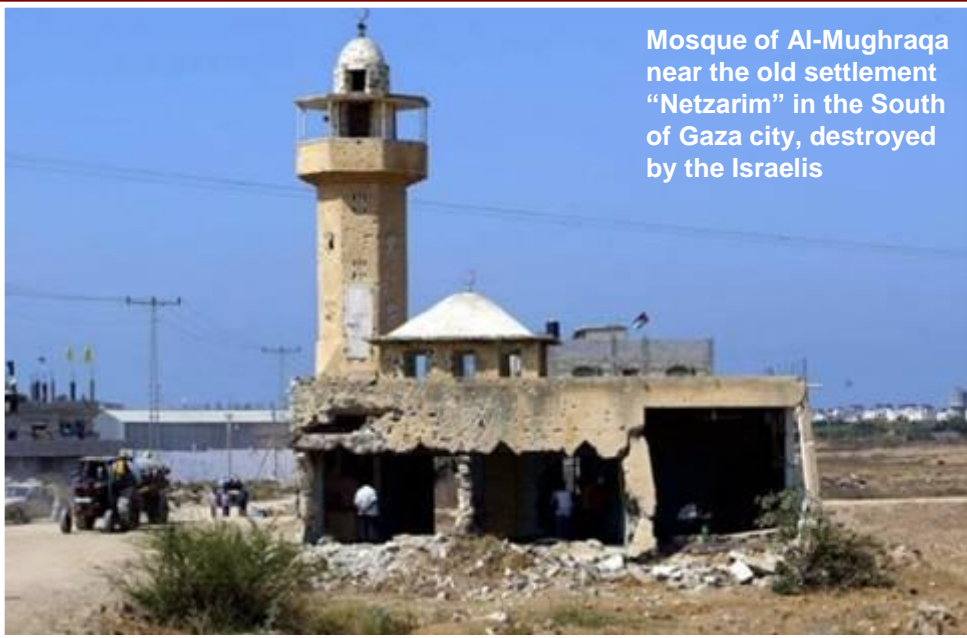
Hamas rally.



2007 - After the electoral victory in 2006, due to Israeli and US persecution, the leaders of Hamas and many militiamen took refuge in the Gaza Strip.

337

14 June 2007 - Hamas takes power in the Gaza Strip violently ousting Fatah
- Israel seals off the Gaza Strip and starts a repressive siege.



Mosque of Al-Mughraqa near the old settlement "Netzarim" in the South of Gaza city, destroyed by the Israelis



Gaza, demolitions carried out by the Israelis along the border wall to create a 3-500 m « security strip » along the wall, on Palestinian land.



The Gaza Strip is now a big open air prison

338



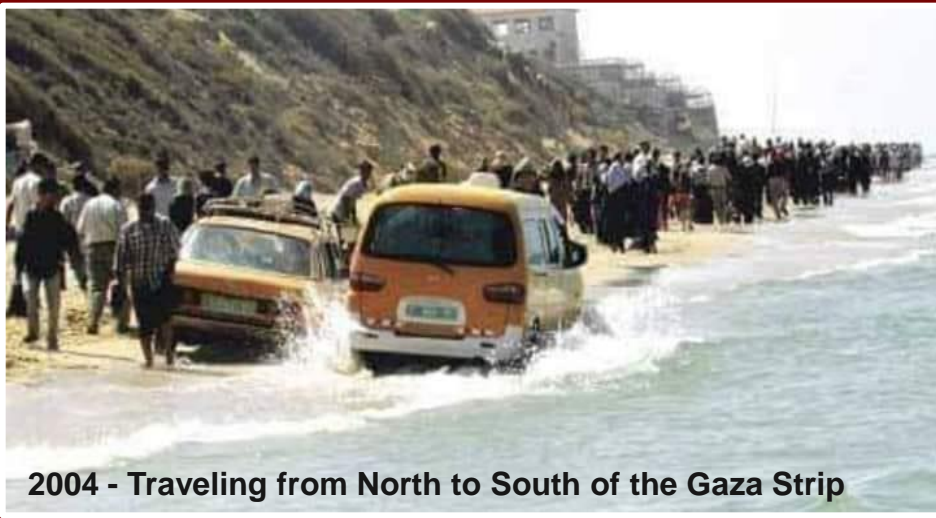
April 2010: shoes in bad condition

The goods enter after many stops



Gaza Strip: no man's land





2004 - Traveling from North to South of the Gaza Strip



The nord border of the Gaza Strip

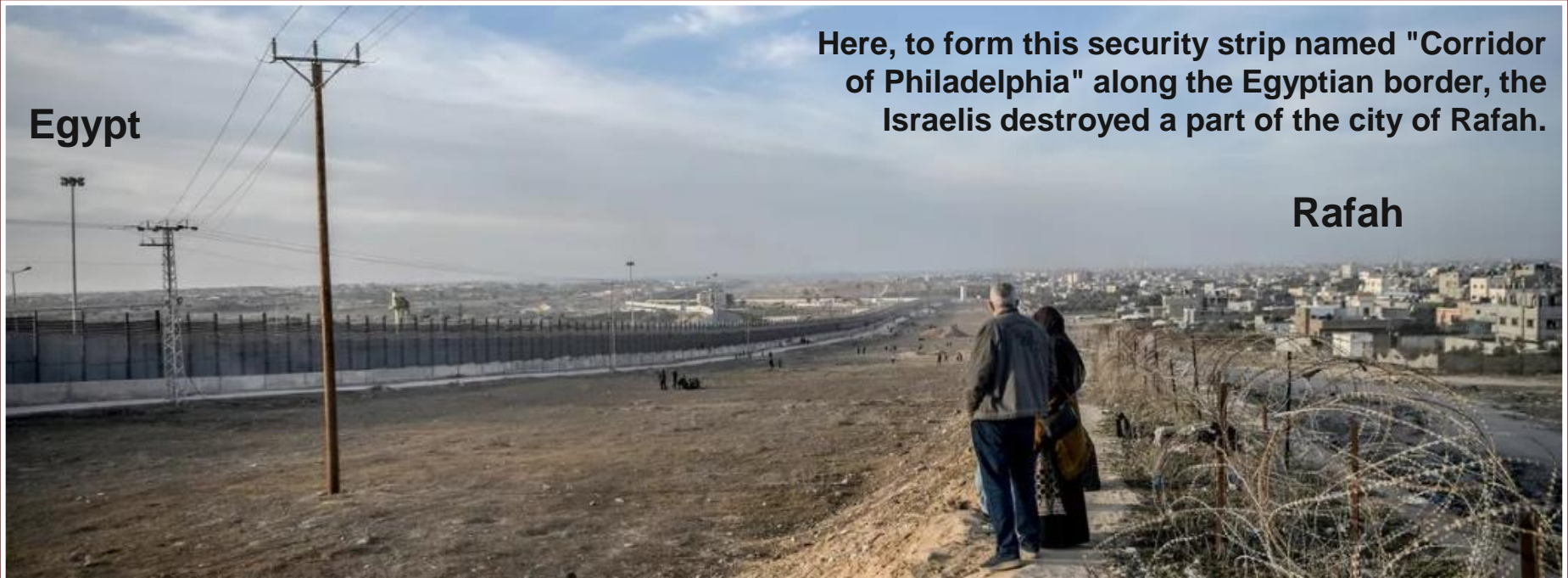


Gaza Strip
Until 2005 it was possible to bypass the Israeli barrages traveling along the beach.
Today all is closed.

Egypt

Here, to form this security strip named "Corridor of Philadelphia" along the Egyptian border, the Israelis destroyed a part of the city of Rafah.

Rafah



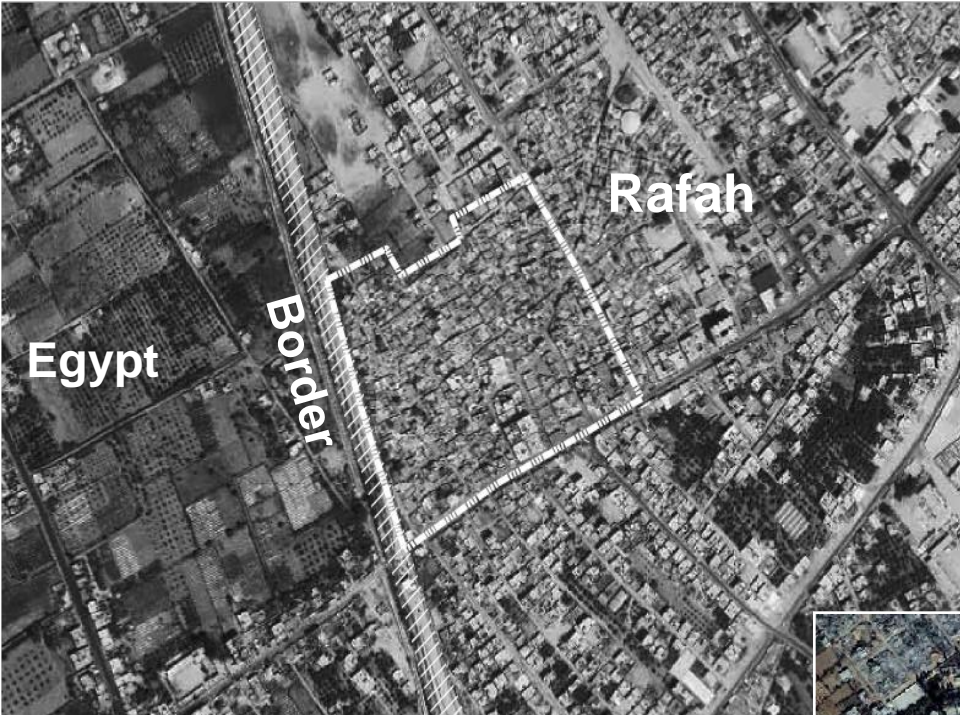
The Philadelphia corridor

Rafah – Gaza Strip

From the beginning of the 2nd Intifada (Sept. 2000) until the Israeli withdrawal (Aug. 2005):

- 3000 houses destroyed (a 400 m wide strip was “smoothed” along the Egyptian border)
- 700 Factories destroyed (some payed by the European Community)
- 6 mosques dstroyed
- 433 people killed (151 children)





Situation
21st April 2000

Corridor of Philadelphia (under Israeli control)



Rafah, Gaza Strip

Situation 
29st May 2004





SINAI - Egypt

343



Gaza Strip

Rafah crossing – Egyptian Check Point

The Philadelphia corridor built by Israel separates the Gaza Strip from Egypt

The Rafah crossing is the only crossing point between the Gaza Strip and Egyptian territory. Egypt nearly always keeps this crossing closed, thereby contributing to the criminal blockade of the Gaza Strip.



Rafah crossing - Palestinian Check Point

Rafah, 2006



Israelis fired on the houses to drive out the Palestinians.



The road is open



Egypt border, Rafah, January 2008

After many months of total blockade imposed by the Israelis, the Palestinians of the Gaza Strip knocked down the metal barrier and entered Egypt in large numbers.

After some days, the border was closed again.



January 2009 - Israel bombs the Gaza Strip

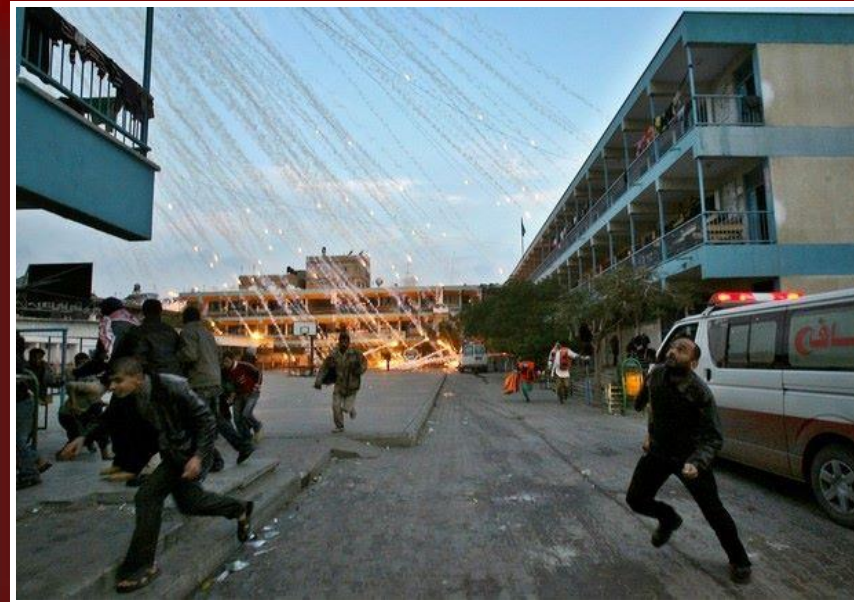
**1500 Palestinian died (1/3 were children),
5000 seriously wounded,
caused damage costing \$ 2 billion.**

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cast_Lead



Gaza 2009: Israel used white phosphorus bombs, forbidden to be used in populated areas by international law.





Gaza 2009: Israel used white phosphorus bombs, forbidden by international law, in densely populated areas

347





July - August 2014 :
Israel bombs the Gaza Strip

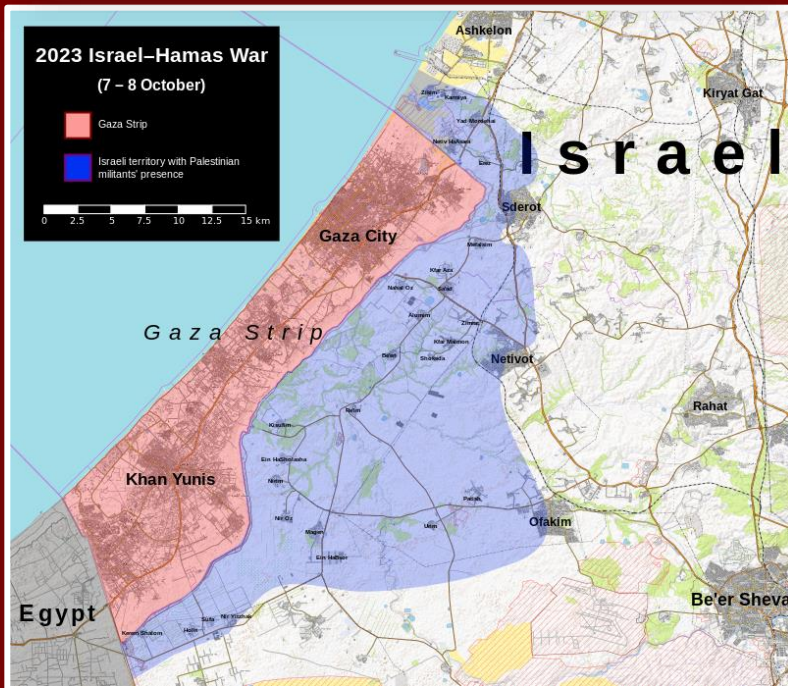
(hitting almost exclusively civilian targets)
2100 Palestinian died (1/4 were children),
8000 seriously wounded, damages costing \$ 5 billion.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dahiya_doctrine
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Operation_Pillar_of_Cloud



Activestills.org





October 7-8, 2023: Hamas militiamen enter Israel

1200 Israelis and 200 Palestinians are killed - Hamas captures 250 hostages.



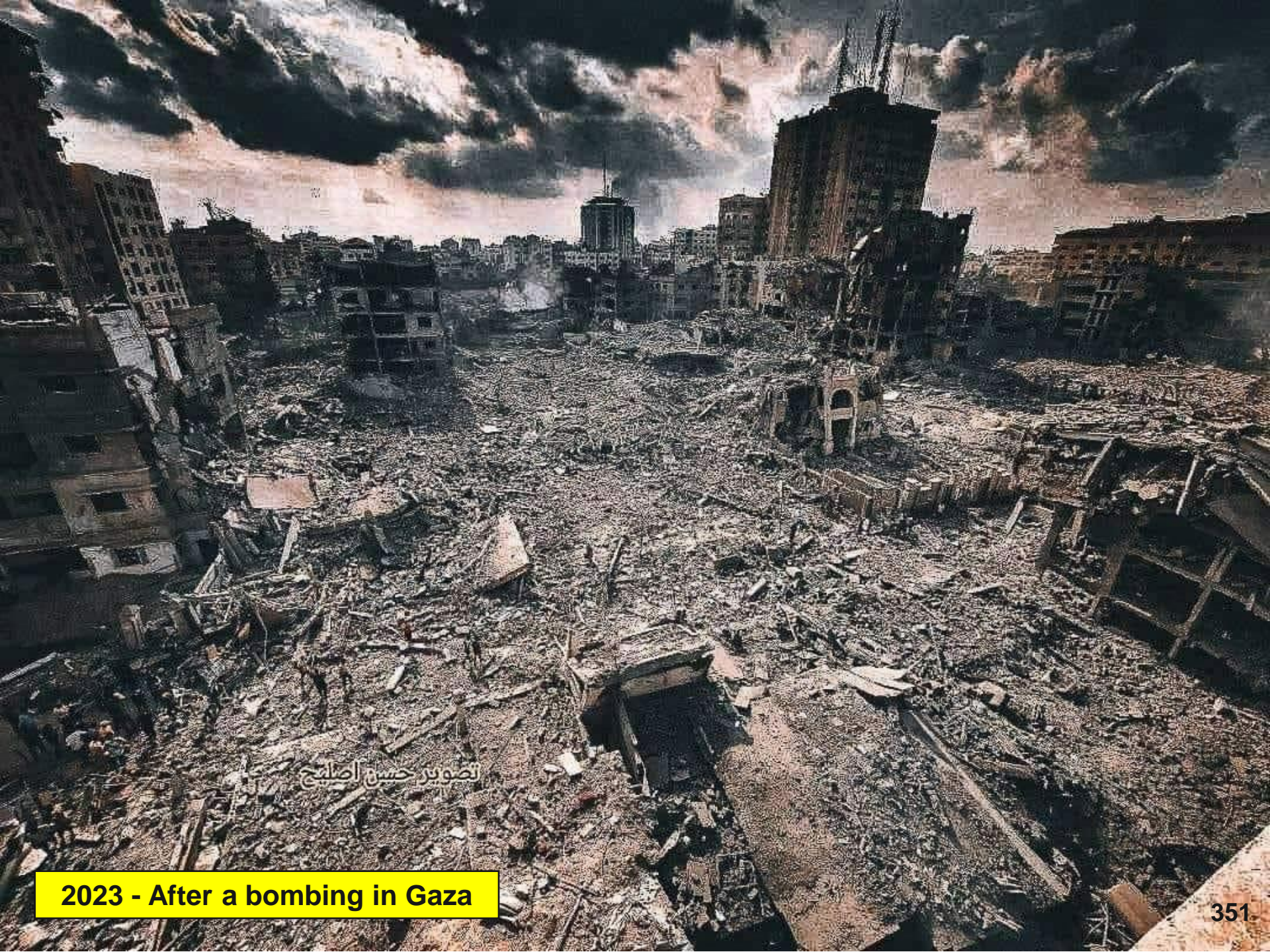
Gazans must flee: they loosed anything
For them, life as refugees begins again



Israel forced 1.2 million people to flee to the southern Gaza Strip

350

October 8. 2023 to June 2024 Israel bombed the Gaza Strip day and night



تصویر حسن اصلیج

2023 - After a bombing in Gaza



Israelis destroyed the Jabalya neighborhood



The Israelis allow only little humanitarian aid

2023 - 2024 The genocide in the Gaza Strip

352



Israelis destroyed Al-Shifa hospital and killed 300 people



The inhabitants of the Gaza Strip are starving

Day **180**

THE ISRAELI GENOCIDE IN THE GAZA STRIP

7 October - 3 April 2024



Killed *
41,496

15,370 Children 9,671 Women
37,676 Civilians



Injured
77,250



Journalists killed
136



Displaced
2,000,000



Completely destroyed homes
122,500



Partially destroyed homes
269,700



Destroyed/damaged press headquarters
177



Damaged schools
443



Destroyed industrial facilities
2,217



Damaged mosques
647

Damaged churches
3



Healthcare professionals
869

349 Killed 520 Injured



Healthcare facilities
301

29 Hospital 69 Clinics
203 Ambulances



Heritage sites
200



Civil defense workers
198

42 Killed 156 Injured



Detainees/Forcibly disappeared
3,890

* The killed number includes those presumed dead under the rubble



Gaza war Statistic

October 7. 2023
to April 2024

353



THOSE WHO
ARE NOT WITH US,
ARE AGAINST
US.



J.W.Bush



DANGEROUS ENEMY



RIGHT !

A.Sharon

It is necessary to justify war..



Israel always showed great enthusiasm for peace negotiations, but has consistently found a way

- to avoid an agreement,
- to conclude a “flexible” agreement or
- to avoid concrete application of agreements.



Madrid 1991



Oslo 1993-1995



Wye Plantation 1998



Camp David and Sharm el-Sheikh 2000



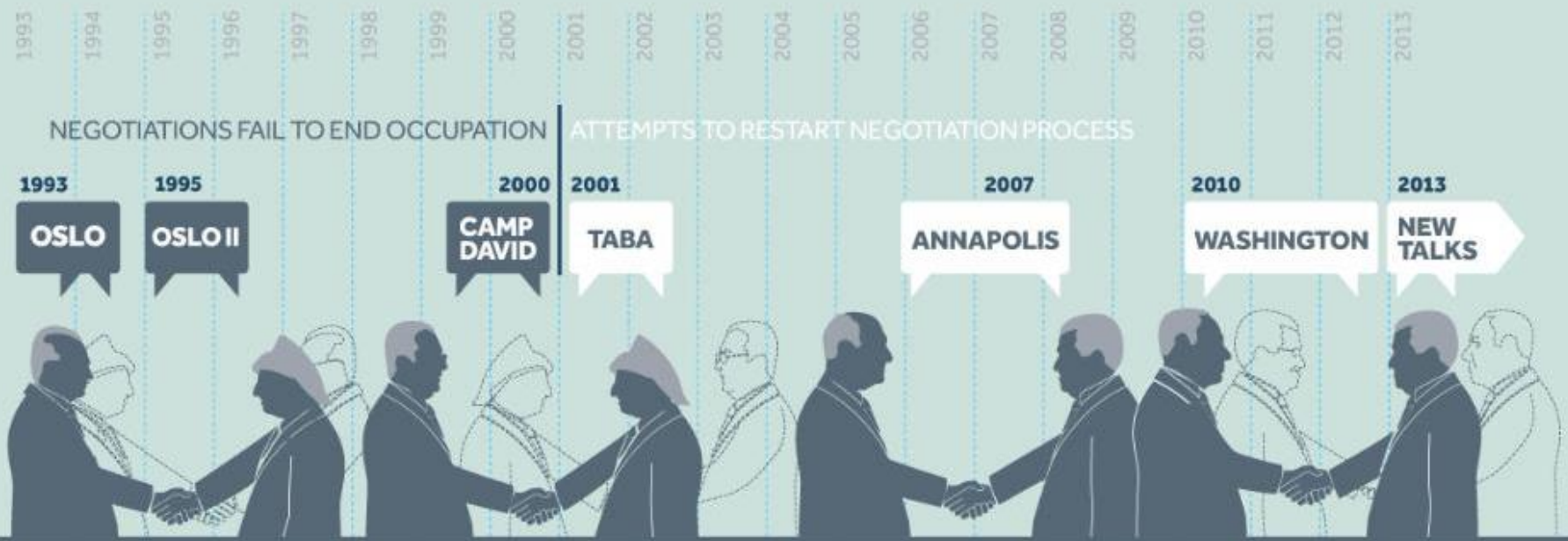
The negotiations and peace agreements between Palestinians and Israelis



Mahmud Abbas

Ariel Sharon

**2005 - Yet another handshake.
Will it convey peace and justice?**



The farce of peace talks serves for Israel to gain time and consolidate its occupation

Every partition of Palestine, every 'Green Line', every agreement and every treaty that closes off a part of the 'Land of Israel' to Jewish colonisation is, from the point of view of Zionism, at most a transitory stage, but must never apply forever."

(Ben Gurion, 1937)



Palestinian Loss of land 1947 to Present

1929 Massacre of Jews in Hebron

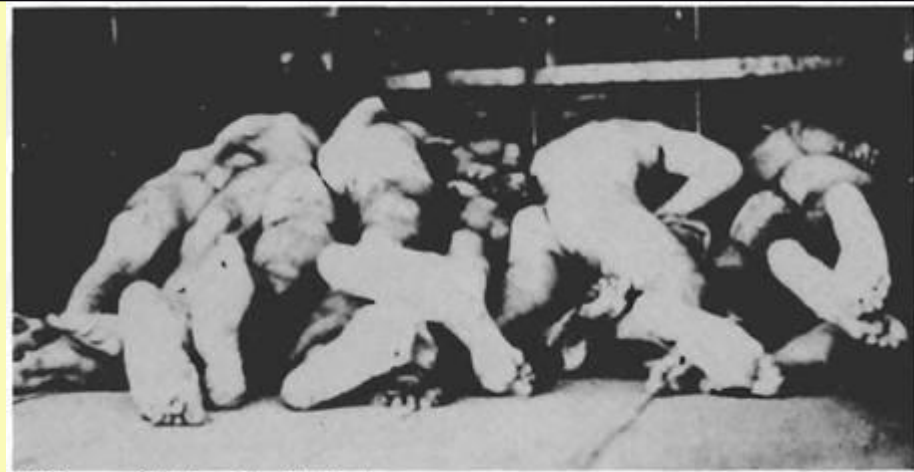


1956 Massacre of Palestinians in Hebron



Victims who had their houses blown up over their heads in a raid by Israeli paratroopers, Hebron

1948: massacre of Deir Yassin



64. Corpses of victims of the Deir Yassin massacre.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_Israeli_assassinations
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_massacres_in_Palestine

Palestine: an endless series of abuses, revenge, attacks, reprisals, hold ups and slaughter.

Nablus

359



Nahalin 1954



80. Victims of Israeli perpetrated massacre at Nahalin, March 29, 1954.

Gaza 2004





Palestinians are forced to leave

Because of the very difficult life conditions in the occupied territories, every year more than 100'000 Palestinians leave their country permanently.

360



Gaza, the departure

Place of Refuge	Population 2022	of which: Refugees	District	Depopulated Towns and Villages	Refugees 1948	Refugees 2022
Palestine 1948 (Israel)	1,773,000	449,000				
Gaza Strip	1,969,000	1,599,000	Acre	30	47,038	571,000
West Bank	2,963,000	1,252,000	Ramle	64	97,405	1,182,000
Jordan	4,371,000	3,384,000	Beisan	31	19,602	238,000
Lebanon	669,000	655,000	BeerSheba	88	90,507	1,098,000
Syria	812,000	798,000	Gaza	46	79,947	970,000
Egypt	91,000	71,000	Haifa	59	121,196	1,470,000
Saudi Arabia	511,000	481,000	Hebron	16	22,991	279,000
Kuwait	70,000	60,000	Jaffa	25	123,227	1,495,000
Other Gulf	196,000	185,000	Jerusalem	39	97,950	1,188,000
Iraq, Libya	138,000	130,000	Jenin	6	4,005	49,000
Other Arab Countries	10,000	10,000	Nazareth	5	8,746	106,000
North America	379,000	303,000	Safad	78	52,248	634,000
Other Countries	482,000	386,000	Tiberias	26	28,872	350,000
			Tulkarm	18	11,032	134,000
Total	14,434,000	9,760,000	Total	531	804,766	9,760,000

Where are the Palestinians in 2022

361

Palestine prepared by Dr. Salman Abu Sitta - Palestine Solidarity Campaign



WE WILL RETURN

Israel has always refused to implement UN Resolution 194 of 11 December 1948 which guarantees the Palestinians' the right to return to their homes.





Palestine exists
because it resists.

363

I keep the keys of my house: one day I will return !



From 20 November 2012:
State with observer status

Yasser
Arafat
at the
UN

On 31
October
2011,
UNESCO
admits
Palestine



PALESTINE and the UN



On 23 September 2011, the President of the Palestinian National Authority Mahmoud Abbas delivered the request for recognition of a Palestinian State to UN General Secretary Ban Ki Moon and made an historic speech before the UN General Assembly calling for justice for the Palestinian people and remembering Yasser Arafat. Israel and the U.S. are opposed to the recognition of a Palestinian State.

On 29 December 2023, South Africa sued Israel at the International Court of Justice in The Hague for genocide.

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/State_of_Palestine



Summary in images

Zionists expel all Arabs from historical Palestine. There is only Israel.

Zionists expel almost all Arabs from Palestine. There is only Israel, a nation with apartheid.

Zionists expel all Arabs from Israel. It also creates a Mini-State of Palestine subject to Israel.

In Palestine two independent States are created in 1967 borders.

Two independent States are created according UN Resolution 181.

In Palestine a unique, democratic, multi-ethnic and multi-religious State is created with the right of return for Palestinian refugees.

Arabs expel all Zionists from historical Palestine. A State of Palestine and a Mini-State of Israel are created.

Arabs expel all Zionists from historical Palestine. There is only Palestine.

Arabs expel almost all Zionists from Palestine. There is only Palestine, a nation with apartheid.

Israel - Palestine: future perspectives



① In Palestine a unique, independent, democratic, multi-ethnic and multi-religious State is created with the right of return for Palestinian refugees, but unwelcome foreigners are expelled.





Palestine - Thematic slides



367

The world must know that Israel is a danger to all humanity.

367

LEBANON



368

1964 Camp Nabatya, for Palestinian refugees in Lebanon, before being bombed and destroyed by the Israelis in 1974. The survivors moved to the camp of Ein el-Helweh which was also destroyed by the Israelis in 1982, the survivors were scattered in other areas of Lebanon.



The strategic castle of Beaufort, last bastion of the Palestinian resistance Southern Lebanon.



1976 Christian Maronite militias in Beirut

August 1982
An attack destroys the Phalange headquarters. The Christian maronites chief Bachir Gemayel dies.



1976 Beirut bombed

**13.4.1975 - 1982
LEBANON**

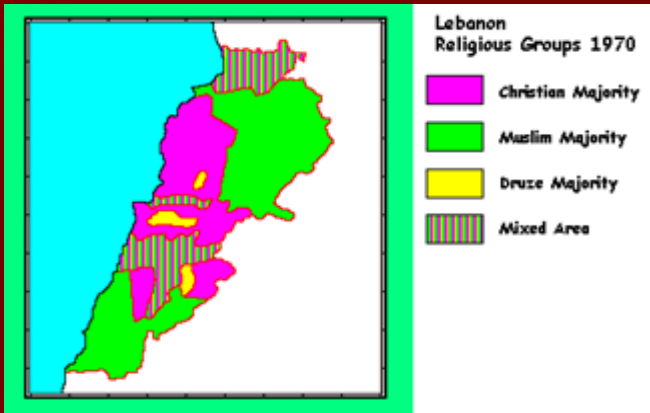
369

The civil war between Christian Maronites and Palestinians bursts out, and later it will also involve Shia Muslims and Druse. All the involved parties are armed and undertake terrible atrocities and slaughters.

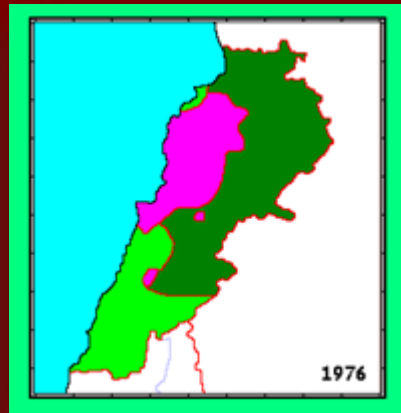
In 1976 The community of Arab states send a peace force, mostly composed of Syrian troops, that goes on to occupy most of Lebanon.

The Palestinian militias are divided , some pro-Syria and others followers of Arafat and they fight each other. The Palestinians, alternatively allied to Shias and to the Druse are going to take the upper hand.





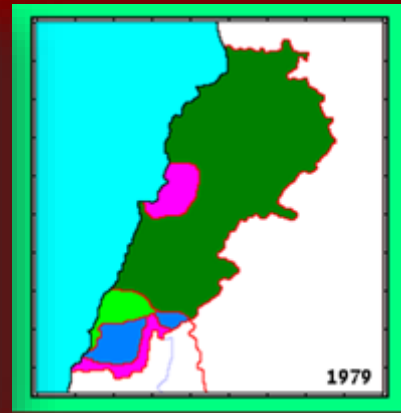
1970



1976



1979

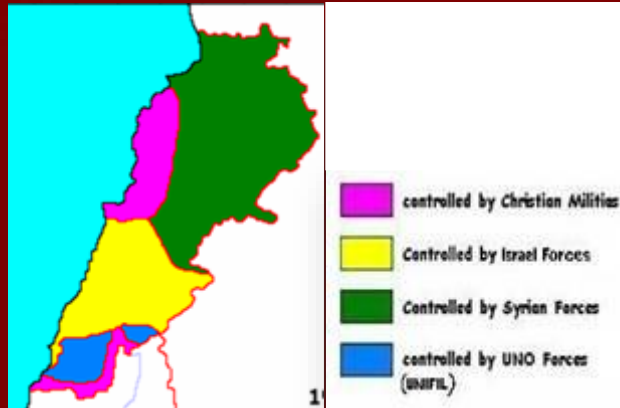


The developments in Lebanon

2000 : Israel withdraws from the « security strip » in Southern Lebanon

2005 : Syria withdraws completely from Lebanon

1982



1987



1992



370



Syrian and
Palestinian
combatants



1982

The
Israelis
invade
Lebanon
and after
3 months
of siege
they
conquer
Beirut



Beirut
besieged

A Israeli tank destroyed by
the Syrians

371

The USA
battleship
New Jersey
supports
the Israelis
shooting on
Lebanon,
mortars of 1
ton each.





Sept. 1982 - Beirut 372
The slaughter of Sabra and Shatila was carried out by the Christian Maronites supported by the Israelis



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sabra_and_Shatila_massacre





Arafat escorted by French para troops

The landing of US troops

In Beirut, the Israelis bomb the Palestinian quarter systematically



1982 - Lebanon
The UN send more peacekeeping troops

373

The disembarkment of french troops

Arafat and the PLO leave for Tunis

Arafat and his militia leave Beirut escorted by UN forces





Behind the attack on the US embassy there is the long hand of the Israeli intelligence agency



Marines counting the dead men killed in the attack to their barracks



The attack to the US barracks causes the death of 245 marines.

1983 Beirut

Attack on French troops : 49 dead



23 October 1983 attack on marines' barracks



February 1984 : the marines go home





After Beirut, Arafat and the PLO are now stationed in Tunis

The bombing of the headquarters of the PLO in Tunis. Arafat is safe by a miracle.

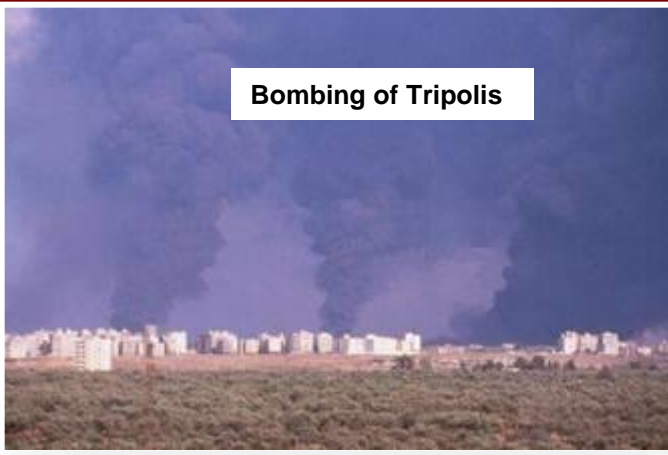
1.10.1985
The Israelis attack the headquarters of the PLO in Tunis with 73 casualties

In 1994, due to the Oslo accords, Arafat returns to Palestine.

Photo:
1st July 1994
Gaza welcomes Arafat



Bombing of Tripolis



East Beirut is a heap of ruins



1983
Palestinian
fighters
in Tripolis
Northern
Lebanon



Komeini's
Iran
sends Shia
militias to
Lebanon

2003
Parade of
Hezbollah in
Beirut



**LEBANON
1983 - 2000**

After the isareli withdrawal and the departure of international troops, civil war continues and will end with the defeat of the Christian Maronits and the significant presence of the Syrians.

The generals Haddad and Lahad, commanders of the pro-Israeli forces in Southern Lebanon



Hezbollah attacks an Israeli tank in Southern Lebanon





The Lebanese people and Hezbollah militias are celebrating



Year 2000
Compelled by the Hezbollah militia the Israelis leave Southern Lebanon



... immediately followed by the pro-Israeli militias of Southern Lebanon.



LEBANON
year 2000



377



The Hezbollah militias reach the border with Israel



The regular Lebanese troops regain Southern Lebanon

The Lebanese border is closed..
..and controlled by the UN





The courtyard : 15 minutes of open air every two weeks

The torture room

A prisoner of Kham



The cells

The terrible israeli prison of Kham, Southern Lebanon

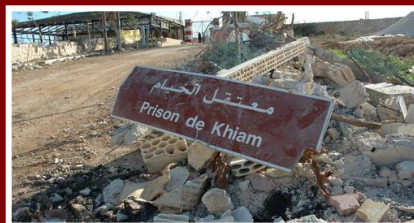
The prisoners are free

Today the Kham prison is a Museum.

The prison was managed by the Israelis. In the year 2000 Hezbollah freed the 144 prisoners. The prison-museum was destroyed by the Israelis in 2006, but it can still be visited.



The punishment box



After the demolition of the prison





1999
Lebanese
power plant
destroyed by
the Israelis



May 2001 Israeli artillery
in action along the border
with Lebanon

The power
plant of
Joumhour
destroyed
by the
Israelis
on 8.2.2000



Telecommuni-
cation station
of Beirut
destroyed by
Israeli on 25
June 1999

Syrian radar
station
shelled by
Israel in
April 2000



**Israeli attacks
in Lebanon**



Bridge in Sidone
destroyed by
Israeli on 25
June 1999

379

May 2004
The Israelis « are blinding »
the UN observers in Lebanon
with smoke bombs

16.2.2001
Israel
bombing
Southern
Lebanon



The power
plant of
Baslim in
Lebanon
destroyed by
the israelis in
may 2000

1996
Israel bombs
the UN
Palestinian
refugee camp
in Qana - Tyre
causing the
deaths of 100
civilians





2006 : Lebanon war

With the excuse of freeing two soldiers kidnapped by Hezbollah and of stopping the launch of Katiusha missiles, Israel invades and bombs Lebanon heavily, kills 1100 people and causes immense destruction.



A present from Israeli children to Lebanese children

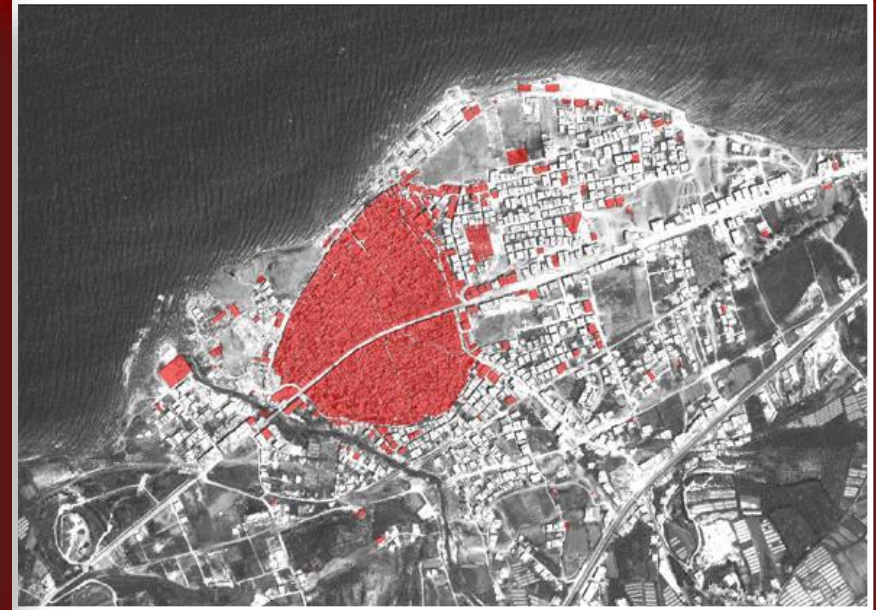


15'000 apartments destroyed



140 bridges destroyed

2007 - LEBANON - The destruction of Nahr el-Bared refugee camp

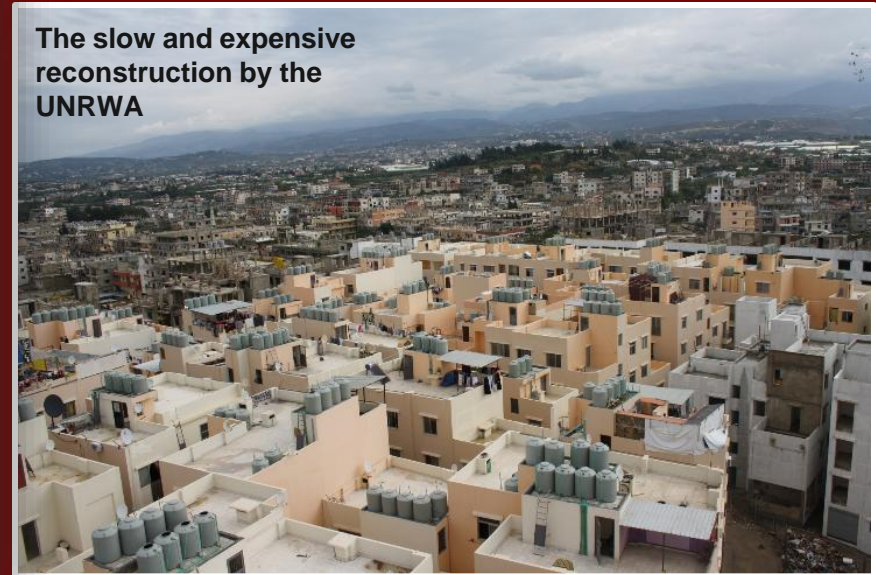


No peace for the Palestinian refugee camp of Nahr el-Bared which was shelled by the Lebanese army. The camp was completely destroyed, and some 30'000 residents made homeless.

381



The slow and expensive reconstruction by the UNRWA





**2024
Lebanon
war.**



Nasrallah

Israel heavily bombs Hezbollah installations and centres. Thousands of Lebanese have to flee. Many Hezbollah militiamen and leaders are killed. The photo shows what remains of the command centre in Beirut where Supreme Leader Nasrallah was killed.



The « special » munitions (Lebanon 2006).



In Lebanon Israel uses illegal weapons of mass destruction



Cluster bomb



Time Sub munition



Inside there are hundreds of bomblets.

383

The victims are often civilians

Victim of cluster bombs.....and of white phosphorus



The unexploded sub munitions are dangerous

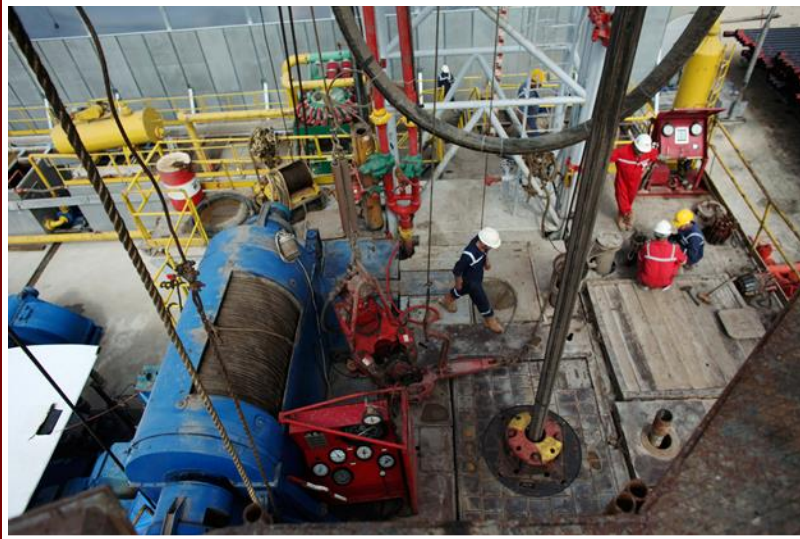




Israel - Lebanon war, 2006

May god, bless this cluster bomb...

384



Extraction of natural gas in Karkur, northern Israel



Israeli quarry Natof-Shapir in occupied Palestine

Israel usurps mineral resources

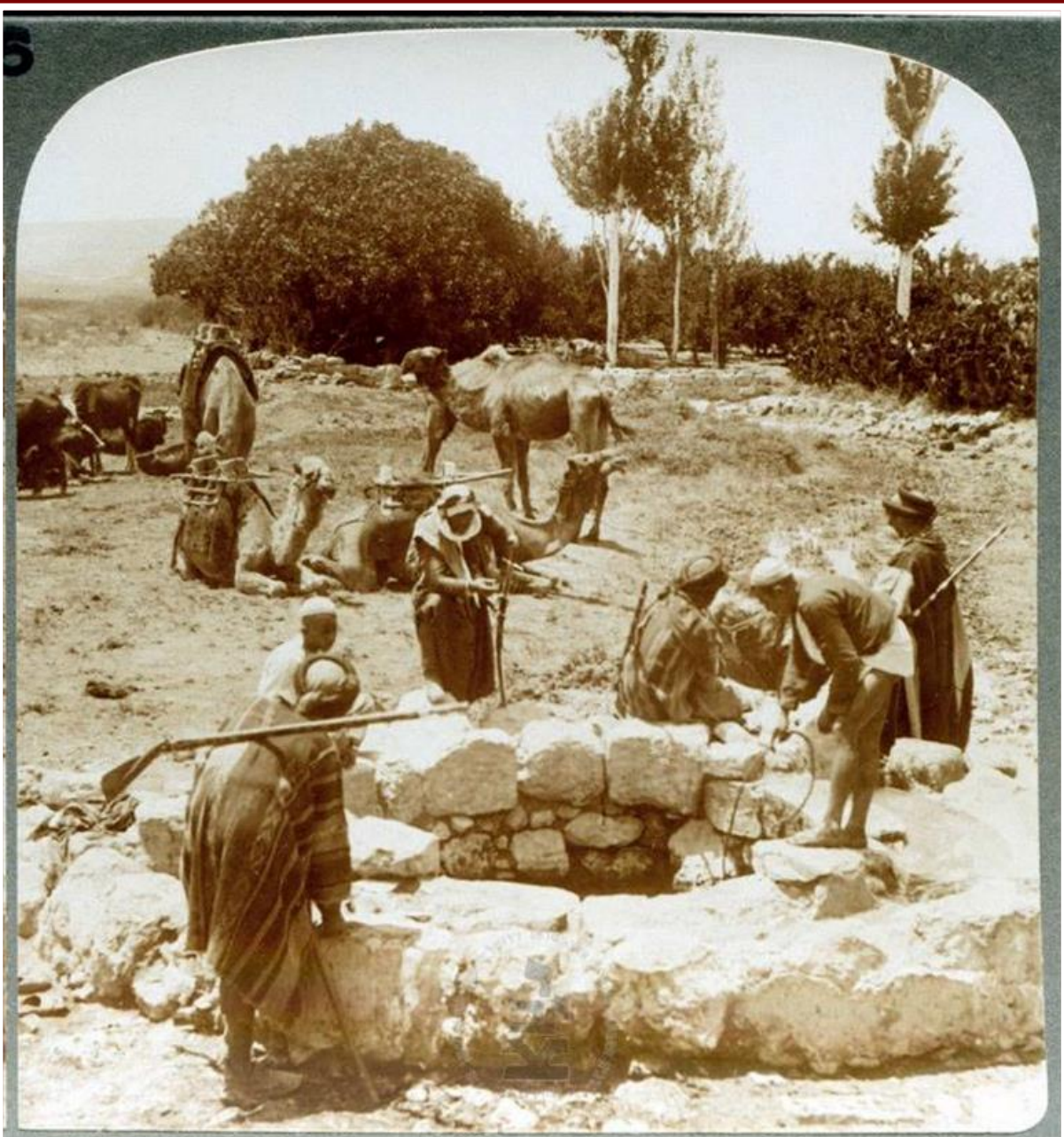
385



Israeli Oil Well in Rantis, Palestinian village northwest of Ramallah

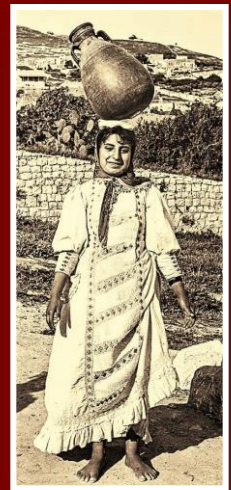


Israeli offshore platform for the extraction of natural gas

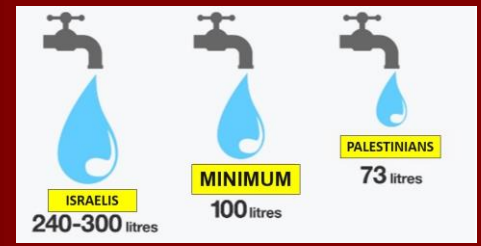


(65)-3144—"Joseph's well"—Dothan, Palestine (Gen. xxxvii; 12-36).

Water



Palestine has always been livable because there is also enough water, but now the problem is its distribution.



Joseph's well
Dothan, Palestine
1890

Water

387

There is enough water in Palestine, but the Israelis take a good part of the surface and ground water of the occupied territories and Southern Lebanon to the lake of Galilee, out of which it is then distributed to the whole Israeli national territory.



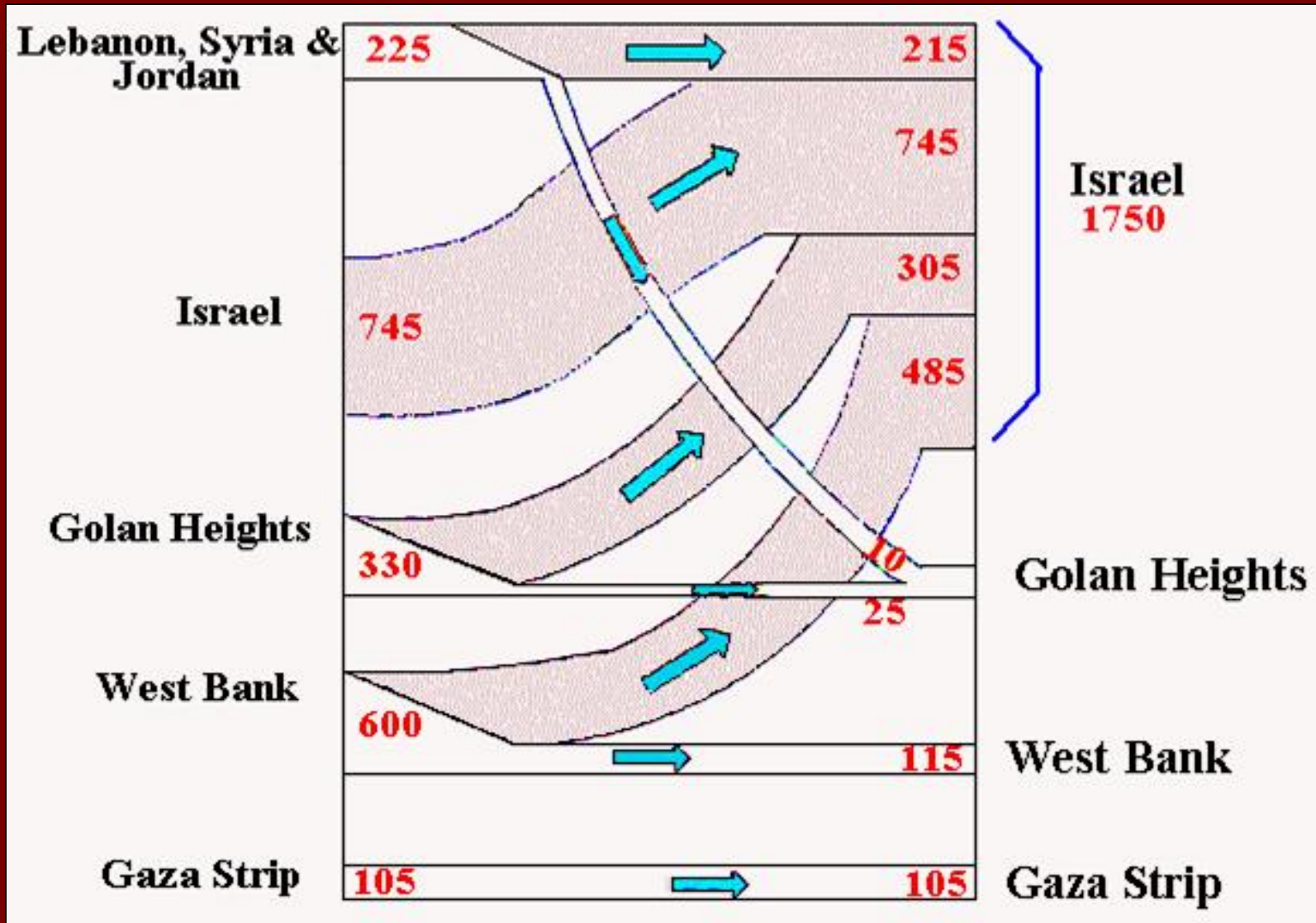
Only a little water is left for Palestinians. The Israelis then sell them the same water at a higher price.

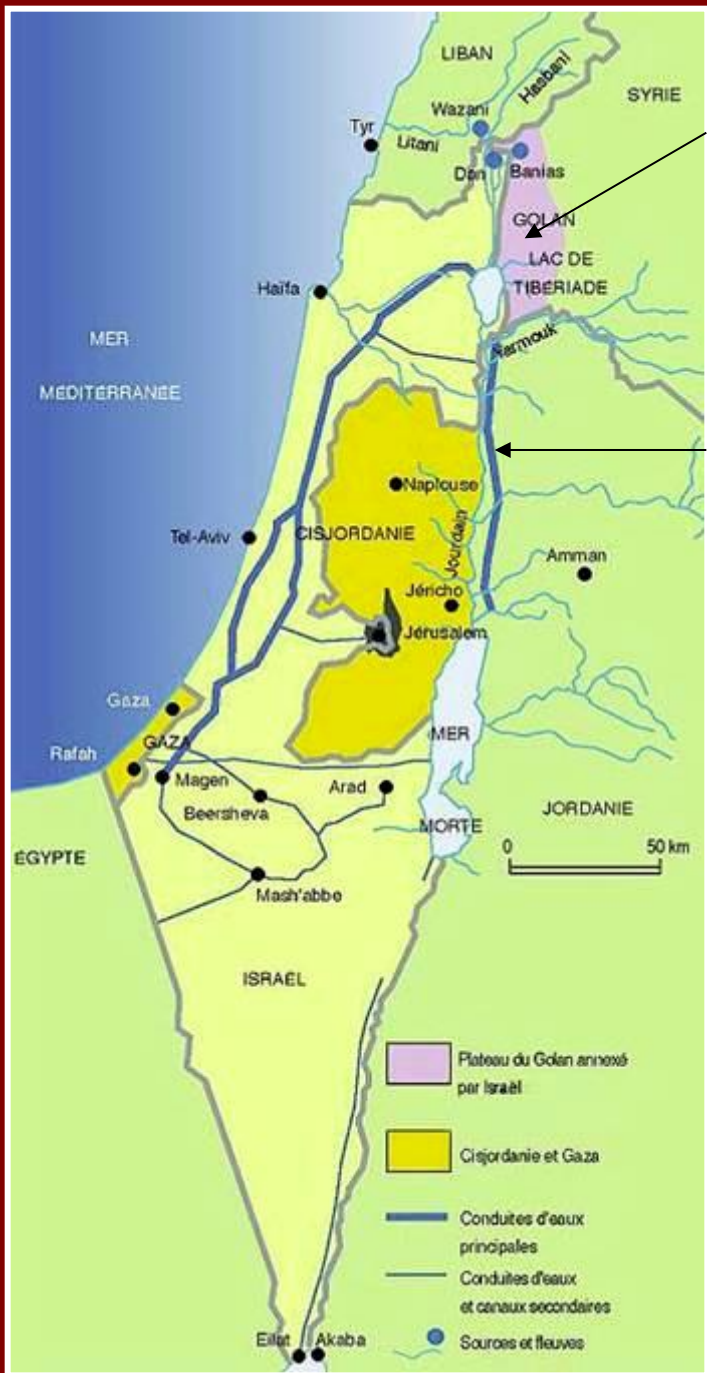


Coming from

Water

Going to





Golan
Syria
occupied
by Israel

Collection
channel



Water

389

Negev
irrigation of
a tomato farm
at a kibbutz



1895
Bedouins
at a spring

Collecting channel



Wastewater Treatment and recycling



Water

Israel makes enormous efforts for drinkable water supply

390



Sea water desalination



Reservoir



Swimming pool of the
Zionist colony Ariel, West
Bank

391

Water

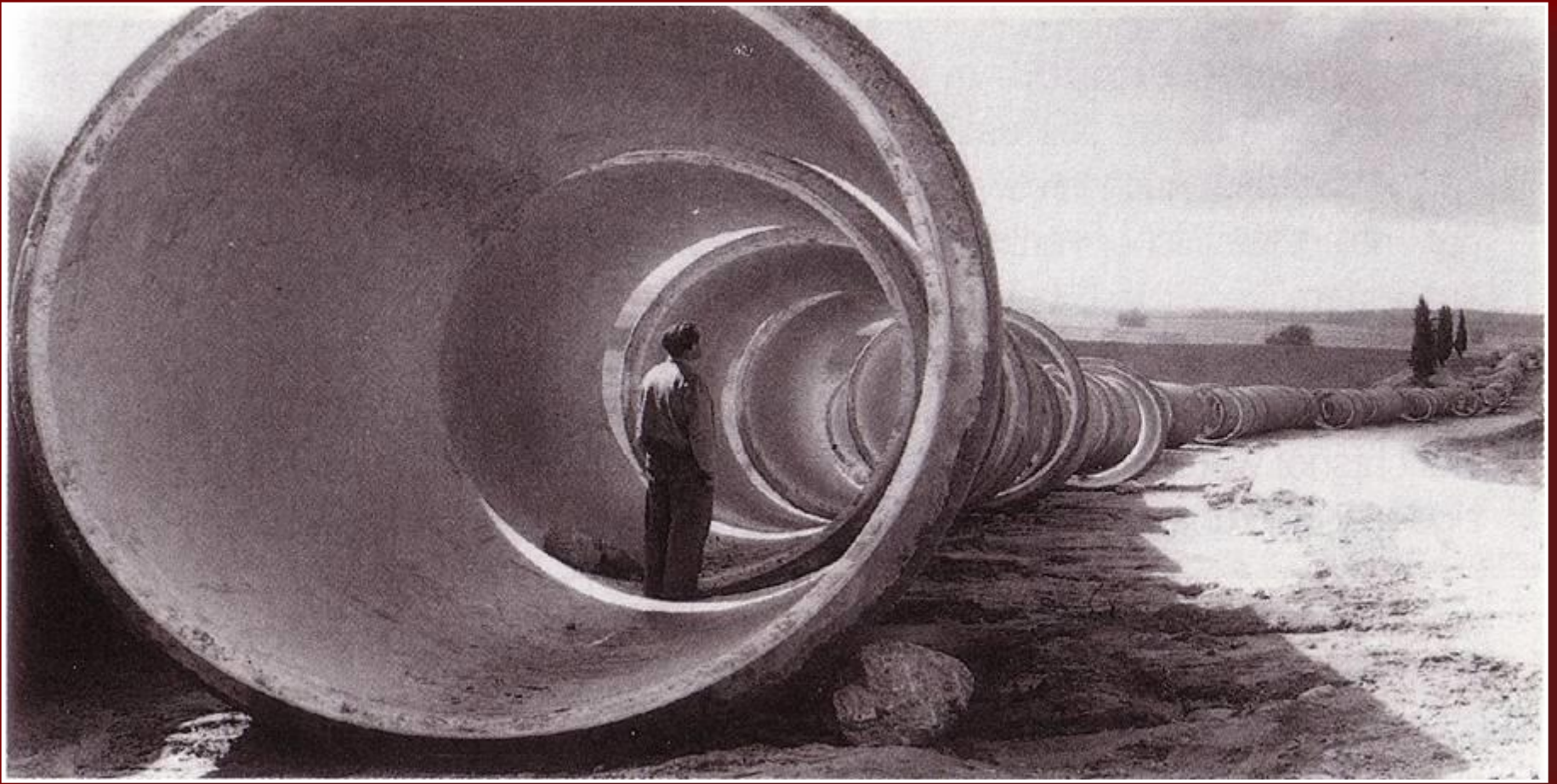


Swimming pool of the
Mount Zion Hotel in Jerusalem

Israeli : irrigation

Public swimming pool in Jerusalem





Water

1960s : Construction of the Israeli national water pipeline.



392



Palestinian water

393

Left : distribution ,

Above : pipes broken by the Israelis

Right : a stream reduced to a trickle by the construction work of some Israeli settlements



Gaza



Jenin



Palestinian water

The Israelis damage Palestinian water tanks

394



Hebron, a Palestinian family water tank damaged by Zionist settlers



Demolition
of a
palestinian
water-
reservoir
in al Baqa
North of
Hebron,
03.09.2009



This Bedouin water tank is perforated
by Israeli bullets

Palestinian water

395

Since 1948 the water supply (wells, springs, pipes, irrigation systems, tanks, cisterns, water reservoirs, etc.) of the Palestinians are a preferred target of the Israelis because lack of water is forcing the Palestinians to leave.

Confiscation and destruction of water tanks in the Palestinian village of Amiyr (Hebron), 5 July 2011





For the Palestinians, water is essential

Palestinian water

The Israelis systematically destroy water wells and groundwater sources of the Palestinians



Gaza
2009



Demolished water well in Um Kbeish. The Israelis also demolished Palestinian houses and uprooted olive trees. June 11, 2019.



Cementation of a well, Hebron, 7.27.23



Demolition of the water-reservoir of a Palestinian farm



In Bardala the Israelis have confiscated the local well and they now sell the water back to the Palestinians for a high price.

Destruction of a water well near Gaza

Source destroyed near Bethlehem in March 2011





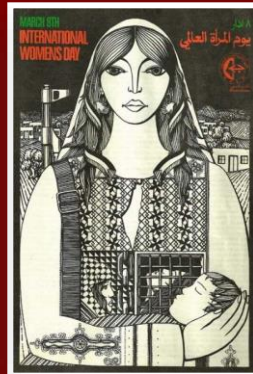
Palestinian water

From the satellite image the lack of water in the occupied Palestinian territories is clearly visible. Considering that in the West Bank there is enough rain, it is obvious that the drought is due to the unequal share in favor of Israel and its colonies by Israeli water company Mekorot.

Palestinian women



Leila Kaled (1970)



In Palestine, the weight of conflict often falls on the woman, whether mother or relative of a prisoner or martyr, or as political activist, or as militant or resistant. There are about a hundred Palestinian women held in Israeli jails.

Often the family tensions created by the harsh living conditions caused by Israeli occupation have a strong impact on women, sisters, wives and mothers (for example; by the loss of the home). Quite often the women, with their modest work, are the only wage earners for the family. Some say that popular traditions restrict freedom for women, and limit their participation in civil and economic society, which effects society as a whole.



The Palestinians in 2017

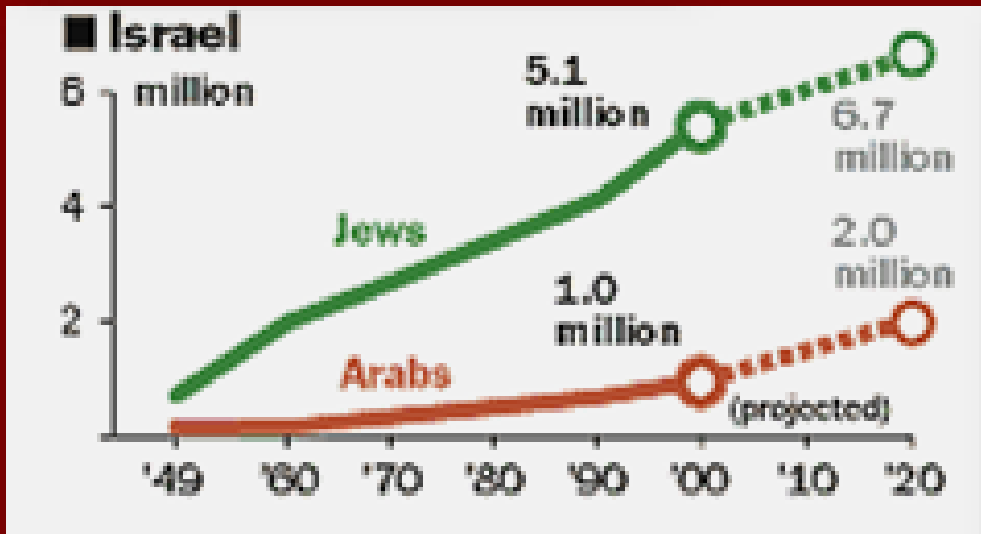
West Bank	2'972	23.4 %
Gaza Strip	1'912	15 %
Israel	1'532	12,1 %
Arab States	5'595	44 %
World	695	5,5 %
Total	12'706	100 %

Fertility rate

Babies born per 100 residents of



THE DEMOGRAPHIC BOMB

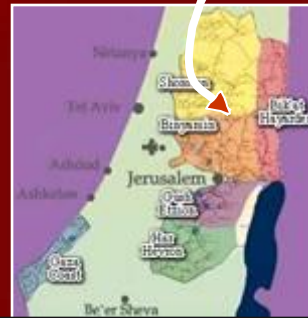




IMMIGRATION



From the
US to the
occupied
territories





*the bad economic situation
in israel 20/09/2003*

1.5 million Israelis live under the poverty line. The favoured neo-liberal policies of the Israeli government increase social inequalities.



401

Israel The time bomb of social inequality



*the bad economic situation
in israel 20/09/2003*





UN Security Council : the USA used their right to VETO more than 50 times to stop resolutions unfavourable to Israel



Truman - Weizmann
1945



Rabin Johnson



Kennedy Ben Gurion



Ben Gurion Eisenhower



Nixon Meir



Dayan Nixon



Rabin Ford



Reagan Rabin



Shamir Bush

402

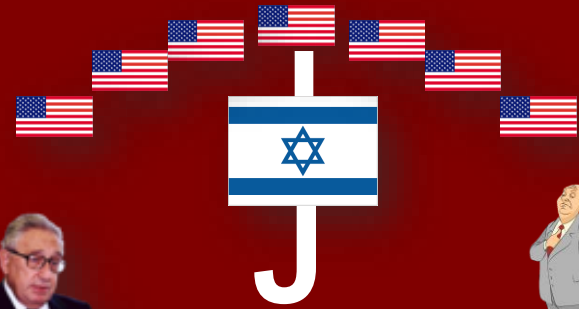


2005 Sharon - C.Rice



1991 Madrid

The USA diplomatic umbrella



Kissinger



1988

Albright

Arafat

King Hussein

Pres. Clinton

Netanyahu



X



HELP SAVE America & Israel



JAHG-USA: Jews and Hassidic Gentiles United to Save America



John Ashcroft

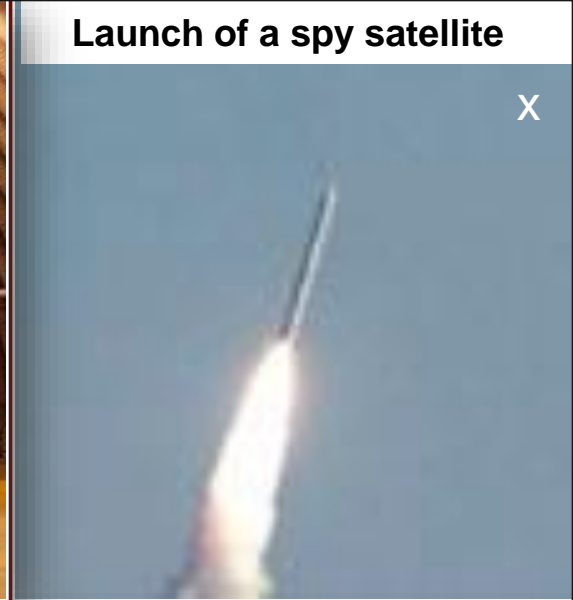


403

USA aids Israel

For more than 50 years, the USA has given to Israel between 2 - 4 billion \$ every year in cash and arms.





Launch of a spy satellite

X



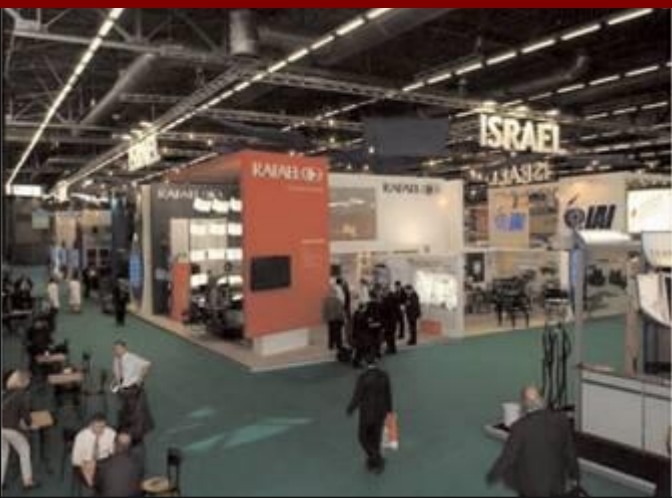
Israel produces and maintains sophisticated armaments



Israel's military industry



Israeli armaments stand at an arms fair





The Israelis observe and/or launch assaults against Palestinians with remote controlled aircraft

The Israeli army access to high-tech



405



Military radio station

Long range missile





Jerusalem, March 12, 2019.



Hebron, September 20, 2016



Israel exports violence

The Israelis have tried the most brutal repression techniques, such as Krav Maga, on the Palestinians, and now they teach them to police and armies from around the world.



The agent D.C., Minneapolis police, on May 25, 2020 arrested and killed George Floyd using the Krav Maga technique.

Israel

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Krav_Maga

US

406

■ Nuclear-related sites



Nuclear research center Nahal Sorek

Israel holds between 200- 400 nuclear bombs

407

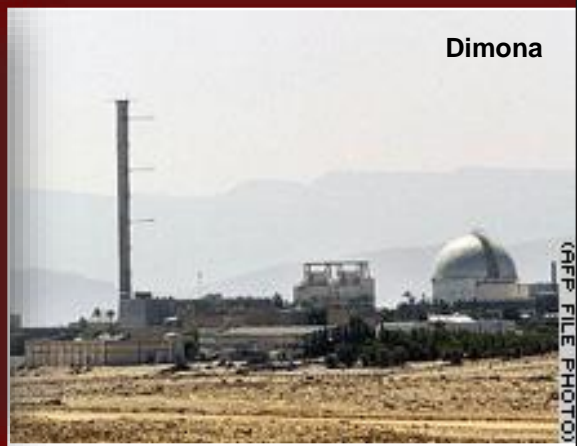
The Israeli technician who revealed the existence of Israeli nuclear weapons



Dimona



Israeli submarine with nuclear weapons



Dimona



Napalm victim, 1967



26.3.1969
Ein Hazzar,
Jordan

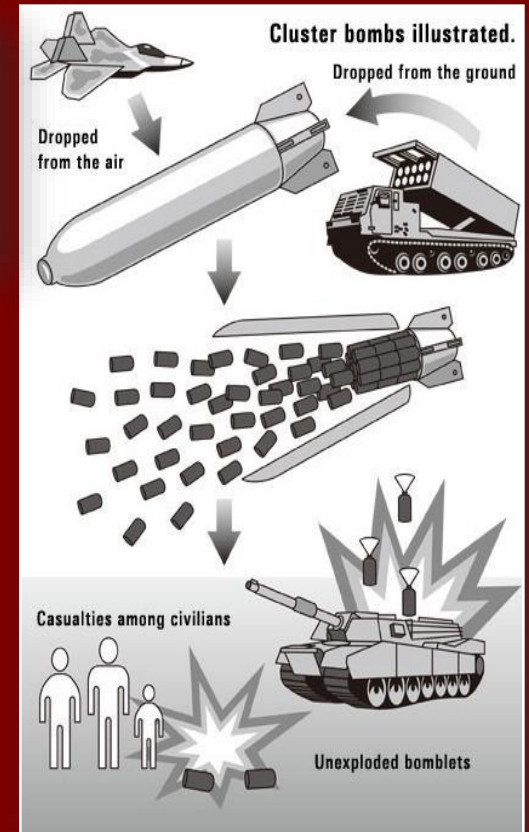
Napalm



White phosphorus victims, Gaza.

Israel's use of illegal weapons of mass destruction

- Biological weapons, Acre, 1948
- Napalm, since 1967
- Cluster bombs, Lebanon 1980-82 and 2000-06
- White phosphorus, Gaza, 2009
- Nuclear bombs, when?



White phosphorus, Gaza, 2009



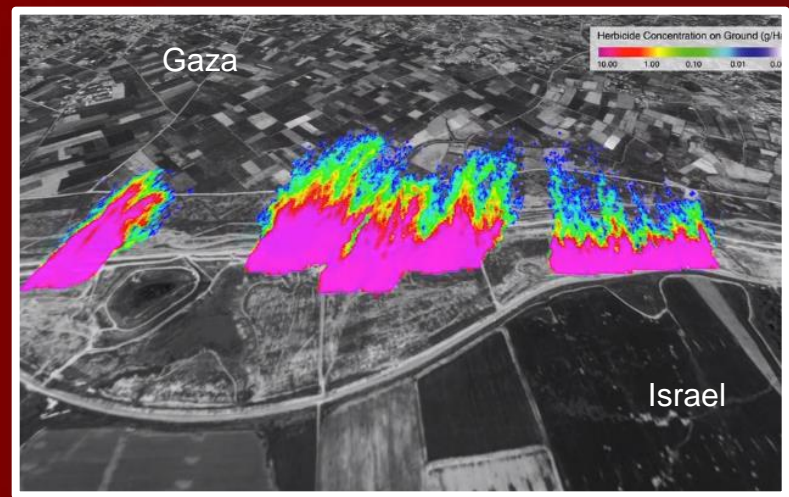
Cluster bomb victim, Lebanon.



**Israel
sprays
Gazan
farms with
poisonous
chemicals**



409





At-Tuwani,
West Bank
April 2005



West Bank,
24 Oct. 2015

Zionists poison Palestinian animals



40 goats poisoned in the
Ojya Village, Jordan Valley,
The Palestinian owner
lost his only source of
income. 28 July 2020



Jordan
Valley,
16 January
2018



At Tuwani (Hebron): Israeli archaeological excavations under the Palestinian homes, trying to prove an ancient Jewish presence.

ISRAELI ONE - LAYER ARCHAEOLOGY

411



Silwan
(Jérusalem)

Archaeological excavations are a pretext to confiscate Palestinian land



Tunnel under
Palestinian
homes

Israeli
archaeological
excavations
are causing
the collapse
of Palestinian
homes





X



Spy plane operated by remote control



Mount Hermon advising station

Israeli spy satellites



The powerful Israeli intelligence agencies



Industrial spying activity

Tel Aviv : the Mossad center



Israel spies in the USA

412



National intelligence agency

Cyber-espionage



Sayanim



<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mossad>

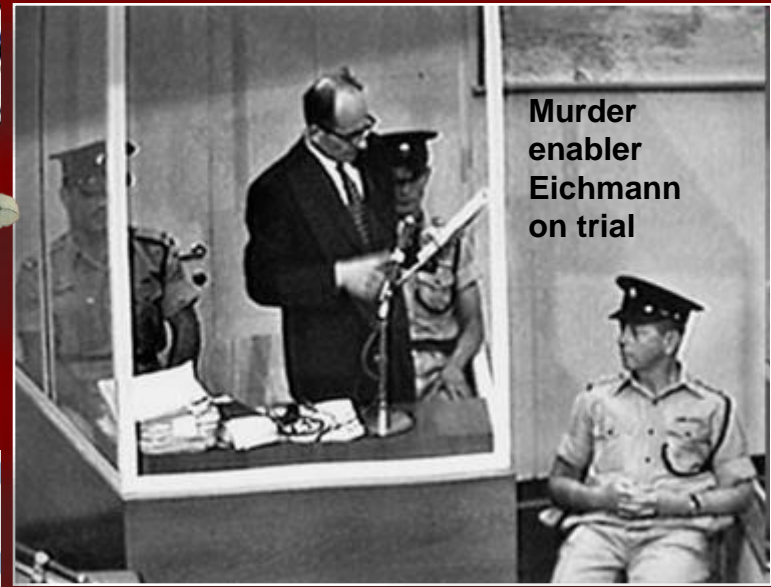


Israeli extrajudicial executions



413

To weaken the Palestinian people, the Israelis are systematically murdering Palestinian personalities and leaders. On 27 February 2014, the Zionist army has murdered the PFLP militant Washha Motaz after a siege on his home in Bir Zeit lasting 6 hours. Photo: Washha family house after the siege.



Murder enabler Eichmann on trial



Banners on a bus in Berkeley California

The mendacious Zionist propaganda

The Israeli propaganda and Holocaust manipulation machine

Visit to Auschwitz

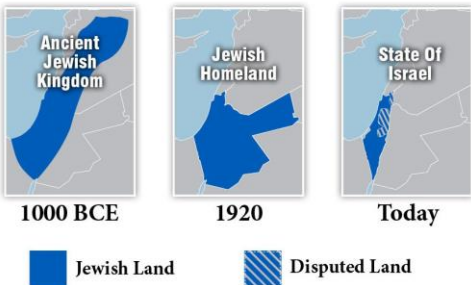


414

Commemoration of the Holocaust

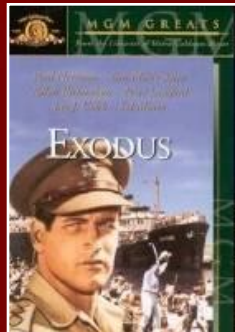


Jewish Loss of Land 1000 BCE to 2013



Paid for by StandWithUs.com

Film Exodus



Delegates at the 2009 IHRA convention in London



Israeli propaganda



The Zionists know how to read the past...and predict the future (!). 415



Israeli students paid to promote Israel on social media

כדי לרא



Propaganda and cyberwar

416



Israeli military informatics of Unit 8200



ACT.IL's Israeli headquarters in Herzliya





A man points at surveillance cameras in the flashpoint Palestinian city of Hebron, 9 November 2021



Security cameras seen in Jerusalem
The Israeli cameras use facial recognition

Palestinians are permanently controlled



A security camera seen overlooking the West Bank city of Hebron, January 15, 2013.



Surveillance cameras placed on a roof by the Israeli army the West Bank city of Hebron on Oct. 13, 2021.



The Israeli ambassador Danny Danon justifies the occupation of Palestine by citing the divine promise present in the Bible Old Testament.



The Evangelical Zionists

The fanatics
Christian Zionists
support Israel
unconditionally.

418





Arrival



Indoctrination



Inserting



Training



Training

Naive young Zionists flock from all over the world to serve as volunteers in the Israeli army.

Rebecca x,
young
volunteer
from the US



419



An adventure?



How Israel sees the Arabs



How the Arabs see Israel





421



The brave Israeli pacifists





The heroic Israeli refuseniks



Some Israeli students refuse IDF service



auto-update from oznik-news
574
 Israeli Soldiers Pledge to
REFUSE





Pepper spray

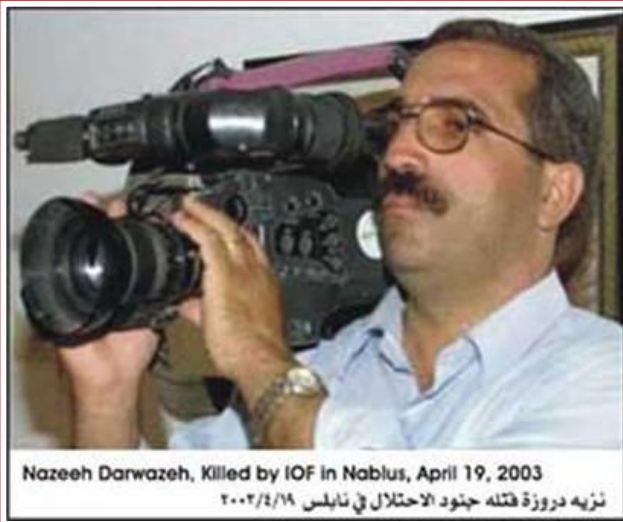
423

ISRAEL does not want compromising witnesses



Journalists, go away!





Nazeeh Darwazeh, Killed by IOF in Nablus, April 19, 2003
نزیه دروڑة قتلته جنود الاحتلال في نابلس ٢٠٠٣/٤/١٩



James Miller, Killed in Rafah on 3/5/03
جيمس ميلر، قتل في رفح بتاريخ ٣/٥/٠٣

Arrested or killed journalists

Shireen Abu Akleh, the Palestinian Al Jazeera journalist killed by Israelis in Jerusalem on May 10, 2022

424



Journalists are a target



Gaza, May 2019



21st February 2002 The Israelis destroy the radio station of Gaza

19 January 2002 The Israelis destroy the Palestinian broadcasting center in Ramallah



Israelis push to silence the voice of Palestine



Police raid at a TV studio



The rubble of al-Alqsa TV studios
Gaza 12 November 2018





Algeria Bahrain Comoros Djibouti Egypt Iraq Jordan Kuwait Lebanon Libya Mauritania Morocco
Oman Palestine Qatar Saudi Arabia Somalia Sudan Syria Tunisia United Arab Emirates Yemen



Mecca 2019



Syria 1946



The heads of the Arab states



King Faisal of Saudi Arabia



Arab League

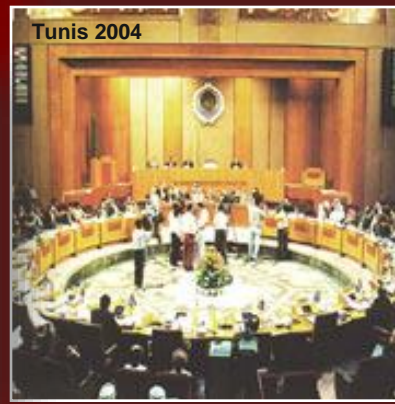
The Arabs



The Prince Mohammad bin Salman Al Sa'ud' of Saudi Arabia



Arafat with the Arab league



Tunis 2004



The International Criminal Court is based on the Treaty of Rome of 2002 and is headquartered in The Hague

The International Court of Justice of the UN was founded in 1945 and is headquartered in The Hague

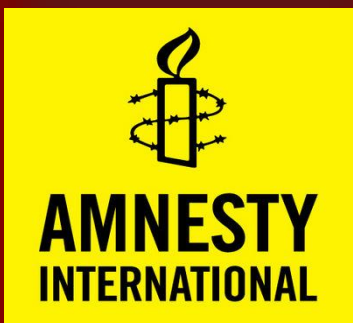
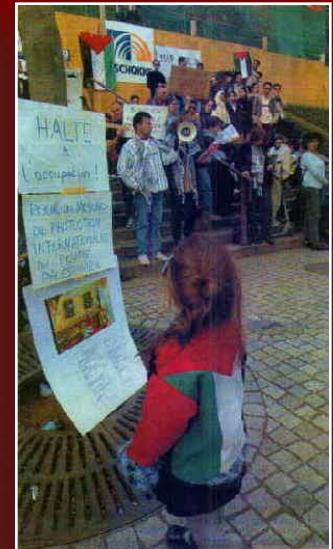
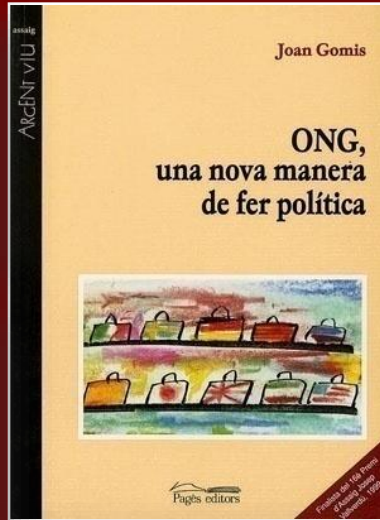
THE INTERNATIONAL JUSTICE



The United Nations Human Rights Council was founded in 2006 and is headquartered in Geneva



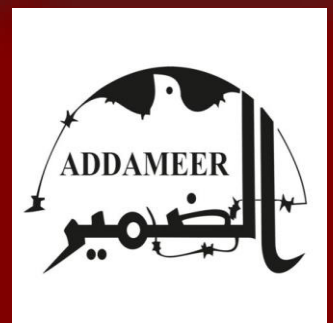
The Russell Tribunal on Palestine met the first time in 2010 in Barcelona

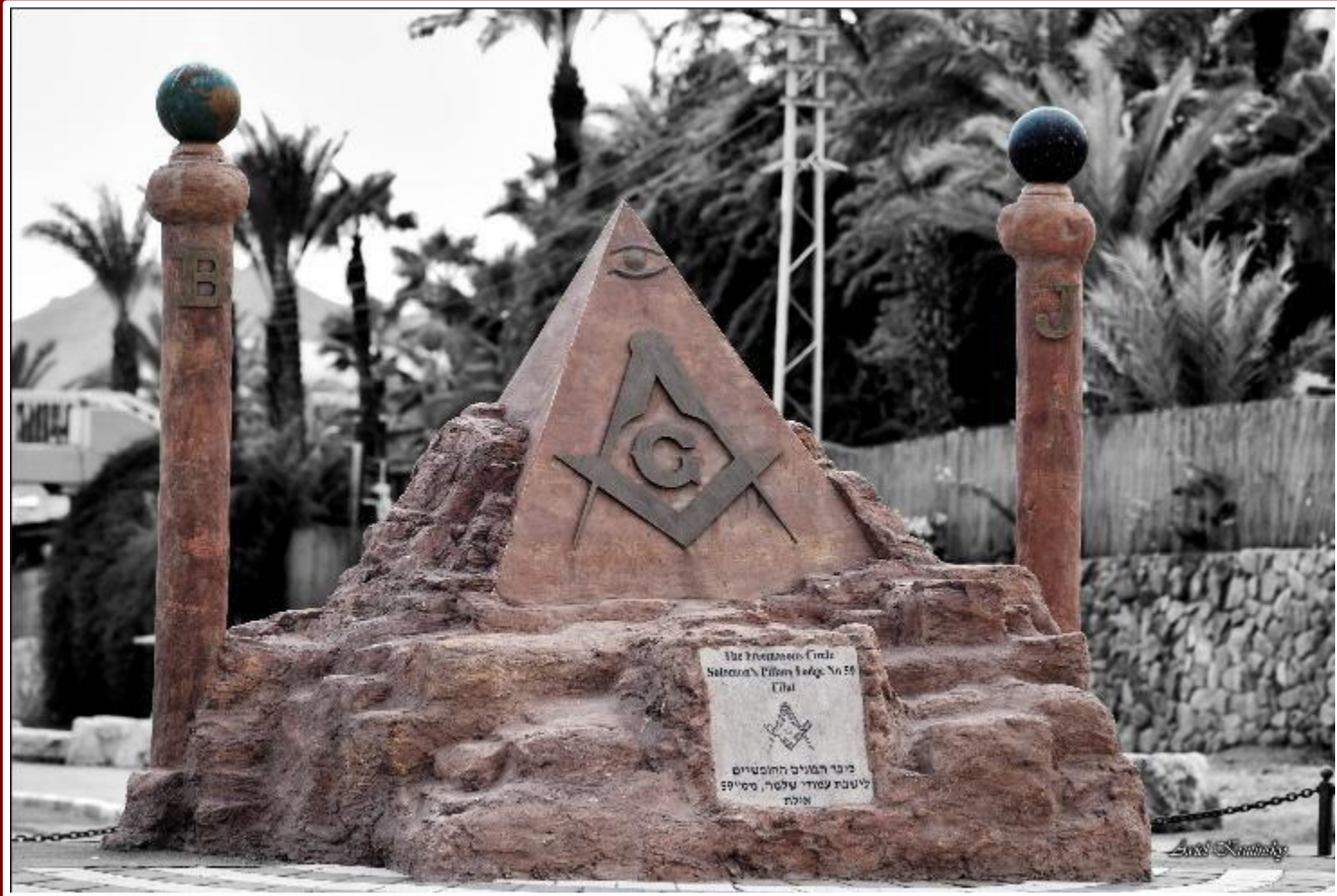


The precious work of NGOs (Non Governmental Organizations)

428

More than a hundred NGOs are active in Palestine. Israel is making the work of NGOs increasingly difficult.





429

Eilat - Monument of the local Masonic lodge



ה'לשכה הגדולה למדינת ישראל
של בונים חופשים קדמונים ומקובלים

The Grand Lodge of the State of Israel
of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons

**Zionism - Freemasonry:
a winning combination?**

David Ben Gurion 1886 - 1973



Israel



David Ben Gurion

Polish Jew who emigrated to Palestine in 1902. In 1906 he collaborated in the creation of the Jewish self-defence militia Hashomer. Manager of the Histadrut union center. Head of the World Zionist Organization and of the Jewish Agency. Member of the Jabotinsky Jewish legion. In the early Forties, together with Golda Meir, he directs the Zionist leading group which forms the future first government of Israel.

May 1948, he rejects the armistice ordered by the UN and declares the State of Israel, hence convinced that it will be possible to take control of a greater part of Palestine than the one assigned to the Jews by Resolution 181. Prime Minister of Israel from 1948 to 1953 and from 1955 to 1963.

He leads Israel during the First Arabic-Israeli war in 1948-1949 and the Sinai campaign of 1956.



Golda Meir

Golda Meir 1898 - 1978

Born in Russia and grown in US. Emigrated to Palestine in 1921.

General secretary of the Histadrut labor union, **(in the Thirties she advised Jewish employers to employ only Jews)**

President of the Jewish Agency. Member of the main Zionist committee with Ben Gurion, votes for the refusal of the armistice proposed by the UN and for the foundation of the State of Israel.

Prime minister from 1969 to 1974 She directs the 6 days' war and the Yom Kippur war. In a difficult phase of the war she gave orders to prepare the atomic bombs.

1947 - She concludes a secret agreement with the king of Jordan for the partition of the West Bank.

1969 - She stubbornly denied the existence of the Palestinian people and acted accordingly, but she was living in a nice villa stolen to the Palestinian family of Hanna Bisharat.



Levi Eshkol 1895 - 1969

Russian Jew. Moves to Palestine in 1914. Makes a career in the Histadrut.

In the 1940s he enlists in the Haganah.

Prime minister from 1963 to 1969 He directed Israel during the 6 days' war. Responsible for economical (aqueducts, and colonisation of the occupied territories) and military development

He intensifies the strategic co-operation with the USA.



Levi Eshkol with President Johnson



Menachem Begin 1913 - 1992

Polish Jew. He organizes the Polish Jewish brigades of resistance. After a period of imprisonment in Siberia, in 1943 he emigrates to Palestine where he enlists in the clandestine organization Irgun Zvai Leumi where he is the promoter of many anti English and anti Arabic attacks.

He is convinced that Palestine must be conquered by force.

Prime minister from 1977 to 1983.

Under the guidance of the US President Carter he signs the agreements of Camp David with Egypt (Sadat) in 1979 for which he received the Nobel prize for peace.

He promotes the attack on an Iraqi reactor in 1981 and the invasion of Lebanon in 1982-1985



Menachem Begin

THE PALESTINE POLICE FORCE

WANTED!

REWARDS WILL BE PAID BY THE PALESTINE GOVERNMENT TO ANY PERSON PROVIDING INFORMATION WHICH LEADS TO THE ARREST OF ANY OF THE PERSONS WHOSE NAMES AND PHOTOGRAPHS ARE SHOWN HEREUNDER

MENACHEM BEGIN
Age: 28 years
Height: 175 cm
Build: Slender
Complexion: Sallow
Hair: Dark
Eyes: Grey
Moustache: None
Facial features: Well defined
Particulate: Dark, slightly wavy
Nationality: Polish

ARIEH BEN ELIEZER
Age: 28 years
Height: 175 cm
Build: Slender
Complexion: Sallow
Hair: Dark, bald in front
Eyes: Grey
Moustache: None
Facial features: Well defined, slightly wavy
Particulate: Dark
Nationality: Polish

LEIB BOYKO
Age: 27 years
Height: 175 cm
Build: Slender
Complexion: Sallow
Hair: Dark, wavy
Eyes: Grey
Moustache: None
Facial features: Well defined
Particulate: Dark, slightly wavy
Nationality: Polish

REUBEN FRANCO
Age: 28 years
Height: 175 cm
Build: Slender
Complexion: Sallow
Hair: Dark, bald in front
Eyes: Grey
Moustache: None
Facial features: Well defined, slightly wavy
Particulate: Dark, slightly wavy
Nationality: Polish

MAREK KAHANE
Age: 28 years
Height: 175 cm
Build: Slender
Complexion: Sallow
Hair: Dark, bald in front
Eyes: Grey
Moustache: None
Facial features: Well defined, slightly wavy
Particulate: Dark, slightly wavy
Nationality: Polish

46. Wanted Poster of the Palestine Police offering rewards for the capture of Irgun Z'vai Leumi terrorists: 1. Menahem Begin; 2. Arieh Ben Eliezer; 3. Leib Boyko; 4. Reuben Franco; and 5. Marek Kahane.

**Terrorists of the Zionist Irgun gang wanted by the police:
future Prime minister of Israel Menachem Begin is on the list**



Yitzhak Shamir 1915 - 2012

Polish Jew, moved to Palestine in 1935

In the 1940s he enlists in the Irgun but soon he follows Avram Stern who founded the clandestine organization Lohamei Herut Ysrael (known as the “Stern Gang”) which carried out many attacks against the British and against the Arabs: in 1949 the murder of the UN Swedish envoy, Earl Bernadotte, and of the English ambassador to the M.E. Lord Moyne.

He was a minister in the Begin cabinet and Prime minister from 1983 to 1992.

He supported the transfer to Israel of the Ethiopian Jews and strengthens strategic collaboration with the USA.



**Yitzhak
Shamir**



The Zionist terrorist Avram Stern on an Israeli celebratory postal stamp from 1978

מסגרת שלשית (א"י)

פרסים

מסגרת הארץ תשלם את הפרסים כולקמן חלף ידיעות המביאות כחיי למאסרו של כל אחד מששת חברי קבוצת שטרן (הקוראים לעצמם 'לוחמי החרו') (ישראל):



500 לא"י

500 לא"י

500 לא"י

יעקב לוי

משה בר גיורא

יהושע כהן

תאריך: 25
גילו: 28
מקום מגורים: תל אביב
מקום עבודה: משרד הפנים
שירות: משרד הפנים
מספר: 1234

תאריך: 25
גילו: 28
מקום מגורים: תל אביב
מקום עבודה: משרד הפנים
שירות: משרד הפנים
מספר: 1234

תאריך: 25
גילו: 28
מקום מגורים: תל אביב
מקום עבודה: משרד הפנים
שירות: משרד הפנים
מספר: 1234

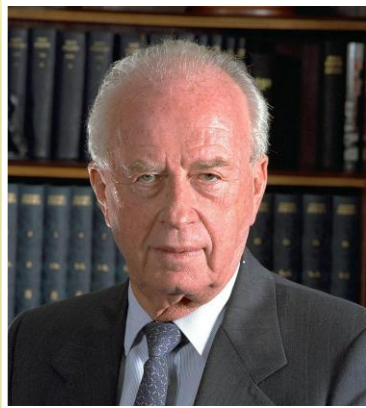
לדיווח אודות אדם כזה בכל זמן ללא קצין משטרה שתואו לכל התנת משטרה תהיה

47. Wanted Poster of the Palestine Police offering rewards for the capture of Stern Gang terrorists: 1. Yaacov Levstein (Yaacov Eliav); 2. Yitzhak Yezernitzky (Yitshak Shamir); 3. Natan Friedman-Yelin; 4. Yaacov Levi; 5. Moshe Bar Giora; and 6. Yehoshua Cohen.

Terrorists of the Zionist Stern gang wanted by the police: future Prime minister of Israel Yitzhak Shamir is on the list



Yitzhak Rabin 1922 - 1995



Jew, born in Jerusalem,

He made a career in the Palmach and then in the army of Israel.

Minister in the cabinet of Golda Meir.

Prime minister from 1974 to 1977 and 1992 until his death, assassinated by a fanatic right wing Jew.

He stimulates the colonization of the occupied territories.



Eventually, he was convinced that a definitive victory against the Arabs was impossible. He becomes a supporter of peace negotiations with the Palestinians. He signs the Oslo peace accords in 1993. He paid for his idea with his life.



Shimon Peres 1923 - 2016

Polish Jew moved to Palestine in 1934

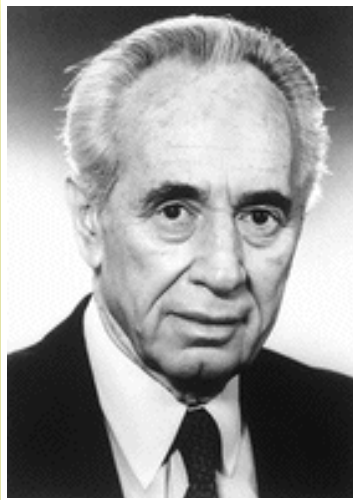
He made a career in the Haganah and in the Israeli army before moving into politics.

From 1969, he was a minister several times and Prime minister from 1984 to 1986, a period in which he must untie the country from the war in Lebanon.

After Rabin's death he becomes Prime minister again from 1995 to 1996.

In 1993 he signs the Oslo peace accords with the PLO (Yasser Arafat) for which he received the Nobel peace prize together with Arafat.

Under his leadership the Israeli Labour party has nearly always lost the elections.





Benjamin Netanyahu 1949 -



He makes his career in the Israeli Defence Forces.

He participated as an officer in the Yom Kippur war and in several special operations.

Later on he goes into politics: he is elected to the Knesset for the right wing Likud party.

Foreign minister.

Prime minister from 1996 to 1999 and from 2009 to today.

He supports a policy of intransigence with the Palestinians.

He encourages the colonisation of the occupied territories and the confiscation of Palestinian land.

He officially declared: "I will never allow the creation of a Palestinian state".





Ehud Barak 1942 -

A leading military and, as a member of the Labor party, also political career.

Commander in the war of 1967.

In charge of intelligence in the 1973 war and later in special operations.

Major general in the war against Lebanon.

In 1991 he was the highest non-commissioned officer in Israel.

He leads several negotiations with the Palestinians and the Syrians.

Prime minister from 1991 to 2001

Ariel Sharon 1928 - 2014



Israel



Ariel Sharon

Jew born in Israel, who at the age of 14 enlists in the Haganah. In 1948 he commands a battalion of the Alessandrone brigade, responsible for the massacre of Tantura. In 1953 he directs the Attack unit 101 that committed several massacres, including at Qibya. In the Sinai war of 1956 he ordered the killing of hundreds of civilian prisoners. From 1960 he occupied high positions in the Israeli army and organized the systematic elimination of Palestinian fighters and the confiscation of Palestinian land. Minister in the Rabin government, he motivated the colonization of the occupied territories, supporting the right wing extremist movement of Gush Emunim, which are run as Unit 101.

In 1980 he starts a terror campaign against the Palestinians. In 1982 as minister of defense he promotes the invasion of Lebanon and the massacres in the Palestinian refugee camps of Sabra and Chatila. In order to destabilise the PLO he promotes an alternate Palestinian organization: Hamas. He refuses to apply the Oslo peace accords and hinders in any way the creation of a Palestinian State. Prime minister from 2001, he paid a provocative visit to the Al Aqsa complex, to trigger a Palestinian uprising (Intifada). From 2002 he started the construction of a wall around the occupied territories in order to shut the Palestinians in a ghetto. He enjoyed nearly limitless support from US president G. W. Bush. He has hatred of Arafat and confined him in the Mukata. After the death of Arafat he participated, unenthusiastically, in meetings with Mahmud Abbas, promoted by the USA and Egypt.

In 2005 he ordered the evacuation of the Zionist settlements in the Gaza Strip and founded his own political party Kadima.

From the end of 2005 he lies in an irreversible coma until his death in 2014. He was buried in the large sheep farm that as prime minister he let be assigned to his son and which had been confiscated from the Palestinian Abuelaish family who tragically had to take refuge in Gaza.

He has been replaced by Ehud Olmert, who pursues largely the same policy.

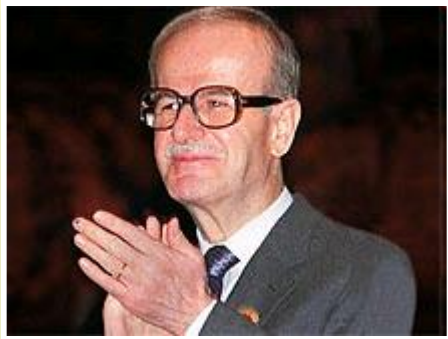


71. Paratroop commanders who committed massacres against Palestinian villagers, including the Qibya and Nahalin massacres and massacres in the Gaza Strip. Included are then Chief of Staff Moshe Dayan, General Ariel Sharon and General Rafael Eitan. Sharon and Eitan were directly responsible for the above-mentioned massacres.

Ariel Sharon will later be prime minister of Israel. His hands are dirty with blood.



Syria



Hafez al-Assad



Baschar al-Assad

Hafez al-Assad 1930 - 2000

Syrian, Alawite muslim, comes from a modest family. Called “the lion of Syria”. He makes his career in the Air Force.

In 1963, in the internal conflicts of the Baath party, he participates in the coup d'état that brought Jadid to power. In 1969 he removed Jadid from power and goes of to form the next government.

Internally he leads a policy of order and repression; outside, a pragmatic policy of cooperation (pan Arabism). After the loss of the Golan he starts negotiations with Israel but they fail because Israel refuses to give back the Golan. He extends control by Syria on parts of Lebanon, but between 1982-1985 he avoids fighting against Israel’s army, as they are well equipped and too strong for them.

After 2000, his son Bashar succeeds him and in 2005, he withdraws Syrian troops from Lebanon.



Egypt



Gamal Abdel-Nasser

Gamal Abdel-Nasser 1918 - 1970

He was born near Alexandria in Egypt into a poor family. He makes a career in the army and participates in the war of 1948.

In 1952 he deprives king Farouk of power and in 1954 he becomes the head of state. He is a promoter of Arabic Socialism and pan Arabism with Syria and Libya.

He pushes British troops to leave and nationalizes the Suez Canal and blocks access for Israeli ships.

He is confronted with war in 1956.

As a result of the defeat in the later war of 1967 with Israel, he resigns, but according to the wishes of his people he stays in charge until his death in 1970.

During this period, he works actively for the reconstruction of the Egyptian army.



Egypt



Anwar as-Sadat

Anwar as-Sadat 1918 - 1981

He was born in lower Egypt and graduated at the Military Academy.

In 1952 he participated in the coup d'état with Nasser and occupied important positions in his government.

In 1970 he succeeded Nasser and completely changes the pro-soviet policy. In 1973 he launches a surprise attack against the Israeli forces in the Sinai that, with the aid of US aircraft, reject the attack. In 1977 he visits Begin in Jerusalem and proposes the recognition of the state of Israel in exchange for the restitution of the Sinai. The agreement is signed in 1979 at Camp David, USA, with president Carter.

He received the Nobel price for peace together with Begin. Later on, he starts arresting many religious Muslims. For this reason he is killed during a military parade.



Jordan



King Hussein



Abdullah

King Hussein of Jordan 1935 - 1999

1953 : he accedes the throne at 18. and governs a small country created, and already administered by, the British. A country that has the longest border with Israel and where a lot of Palestinians, mostly refugees, live. A country with a large barren surface. As head of state he pursues a moderate policy and strives for stability.

From 1948 to 1967 Jordan also assumes the administration of the West Bank and East Jerusalem. In 1967, after having lost the war against Israel, he loses control of the West bank and East Jerusalem. He has to accept thousands of Palestinian refugees and the Palestinian resistance organisations, in particular the PLO.

In 1970, fearing that his monarchy was threatened by the Palestinian resistance, he seeks a solution, (Black September, 15' 000 Palestinians dead). In 1993 he signed a peace agreement with Israel. After his death, his son Abdullah succeeds him.



Palestine



Mahmūd Abbās

Mahmūd Abbās 1935 –

(Abu Mazen: nickname of affection / respect in memory of his son Mazen died in 2002)

Palestinian politician.

One of the founders of al-Fath

In 1968, elected to the Palestinian National Council

In 1981, member of the PLO

In 1991 and 1993 he participated in peace talks in Madrid and Oslo

From 15 January 2005, President of the Palestinian Authority, the successor of Yasser Arafat.

Abbas is recognized as President of the PNA by the Fayyad government, the UN and all states that recognize Palestinian independence, but not by the Haniyeh government in the Gaza Strip. Toward Israel he pursues a policy of compromise. He has given some speeches to the UN General Assembly and UNESCO.

The Palestinian organizations



The umbrella organizations

Palestinian Liberation Organisation PLO

Resistance organization that brings together various groups including Fatah and the PPLF. Founded in 1964 in Jerusalem. Arafat was the Chairman of the PLO Executive Committee from 1969 until his death in 2004. He was replaced by Mahmoud Abbas (Abu Mazen). Internationally the PLO is the oldest political representative of the Palestinian people.



Palestinian National Authority PNA

The PNA was created in the wake of the peace talks between Israel and the PLO. Practically it is only administrating the Palestinian cities. The PA has legislative organs with sovereign powers, in particular the Palestinian Legislative Council (or the Palestinian parliament) based in Ramallah, whose 132 members are elected by the citizens. Succeeded Yasser Arafat and Rawhi Fattuh, President Abbas has directed the Executive Committee since 2005. The Prime Minister is Rami Hamdallah.



Palestine has the right to place an observer at the United Nations and has a permanent seat at the Arab League.

The Palestinian organizations

The Resistance



AL-FATH (Al-Fatah)

Main component of the Palestine Liberation Organization PLO
Affiliated to the international socialist
Military branch: Tanzim and Force 17

Founded in 1959 by Yasser Arafat

Political ideology: Palestinian nationalism, antizionism, social democracy

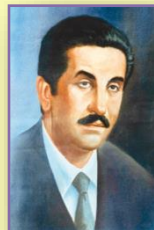
Political position: center-left
Is dominant in the West Bank.

Seats in the Palestinian Legislative Council:
45/132 (Election 2006)

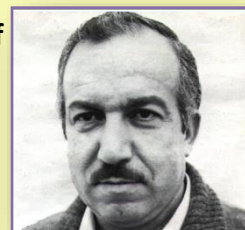
Historical leaders



Yasser Arafat
1929 – 2004
probably poisoned



Muhammad Yusuf al-Najjar
1930 –1973
Assassinated by Israeli agents



Abu Jihad
1935 – 1988
Assassinated by Israeli agents



Mahmoud Abbas (Abu Mazen)
1935 –
Currently President of the PNA

The Palestinian organizations

The resistance



HAMAS

Affiliated to the Muslim Brotherhood.

Military branch:
Izz ad-Din al-Qassam Brigades

Founded in 1987 by Sheikh Ahmed Yassin

Political ideology: Palestinian nationalism, sunni Islam, islamic fundamentalism, antizionism

Political position: rightwing
Has a dominant position in the Gaza Strip

Seats in the Palestinian Legislative Council:
74/132 (Election 2006)

Several states consider Hamas a terrorist organization. In 2014 an EU Court Removed Hamas from Terror Blacklist.

Historical leaders



Ahmed Yassin
1937 – 2004
Murdered by
Israel army



Abd al-Aziz al-Rantissi
1947 – 2004
Murdered by
Israel army



Khaled Meshaal
1956 –
In 1997 he survived
an assassination
attempt by Israeli
agents.



Isma'il Haniyeh
1963 - 2014
Hamis leader. Former
prime minister in the
Hamis ANP
Government. Murdered
in Tehran by Israel.

The Palestinian organizations

The resistance



Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine - PFLP

Affiliated to the PLO and the Arab Socialist Action Party
Military branch: Abu Ali Mustafa Brigades

Founded in 1967 by George Habash

Political ideology: communism, marxist-leninism, left nationalism, Palestinian nationalism, antizionism

Location: far left wing

Seats in the Palestinian Legislative Council: 3/132 (Election 2006)

Several states consider the PFLP a terrorist organization.

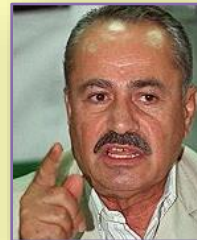
Historical leaders



George Habash
1926 – 2008



Ghassan Kanafani
1936 – 1972
Killed by Israeli agents



Abu Ali Mustafa
1938 – 2001
Killed by Israeli agents



Ahmad Sa'dat
1953 –
Kidnapped by the Israeli army, since 2008 is being held in Israeli jails.

The Palestinian organizations

The resistance - The Smaller organizations



452

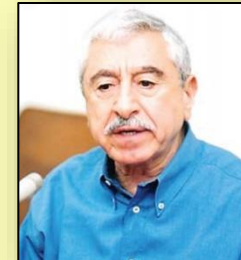
**Popular Democratic Front
for the Liberation of
Palestine
PFLP – General Command**

Leader: Ahmed Jibril
1928 -



**Popular Democratic Front
for the Liberation of
Palestine - PDFLP**

**Leader: Nayef
Hawatmeh**
1935 -



**Brigades of the Martyrs of
Al-Aqsa**

**Leader: Marwan
Barghouthi**
1959-
Survived an assassination
attempt by Israeli agents. Held
in Israeli prisons since 2002.



Palestinian Islamic Jihad
Military branch: al-Quds brigades

Leader: Ramadan Shallah
1958 -



Palestinian Peoples Party, Third_Way

The Zionist armed organizations

The paramilitary and terrorist militias



Bar-Giora and Hashomer:

Local self-defense groups created by Zionist settlers, composed mainly of armed men on horseback.

Period:

1907 - 1909 e 1909 - 1920

In 1920 the Hashomer groups were united by Zeev Jabotinsky to create the Haganah.

Leader Hashomer:
Israel Shochat
Israel Giladi
Mendel Portugali



The Zionist armed organizations

The paramilitary and terrorist militias



Jewish Legion:

It consisted of 5 Jewish battalions incorporated into the British army fighting in Gallipoli against the Ottoman Empire.

In 1917 the legion was reduced to two battalions that participated in military operations in Palestine and after 1920 some former members of the two battalions also participated in the repression of the Palestinian riots.

Period:

1915 - 1916 / 1917 - 1920

Leader:
Zeev Jabotinsky
Joseph Trumpeldor



The Zionist armed organizations

The paramilitary and terrorist militias



Haganah: 1921 - 1948

The main paramilitary militia, founded as a self-defense force, made a quantum leap in 1929 and 1936 to counter the Palestinian riots. The Haganah performed bloody massacres and terrorist and retaliation operations against the British and Arabs, participated in the colonial war against the Arabs and in the ethnic cleansing of Palestine.

In 1938 members of the Haganah participated in terrorist operations against the Arabs along with the infamous British unit the Special Night Squad and formed the appalling Jewish colonial police.

In the 40s the Haganah became a real army with about 100,000 militiamen.

Special units of Haganah:

Fosh (1937 - 1939)

Palmach (1941 - 1948) composed of about 20,000 professional militiamen, well trained and equipped and divided into 3 brigades of which one was armored.

In 1948 the Haganah formed the nucleus of the newborn Israeli army IDF. Several Haganah commanders, including Ariel Sharon, made a career in politics and entered government in Israel.

Leaders:
Yigal Allon
Yitzhak Rabin
Moshe Dayan



The Zionist armed organizations

The paramilitary and terrorist militias



Irgun Zvai Leumi: 1931 - 1948

Zionist terrorist paramilitary militia founded by some of those exiled from Haganah. Its purpose was to create great Israel. They attacked both the British and the Arabs, in Palestine and in Europe. They performed many murders and massacres including Deir Yassin, the attack on the King David hotel, the murder of Count Bernadotte, etc.

Composed of about 5000 militiamen.

The Irgun was dismantled in 1948 and its militiamen were integrated into the IDF. Commander Menachem Begin later became Israel's prime minister.

Leader:
Ze'ev Jabotinsky
Avraham Tehomi
Menachem Begin



The Zionist armed organizations

The paramilitary and terrorist militias



Lehi - Stern Gang: 1940 - 1948

Zionist terrorist paramilitary militia founded by some Irgun exiles.

Its purpose was to fight the Arabs and British, considered occupants, to create a state for Jews in Palestine.

Composed of about 500 militiamen.

They undertook many attacks, murders and massacres.

They participated in the massacre of Deir Yassin and in the murder of Count Bernadotte.

The Stern gang was dissolved in 1948 and its militiamen were integrated into the IDF. Commander Yitzhak Shamir became Prime Minister of Israel.

Leader:
Avraham Stern
Nathan Yellin-Mor
Yitzhak Shamir
Israel Eldad

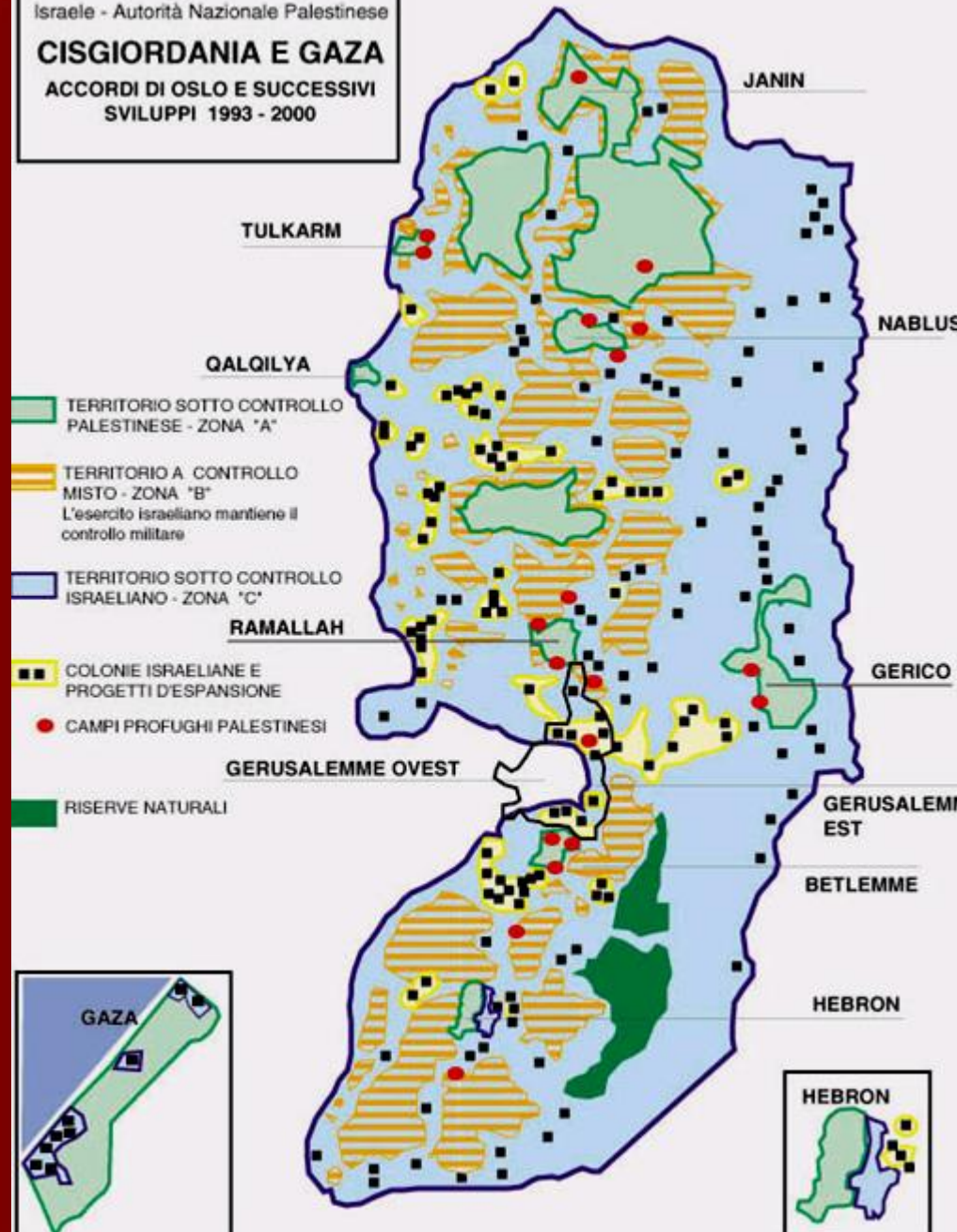


Lehi monument in Kiryat Ata

Israele - Autorità Nazionale Palestinese

CISGIORDANIA E GAZA

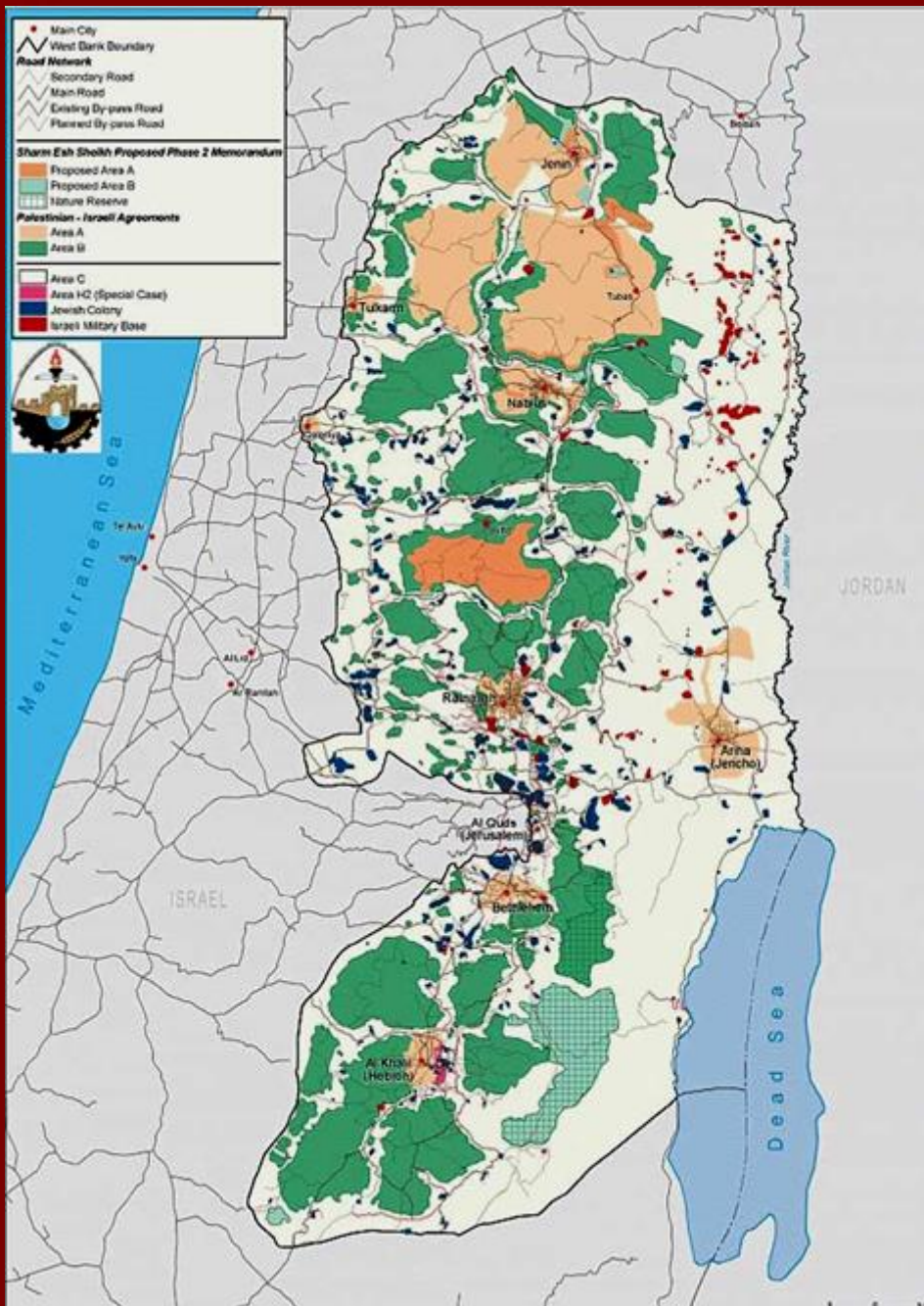
ACCORDI DI OSLO E SUCCESSIVI
SVILUPPI 1993 - 2000



The useless
peace plans

1993

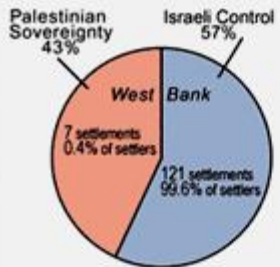
First Oslo Accord
and following
developments



**The useless
peace plans**

**Year 2000
Sharm el Sheikh
Agreements**

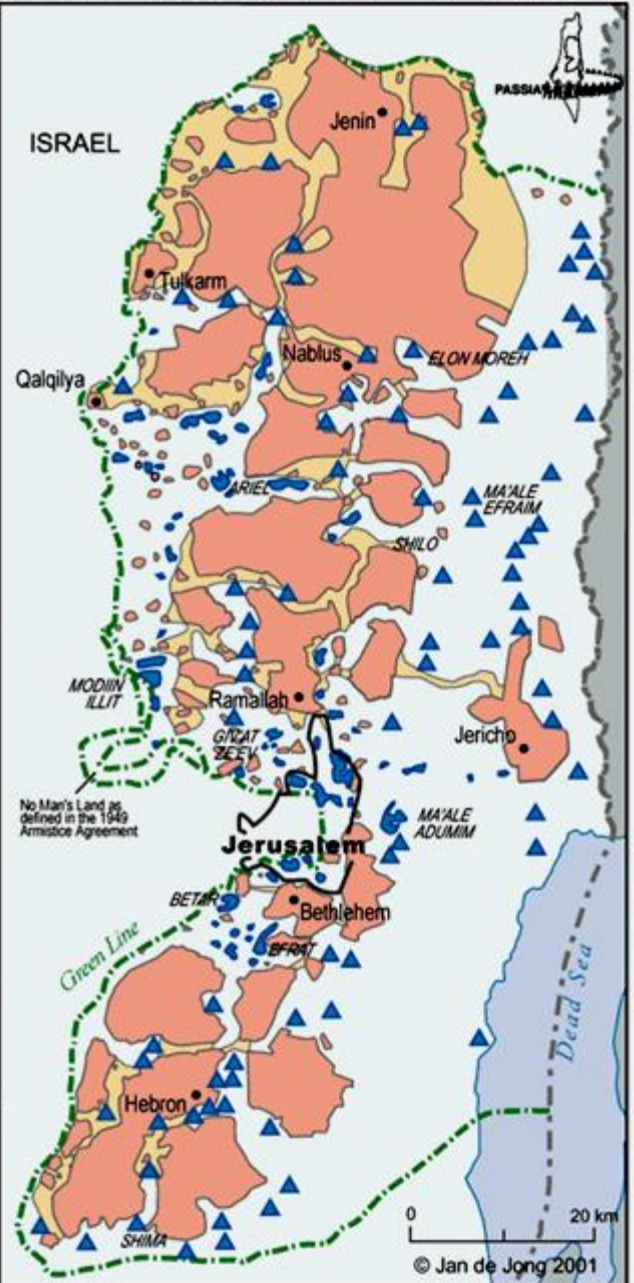
Palestinian Sovereign Areas According to the Sharon Proposal, 2001



West Bank Sovereignty Areas with number of Israeli settlements and percentage of settlers excluding East Jerusalem



- Palestinian Autonomous Areas A & B (41% of West Bank)
- Projection of Palestinian Sovereign Areas envisioned by Sharon (43% of the West Bank)
- Israeli Sovereignty
- Israeli settlements / selected settlement built-up areas



The useless peace plans

2001 Sharon's proposal

The Geneva Accords

The unofficial proposal for peace in the Middle East was drawn up by left-wing Israelis and leading Palestinians

Areas incorporated into state of Israel

Areas ceded by Israel

Areas for the state of Palestine



The useless peace plans

2003

The optimistic agreements of Geneva

• Palestine would now consist of the Gaza Strip, West Bank and Arab East Jerusalem (Map source: Agence France Presse)



**2020
The Trump /
Netanyahu peace
plan**

This plan reflects the 1967 Allon plan and provides for the annexation of colonies and the Jordan valley.

Compensation (paid by Arab countries) for Palestinians and no right of return for Palestinian refugees are also provided.



**Bethlehem
(Christian)
University
(1893) 1973**



**Al-Quds Open University
Jerusalem 1991**



**Universal
Studies
Accademy**



**Ibrahimiéh
College**



Destroyed by Israel in 2023

**Al-Azhar
University
Gaza
(1412 IHC)
1992**



**Hebron
Al-Khalil
University
(1967) 1980**

Palestinian academic education

Palestinian universities are often closed by the Israelis who arrest students and teachers, destroy the buildings, confiscate materials and even some parts of the campus.

**An-Najah
University
Nablus
(1917) 1977**



**Palestine
Polytechnic
Institute
Hebron
1978**

**Islamic
University
Gaza
1978
Destroyed
by Israel in
2014**



**Arab
American
University
Jenin 1995**



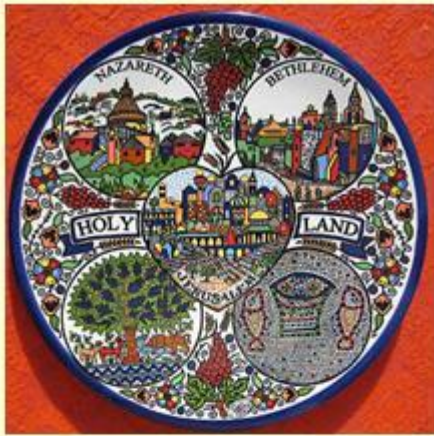
**Dawa & Islamic
Sciences College
Um El Fahem**

**Al-Aqsa
University
Gaza**

**Birzeit University
Ramallah
(1924) 1972**

**Al-Quds
University
Jerusalem
(1948) 1984**





http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Handicrafts_of_Palestine



PALESTINIAN HANDICRAFTS



464



Soap of olive oil





Nabil
Anani

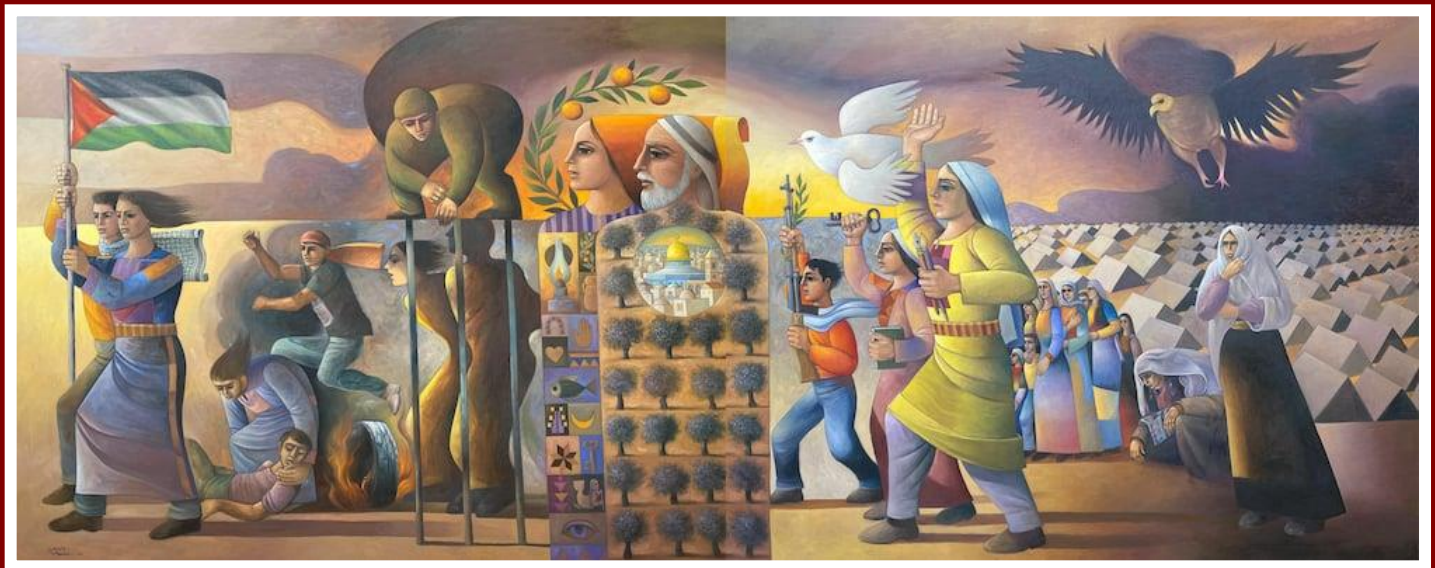
Palestine
landscape

Sliman
Mansour

People of
Palestine

Activities
of
Palestinian
artists

465



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestinian_art



Lydda airport 1935



Palestine 1931

The civil aviation in Palestine

In 1940 the airplanes were confiscated by the British for the war. In 1948 the Palestinian airports and the airplanes were confiscated by the Zionists. The Palest. aviation was constituted in the 90ies, based in Gaza but was destroyed by the Israelis in 2000.



466



Fokker F50



NEVE SHALOM

The village where Hebrews and Palestinians peacefully cohabit

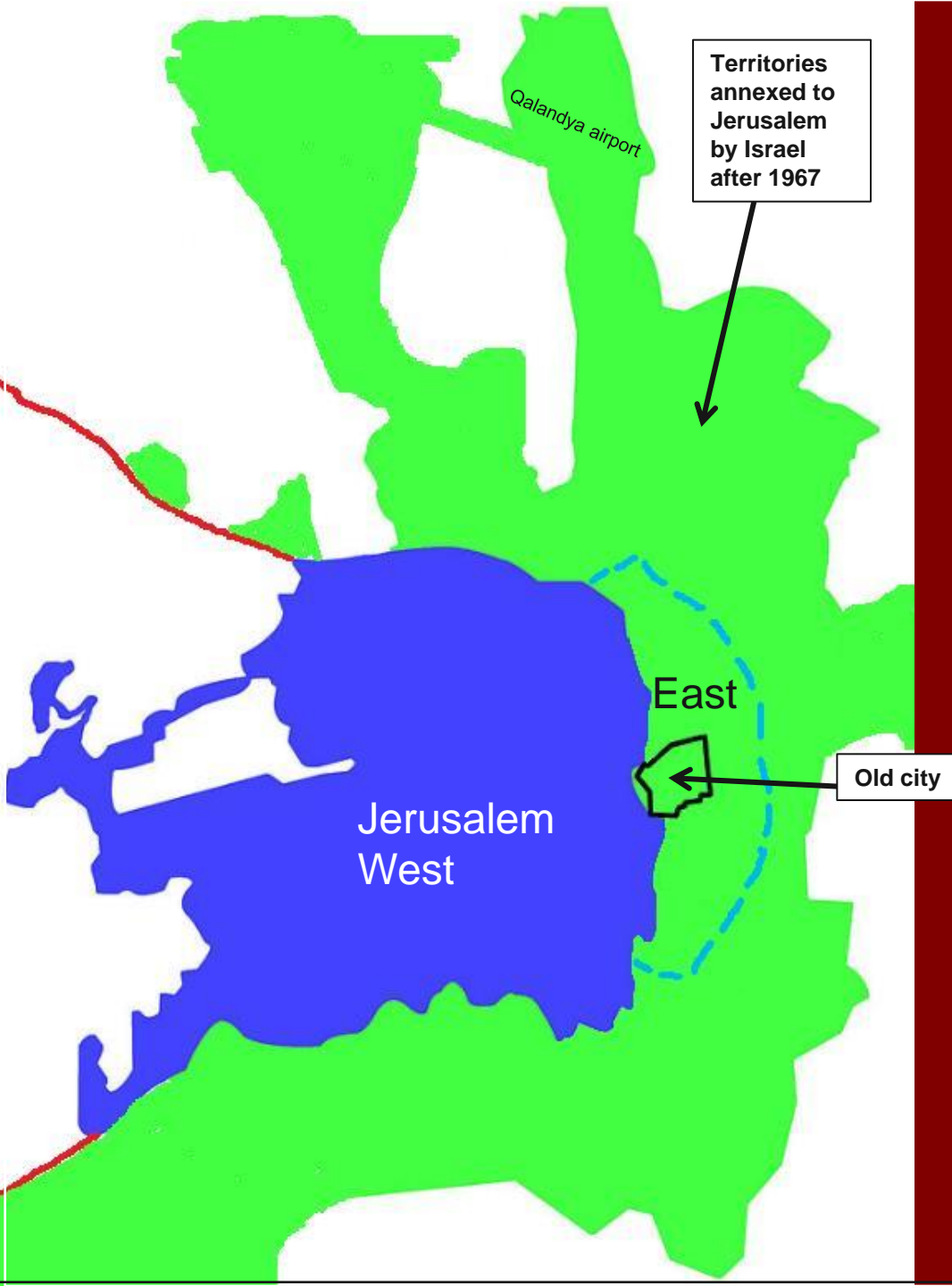


Rawabi

Rawabi, north of Ramallah, is the first Palestinian planned city (under construction). It will house about 40,000 people.

468





Territories
annexed to
Jerusalem
by Israel
after 1967

Qalandya airport

East

Old city

Jerusalem
West

JERUSALEM

In 1948, the Israelis illegally occupied West Jerusalem.

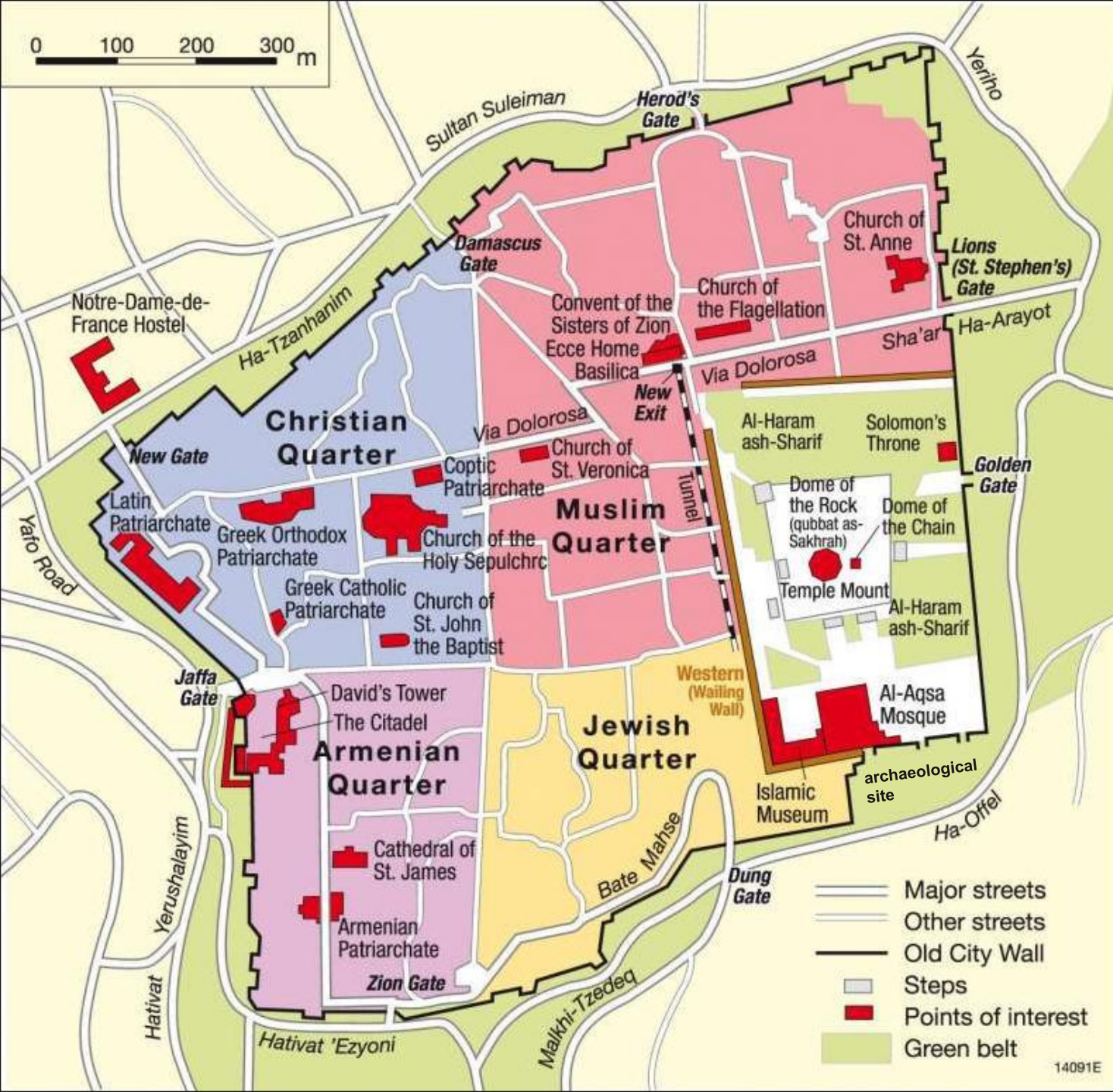
In 1967 they also occupied East Jerusalem and joined the eastern part of the city and extensive territories of the West Bank to the municipality of West Jerusalem. Following this they illegally declared Jerusalem the one and indivisible capital of Israel, and they surrounded it with a big wall and countless colonies.

For several years, little by little, the Israelis are expelling the non Jews from Jerusalem. The Palestinians want to make East Jerusalem the capital of the state of Palestine, which the Israelis want to prevent.

Since 1967, the Palestinians of East Jerusalem are forced to pay taxes, but the Israeli administration does not provide them public services reserving these for the Jewish neighborhoods. For the Palestinians who do not pay taxes, their residence permits will be revoked and often, citing various pretexts, their private property will be confiscated.

The airport of Qalandya (originally a British military airport) was promised to the Palestinian State but has been included in the urban area of Jerusalem by the Israelis in order to make an Israeli industrial zone.

0 100 200 300 m



JERUSALEM

The quarters of the old city of Jerusalem.



JERUSALEM

The old city of **Jerusalem** today

471

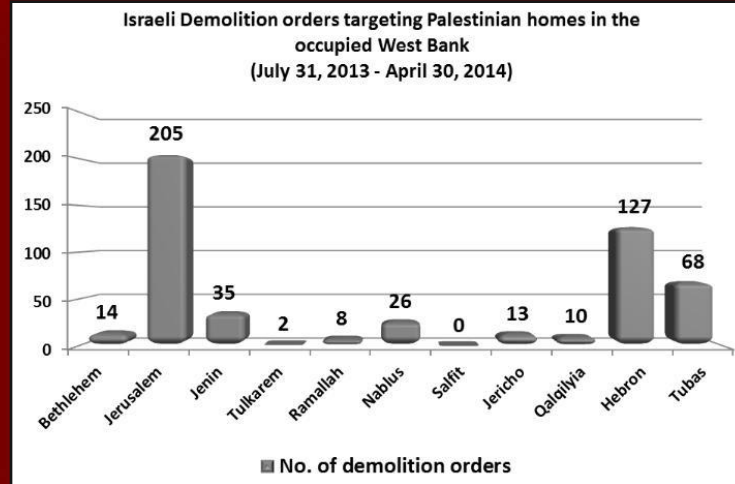


- Area under threat of demolition
 - Israeli Settlements and archeological excavations
 - 1949 Armistice "Green Line"
 - No Man's Land
 - Open areas
- Disclaimer:**
The green areas were demarcated based on paper maps (source: Y. Shalev's 1) Map of the municipal plan for Silwan, plan 7723/A, 2) East Jerusalem's land designation map that delineates the boundary of green areas or open spaces.
The boundary of green areas is of limited accuracy and is shown on the map for illustrative purposes only.

Proximity of Al-Bustan to the Old City



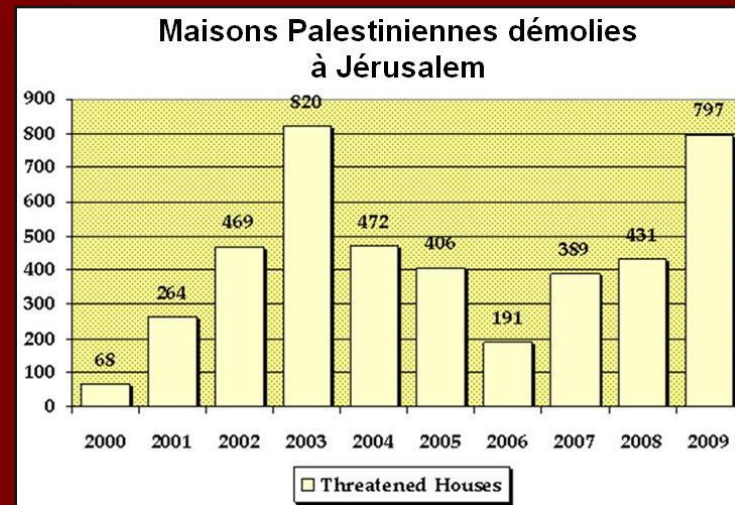
Illustration of plan for Al-Bustan published by Jerusalem Municipality in March 2010.



EAST JERUSALEM

472

The neighborhoods of Al-Bustan and Silwan where Israelis want to demolish large numbers of Palestinian homes





**EAST
JERUSALEM**

03.12.2014 - The refugee camp of Shu'fat. Israelis are demolishing a building and 20 shops, the last remnants of a property of more than 11,000 square meters previously confiscated from the Palestinian Dajani family. In 2014 alone the Israelis have demolished some 360 Palestinian structures in East Jerusalem.



Old city of Jerusalem



Christian family in Jerusalem, about 1850



Orient House



Restrictions suffocate the neighborhood of Bab Al-Majlis in Jerusalem's Old City

Orient House, a Palestinian diplomatic building in East Jerusalem, was ransacked and closed several times by the Israelis.

JERUSALEM



Ariel Sharon's house in the old city of Jerusalem is a real provocation



This Palestinian house in the Arab district of Jerusalem east is now occupied by Israeli settlers.

**JERUSALEM:
the Zionist occupation**



The Israelis are erasing Arabic from Jerusalem, one street sign at a time



**Jerusalem: the
difficult access
to the
Temple Mount**

**The access to the courtyard of the Mosques (Temple Mount) is limited and
controled (access is only allowed to children and old people)**

476



The access for tourists and non-Muslims



The temporary access ban for Jews

Jerusalem: the Temple Mount access

477

Jerusalem: Israel controls the entrances to the terrace of the Mosques of al Aqsa, but the Zionist settlers, protected by Israeli police, can perform Talmudic rituals provocatively also in the Al Aqsa Mosque area.





478

The Temple Mount with the al-Aqsa Mosque (1) and the Dome of the Rock (2)

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Temple_Mount



Without having the right, the Israeli police often enter mosques and mistreat the faithful.



UN
observation
post on the
Golan

Golan

The Syrian territory of the Golan Heights, was occupied by Israel in stages during the wars of 1948, 1967 and 1973. In 1974, the Israelis withdrew to the armistice line. Since 1974 the UN has established a buffer zone between Israel and Syria, where UN observers are stationed permanently. Syria still claims sovereignty over the Golan Heights. Lebanon also claims a small part of it (Sheba farms).





Golan



Quneitra:

The provincial capital of Syrian Golan, has been occupied and plundered by the Israelis since 1967. The 20'000 inhabitants have fled to Syria. The city was hotly disputed during the 1973 war. Israelis completely destroyed the city in 1974, shortly before withdrawing in accordance with the armistice. Today what remains of Quneitra is a ghost town and the area is included in the UN-controlled demilitarized territory.

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quneitra>

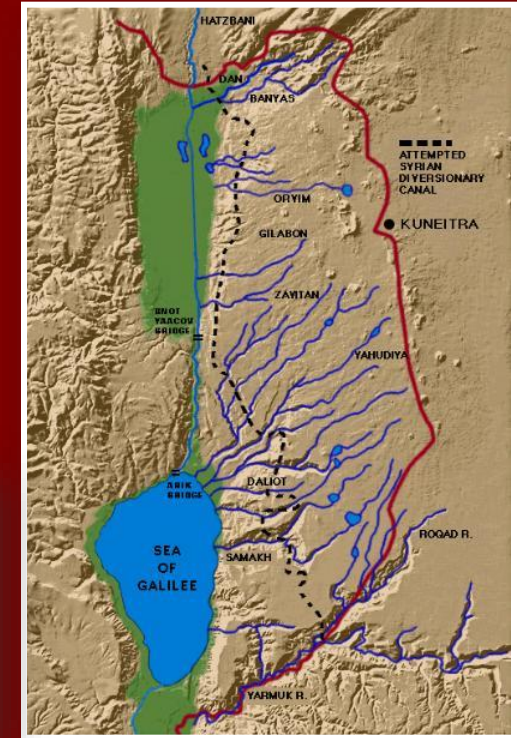


From Mount Hermon Israel spies on its neighbors.



The water of the Golan Heights flows into the Sea of Galilee from where it is distributed in Israel.

A ski resort on Mount Hermon



Golan

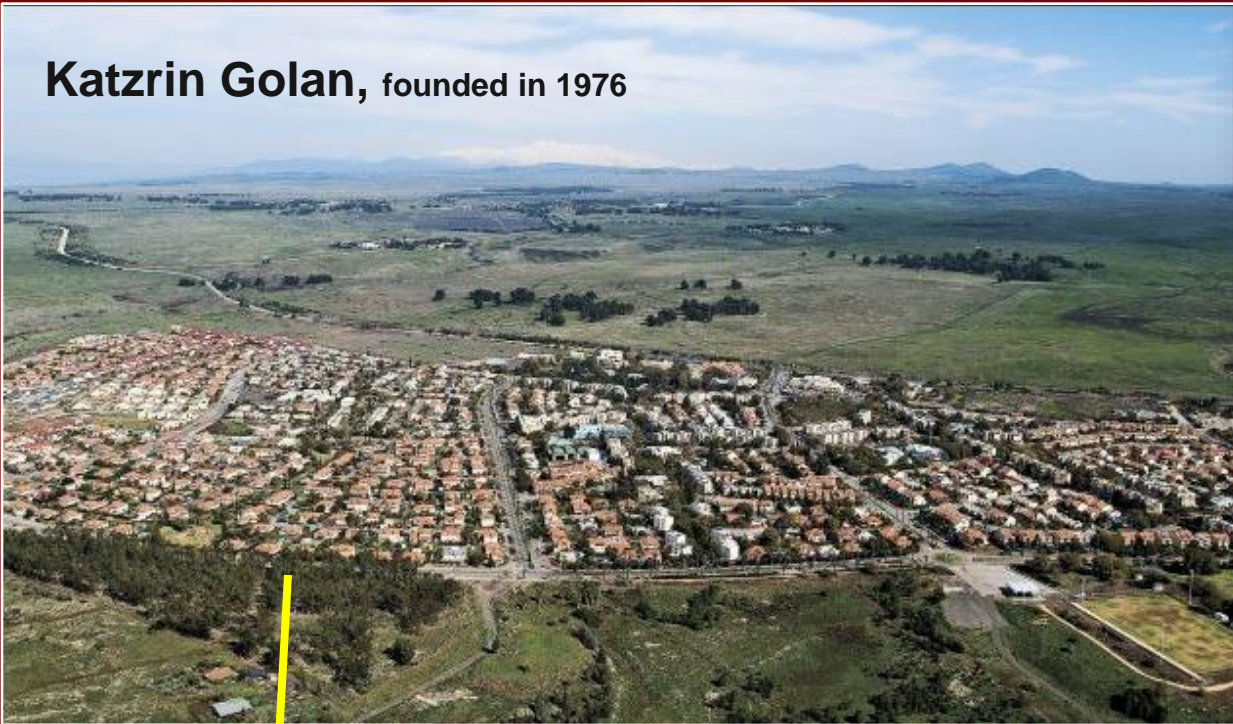


Israel exploits the resources of the Golan:

- water: the Golan water is diverted to Israel.
- tourism: ski resort on Mount Hermon
- agriculture: the wineries of Israeli settlers
- military: observation station on Mount Hermon; nuclear waste.

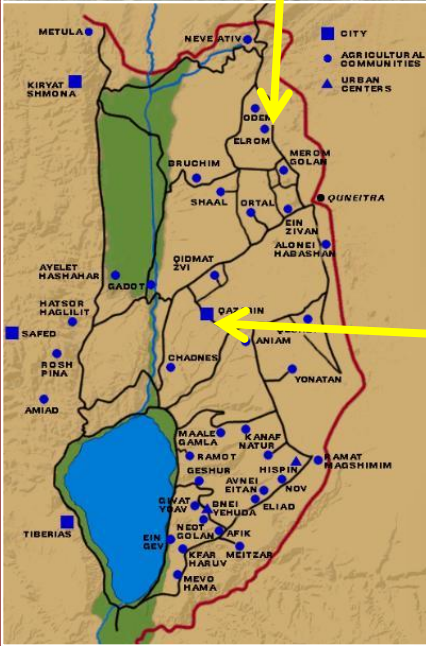
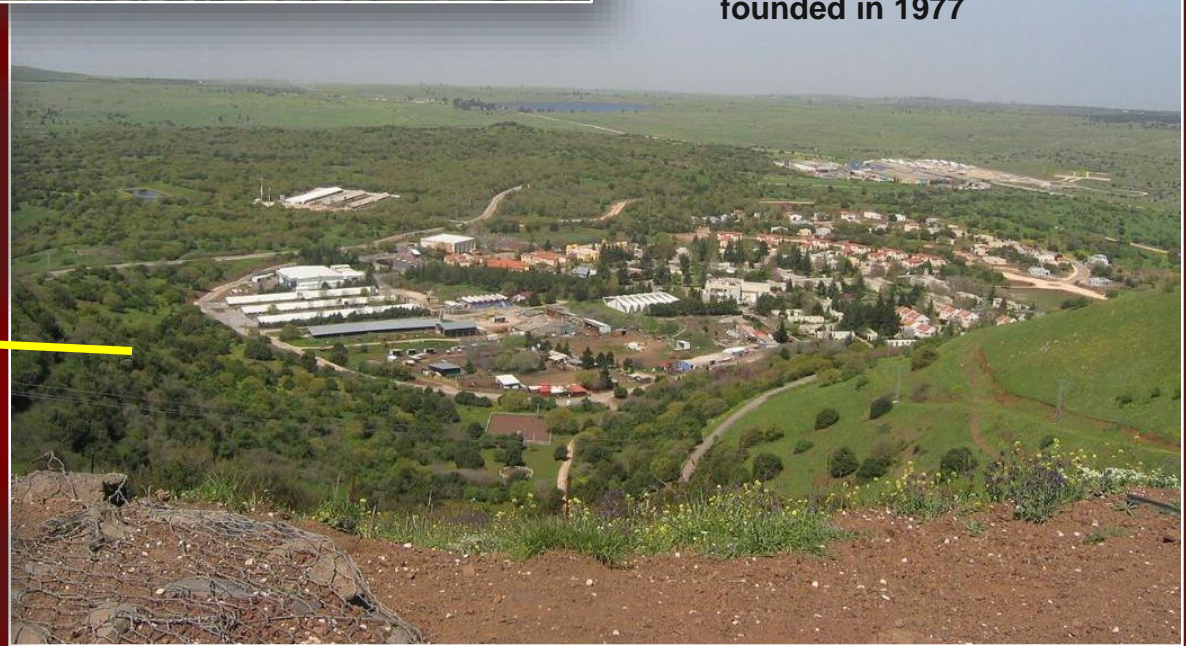
Israel formally annexed the Golan in 1981 and since 1983 has installed about 20'000 settlers there divided into 41 colonies. The annexation was condemned by the UN with resolution 497. About 10% of the Druze living in the Golan have taken Israeli citizenship.

Katzrin Golan, founded in 1976



Israeli settlements
in the **Golan**
are illegal. 482

Merom Golan, founded in 1977



Golan
«visitors»



GAZA STRIP

- Built-up area
- Refugee Camp
- Crossing Point

Kilometre

0 10

MEDITERRANEAN
SEA

ISRAEL



The Gaza Strip

Approximately
360 Km²
Approximately
1'800'000
inhabitants (2014).
Completely
besieged and
isolated since the
year 2000.
In the year 2005
the 15'000 Israeli
settlers were moved
and re-settled in
other occupied
Palestinian
territories.

483

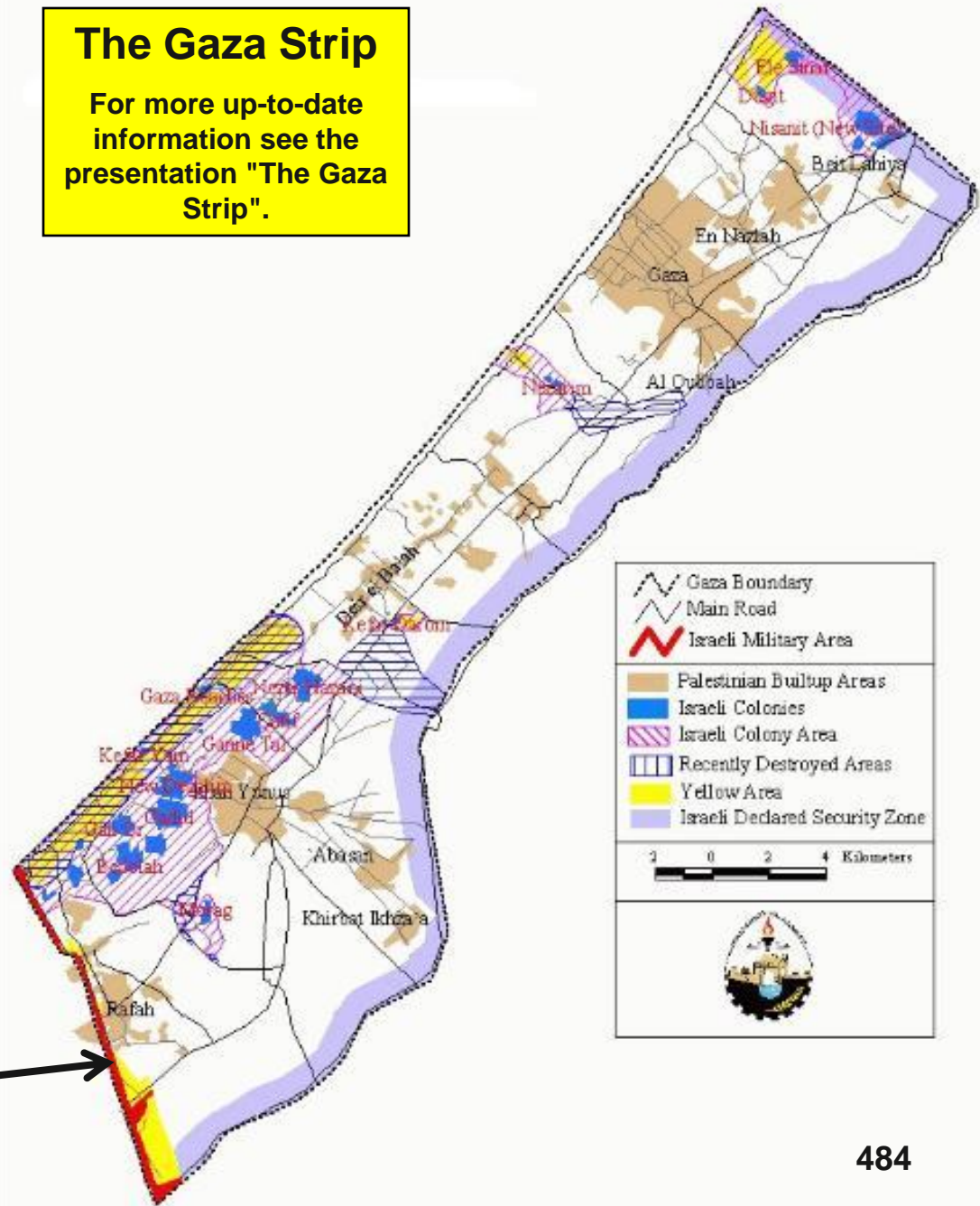
Inside the Gaza Strip, along the border, the Israelis have formed an inaccessible security zone about 1 km wide. Consequently, the surface area available to the inhabitants of the Gaza Strip is reduced by approximately 60 km², mainly agricultural land.

In 2004/5 Israel withdrew 15'000 Zionist colonial settlers (in blue on the map and the crisscrossed areas) leaving behind only rubble and devastation.

Between the Gaza Strip and Egypt, the security zone is called " Philadelphia Corridor»

The Gaza Strip

For more up-to-date information see the presentation "The Gaza Strip".



Gaza Strip Water



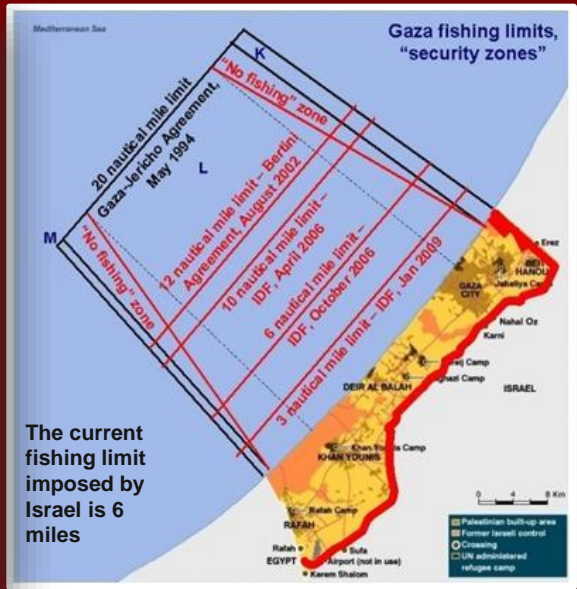
In the Gaza Strip, only 10% of the water is usable for consumption.

Due to the excessive exploitation of groundwater sea water enters the depths of the Gaza Strip. The groundwater is heavily polluted also because sewage systems are damaged by Israeli bombing and lack of electricity, neglect due to staff and material shortages, etc.

Floods are frequent.

485

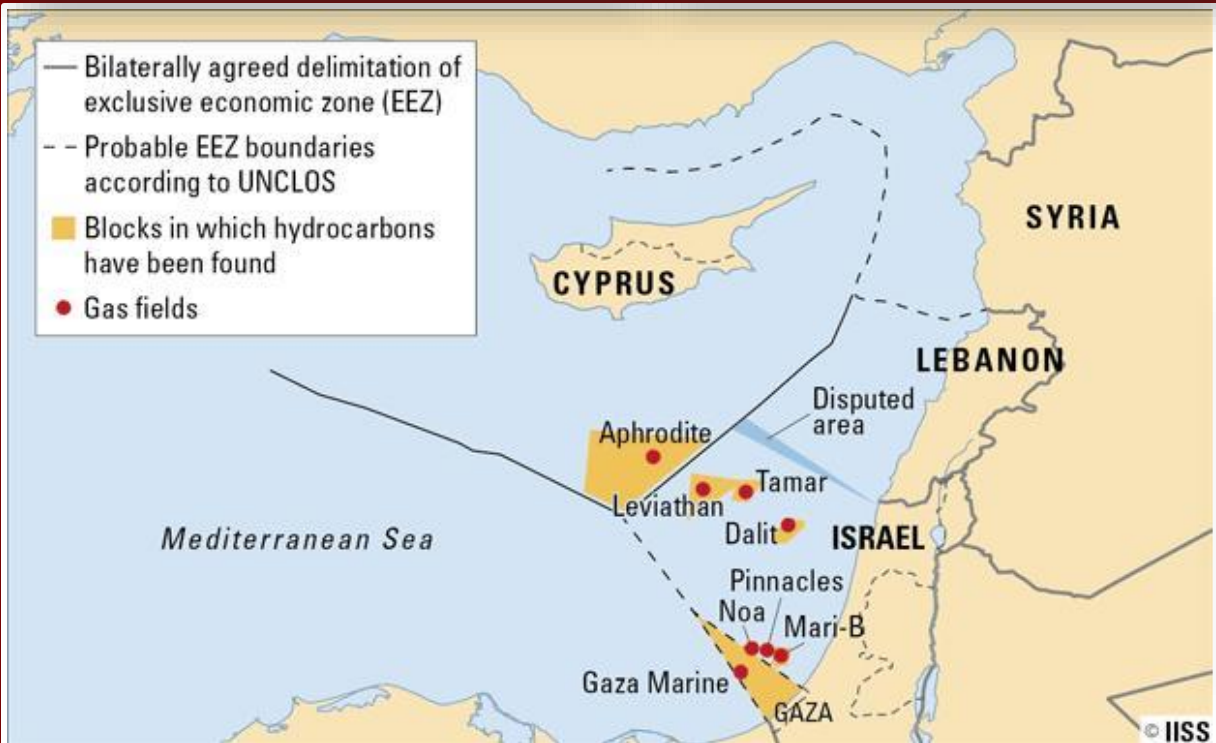




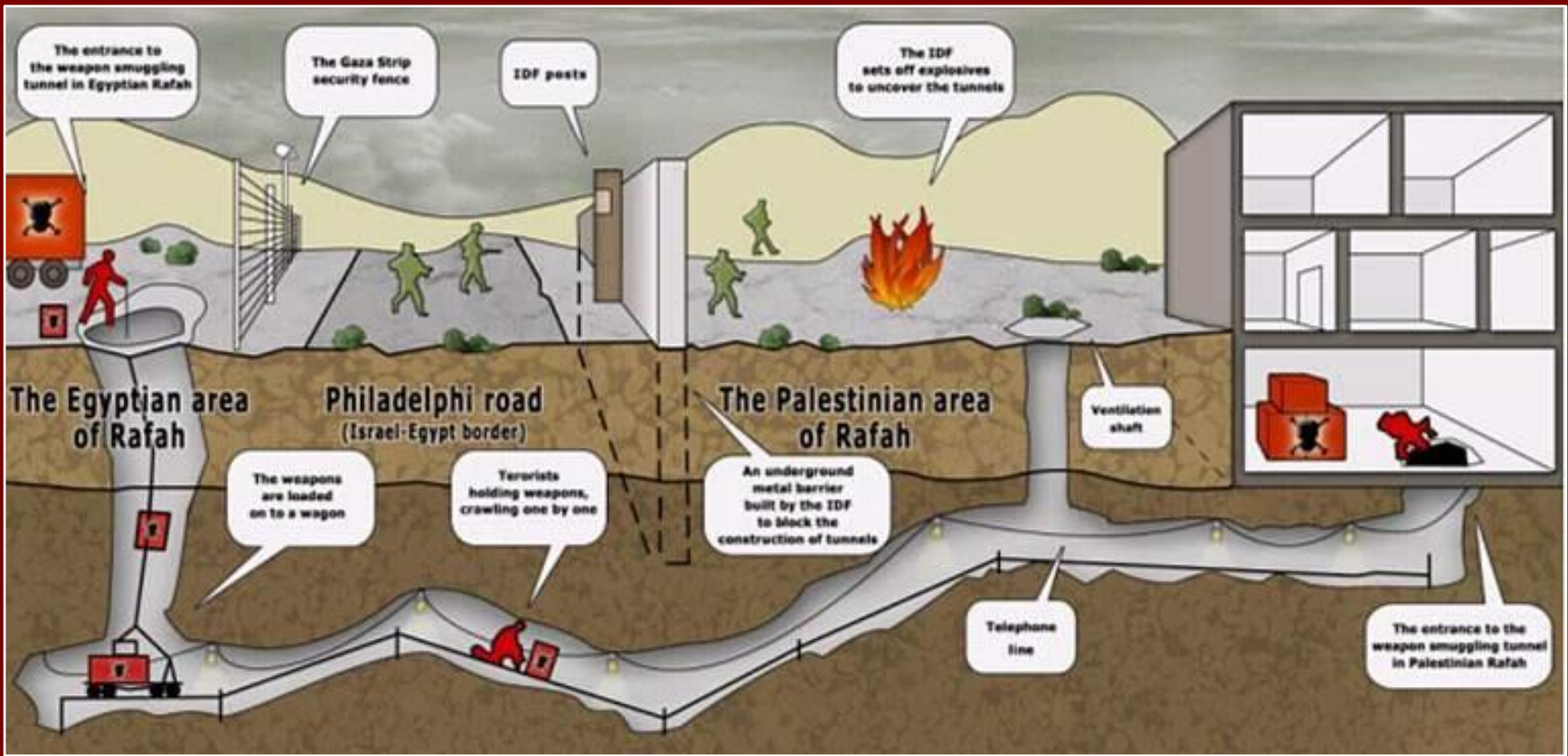
<http://www.globalresearch.ca/war-and-natural-gas-the-israeli-invasion-and-gaza-s-offshore-gas-fields/11680>

GAZA STRIP

The stakes are:
Land, Sea,
Gas and Oil



<http://www.globalresearch.ca/war-and-natural-gas-the-israeli-invasion-and-gaza-s-offshore-gas-fields/11680>



Rafah - Gaza Strip: the tunnels constructed by the Palestinians to smuggle materials in from Egypt





The ammunition



The Israeli snipers



**March 2018 - End 2019
Great march of return**

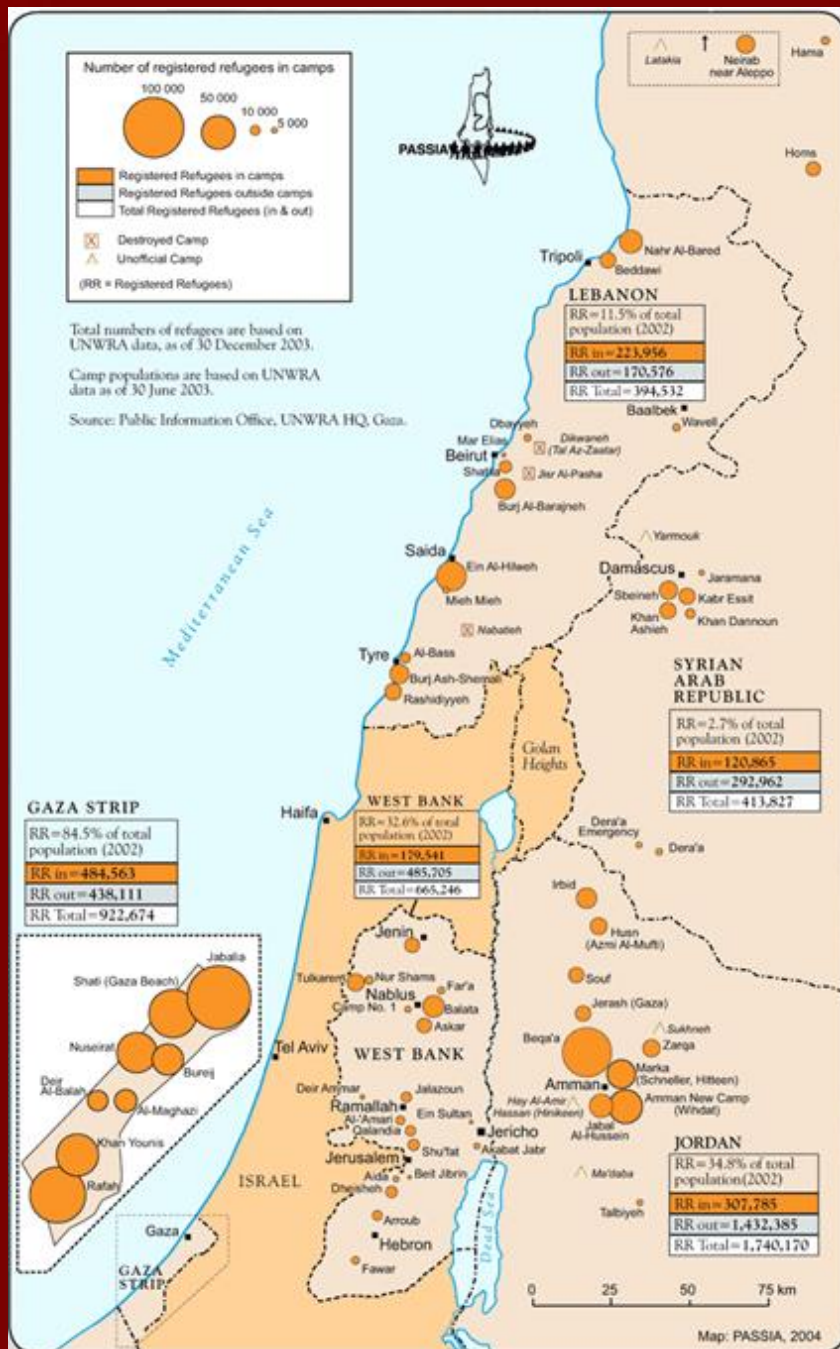
488

The Israelis shoot on peaceful protesters and kill about 300 and seriously injure about 36'000. Many of them will remain disabled.



Overpopulation
Gaza Strip: “a sea of concrete” -
more than 2'000'000 inhabitants on 360 km2





United nations relief and works agency for Palestinian refugees in the near east

UNWRA, the UN relief and work agency for Palestinian refugees

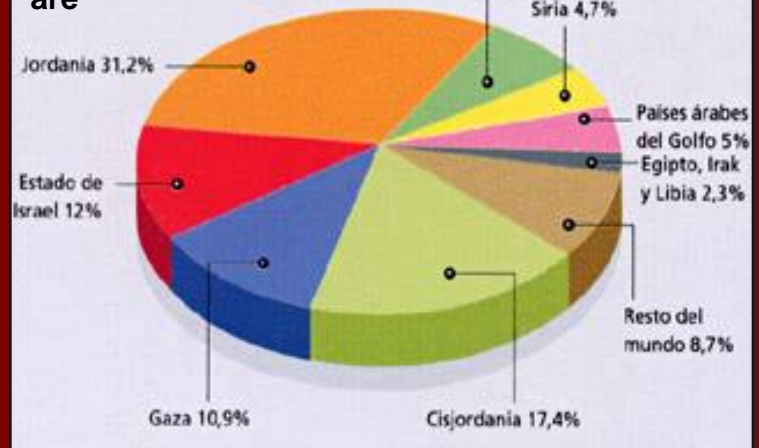
UNRWA officially takes a census in the Palestinian refugee camps.

As a matter of fact Palestinian refugees are approx. 5 million strong.

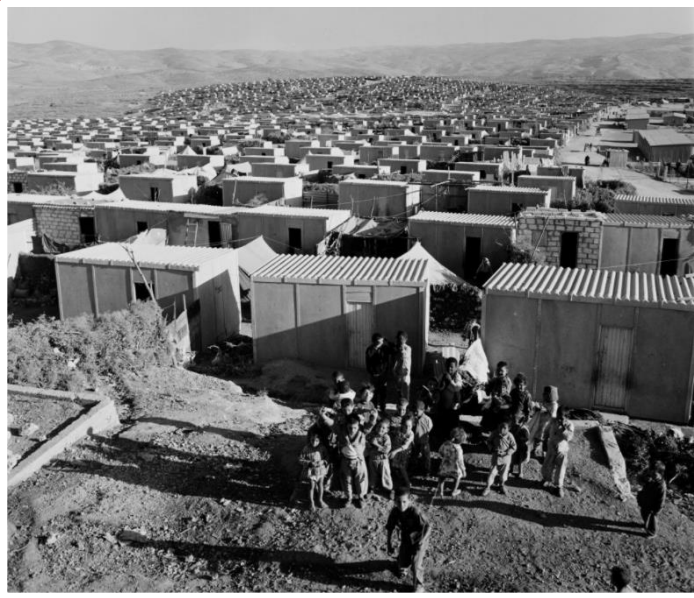
490

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/UNWRA>

Where the Palestinians are



In the '50s, UNRWA began replacing the tents with mini prefabricated houses.



Education

476,000
Students

A young girl with dark hair, wearing a striped school uniform, smiles brightly in a classroom. Other children are visible in the background, some sitting at desks.

Health

3.1M
Refugees Access
Our Health
Services

A healthcare worker in a white coat and headscarf is examining a patient's arm. Other people are visible in the background, some sitting on a bench.

Relief & Social Services

282,944
Refugees
Supported by
Social Safety Net

A man in a dark jacket is embracing a woman wearing sunglasses and a colorful patterned top. They are both smiling and looking towards the camera.

Microfinance

324,994
Loans Awarded

A woman wearing a headscarf is looking down at a small object she is holding in her hands. The background is slightly blurred.

Infrastructure & Camp Improvement

1.5M
Lives Impacted

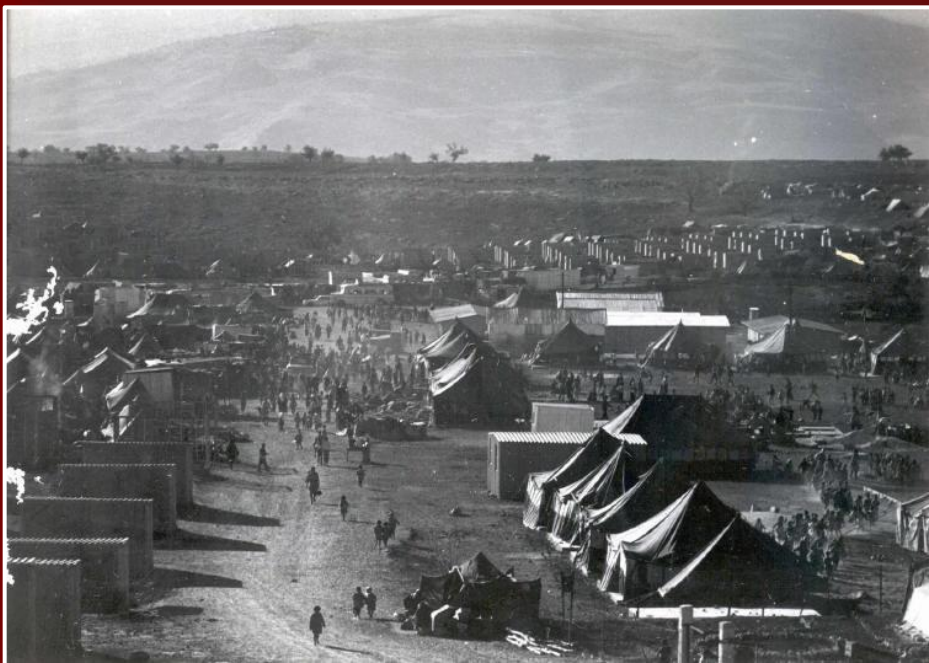
A modern, multi-story building is under construction. The structure is made of light-colored concrete or brick, and a green safety fence is visible in the foreground.

Emergency Response

482,000
Refugees
Supported During
Syria Conflict

A large, multi-story building with many windows, likely a school or community center. The building is modern and well-maintained.

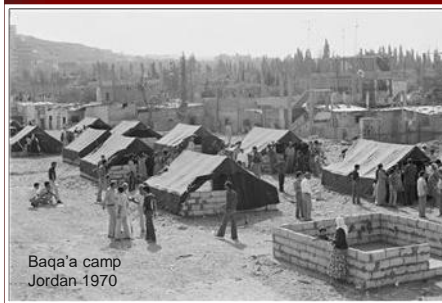
Yesterday and today, the presence and the help of UNRWA is vital for the Palestinian refugees.



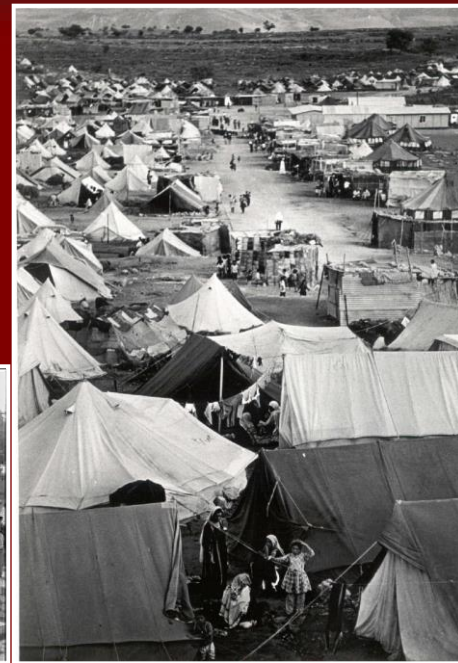
The Palestinian refugee camp development

The beginning

492



Baqa'a camp
Jordan-1970





1948

**The
definitive
temporary**

493



Life
in the
refugee
camps



494



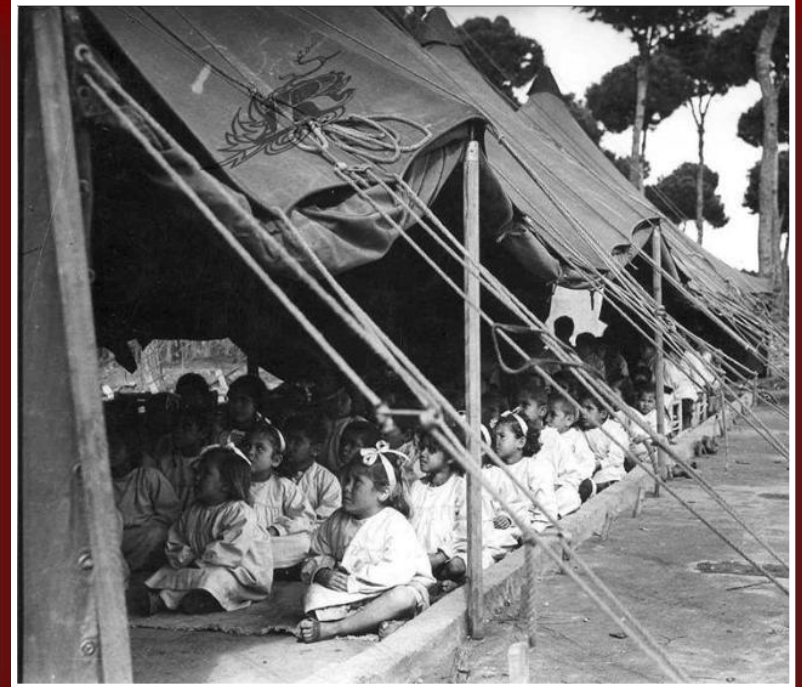


**Schools
in the
Palestinian
refugee
camps**



495





School in a Palestinian ill-equipped refugee camp

496





Lebanon

Schools
in the
Palestinian
refugee
camps





Schools in the Palestinian refugee camps

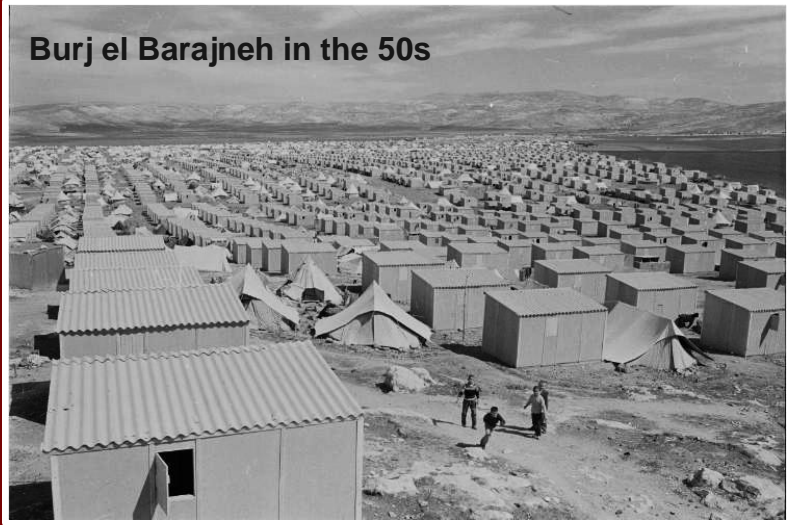
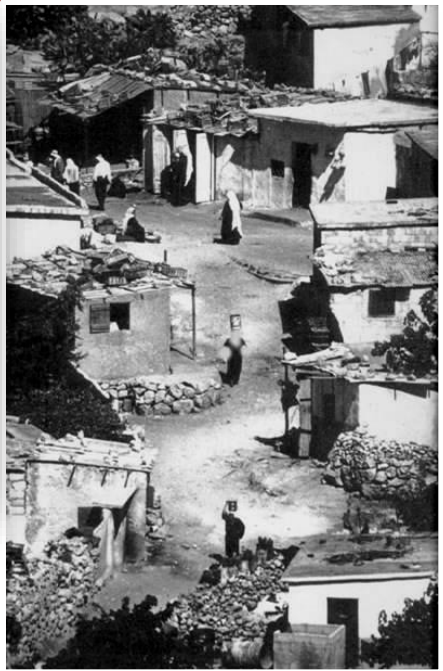
A comparatively well-equipped school in Syria



Burj el Barajneh, Lebanon, 1948

**The Palestinian
refugee camps
yesterday (1948)
and today.**

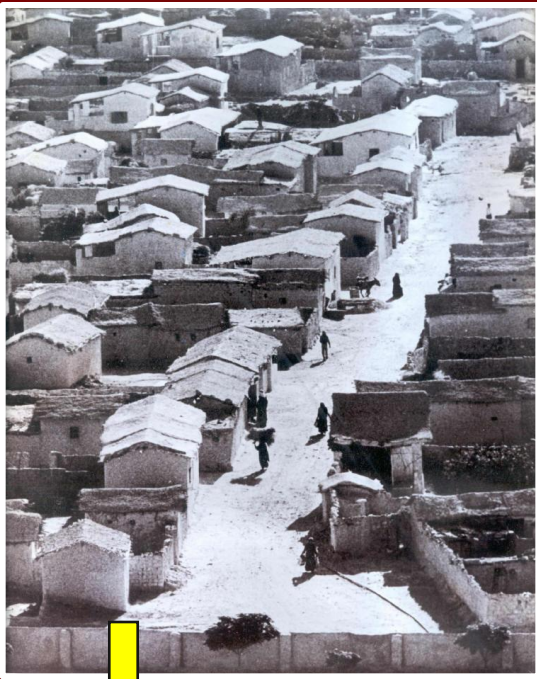
499



Burj el Barajneh in the 50s



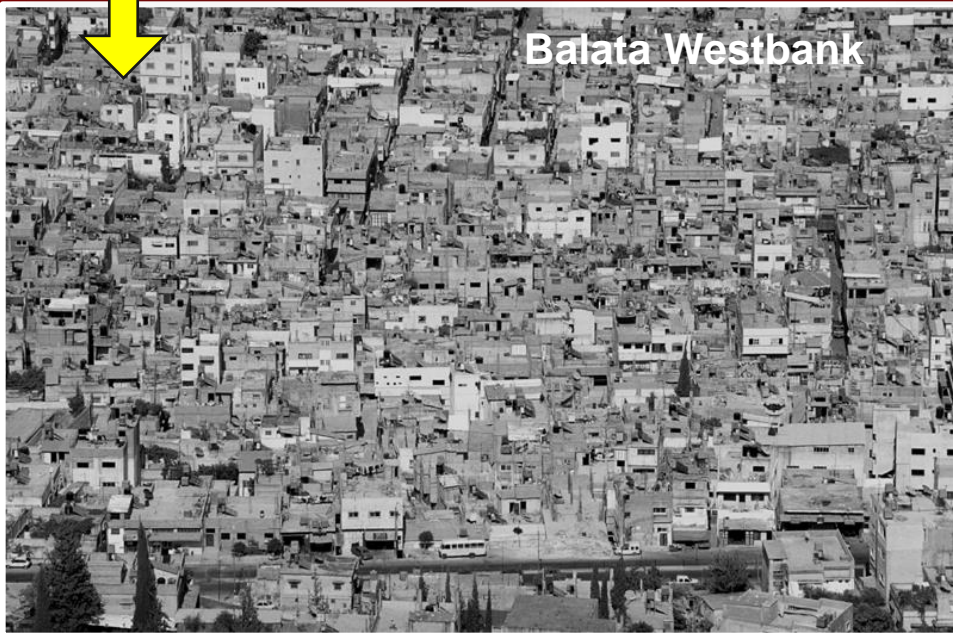
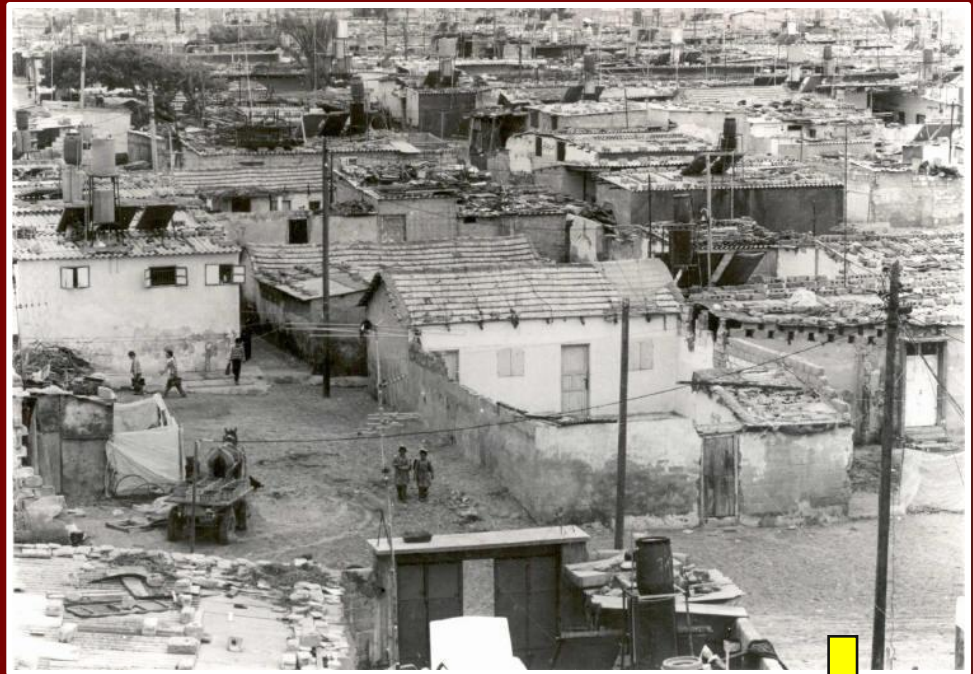
Burj el Barajneh, 2010



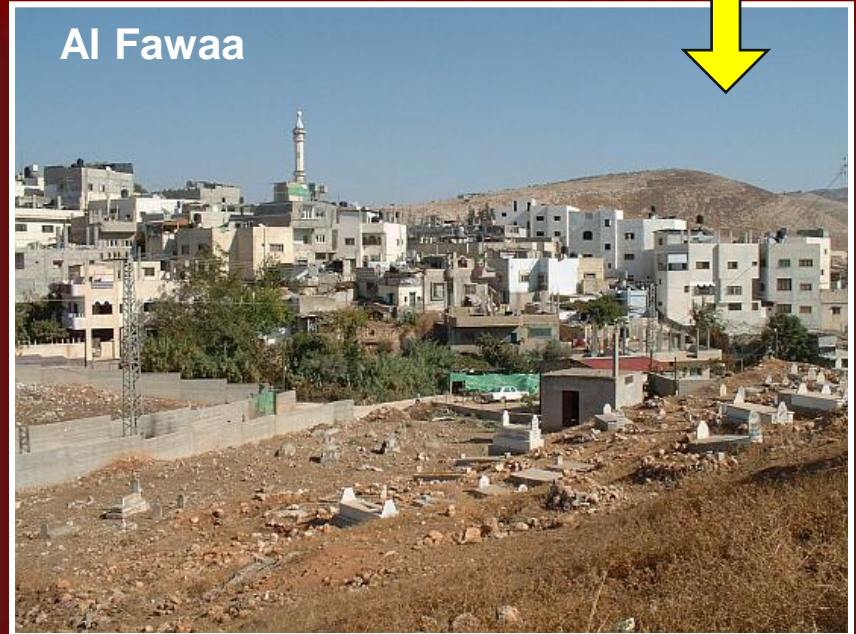
**The
Palestinian
refugee
camps**

**Yesterday
and today**

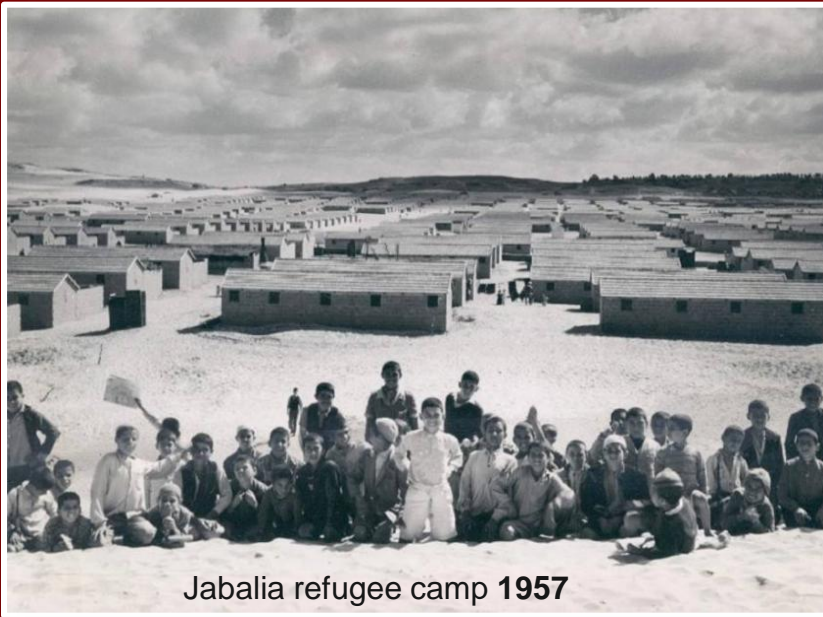
500



Balata Westbank



Al Fawaa



Jabalia refugee camp 1957

The Palestinian refugee camp of **Jabalia** was almost destroyed by the Israelis in 2004, in 2009 and in 2014.

GAZA STRIP



Jabalia refugee camp 2004

Jabaliya refugee camp after Israel's Operation Days of Penitence (Photo: [PCHR](#))

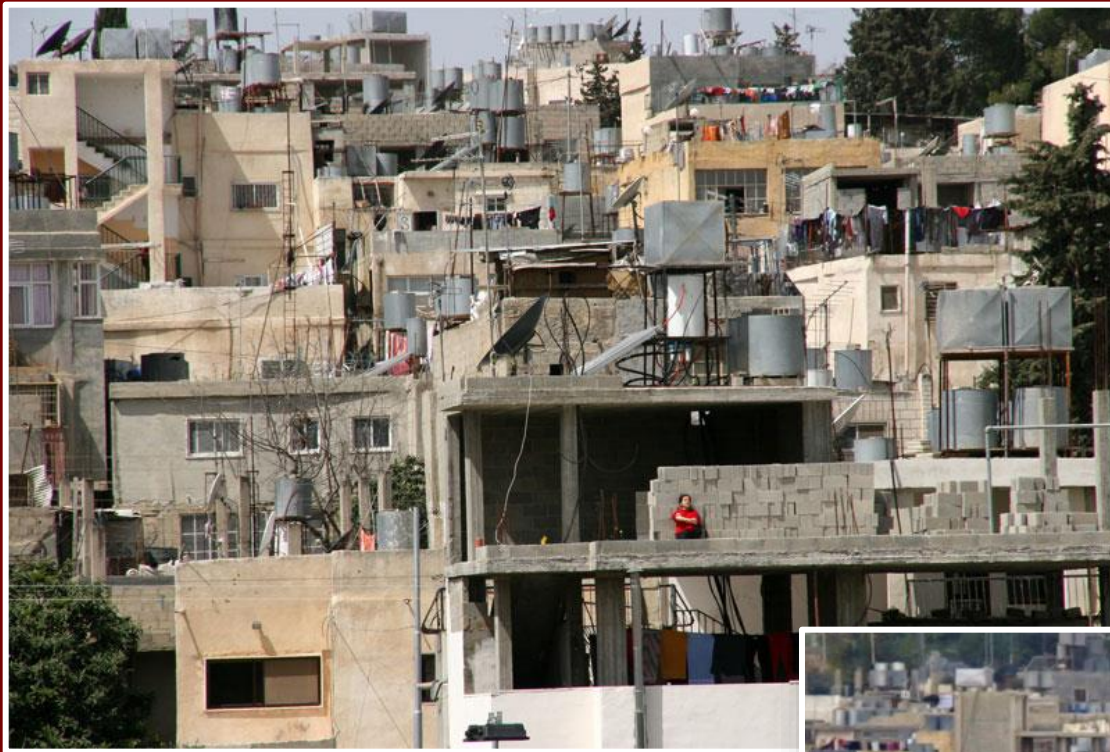


The Jabalia refugee camp is one of the largest of the UNRWA: in 2006 was housing 93'500 refugees.



© EPA

Jabalia r.c. 2009. For kill Hamas leader Nizar Rayan, the Israelis have not hesitated to kill also four women and 10 children.



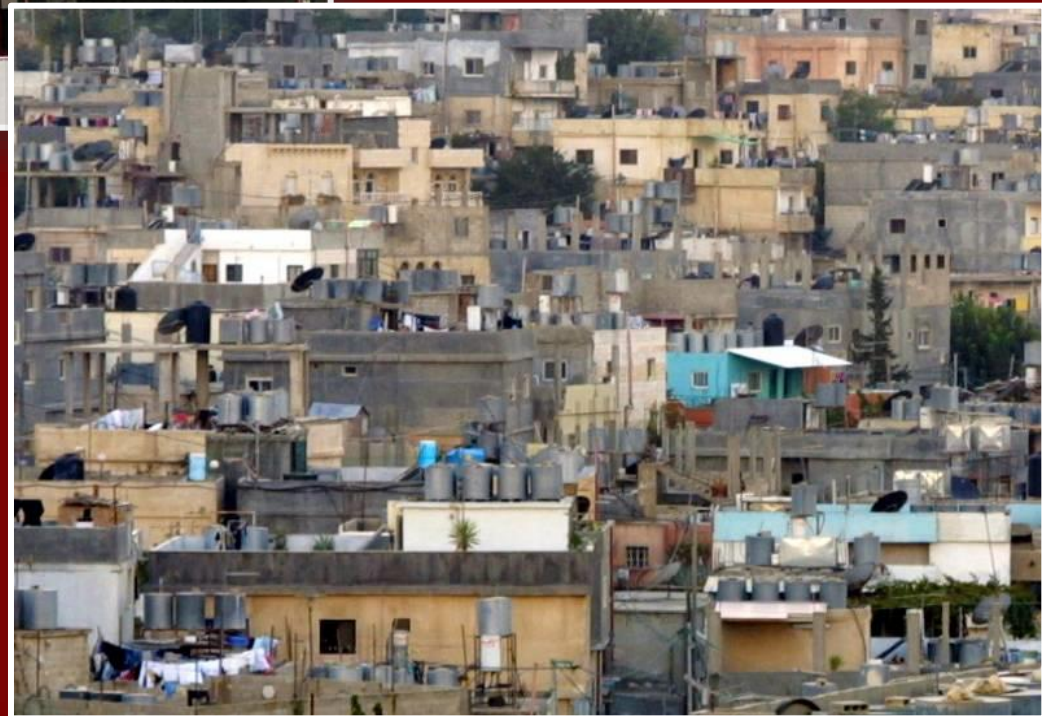
In the refugee camps as time goes by the tents have been replaced by improvised buildings.

502

The Aida (Bethlehem) refugee camp today

About 4000 people live here.

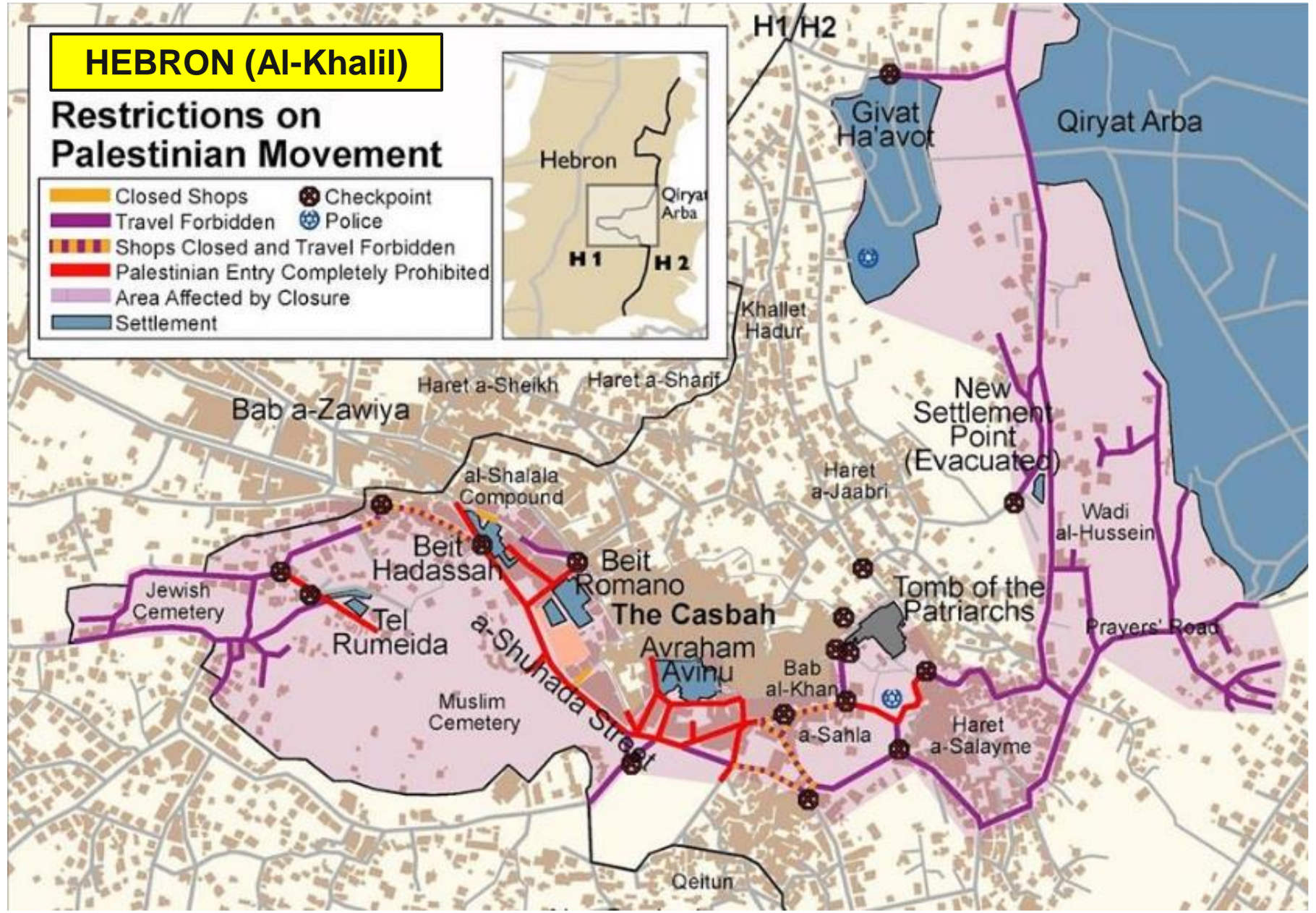
[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aida_\(camp\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aida_(camp))



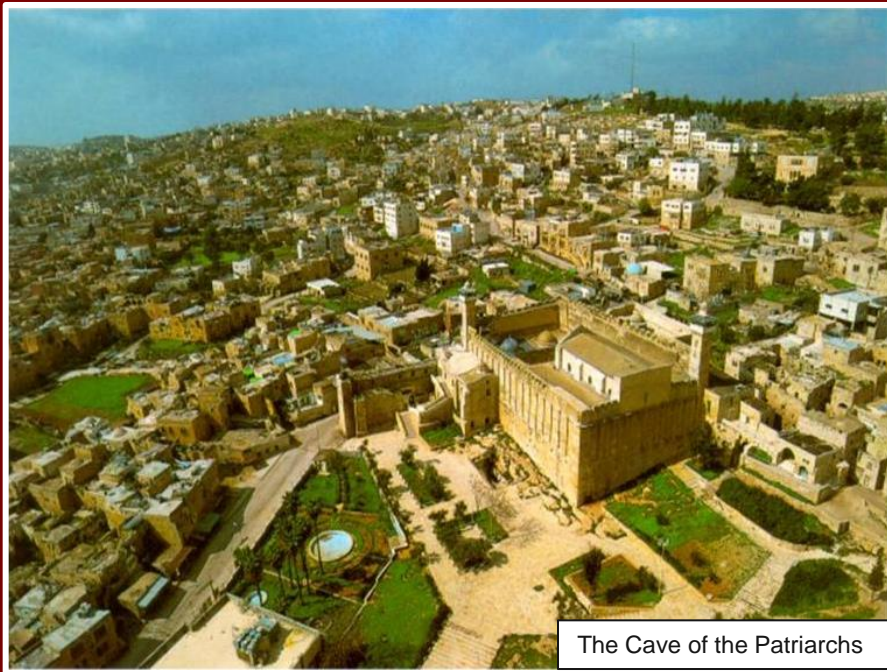
HEBRON (Al-Khalil)

Restrictions on Palestinian Movement

- Closed Shops
- Travel Forbidden
- Shops Closed and Travel Forbidden
- Palestinian Entry Completely Prohibited
- Area Affected by Closure
- Settlement
- Checkpoint
- Police

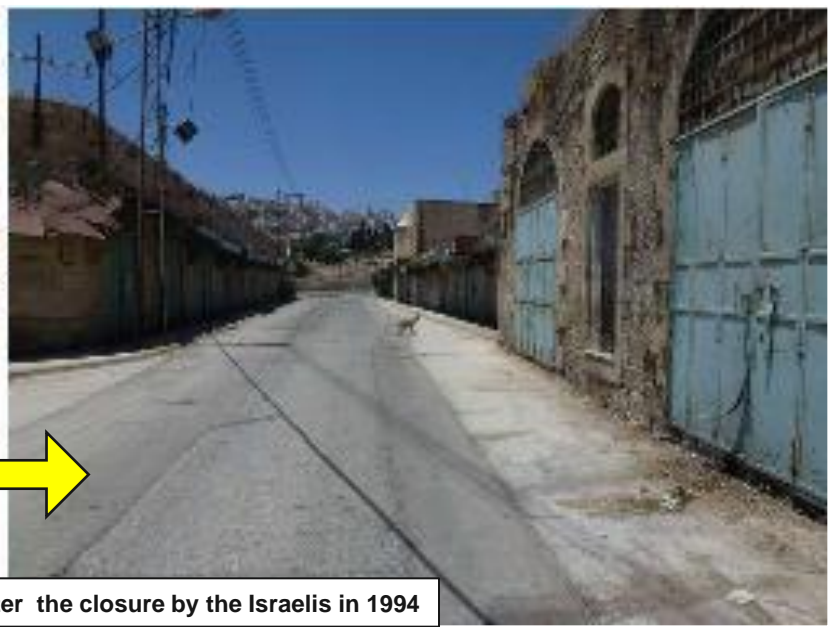


In Hebron, 500 settlers live defiantly in the center of the Palestinian town. Their presence, in addition to the 2,000 soldiers deployed to protect them, has transformed the lives of 120,000 Palestinians into hell.



HEBRON (Al-Khalil)

504





Temporary International Presence in HEBRON (TIPH)

In 1994 Baruch Goldstein, a fanatical Israeli settler, in the tomb of the patriarchs (Hebron) massacred 29 Palestinians who had come to pray at the Ibrahimi Mosque, and wounded 125 people.

Following that event, Israel and the ANP demanded the presence of international observers in Hebron. Italy, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey provided the necessary personnel. Their mission is also the maintenance of peace and security for the Palestinians. Observers (unarmed) write reports for the attention of the two parties.

In January 1994 Israeli Prime Minister Netanyahu demanded the withdrawal of international observers by pretending they do not contribute to peacekeeping.



A TIPH observer vehicle



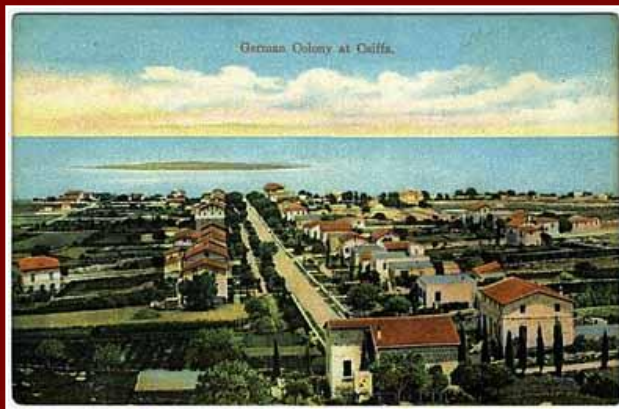
Templars farm



A cottage during the 30s
(tachles - 23/05/2014)

The Templars in Palestine

German Templars in Palestine founded several prosperous rural settlements that became a model for the Zionist settlers: Sarona (1871) at Jaffa, Wilhelma (1902) at Lydda, Bethlehem (1906) and Waldheim (1907) in Galilee. During the Second World War, the British deported many German Templars to Cyprus and then to Australia, and others were used as bargaining chips with the Nazi regime. In 1948 the Zionists expelled the Templars permanently and confiscated their property's. Consequently, the Templars moved to Australia. As compensation in 1962, the Israeli government gave 54 million German marks to them, money that was paid by West Germany as compensation to Israel. Today the beautiful Templar houses and their farms are occupied by the Israeli bourgeoisie.



The german colony in Haifa



Palestinian refugee camp of Al-Yarmouk, Syria

507

April 2014: Photo: Palestinian refugees besieged from the war expecting an unlikely delivery of food. Palestinian refugees are among the biggest victims of the wars raging in the Middle East .



The Zaatari refugee camp near Mafraq, Jordan, that houses 115,000 refugees.

508

Syria 2015: supporting the militias who oppose the Syrian regime of Bashar al-Assad, an ally of Russia, and attacking the Hezbollah militants, Israel acts in the interests of the Western powers and indirectly supports ISIS terrorists. Because of the war, since 2011, millions of Syrians have fled their country and are desperately seeking refuge in nearby countries and in Europe. Many of them are Palestinians who have already been refugees in Syria for a long time

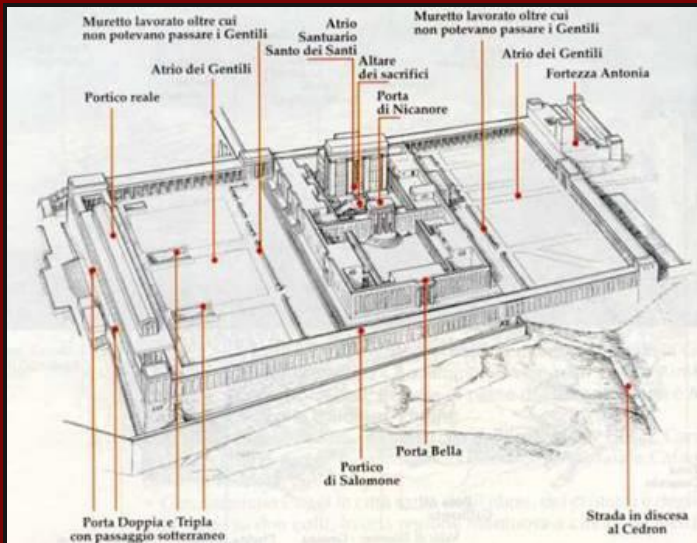


Palestine - Photo gallery

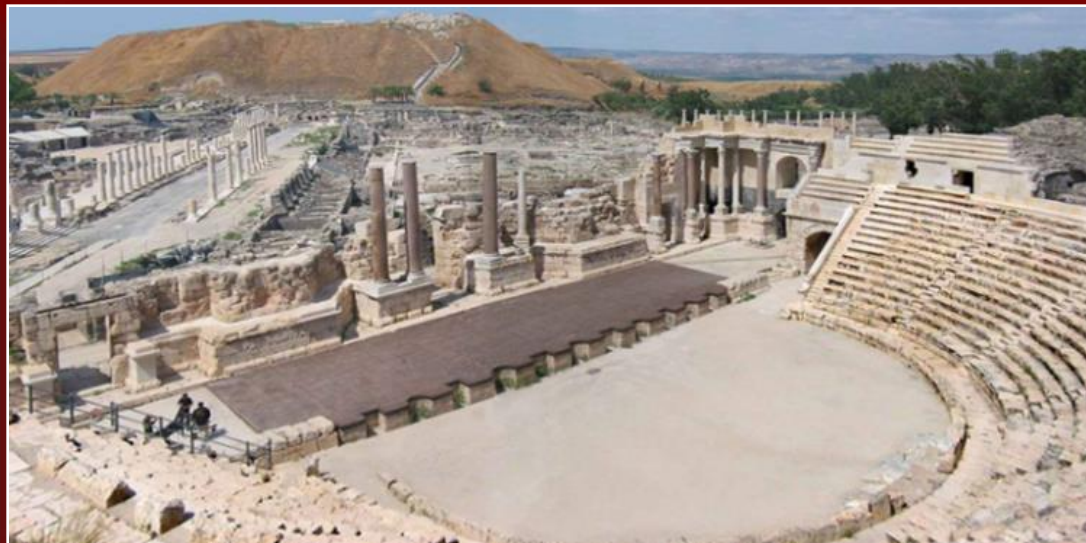


509

“We will not expel the Palestinians, but we will render their life as bad as a dogs’ life, until they will leave by themselves” (Moshe Dayan).



Possible second temple



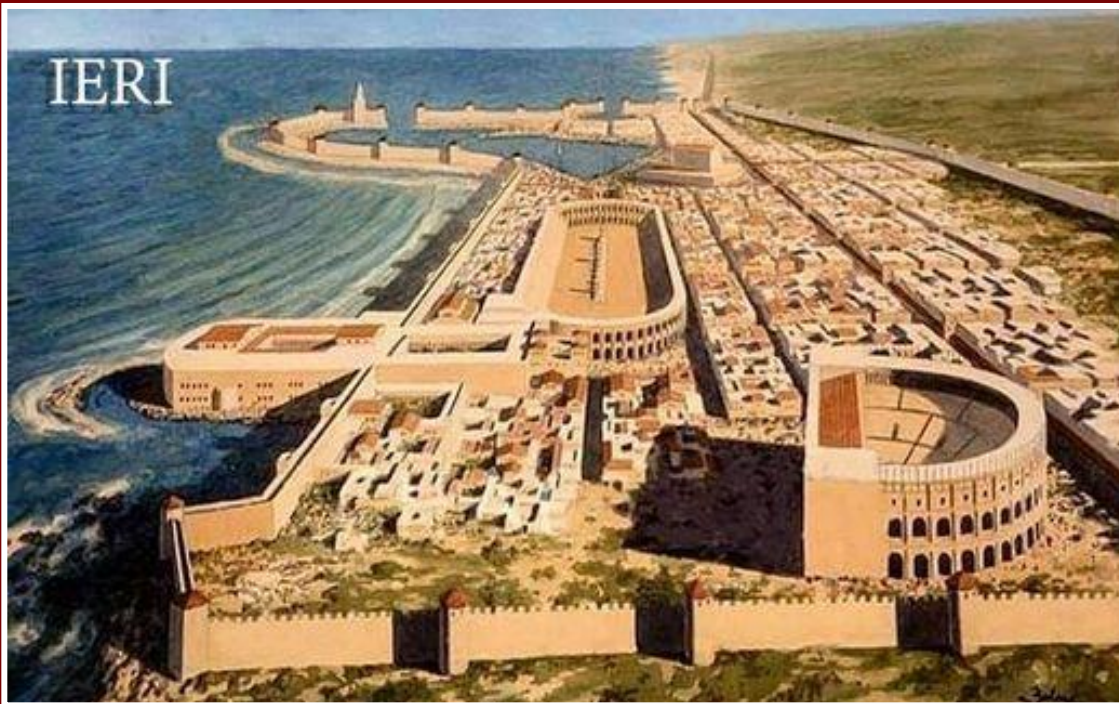
Beit She'an, the Roman amphitheater

History

Sarcophagus of Alexander the Great

510





2000 years ago.

Caesarea
proves the
importance of
the Roman
presence in
Palestine.

511

**The Roman city
of Caesarea.**

Today.

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/
Caesarea_Maritima](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Caesarea_Maritima)





The Israel looting of Palestinian archaeological heritage

512



Zionist, American and Canadian so called "archeologists" working together in an ancient Palestinian site in Qaryout Village - West-Bank to blur and erase Palestinian history, culture and heritage, and invent a fake history related to Zionist occupation myths. Occupied Palestine, 20 July 2020.

Plunder of a historical baptismal font - Tuqu town near Bethlehem, 21.07.2020



HERODION national park

Ancient fortress and villa of Herod 23-15 BC, destroyed by the Romans in 71 AD, then used by the Zealot rebels, located southeast of Bethlehem, today it is an Israeli fenced archaeological park. It is a classic example of Israel's plundering of Palestinian cultural and archaeological assets.





Hebron, Tomb of the Patriarchs



Traditional Palestinian costumes



A very ancient dwelling unearthed at Tell es-Sultan, Jericho



Nablus



Palestinian rural life

Palestinian shepherds

515



War wreckage



Negev



Nimrod fortress + Golan

Corners of Palestine



Mosque of Zakaryya in 2000



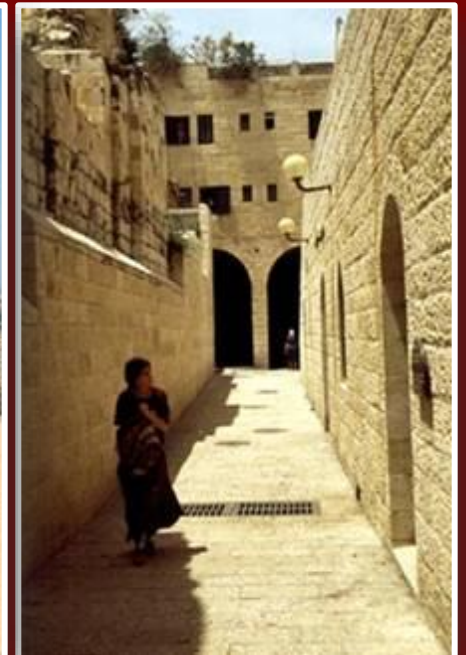
Old Palestinian railway station

Corners of Palestine

517



Kahn Yunis, Gaza





Kabara (Haifa)

A view westwards from the eastern edge of the village site, now planted with bananas. (May 1990) [KABARA]



A village house in Bayt Naqquba, now incorporated into the settlement of Beyt Neqofa. (1986) [BAYT NAQQUBA]

**Battir, Westbank,
Unesco heritage**

Corners of Palestine



Palestinian house



The
Reshafim
and Beit
Shean
kibbutz



Mount Tabor



519

Tiberias today



Nazareth

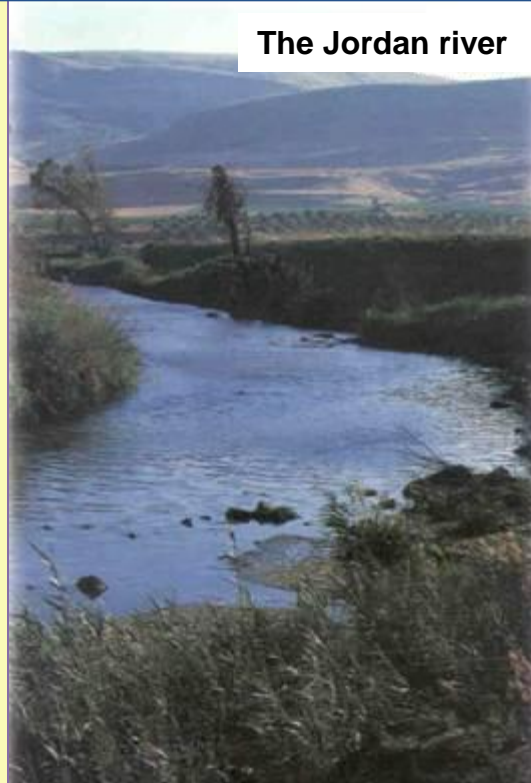


Jericho

What remains of the village of Sha' in the district of Acres



The Jordan river



Tarshiha



Here was once the village of Taytaba

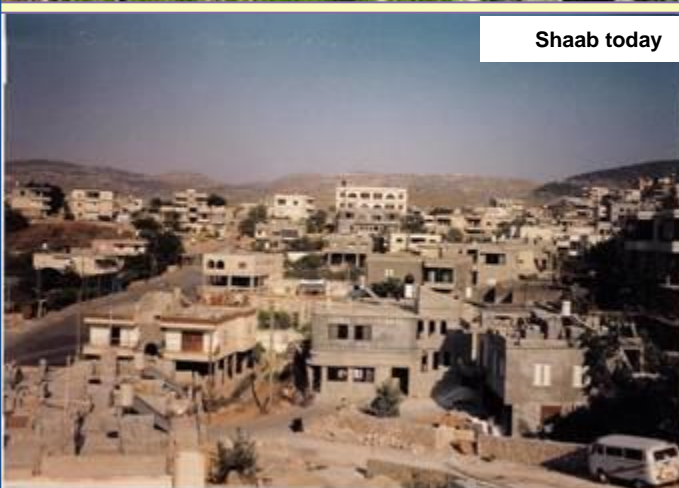


Safsaf today



Corners of Palestine

Shaab today

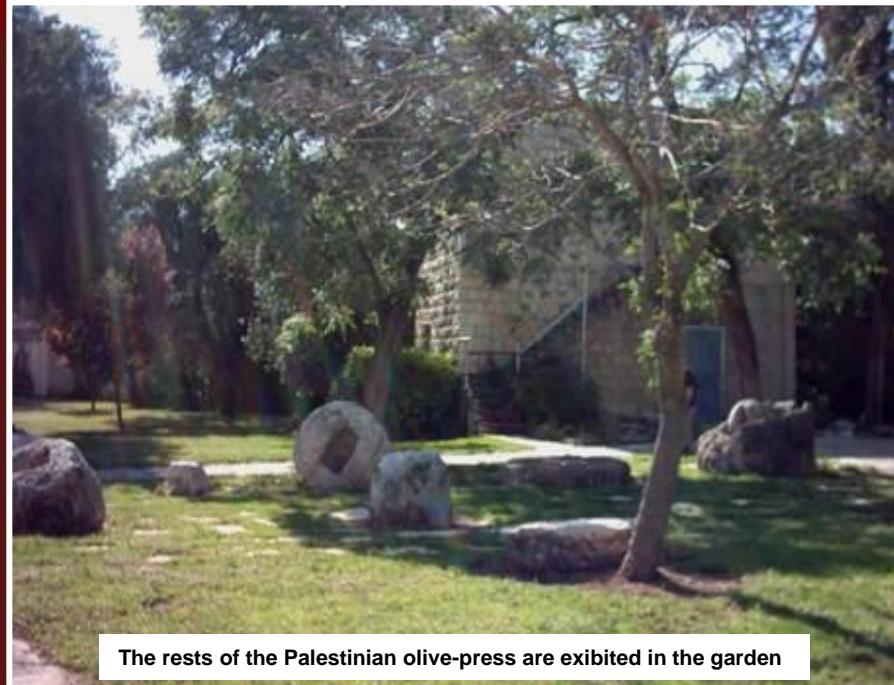


Yanoun





Ein Karem



The rests of the Palestinian olive-press are exhibited in the garden



Home occupation

The houses taken from the Palestinians in 1948 are still inhabited by Jews, who often show off their stolen possessions



Flag

Occupied

Hebron 2012

**The Zionist
settlers
occupy
Palestinian
homes**

524

Jerusalem



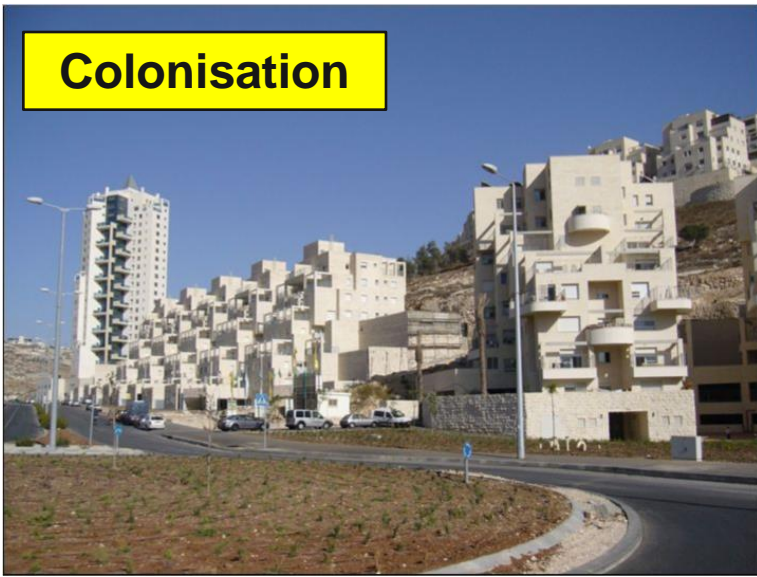


Colonization

Kiryat Yam on the gulf of Haifa

525

Colonisation



Naharyya



Colonization is planned



For the rich immigrants to Israel they are building whole new towns (photo-montage)



Colonization under construction



ON LAND STOLEN FROM THE PALESTINIANS, THE ISRAELIS ARE BUILDING NON-STOP



קרית ספר
 העיר החרדית השלישית

הגבעה הדרומית
 השכונה החדשה בבניה

אלפי יחידות דיר מרווחות בכל הגדלים
 בניה נדמה ונבונה. גיפס אגן צאטלמית

משרד מכירות בעיר רח' אבני נור 18 קרית ספר, סל. 9740315-8
 צאטלמית חלבי ישראל 8, סל. 08-278488-80, בני ברק רח' אהרונסון 11, סל. 0777

לאתר הבניה



Colonisation



Illegal colonisation

530

All Israelis are complicit in the occupation. All of us, every single Israeli, are settlers

Anyone who thinks that it is only a small and violent settler minority, to which most people have no connection, is completely lying to himself. **We all bear the blame.**



Gideon Levy



A typical Israeli illegal outpost, created on Palestinian land near As-Sawahira-ash-Sharqiya, southeast of Jerusalem established in september 2019. In 2023 Israel currently has 261 Jewish-only settlements and 'outposts' built on confiscated Palestinian land.



Colonisation

2004 - The illegal settlement of Migron in the West Bank



Colonization of the occupied territories

Olive grove destroyed by Israeli settlers



Where the Israeli settlers are living

532





Palestinian territory :
entrance reserved for Israelis



Colonisation

533





Kyriat Arba

**Settle-
ments**



534



Kyriat Arba

Settlement near the Dead Sea



Har Gilo



Colonisation

Abu Ghuneim Mountain, one of the largest forests in the Bethlehem district, was turned into the Israeli Har Homa settlement



Colonization

**The settlement of Nahalal,
Jezreel Valley, Israel**

Planning is obvious

536



Gilad Farm outpost, February 2011



Migron outpost, 5 September 2011



Hebron, October 2008



Often the Zionist settlers take revenge on the Palestinians by cutting down their olive trees.



Givat Ronen outpost, July 2010

Occasionally, the Israeli army demolishes buildings that are built illegally by Zionist settlers on Palestinian land.

2009 - Olives groves



Price tag politic

In to avenge the dismantling of some illegal settlements by the Israeli government, the Zionist settlers set on fire Palestinian properties.

538



Hebron



Israel has buried radioactive slag near Hebron

Zionist colonial settlers of Hebron throw rubbish down on to Palestinian houses

539

The Zionist settlers put rubbish on Palestinian olive groves



Pollution made in Israel

The Israelis dump waste on Palestinian land.



Israeli waste disposal companies send dozens of refuse-filled trucks to Palestinian villages every day.



Hebron

Israelis deposit rubbish from Tel Aviv in the occupied West Bank, polluting the water of Nablus

Rubbish from the Zionist settlement of Ariel ends up in the Palestinian village of Marda





West Bank: the wastewater from the settlement of Elkana flows into the Palestinian olive grove of Az Sawiya

Pollution made in Israel

540

Many Israeli settlements send their dirty and industrial waste waters towards Palestinian land creating serious pollution.



8 October 2018
Israelis
knowingly
pump
wastewater into
the Bedouin
Village of
Khan al-Ahmar
in the
West Bank



Jerusalem, March 2013

The Israeli Jerusalem Municipality has been developing a plan (No. 13900) to establish a landfill in Wadi Al Rej'iyyat area, on the land of the villages of Anata, Issawiyya and Shu'fat . So far, the program has been approved by the Local Planning and Building Committee and initially accepted by the District Planning and Building Committee prior to being placed for public review.

In the West Bank there are at least 15 Israeli waste plants , not for Palestinian use. At least 6 plants treat toxic waste. The rules for these plants are rather weak and the controls are insufficient.

541

Garbadge from Israel to Palestine

For the Israelis,
occupied Palestine is a
(illegal) waste dump.

Israel and its colonies annually discharge 224,000 tons of waste into Palestinian territory, often polluting villages, streams and farms. Drinking water is contaminated by broken, and unrepaired, pipelines and sewage. (Arjan El Fassed)



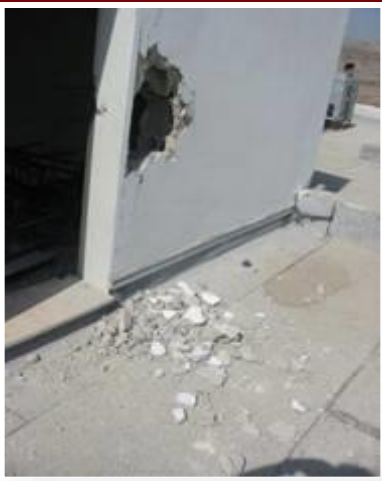


Occupation

Israeli troops kill a Palestinian in cold blood, they then fake evidence and claim that he was a suicide bomber

542





Occupation

The Israelis carry out searches and arrests in Palestinian houses... with great care.

543





Occupation

544

Biddu 25.04.2004

Repression of a Palestinian demonstration against the construction of the wall





General for Shalhevet Pass HY"D
40 months old, murdered in Chevron

Occupation



545

Children of Palestine





Occupation

546





Occupation

547





548

The
hard
way to
school





Photo trophy for the occupiers in Tulkarem



Occupation





Damaged preschool buildings



The Israelis stop Palestinian teachers going to work.



The school of Abu Nowar was destroyed by the Israelis in February 2018

Occupation

The Israelis prevent Palestinians from receiving an adequate education.

16.03.2004 Palestinian school destroyed in Gaza



withholding education



The Israelis prevent students of Birzeit university from going to study





Occupation

The occupiers close down Palestinian schools



The doors of the technical university have been welded shut



The equipment from the laboratory is missing



Occupation

The dangerous weapons of the Palestinians



27.07.2011: the Israelis devastate the Theater of Jenin and deport two directors of the theater.



Hebron - Palestinian stores closed by order of Israelis

553

Occupation





Occupation

Time for prayer does not wait for soldiers

554



**Arrest of
Palestinians**





556



Every day



The Israeli Terrorforce



Gerus.
30.03.12

**Arrest:
nothing
to report**

557





ARREST

558



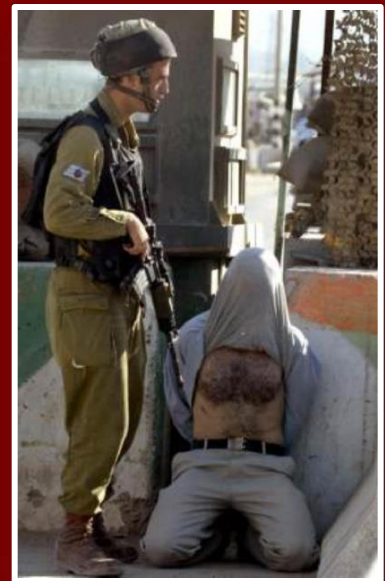


ARREST





ARREST





ARREST

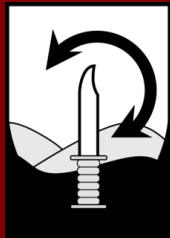


April 2013 - A Israeli infiltration units (in civilian clothes) kidnapping a Palestinian youth during a demonstration in Eissawiya.

Israeli undercover soldiers kidnaping senior official of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) Husam al-Razza, from Nablus in West Bank Area A (under PA administration). August 30. 2020



89th
"Oz"
Brigade



The undercover Israeli infiltration brigade Mista'aravim

562



Near Ramallah, West Bank, Wednesday, Oct. 7, 2015.

Members of an Israeli espionage and sabotage unit dressed as Arabs, active in 1948/49. These units, still active today, systematically abducted or killed prominent Palestinian people. The murders were then presented as "settling of accounts" among Palestinians.



N.Y. Followers of Kahane, 1982



Children are involved



563

Beirut

**ביום העצמאות
כולנו באפרת**

אתרקותיות לכל המשפחה
חניון צה"ל ענק
בואו לבלות איתנו באפרת

ביום שלישי
ו' באייר 6.5.14
בין השעות 09:00-16:00

לפרטים נוספים:
www.efrat.muni.il

**חחאים לכל הגילאים!
הכניסה חופשית
חניה כשפע**

Invitation to Independence Day





Occupation

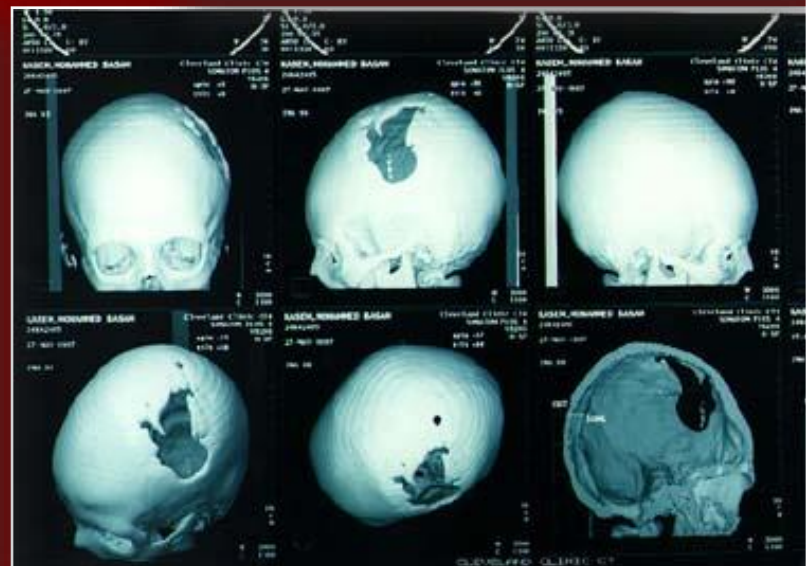
With great deceit the Israelis target the head in order to cause infirmity.

564

Mohammed Qasem is half paralyzed



The skull of Mohammed





Gaza

The memorial for Palestinian children killed by the Israelis in 2014.

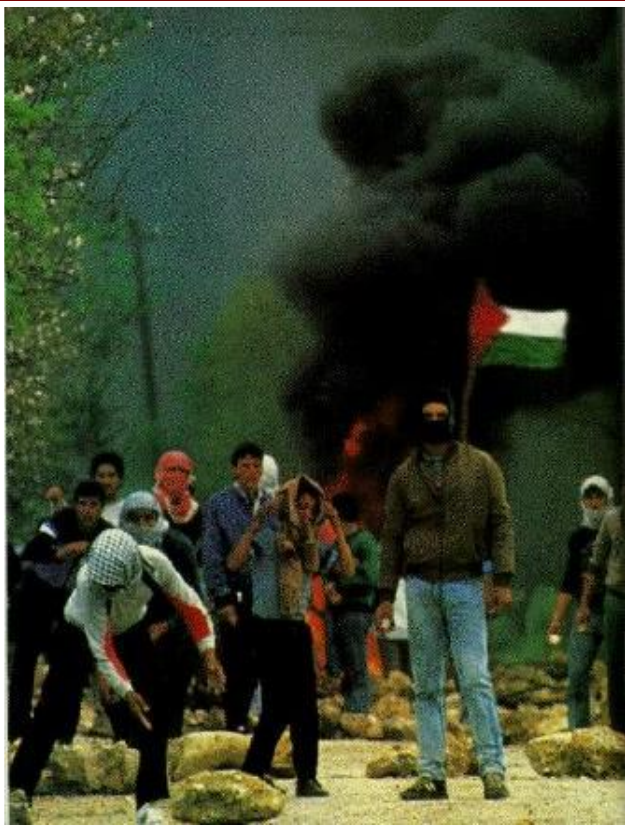


Resistance to occupation

566



« rubber bullets »



Resistance



Intifada



567



Israeli missile targets a Palestinian car in an inhabited area

568

INTIFADA

Israelis attack the Church of the Nativity in Bethlehem

Civilians in the cross fire





Intifada

Resistance



Bil'in



Nabi Saleh, West Bank, 20 April 2012

Israelis spray over the Palestinians and their homes a stinky liquid.

570

It smells intensely and causes nausea, the smell can last several weeks. This vile liquid is produced by an Israeli company called Odortec.





**Photo: cars of
Palestinian leaders
hit by Israeli
missiles**



**Israel
kills
Palestinian
leaders**

571

**In order to hit the Palestinian leader Salah
Chéhadé in Gaza the Israelis bombed his
house killing 17 other people**

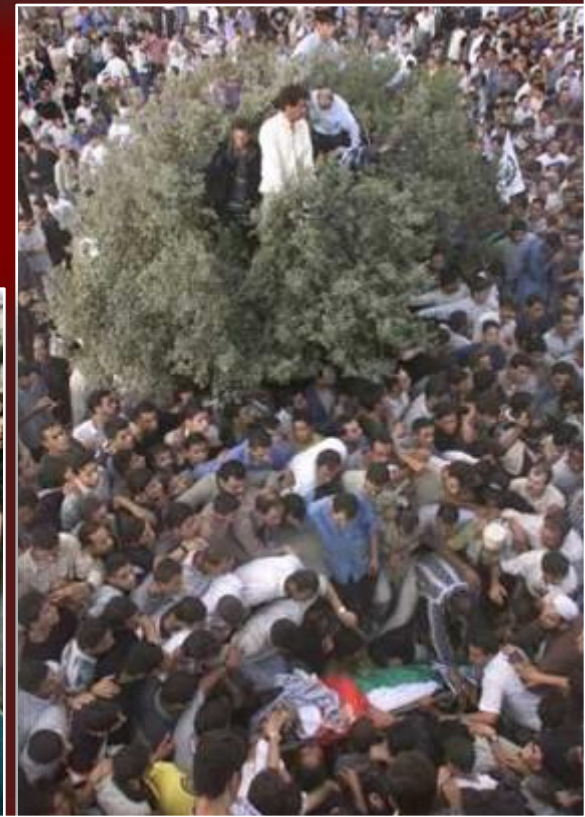




**Palestinians
bury
their martyrs**



572



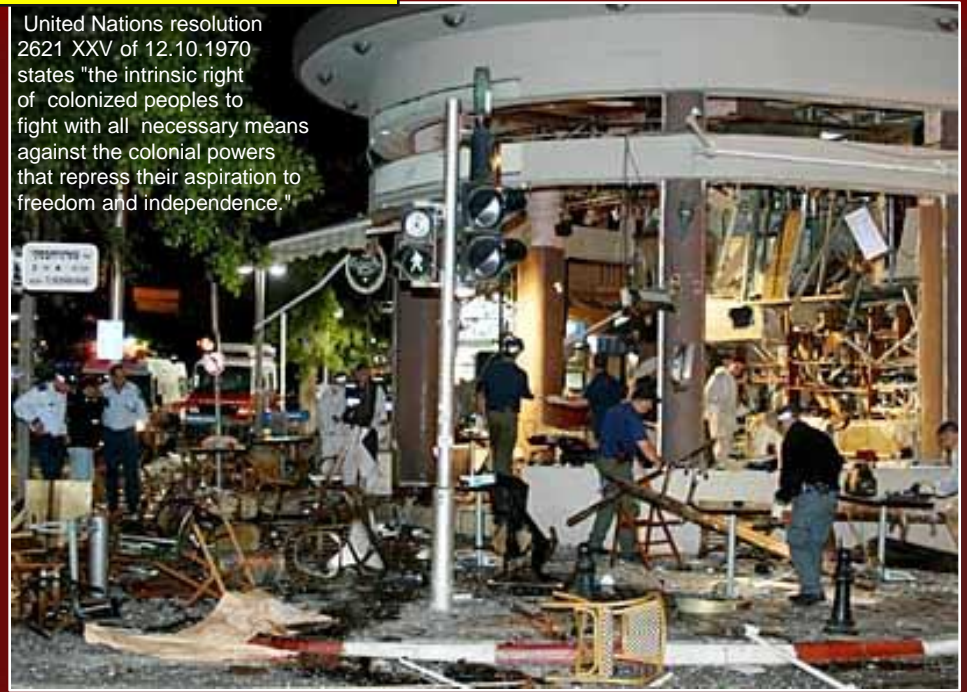


Palestinian suicide attacks

573



United Nations resolution 2621 XXV of 12.10.1970 states "the intrinsic right of colonized peoples to fight with all necessary means against the colonial powers that repress their aspiration to freedom and independence."





**The Israelis
bury their
dead**

574





**Checkpoint
in Hebron**

**Check
points**



**Checkpoint
in Qalandya**

Nablus 11.01.04

575





P.R.C.S.

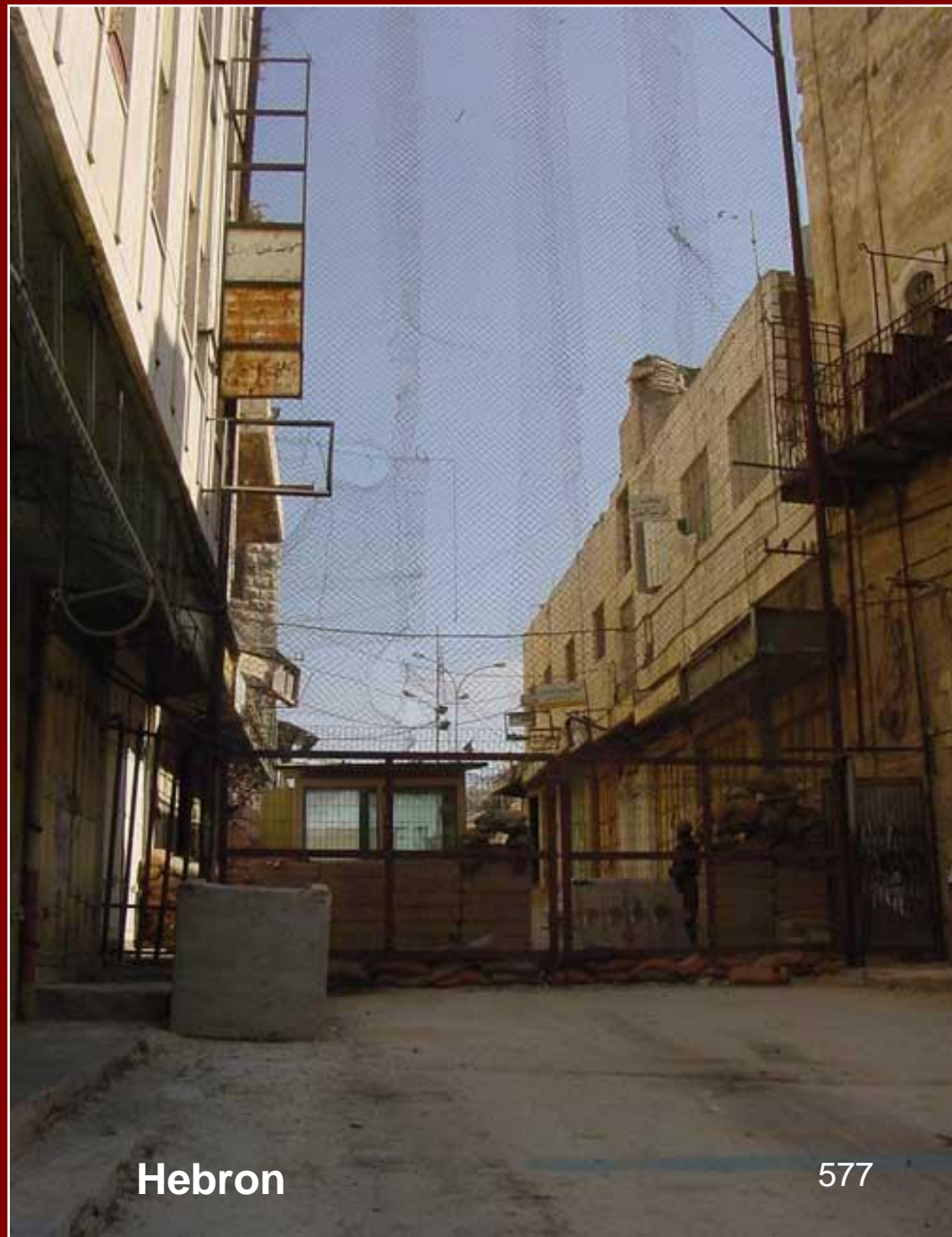


Checking the ambulances





Israeli 
checkpoints



Hebron



The signal is red: nobody passes



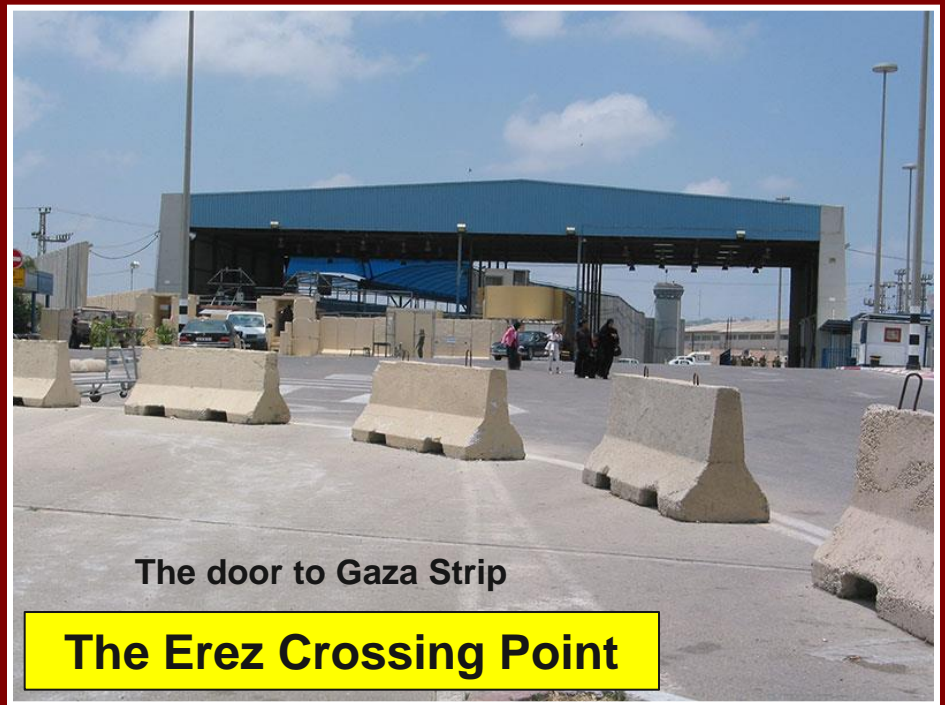
Hebron: School children check



Israeli checkpoints

578





The door to Gaza Strip

The Erez Crossing Point



Crossing borders: the long, lonely walk to Gaza





Checkpoints

580



حملة الاعتقالات التي نفذتها قوات الاحتلال عقب احتلالها للمخيمات التصوير المركزي - وقفا





הכן תעודות לבקורת
جهز الوثائق للتفحص
PREPARE DOCUMENTS
FOR INSPECTION

**Check
points**





**Check
points**



**Checking
everything
every
time**



582





Checkpoints

**Checking
the donkey**





After 36 hours waiting



Checkpoints

584





Checkpoints

Checkpoint «somewhere»

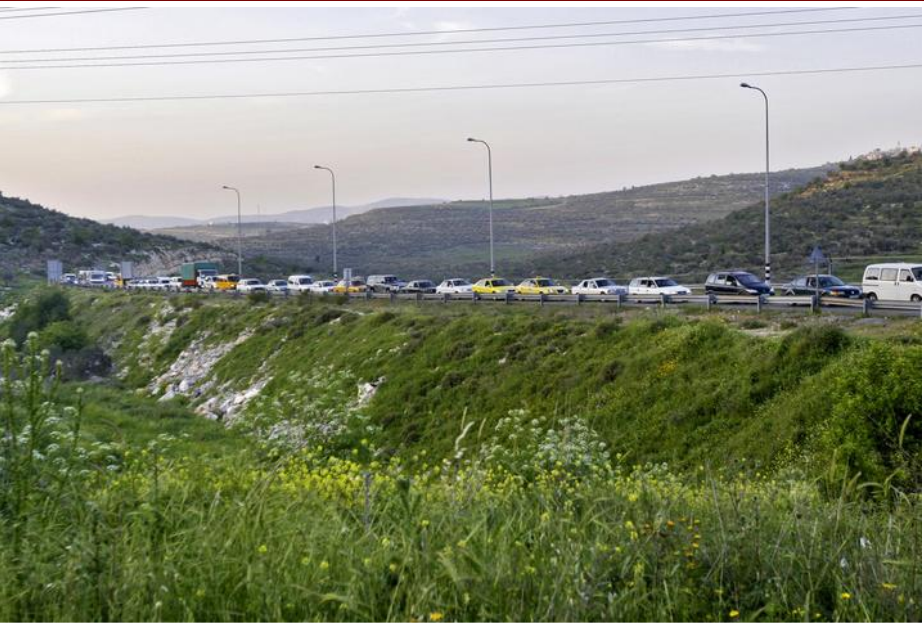


585



Checkpoints

586



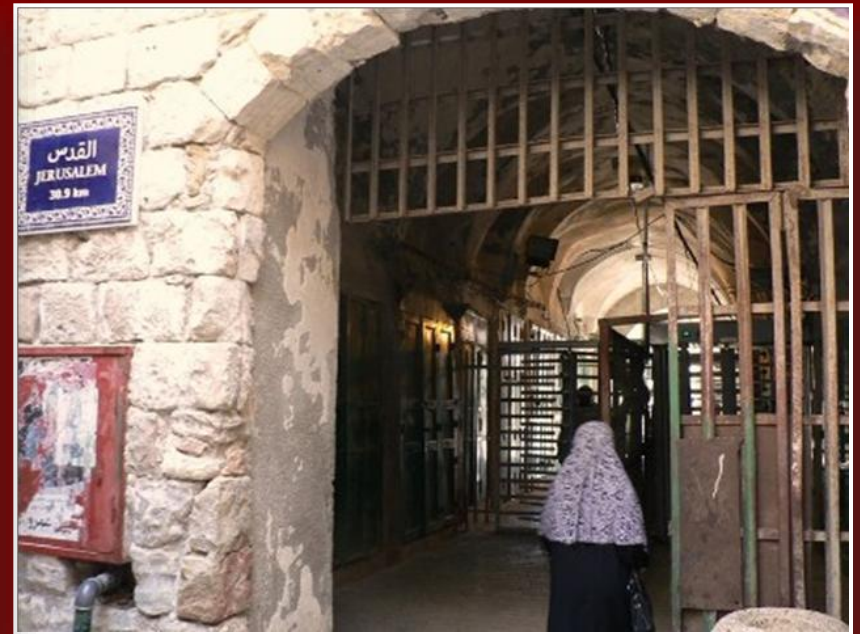


Caged puppies



Palestinians = ferocious wild animals?





Checkpoint in the old city of Hebron, August 2010

Checkpoints

Town of Sawahira, which has been divided by the occupation.

Photo of the funeral of Mahmoud Mashahra Carrying his body through a checkpoint from the east side to the west side of the town! October 2019



Road blocks



Since some time Israel systematically poses these metal barriers to prevent the circulation of Palestinian vehicles and to isolate Palestinian villages.





Road blocks



Obstacles created by the Israelis in the occupied territories to hinder the movement of Palestinian vehicles

590

Israel strangles the Palestinian economy



Why ?

Road blocks

591





Road blocks

A road near the Israeli settlement of Dolev, where a gate blocks Palestinians from the nearby village of Ein Qinya from driving to the main road. © 2017 Human Rights Watch



Road blocks removal



**Dharariya
West Bank
May 2007**

**Palestinians removing
Israeli road blocks**



About an hour later the Israeli army arrived, arrested several Palestinians and restored the block.



Closed road to obstruct Palestinian vehicles

Obstacles in the roads to hinder Palestinian vehicles



Closed road in Surda



Road blocks

Road from Ramallah to Birzeit destroyed by the Israelis 595





Road blocks

Obstacles in the road created by the Israelis to make life difficult for the Palestinians in the occupied territories and to force them to leave by “choice”.

Israel strangles the Palestinian economy





Why ?

Road blocks

597





Jericho



Why ?

Road blocks

598





Main road between Ramallah and Nablus, 04 March 2014

Road blocks



Because of the road blocks the transport of Palestinian goods is complicated and expensive, the Palestinian market is flooded with Israeli goods.



East Jerusalem





Destructions in the Jenin refugee camp - April 2002





2002 - Jenin refugee camp

601

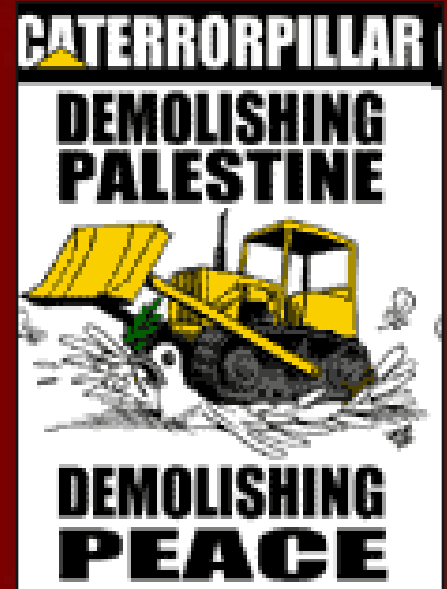




Mechanical monsters

(heavy tracked armoured bulldozers, supplied by Caterpillar company)

The armoured Caterpillar bulldozer D9 weighs 50 t





**The destruction
of Palestinian
olive groves**





A field of wheat burned just before harvest (Gaza 04 May 09)



A horde of extremist Jewish settlers set ablaze a wheat field in the Palestinian village of Turmus Ayya in northern Ramallah 25.6.2023



The Israelis destroy Palestinian sources of survival



A bulldozer owned by Israeli settlers ruins Palestinian agricultural land in the Khirbat Lafjan area east of the village of Aqraba; October 2018.



It was just a chicken coop

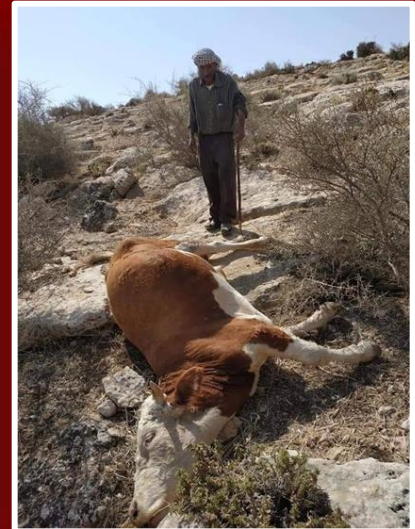
During the night two Israeli tanks have « worked » in the orchard of this Palestinian peasant. So he lost his source of income. In one night 15 years' of work has been destroyed.

Photo taken by the Swiss brigade Easter 2002.

Israel strangles the Palestinian economy



It was just a cow.
West-Bank, sept. 10, 2018





The Israelis have planted millions of trees in Israel and destroyed hundreds of thousands of trees in Palestine

The orchard (developed by Tent of nations) owned by the Palestinian Nasser family near Bethlehem, before and after the Israeli destruction on May 19, 2014



No comment

Israeli settlers cutting Palestinian olive trees



Permitted to plant trees



Forbidden to plant trees



Ecology according to Israel: Israeli trees yes, Palestinian trees no.



Destructions

607





Destructions



Punished because they are neighbours of Palestinian militiaman Shalid Najami



Village Sair, Hebron, 16 Nov. 2015 (Maan)

Destructions



Qalandiya refugee camp, 16 November 2015. House destroyed because two Palestinians suspected of killing an Israeli settler lived there. Two Palestinians were killed on site, 17 were injured. (Maan)

In occupied Palestine, the Israelis demolish between three and ten homes and buildings per day.



In Susiya this cave was also destroyed, it was being used as a home by a poor Palestinian family. Why?



آثار الدمار والتجريف والهدم في مخيم خاتيونس التصوير المركزي-وفا



Destructions

610



Gaza : destroyed buildings



**Nablus
2004**

**Kahn
Yunis
12.5.05**

DESTRUCTIONS

**An Israeli artificer
sets the explosive
charges in a
mechanical
workshop**



Rafah, 19.1.2003 : houses destroyed without prior notice



611



The Israelis also destroy big Palestinian buildings

612





**Palestinians
buried
alive**





Bridge in Beit Hanun - Gaza 25.01.2003

Systematic destructions

614



Shirade Yamada



DESTRUCTIONS

**Give me right
of way, please !**

615





DESTRUCTIONS

January 2003 building destroyed in Gaza City by the Israelis. In this incident the Israeli army killed 12 and injured 50 Paletinian civilians

616



DESTRUCTIONS

House of a suspected member of Hamas Ahmed Glandour
in Beit Lahiya (Gaza) destroyed by the Israelis on 17.02.2003

617



DESTRUCTIONS

Refugee camp Dehisheh: the Israelis destroyed the house of Yehya Da'amsah he was accused of having organized an attack.

618

The inhabitants have to watch the destruction of their house

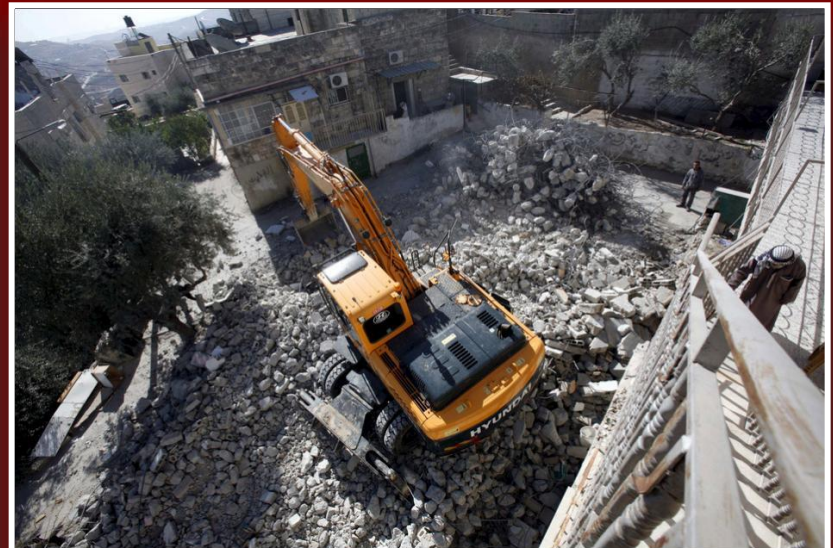


DESTRUCTIONS

14.04.2008 Destruction of a Palestinian house near to Jerusalem. The house is demolished down to the foundations. To prevent any reuse of the materials or land the Israelis often cover the area with concrete.

619





Palestinians watch as an Israeli bulldozer destroys a home in East Jerusalem district of Sur Baher on 1 December after an Israeli court ruled that the house was built without a municipality permit. Many Palestinians end up demolishing their homes themselves to avoid the high cost of paying for Israeli government bulldozers, or go to prison for not being able to pay. (Maftouz Abu Turk / APA images)

DESTRUCTIONS

East Jerusalem 2012 - 2013

621





The WALL

DESTRUCTIONS



Jerusalem East - When building homes for the Jews, Israel destroys entire Arab neighborhoods and the residents have to leave.





DESTRUCTIONS



The Latin Patriarch of Jerusalem, Fouad Twal in front of the rubble of a building near Bethlehem owned by the Orthodox church and demolished by the Israeli army October 28, 2013. The Israeli operation indicates the intention of Israelis to also confiscate the property of the Orthodox Christians and Catholics .

The 14 people from one Palestinian family just had time to remove furniture and now have to live in a tent.

Israeli municipal authorities are intending to demolish 15'000 Palestinian apartments (4-6 every day) in East Jerusalem, first step for the final expulsion of Palestinians from East Jerusalem.



House hit by Israeli shots



DESTRUCTIONS



UN car run over by an Israeli tank



HOME SWEET HOME



Palestinian child cries as he recovers a homemade toy from the rubble of his house destroyed by Israeli army tanks and bulldozers in Rafah refugee camp in Gaza Strip on January 10, 2002. More than 100 families were left homeless when Israel knocked down more than 60 homes. (AP Photo)



625



The Israelis destroy all that is Palestinianreally all !



Kahn Younis / Gaza

Homeless Palestinians

627





Kahn Junis 2002

**Destructions
carried out by
Israelis**

628



Rafah



Rafah





Palestinian apartment building in East Jerusalem

The water reservoir of Bardala (Jordan valley) before and after Zionist treatment.

DESTRUCTIONS

629



Confiscation of a container-house in Jiftlik

Destruction of the water reservoir
Frosh-bat-Dajan



Before



After



We will win





Ramallah municipality

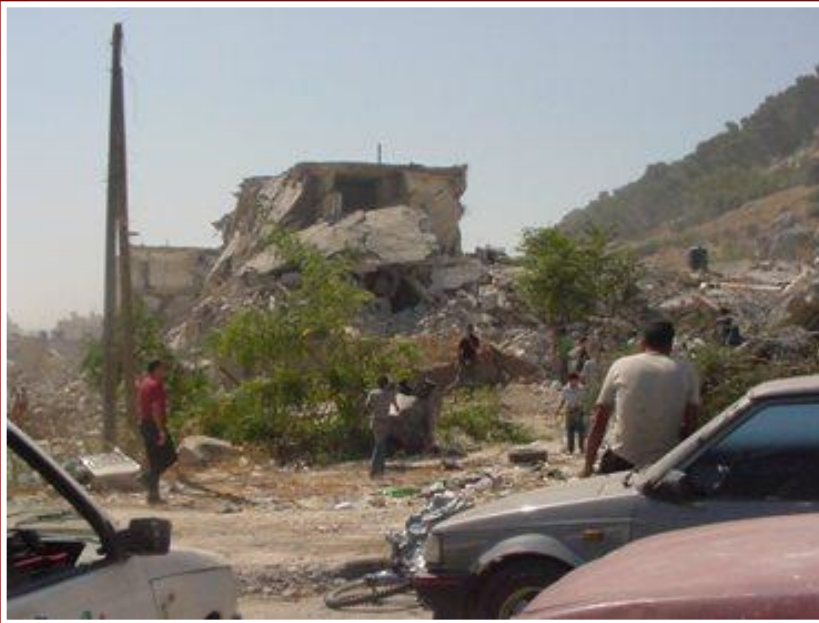




Ministry
of Interior



Mukata



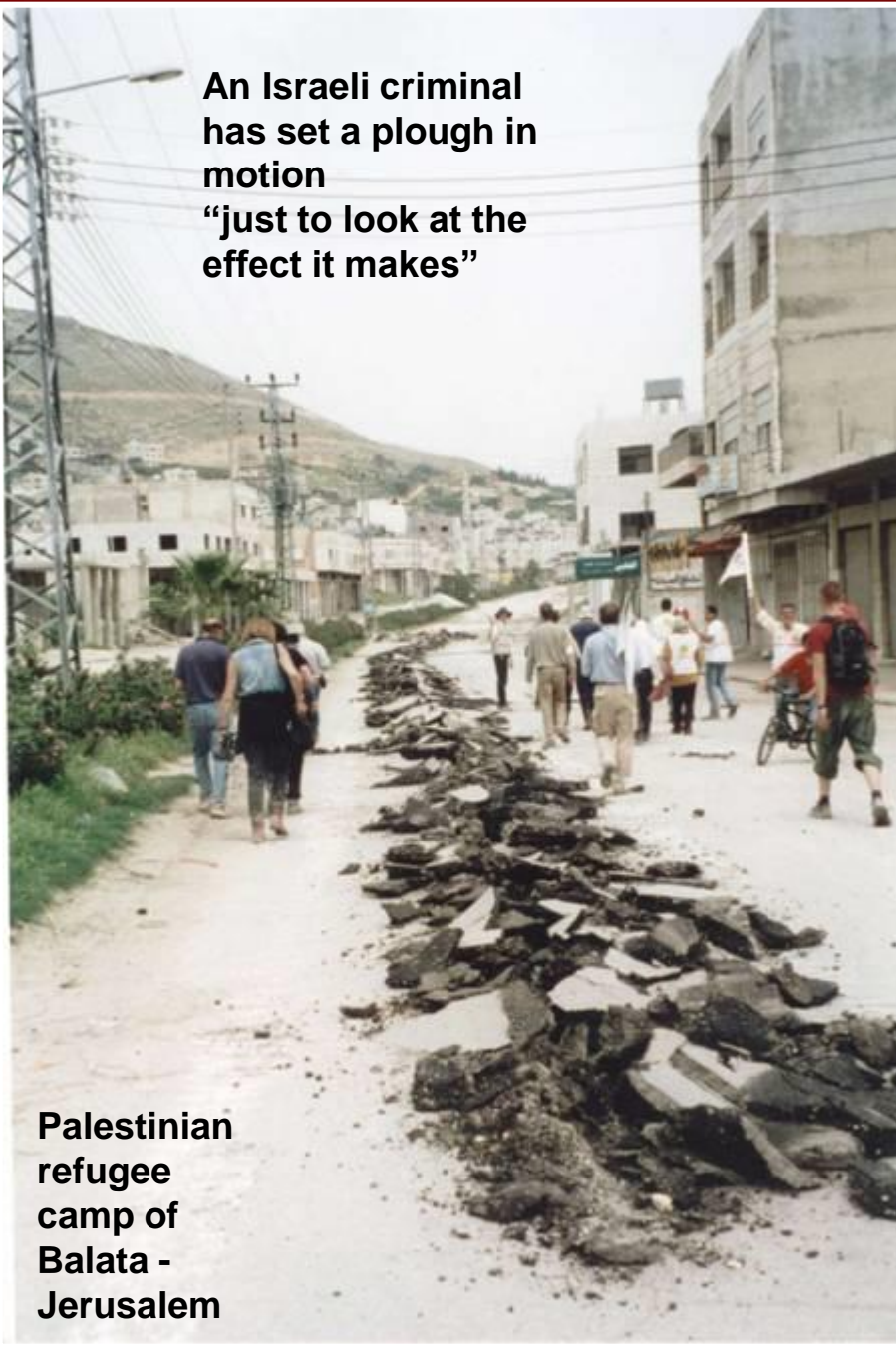
Foreign
Ministry
in
Nablus

The Israelis
mixed the
debris with
earth to
prevent the
Palestinians
from
recovering
175'000 files
of important
documents



The destruction of Palestinian administration buildings in 2006

**An Israeli criminal
has set a plough in
motion
“just to look at the
effect it makes”**



**Palestinian
refugee
camp of
Balata -
Jerusalem**

17 avril 2006



Gaza, football ground

**The destruction of
Palestinian infrastructure**

633



**plow to
smash
the road**



**Marble Factory
in the Gaza Strip
Destroyed by Israeli
Occupation Forces under
the pretense that it was
a 'bomb factory'.**

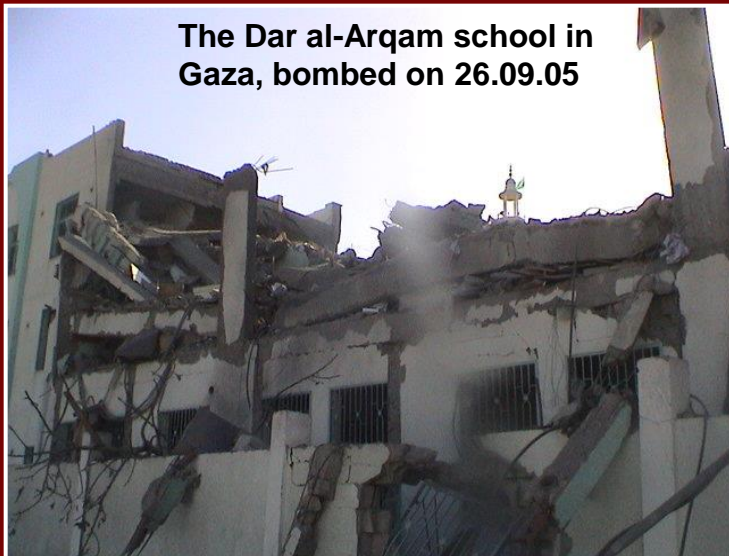
**Marble factory in the Gaza Strip destroyed by the Israelis
under the pretense that it was a missile factory**



**Road in Gaza destroyed by an Israeli missile
27 12. 2005**

The destruction of Palestinian infrastructures

634



**The Dar al-Arqam school in
Gaza, bombed on 26.09.05**



Bridge destroyed in Gaza, 28.06.06

The Israeli army destroys a Palestinian road in Ar Rifa 'iyya.
June 20, 2014



Israeli bulldozers destroys a road in the al-Tira village west of Ramallah opened a year before. 28.8.2019



THE DESTRUCTION OF PALESTINIAN INFRASTRUCTURES

635



This 2 km long Palestinian road, was destroyed in Qarawat Bani Hassan on 23 March 2011.



Demolition of a water well and equipment confiscation in An Nasariya, Jordan Valley. September 8, 2011

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602



Israel destroys Palestinian civil society

The yogurt factory Al-Rayyan in Hebron was destroyed by the Israelis in early September 2014. This factory allowed charitable organization that operated it to maintain two orphanages and 9 schools for the handicapped and provide employment to many poor people.

Now about 4'000 people are without any support. Before demolishing the factory the Israelis confiscated equipment, including a computer system valued at 2 million dollars.

Comment: If you think Israel targeting Palestinian orphans is new, you're wrong. In 2008, for example, hundreds of Israeli occupation troops stormed a Palestinian orphanage and boarding school in Hebron and looted millions of dollars worth of food, dairy products, clothes, shoes, refrigerators, kitchen equipment, crates of frozen meat, sanitary supplies, sports equipment, blankets and mattresses...used by more than 7,000 orphans, run by the Islamic Charitable Society. They forced open the main gate and loaded everything on trucks in order to liquidate social and educational infrastructure at the price of the welfare of innocent children. On this same rampage, Israel confiscated the land of several school buildings, an orphanage, a supermarket, several apartment buildings, school busses and destroyed other businesses - - looting computers, cabinets, furniture, appliances and even taking the windows. They also arrested the management staff. This was organized robbery. Gestapo style. Heartless. Obsessive.



Notification of the closing order of 10 water wells. May 26, 2020, Al-Sawiya village, Westbank



A Palestinian man of the village of Carmel, district of Hebron, shows in front of his home the Israeli court demolition order. 15 January 2020

Bad news: the demolition order has arrived.



Delivery in one day in the midst of the pandemic, of 25 home demolition orders, May 31, 2020 Birin Village, Hebron District

639

40 home demolition orders delivered, Khan Al-Ahmar, Westbank February 19, 2017



Delivery of home demolition order in the village of al-Nuwaima north of Jericho, June 12, 2017



March 2019; Ahmad Abbasi from Silwan, near Jerusalem demolishing his own home



Occupation obliges Palestinian man to demolish his house, Jerusalem, October 2014



Al-Basti family is forced to demolish their own home in Old Jerusalem, April 2019

Palestinians are forced by the Jewish Zionist State to demolish their own homes, because they can't afford the price Israel charges for home demolition.

640

Palestinian Askar family members demolishing their own home near Jerusalem, March 30, 2019



Dalia Julani family are forced to demolish their own house, in the Arab town of 'Ara, Haifa District, September 2019





**The Israelis destroy
Palestinian vehicles**

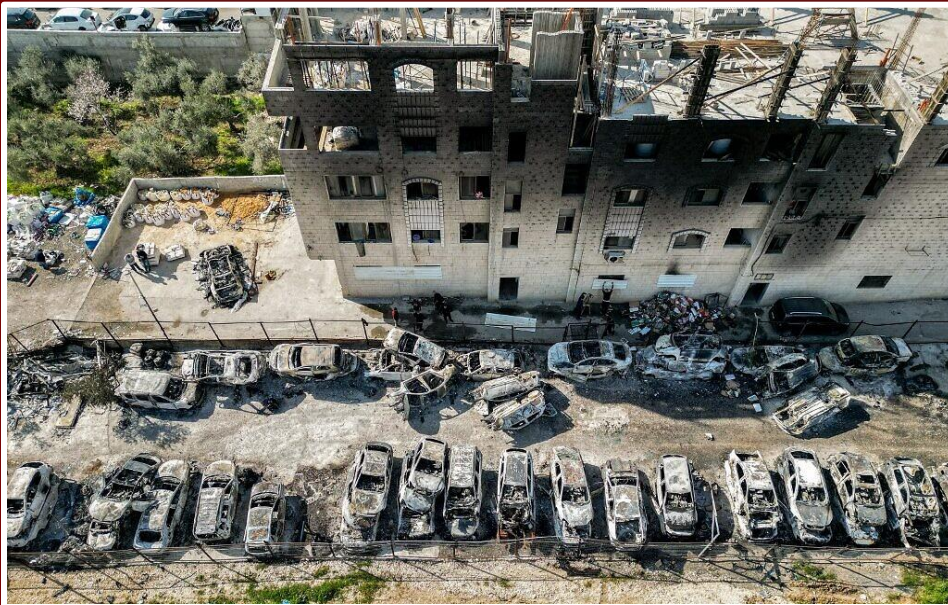
641





**Huwarra, Naplouse, February 26. 2023
Israeli settlers set fire to Palestinian
homes, shops and vehicles and
prevent firefighters from intervening.**

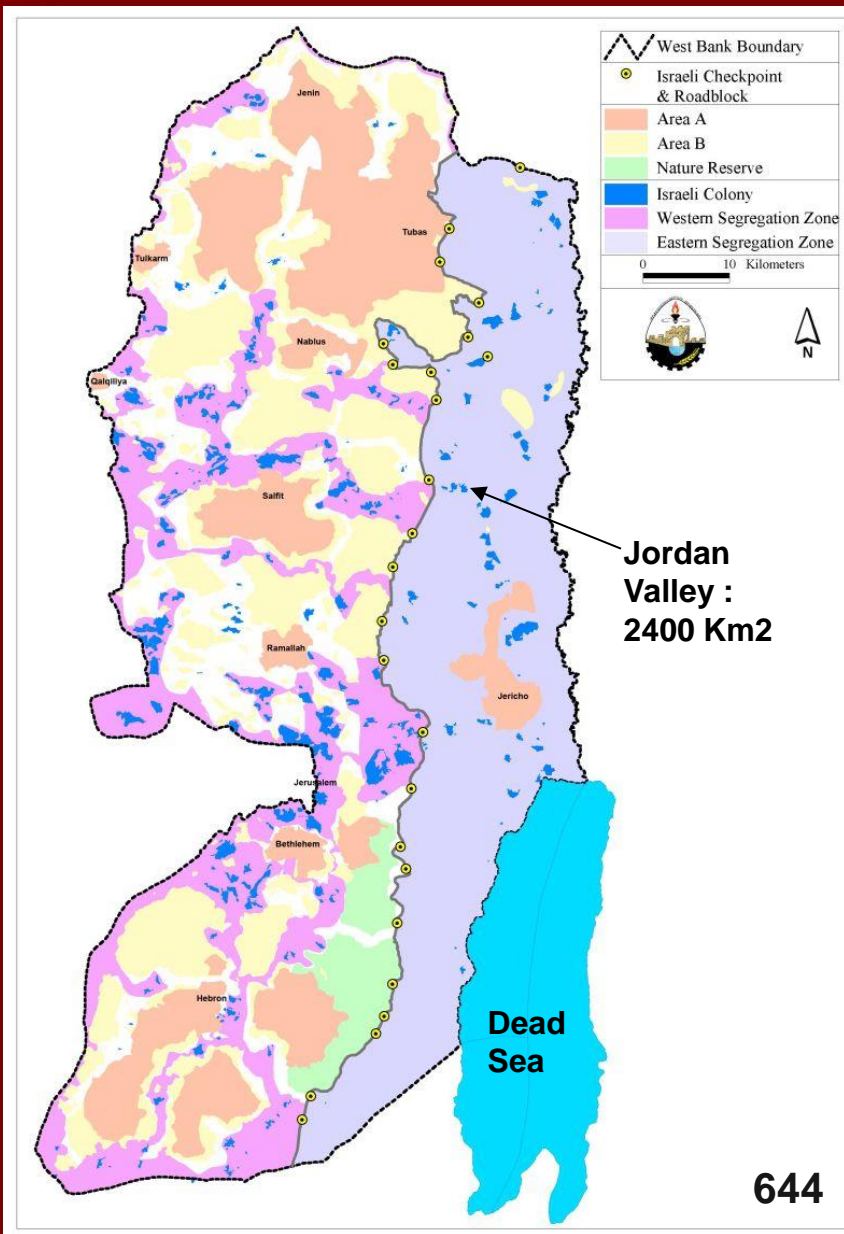
642





Israeli scrap

The equipment used by the Israelis to destroy Palestinian homes and infrastructure is subject to a lot of wear.



In 2006 Israel officially confiscated the 2400 Km2 of the Jordan Valley chasing the 50'000 Bedouin residents away



Israeli forces demolished Palestinian houses and sheep barns in Zera'a 'Awad in the Northern Jordan Valley, northeast of Nablus.

Jordan Valley - The destruction of Bedouin villages



The destruction



The expulsion



The forced departure of Palestinian Bedouins.



The arrival of Zionists

Ethnic cleansing

Israeli farmers settle in the Jordan valley. Bedouins have to abandon everything and leave. Their destiny is uncertain.

**Water for
Israelis**



**Water for
Palestinians**



Israelis confiscate all the water of the Jordan Valley and of the areas near to the Dead Sea.

To Palestinians they give very little water (see photo).

646

Water

Jordan Valley - Dead Sea Coast

Dead Sea

The Israelis exploit
Palestinian land for
tourism purposes.

647





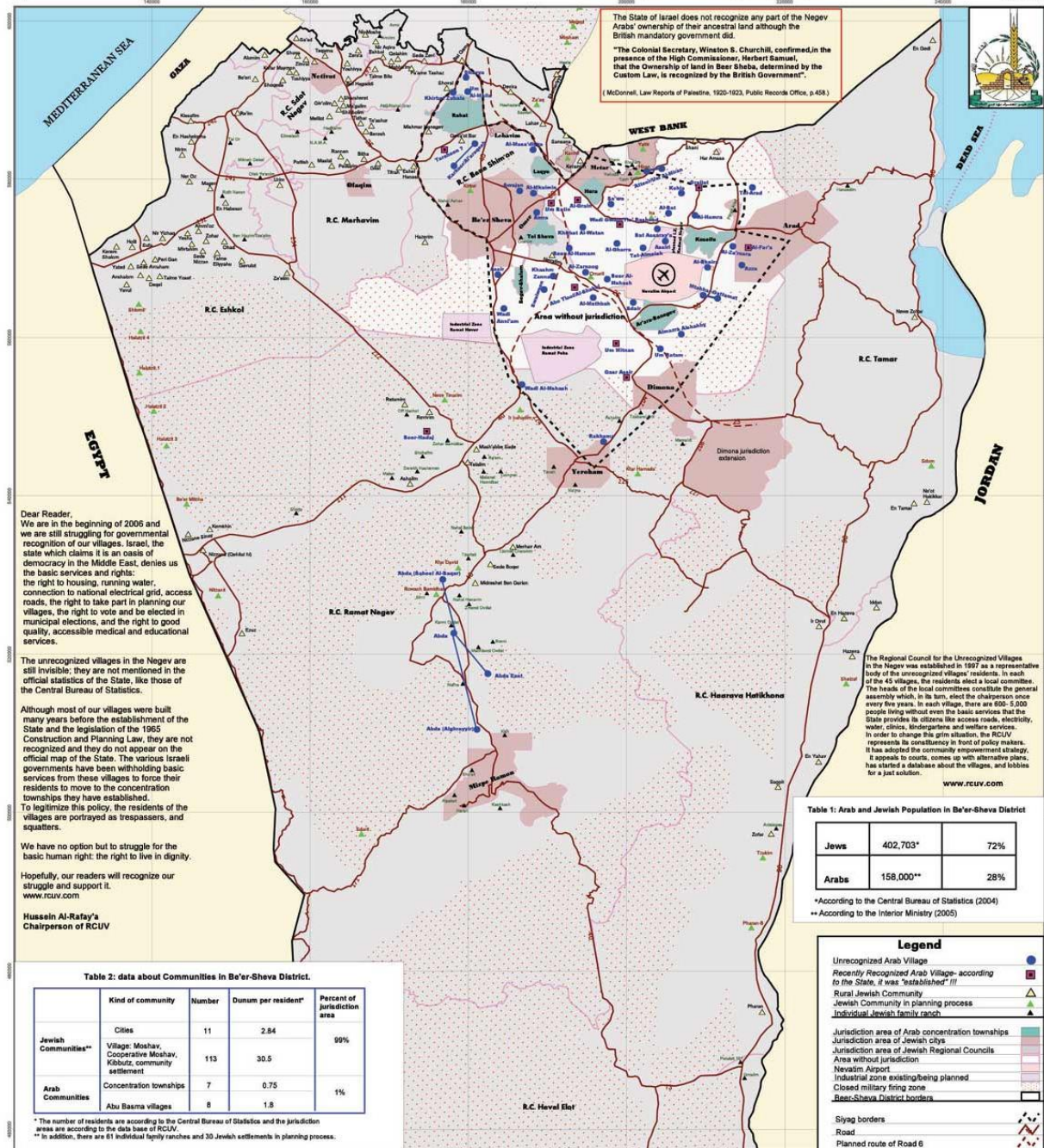
Jordan Valley and Dead Sea

The Israelis exploit the land and resources of the Palestinians but prevent Palestinians from approaching.

Tayasir Checkpoint,
Jordan Valley, 2009

648





The State of Israel does not recognize any part of the Negev Arabs' ownership of their ancestral land although the British mandatory government did.
The Colonial Secretary, Winston S. Churchill, confirmed in the presence of the High Commissioner, Herbert Samuel, that the Ownership of land in Beer Sheva, determined by the Custom Law, is recognized by the British Government.
(McConnell, Law Reports of Palestine, 1920-1923, Public Records Office, p.458)

Dear Reader,
We are in the beginning of 2006 and we are still struggling for governmental recognition of our villages. Israel, the state which claims it is an oasis of democracy in the Middle East, denies us the basic services and rights: the right to housing, running water, connection to national electrical grid, access roads, the right to take part in planning our villages, the right to vote and be elected in municipal elections, and the right to good quality, accessible medical and educational services.

The unrecognized villages in the Negev are still invisible; they are not mentioned in the official statistics of the State, like those of the Central Bureau of Statistics.

Although most of our villages were built many years before the establishment of the State and the legislation of the 1965 Construction and Planning Law, they are not recognized and they do not appear on the official map of the State. The various Israeli governments have been withholding basic services from these villages to force their residents to move to the concentration townships they have established. To legitimize this policy, the residents of the villages are portrayed as trespassers, and squatters.

We have no option but to struggle for the basic human right: the right to live in dignity.

Hopefully, our readers will recognize our struggle and support it.
www.rcuv.com

Hussein Al-Rafay'a
Chairperson of RCUV

The Regional Council for the Unrecognized Villages in the Negev was established in 1997 as a representative body of the unrecognized villages' residents. In each of the 45 villages, the residents elect a local committee. The heads of the local committees constitute the general assembly which, in its turn, elects the chairperson once every five years. In each village, there are 600-5,000 people living without even the basic services that the State provides its citizens: the access roads, electricity, water, clinics, kindergartens and welfare services. In order to change this grim situation, the RCUV represents its constituency in front of policy makers. It has adopted the community empowerment strategy. It appeals to courts, comes up with alternative plans, has started a database about the villages, and lobbies for a just solution.
www.rcuv.com

Table 1: Arab and Jewish Population in Be'er-Sheva District

Jews	402,703*	72%
Arabs	158,000**	28%

*According to the Central Bureau of Statistics (2004)
**According to the Interior Ministry (2005)

Legend

- Unrecognized Arab Village (Blue dot)
- Recently Recognized Arab Village according to the State, if was 'established' (Red square)
- Rural Jewish Community (Green triangle)
- Jewish Community in planning process (Green triangle with border)
- Individual Jewish family ranch (Green triangle with border)
- Jurisdiction area of Arab concentration townships (Light blue)
- Jurisdiction area of Jewish cities (Light green)
- Jurisdiction area of Jewish Regional Councils (Light yellow)
- Area without jurisdiction (Light pink)
- Nevalim Airport (Light blue)
- Industrial zone existing/being planned (Light green)
- Closed military firing zone (Light pink)
- Beer-Sheva District borders (Dashed line)
- Siyag borders (Dotted line)
- Road (Black line)
- Planned route of Road 6 (Dashed line)

Table 2: data about Communities in Be'er-Sheva District.

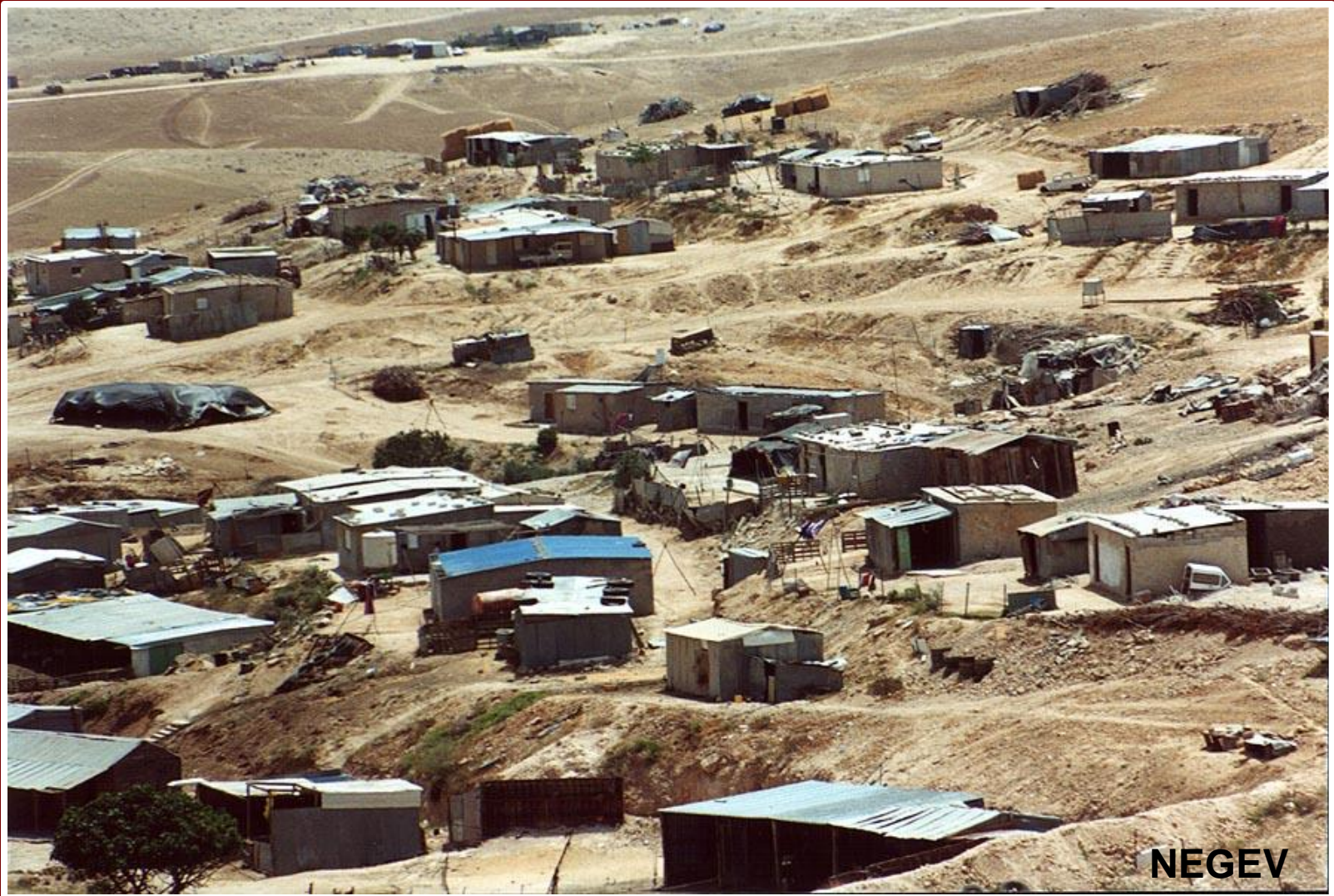
Kind of community	Number	Dunum per resident*	Percent of jurisdiction area
Cities	11	2.84	99%
Village: Moshav, Cooperative Moshav, Kibbutz, community settlement	113	30.5	
Concentration townships	7	0.75	1%
Abu Basma villages	8	1.8	

* The number of residents are according to the Central Bureau of Statistics and the jurisdiction areas are according to the data base of RCUV.
** In addition, there are 81 individual family ranches and 33 Jewish settlements in planning process.

NEGEV

The destruction of the Bedouin villages

Israel declared many Bedouin villages in the Negev as « illegal ». These villages will be destroyed



The destruction of Bedouin villages

650

Israel does not recognise many Bedouin villages, which don't have access to water or electricity



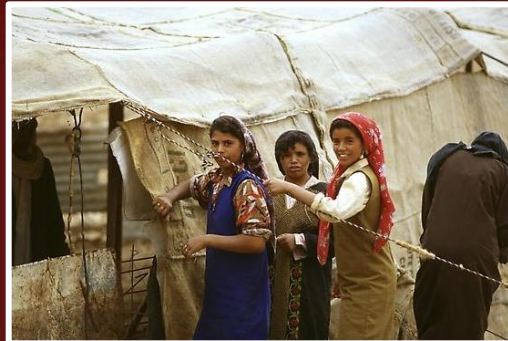
NEGEV - The destruction of Bedouin villages

651

75'000 people are living in the Negev in unrecognised villages



Water is essential.



**The
destruction
of Bedouin
villages**

**150'000
Bedouins are
living in the
Negev under
very difficult
conditions**





The Israelis have demolished their home

Main activity: sheep breeding.



Bedouins

The Bedouins of Masafer, district of Yatta, West Bank

This Zionist colony in the Negev has enough water



Bedouin village



Jordan Valley

The destruction of Bedouin villages



Industries

Toxic garbage

Israeli industries deposit toxic waste on Bedouin land

The soil is dry because the water is not for Bedouins

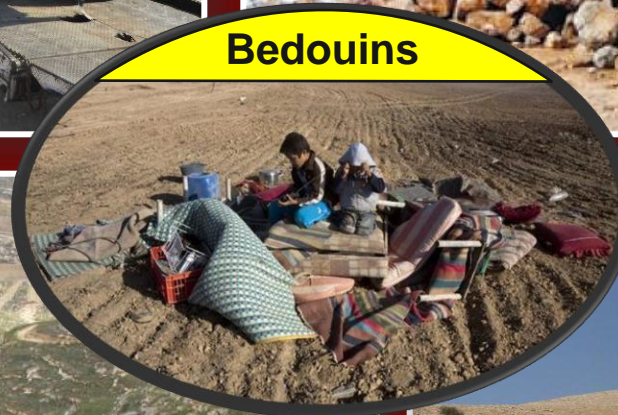
Water tank confiscation



Confiscation of a tractor with trailer



Bedouins



Confiscation of a tent



After demolishing the homes of Bedouins, Israelis also confiscate equipment and tents provided by international and humanitarian aid organizations. The Bedouins remain permanently homeless.



The Israeli demolition squadrons are escorted by the police.



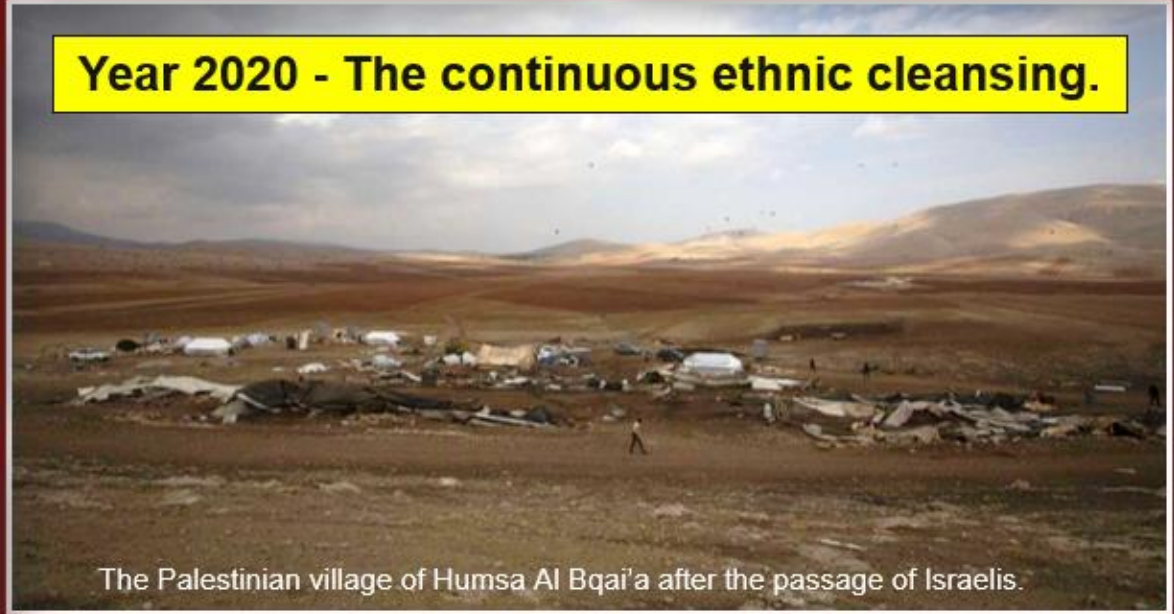
Activestills.org

Israeli policemen stand by as a bulldozer demolishes the Bedouin village of Al-Arakib for the 64th time (photo: Activestills.org)



The destruction of Bedouin villages

To prevent the reconstruction of the village the Israelis take the remains of houses and seize furniture and private property including the schoolbooks of the children.



Year 2020 - The continuous ethnic cleansing.

The Palestinian village of Humsa Al Bqai'a after the passage of Israelis.



This was the granary.

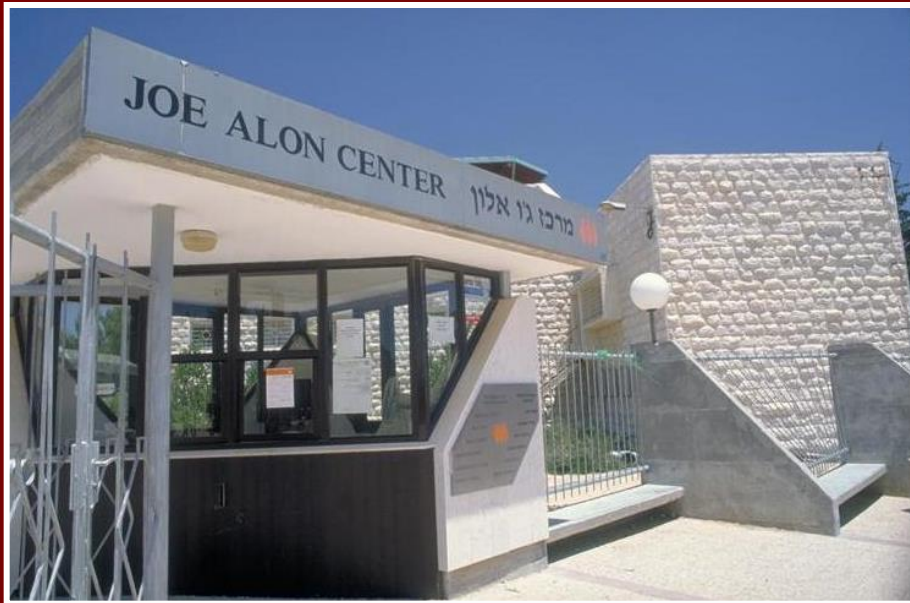
November 3, 2020, 73 people, including 41 children, were left homeless when Israeli authorities demolished their homes and other structures in the Palestinian community of Humsa Al Bqai'a in the Wetsbank. - In early 2020, Israelis demolished about 700 Palestinian homes and structures leaving thousands of Palestinians homeless and without resources: it is the continuous ethnic cleansing.



Bedouins

Are the bedouins dangerous?

658



**The Bedouin culture?
Just good enough to
stay in a museum!**

Bedouins

**In the Negev there is
an Israeli museum of
Bedouin culture.**

659





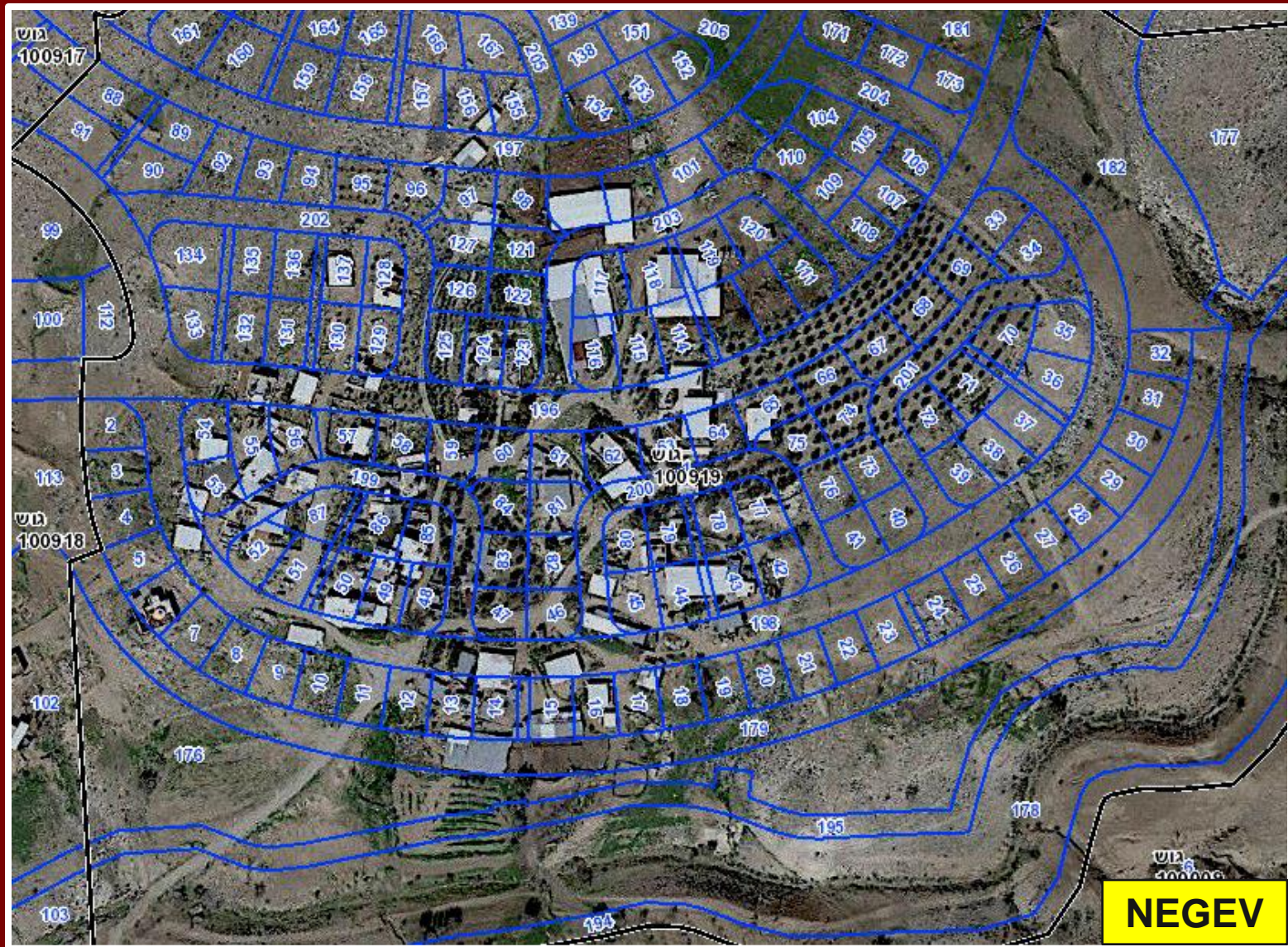
NEGEV

660

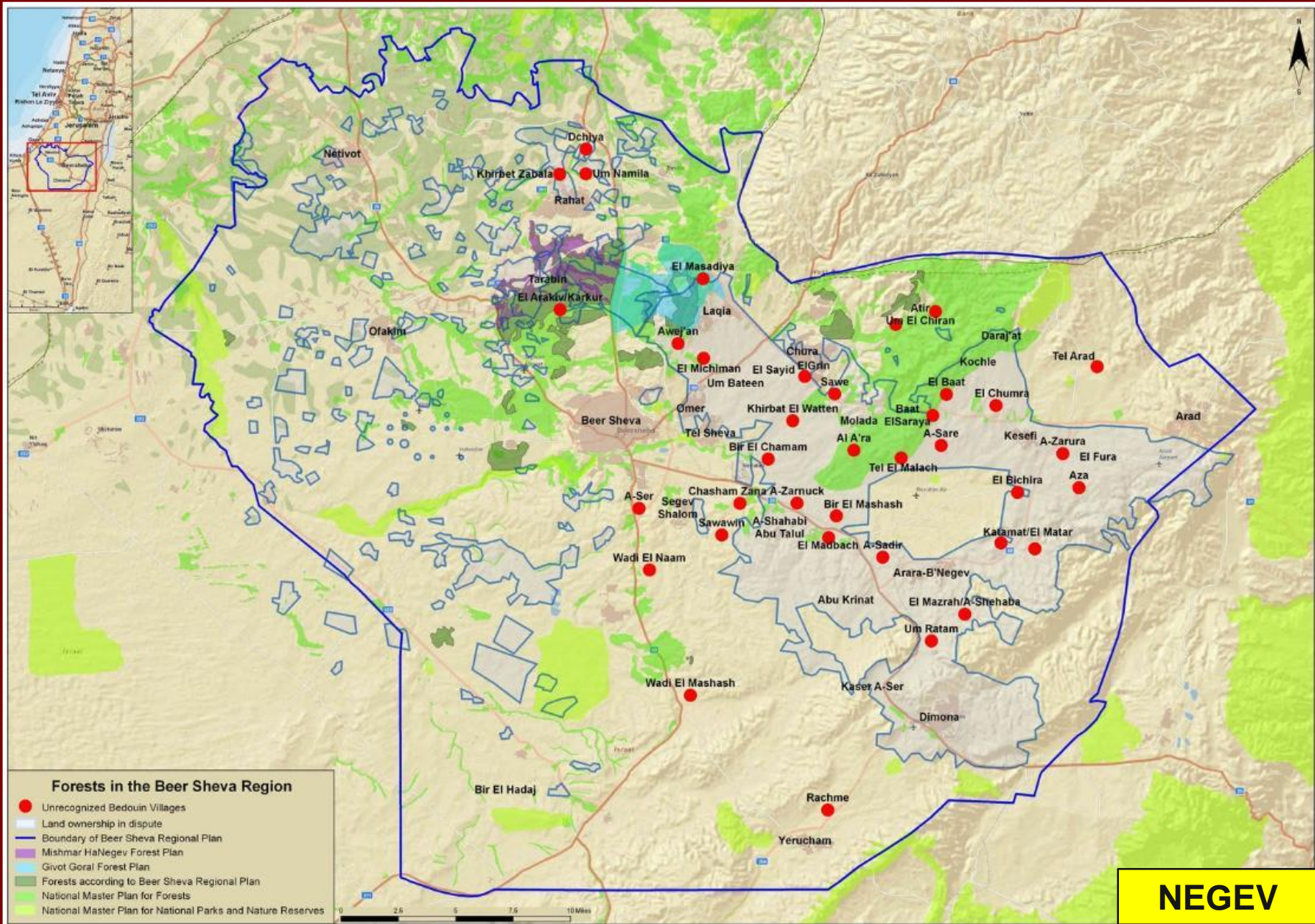
After the ethnic cleansing arrive trees, flags, forests..
...and Zionist settlers.

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Negev>

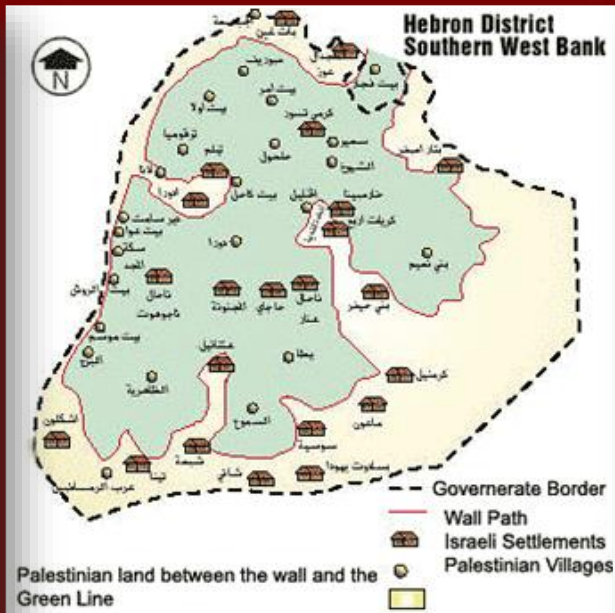




2017 - Satellite photo of the Bedouin village of Umm al-Hiran, in the Negev. it's possible to recognize the houses, the deposits and the olive grove. In blue is indicated the planned Israeli settlement of "Hiran" reserved for the Jews and which will be built in place of the Bedouin village. The Bedouins will have to leave and will even have to pay for the demolition of their homes.

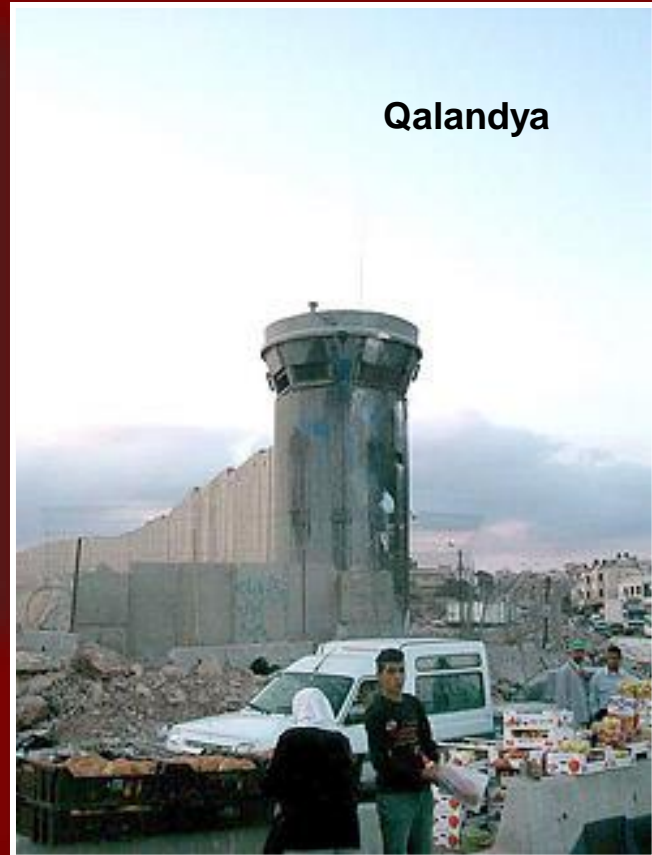


The Israeli plans for forestation of the Negev in the Beer Sheva area.



THE WALL

663



Qalandya



Wall on construction



Qalqilya



Zig-

THE WALL

664



-zag



with
the wall.



In the year 2003 this small wall was replaced with an 8 metre high one



THE WALL

A small wall
... but a big
obstacle



Before



THE WALL

Hanni Amaer's house is left isolated between the Israeli settlement and the wall

The stable of the Ammer family



After



THE WALL



Look..!



Qalandya, november 2014



THE TOWER



667



Remote-controlled automatic weapon with facial recognition, to identify and target Palestinians. Shuhada street, Hebron, 2022



Security cameras seen in Jerusalem
The Israeli cameras use facial recognition

Palestinians are permanently controlled

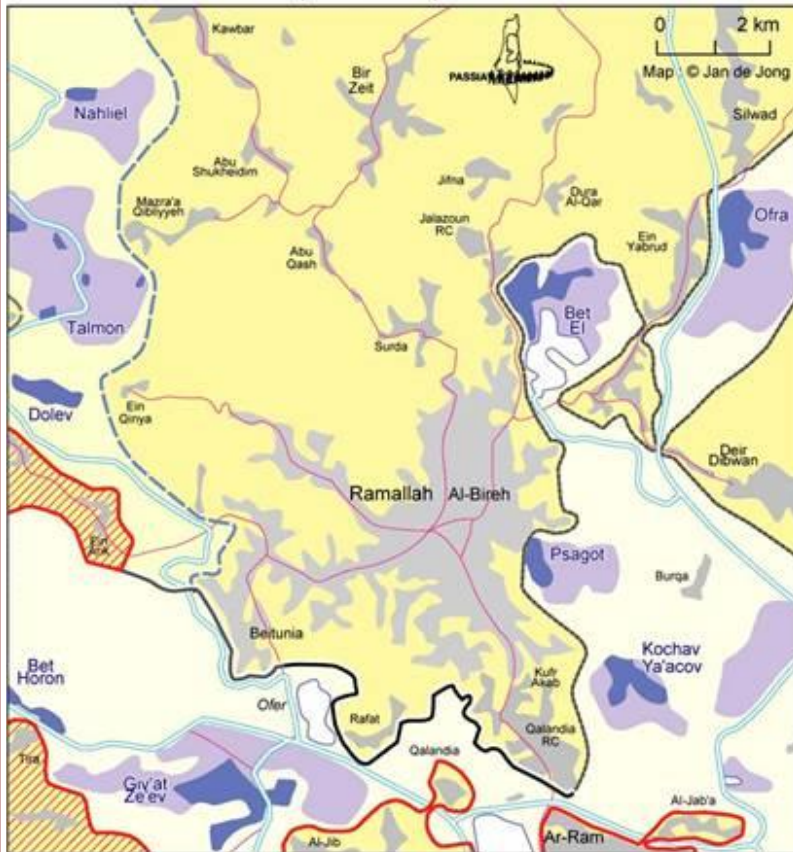


A security camera seen overlooking the West Bank city of Hebron, January 15, 2013.



Surveillance cameras placed on a roof by the Israeli army the West Bank city of Hebron on Oct. 13, 2021.

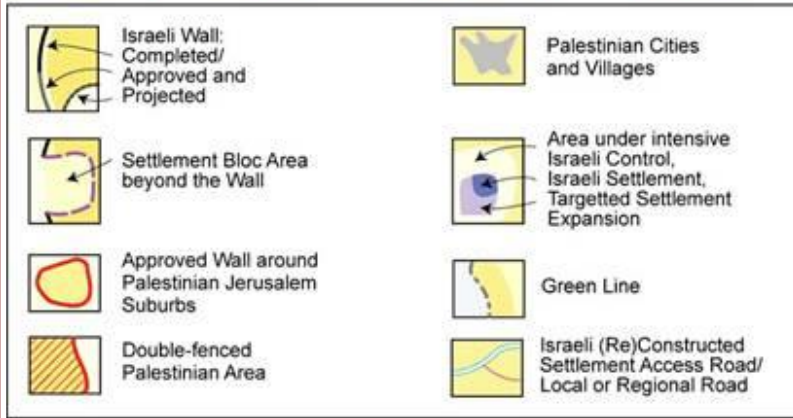
The Wall (Ramallah) December 2003

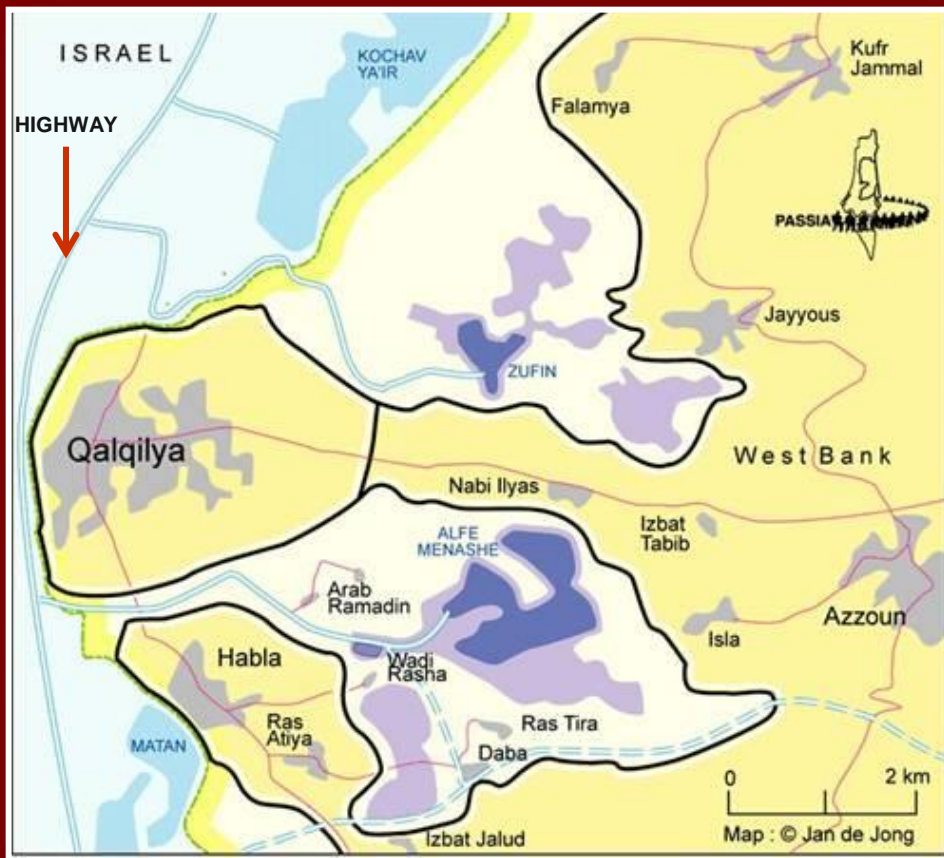


THE WALL

(wall route in Salfit and Ramallah)

The Wall also has the function of preventing civil contact between Israelis and Palestinians





THE WALL

The Palestinian town of Qalqilya (40' 000 inhabitants) is completely locked up.





The town of **Qalqilya** seen from space



671



672

Qalqilya: the wall prevents the outflow of water



فلقيلية 5-2/8/2005





Separation wall in
Baka and Nazlat Issa

The separation

673

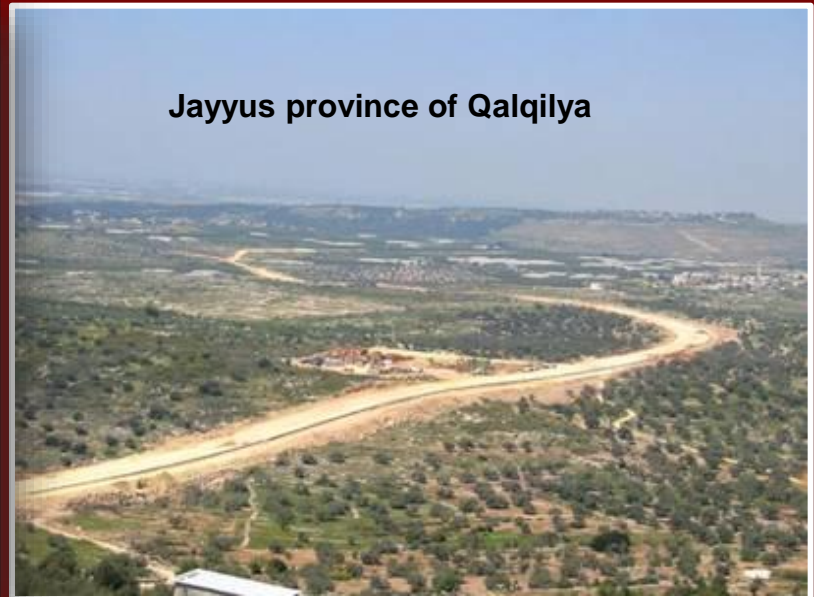
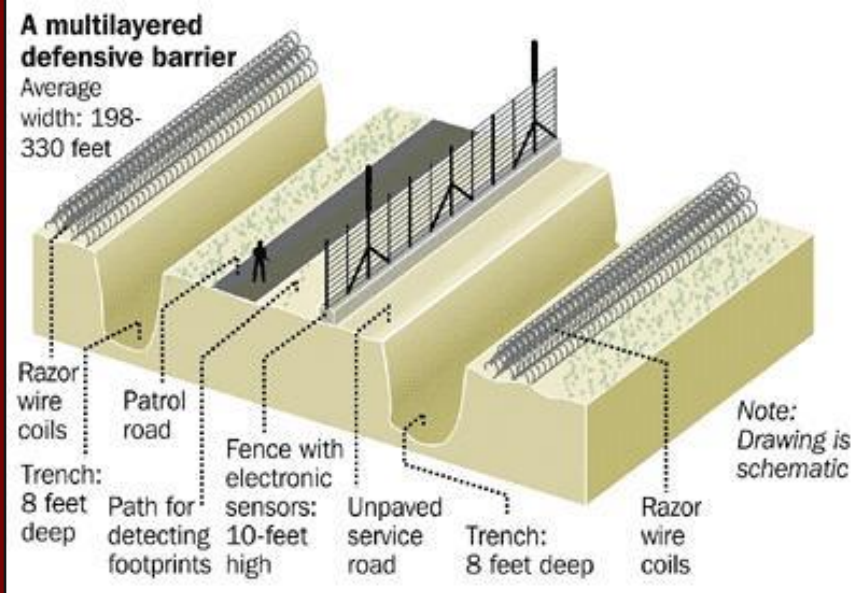


The Israeli
Apartheid system



The separation

674





The separation





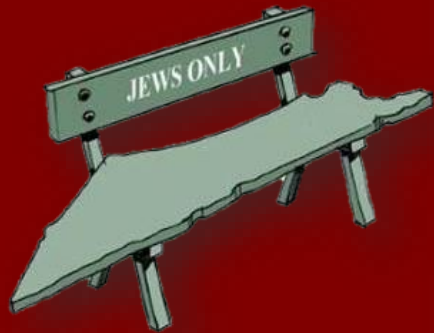
The separation

676





Palestinians



Jews



זה ליהודים. רק יהודים.
This is for Jews here. Only for Jews.



Jews only school in the city of Lod on 23 May 2021



Hebron

Only for Jews.

The Israeli Apartheid

677

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israeli_apartheid





Jisr al-Zarqa, the only Palestinian village in Israel with sea access.

Jisr al-Zarqa, squeezed between the highway, the Zionist colonies and the sea, the village has very few livelihoods. It is the poorest village of Israel.
(photo 2011-2015)

The discrimination towards Palestinian citizens of Israel

On July 20th 2020 the Israel Authority, demolished a fishing shack belonging to a local fisherman.



Jisr al-Zarqa beach





Many
Israelis
live
comfor-
tably

679





**For most
Palestinians life
is difficult**

680





The settlers are against peace

April 2005 : Zionist settlers try to attack the Temple Mount in Jerusalem

Settlers occupy land



681



A Palestinian farmer shows the sheep poisoned by the Israeli settlers

The Israeli settlers fanaticism

Rabin was killed by a fanatic settler



Demonstration against the Arabs





Jews harass an Arabic woman on a public road

The Zionist extremist settlers



Settlers setting a
Palestinian car on fire





I only buy Jewish goods

Rally in Jerusalem for the re-construction of the second temple

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israeli_settler_violence

The settler program is clear

683





**Settlers drive away
Palestinian
farmers**



**Settlers
destroy the
harvest of
Palestinian
farmers**

**The
Israeli
settlers**



**Settlers
confiscating
Palestinian
land**





685

Settlers work on supposed anti-semitism

The Israeli settlers

Confiscation of Palestinian land in favor of two Jewish settlers just arrived from the USA





The world does not like Israel





Many Jews do not approve of the decisions of the Israeli government.

Neturei Karta



687

I am a Jew, an Israeli and Holocaust survivor. I have not survived so that my country can persecute people like I have been persecuted.

688

Reference to the Weimar Republic which opened the doors to Nazism in 1933 with the end of democracy.



2023 - Hundreds of thousands of Israelis protest against the far-right government's decision to seize the powers of the Supreme court



Museum of Underground Prisoners, Jerusalem



Irgoun museum, Tel Aviv, built on the ruins of a Palestinian building in Jaffa.



Lehi / Stern museum, Tel Aviv

Israel honors its terrorists: for Israelis they are "Jewish freedom fighters."

Israeli museums

689

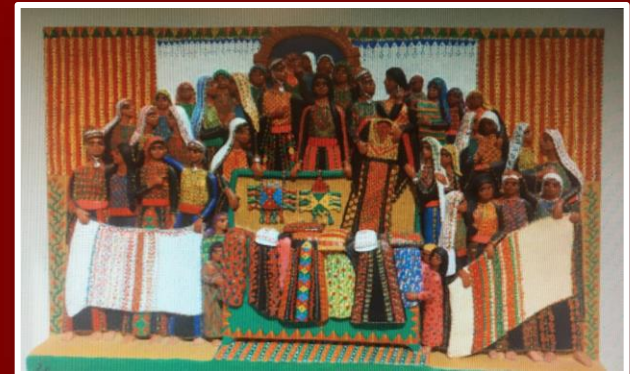
Palmach museum, Tel Aviv





The Palestine Museum of Birzeit

690



The Palestinians don't want to "disappear" and transmit their memory to posterity.

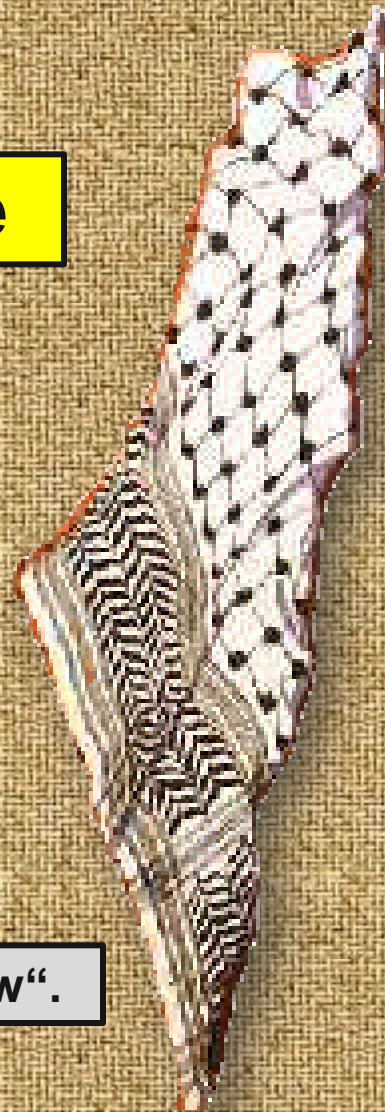
The virtual museum:
<http://www.palestineremembered.com/>

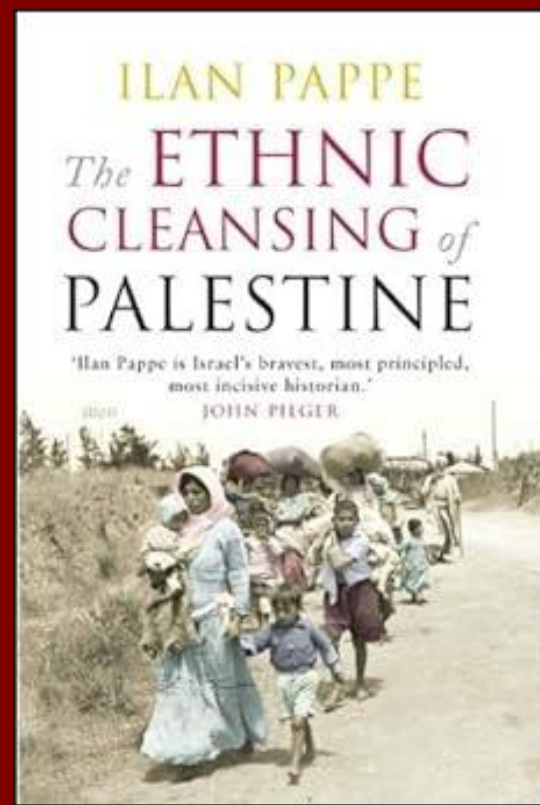
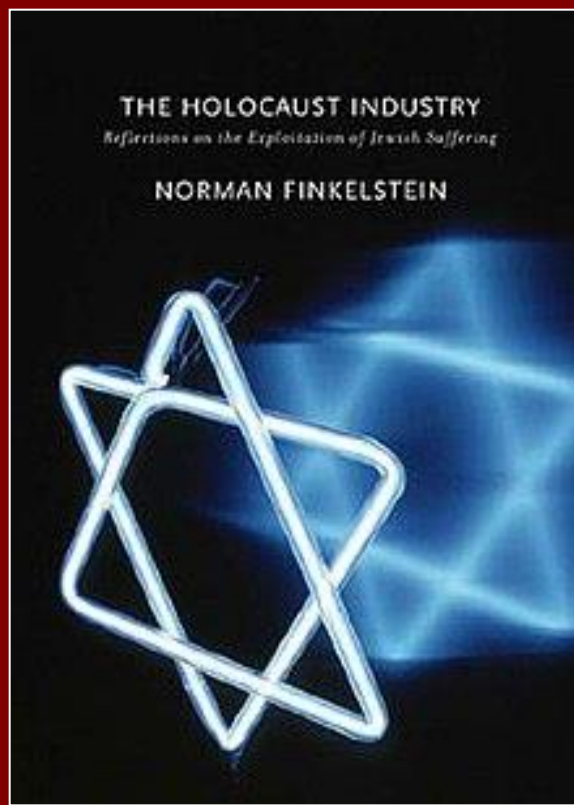
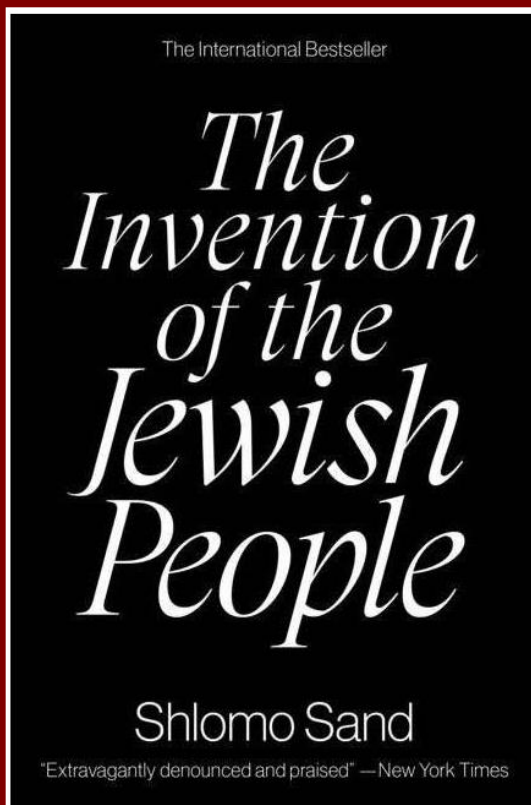


History of Palestine

END
of the
photo gallery

...and that no one says: "I didn't know".





The books everyone should read.